"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Sunday; slight temperature change; gentle winds.
☞ For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,295. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1919. TWENTY-TWO PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

SEATTLE TO FACE ARMY RULE UNLESS STRIKE ENDS TODAY

Mayor Notifies Unions He Will Put City Under Federal Control This Morning.

PROCLAIMS PUBLIC SAFETY

Assures Industries and All Law-Abiding Citizens of Ample Protection.

STRIKE LEADERS CONFER

Fail, However, to Reach an Agreement with the Mayor and His Committee.

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 7.—An effort was made tonight to settle the general strike, called in sympathy with the striking shipbuilders, and which has tied up Seattle for two days, but it failed.

After nearly three hours' discussion between Mayor Ole Hanson, J. W. Spangler, a banker, and the Rev. M. A. Matthews, and a special committee of the General Strike Conference Committee, it was announced tonight that the conferees had failed to reach an agreement.

The Strikers' Committee, it was said, offered to recommend that the sympathetic strike of 30,000 workers be called off if the Mayor's Committee would agree that a committee of business men would be formed to present the demands of the 25,000 striking metal trades workers for higher wages to the proper Shipping Board authorities and urge that they be granted. The Mayor's Committee took the stand that the shipyard workers were under contract with the Government and that nothing could be done until the men showed good faith by returning to work.

Earlier in the day the Mayor had announced that unless the sympathetic strike was called off by 8 o'clock tomorrow morning he would ask the Federal Government to take control of the city.

The ultimatum was sent to the strikers in the following terms:

"I hereby notify you that, unless the sympathetic strike is called off at 8 A. M, Feb. 8, I will take steps to operate all essential industries and place this city under control of the Federal Government."

The Mayor also issued the following proclamation:

> To the People of Seattle:
>
> By virtue of the authority vested in me as Mayor, I hereby guarantee to all people of Seattle absolute and complete protection.
>
> They should go about their daily work and business in perfect security. We have 1,500 police officers, 1,500 regulars from Camp Lewis, and can and will get the services, if necessary, of every soldier in the Pacific Northwest, to protect life, business, and property.
>
> The time has come for every person in Seattle to show his Americanism. Go about your daily duties without fear. We will see to it that you have food, transportation, water, light, and gas, and all the necessities.
>
> The anarchists in this community shall not rule its affairs. All persons violating the laws will be deat with summarily.
>
> OLE HANSON,
> Mayor of Seattle.

General Morrison to Take Command.

Maj. Gen. John F. Morrison, commander of the Western Department of the Army, was on his way from San Francisco to Seattle tonight to assume personal command of the regular army troops that are dong guard duty here and in Tacoma. In Seattle today soldiers occupied the municipal light and gas plants, which have continued in operation.

Industry in Seattle was generally at a standstill today, but in Tacoma the walkout had not assumed great proportions, and the only outward indication there of unusual conditions was the absence of street car service. At a conference late today the Tacoma car men announced they would resume work tomorrow.

Street car service in Seattle consisted of a lone car. Civilian guards were stationed beside the conductor and motorman, but there was no interference. It was indicated by the Seattle authorities an effort would be made tomorrow to inaugurate a regular street car service under guard, if necessary, of automobile trucks, manned by soldiers and policemen.

"Troops in Seattle," read the seven column headline of the Star, issued this afternoon, the first newspaper to appear since the strike was called. Manned and guarded by soldiers, the first truckload of newspapers was sent into the business district early in the afternoon. The soldiers gave the papers free to crowds that gathered around the trucks. Some of the crowd, believed to have been union newsboys, seized many of the papers and tore them to bits.

Mayor Hanson promised newspapers that he would supply all the soldiers and police to continue publication.

Some Schools Reopen.

The day passed without disorders. The only signs of a break in the union ranks were the reopening of fifteen of the city's seventy schools with the aid of engineers and janitors who refused to strike with the rest of their comrades; the action of the city electricians' union in serving notice on the Strike Committee that its members would return to

Continued on Page Four.

USE SONORA NEEDLES!
Sonora Semi-Permanent Silvered Needles replace steel needles. They play 50 to 100 times, Loud, Medium or Soft grades, 30c. per card of 5.—Advt.

Paris Is to Sell Food Direct to the People

PARIS, Feb. 7.—Municipal barracks stores will be erected shortly throughout Paris in which foodstuffs will be sold direct by the city to consumers. M. Clemenceau, the Premier, told a delegation which called on him today to discuss the question of the high cost of living that goods would be sold at prices fixed by the Food Ministry. He also promised to have the work of the demolition of the ancient fortifications surrounding Paris commenced as soon as possible, thereby ameliorating the unemployment situation.

It developed during the discussion that the salaries of municipal workers have been raised so often during the war that a further rise is impossible to cope with the increased cost of living, and that prices must come down. As an instance, it was cited that women street cleaners who before the war earned $240 annually and now are obtaining $800 are asking for $1,000.

MARSHALL OFFERS AMERICAN CREED

This Country No International Boarding House or Anarchist Cafe, Vice President Says.

DENOUNCES RED METHODS

Machinery for the Righting of Grievances Is Afforded by Our System of Government.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Vice President Marshall, in a speech at the National Press Club tonight, asked the assembled newspaper men to submit to the people of the United States, through the newspapers, a new American creed for adoption by straw vote. He offers it as a national guide in their attitude toward Bolshevism and certain other isms concerning which there has been fear voiced since the signing of the armistice. It reads:

"I believe that the American Republic as instituted by the fathers constitutes the finest system of Government ever ordained among men and affords the machinery for the righting of grievances without resort to violence, tumult, and disorder.

"I believe that every inequality which exists in the social and economic condition of the American people is traceable to the successful demands of interested classes for class legislation, and I believe, therefore, that practical equality can be obtained under our form of Government by remedial legislation in the interest of the American people and not in the interest of any body thereof, large or small.

"I believe there is no justification in a Government, where officials are elected and laws made by the people, for a minority to threaten bloodshed and anarchy unless the majority shall submit to the will of the minority.

"I believe that America belongs to American citizens, native and naturalized, who are willing to seek redress for their grievances in orderly and constitutional ways, and I believe that all others should be taught, peacefully if we can and forcibly if we must, that our country is not an international boarding house nor an anarchist café.

"I pledge myself to the support of these principles by my voice, by vote, and, if need be, by my fortune and my life, and I promise my country to train my children in this most holy faith."

Mr. Marshall said that there seemed to be a fear in the minds of men that Bolshevism would spread its net over this country. He for one did not believe that native Americans would be influenced by any such fallacy, but there nevertheless seemed to be an unconquerable fear of Bolshevism, as there was of Spanish influenza.

Mr. Marshall took a stand against class legislation, whether it came from capitalistic classes or from socialistic or other classes, and expressed the hope that Congress and those who were native born or naturalized citizens of the nation would take their stand against class legislation wherever it showed its head.

Mr. Marshall declared that if he had the power he would deprive of American citizenship and deport from the country any naturalized American citizen who sought to impose a soviet government or in other ways sought to alter the fundamental character and form of the American Government. It was an inherent right of native-born American citizens to modify their form of Government, if they so wished, provided they acted along constitutional lines, but he did not feel that persons from abroad, becoming naturalized, and swearing allegiance to our Government and its Constitution, should be permitted to try to change the American Government. If they did so, he said, he would, if he had power, cancel their naturalization papers, in court, on the ground of fraud.

Mr. Marshall also deprecated the use of force, arson, bombing, or similar methods for righting grievances, and declared that, had he the power, he would hale into court, try, and punish any person seeking to use force to accomplish any such aims.

He expressed the view that the time had come in this country when there was no fundamental political difference between the two leading parties. He invited any newspaper man present to send him a definition of the political difference between them, and said that he would pay a five dollar bill for any successful statement of fundamental

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

CLYDE LINE STOPS COASTWISE SHIPS ON THREE ROUTES

Suspends the Service to Wilmington and to Tampa from This Port.

FINDS LABOR A PROBLEM

Philadelphia-Norfolk Line, with History of 50 Years, Also Quits.

HIGH COSTS A FACTOR

Wilmington Chamber of Commerce Wants Government Aid in Obtaining New Service.

The Clyde Steamship Company, it was learned yesterday, has decided to suspend the operation of three of its coastwise lines to South Atlantic ports. They are the New York to Mobile, Ala., and Tampa, Fla., line, in operation for sixteen years; the New York to Wilmington and Georgetown line, operated for thirty years, and the Philadelphia and Norfolk line, which has a history of more than fifty years of continuous service. Orders have been issued by the management of the company here to close the offices at Wilmington, N. C., and other ports and to dismiss the employes. Reasons assigned by the company for this action are the high operating costs and the inefficiency of labor.

This leaves the Clyde Line with service from New York to the West Indies and New York to Charleston and Jacksonville.

W. V. Levis, general freight manager of the company, said yesterday that if conditions improved so that the ships would at least earn expenses the service which has been suspended might be resumed later.

"The Jacksonville service will continue," Mr. Levis said, "unless labor conditions make it impossible for the company to operate the steamships. We have had to discontinue the New York to Mobile and Tampa, the Philadelphia and Norfolk, and the New York to Wilmington and Georgetown lines after so many years because of the high wages afloat and ashore, the cost of fuel, and the inefficiency of labor. The people of Jacksonville can rest assured that the Clyde Line will continue its services as long as it is possible to do so."

Concerning the ships which had been operated on the suspended lines, Mr. Levis said that two or three of the vessels would be put on the Jacksonville and the New York-San Domingo service. Nine of the ships, he said, were now in port, and would go into drydock.

The New York-Wilmington line was taken over by the Shipping Board a year ago, and the Government guaranteed the Clyde Line a profit on the investment, although the ships were operated at a loss. The ships were suddenly turned back to the company on Dec. 5, and, according to officials of the company, it would have been impossible to put them back into the regular service on these routes without overhauling.

The Chamber of Commerce of Wilmington has sent a delegation to Washington to urge the Government to take steps to provide the port with a steamship service to New York.

GOETHALS ASKS $60,000,000.

Tells House War Department Lacks Storage Facilities.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Major Gen. Goethals, Chief of the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division of the War Department, asked the House Military Affairs Committee today for an appropriation of $60,000,000 to be used in storing the enormous quantities of surplus war supplies of the department. He said $30,000,000 would be needed for the rental of storage houses and $30,000,000 for maintenances.

Thousands of tons of supplies are being brought back to this country from France, General Goethals told the committee, and the ports of debarkation are becoming congested because no storage places are available. He said much of the material was being left out in the open and that the Government was losing heavily by its deterioration.

President Karolyi Distributes His Estates Among People

BY WIRELESS TO THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Feb. 5.—Late tonight the police restored order at Linz after two days' plunderings had caused enormous losses to shopkeepers, churches, and cloisters of Linz and towns in its vicinity.

Count Karolyi, President of the Hungarian Republic, announced the distribution of all his landed property in conformity with the general law passed by the Hungarian Assembly, which means an economical revolution in Hungary. Karolyi is one of the greatest landed proprietors in Hungary.

ENRIGHT ATTACKS COSTIGAN'S WORK

Tells Mayor "Record Was the Worst Made Against Any Inspector."

ASSAILS WOODS REGIME

Says He Found Department "Top-heavy" — Costigan, Asked to Comment, Declines.

In a letter to Mayor Hylan yesterday, Police Commissioner Enright explained at length just why he demoted "Honest Dan" Costigan from Inspector to Captain and sent him from the First Inspection District to the Beach Street Station, along the waterfront. Although Costigan had established a record in the department during fifteen years as being one of its most efficient and fearless officers, Commissioner Enright declared that his record for cleaning up gambling houses was "by far the worst made against any inspector in the department," and he intimated that the reduced Inspector had been promoted through favoritism by the previous Police Commissioner. This is Commissioner Enright's letter:

> City of New York, Police Department,
> Feb. 7, 1919.
>
> Hon. John F. Hylan, Mayor, City of New York, City Hall, New York:
>
> My Dear Mr. Mayor: When a little more than a year ago you appointed me Police Commissioner, with full authority, you stated that I would be held responsible for the proper administration of the functions of the Police Department, and you directed me to reorganize it in any way that would serve the best interests of the people of this city.
>
> Among other things I discovered that the department was top-heavy, made so by former Police Commissioner Woods, who in the last month of his administration, had increased the normal number of Inspectors from nineteen to twenty-six, several more than necessary. Hundreds of police officers were doing detail duty, that is, holding soft jobs, and too few were on patrol in the streets. One of the first things I did was to put an immediate stop to this condition by eliminating unnecessary details, and sending several hundred policemen back to patrol duty who had been holding sinecures.
>
> **Aimed at Efficiency.**
>
> The Inspectors were immediately summoned and informed of their responsibility for the enforcement of law and the elimination of vice and gambling within their districts, and they were directed to devote their attention to the criminal element and to provide the necessary protection to law-abiding citizens and maintain general order and decency. It was made very plain to the Inspectors that any dereliction of duty would be promptly and severely dealt with.
>
> Such changes as have been made by me in the Police Department have been made to increase its efficiency, and to render increased and better service to the people of this city. Methods of procedure that I found in the Police Department, when I took control of it, that were built on sound principles, and were to the advantage of the people of this city, and not in conflict to the proper administration of the Police Department, have been retained, and any readjustments have been deducted solely by desire to increase the effectiveness of the Police Department.
>
> The newspapers of this city, now and

Continued on Page Six.

Federated Unions to Vote on Beer Strike; 'No Beer No Work' Slogan Gaining in Jersey

The Central Federated Union, at a meeting last night at Labor Temple, adopted a resolution to submit to the affiliated bodies of the union the question whether they are to go on strike in opposition to prohibition.

Morris Brown said that the organization should follow the example of others and go on strike unless they could obtain beer. He said that workers in some of the Western States and in Newark and other places in New Jersey had expressed their intention to do this.

Frank P. Fetridge, head of the Building Trades Council of Newark, in advocating the adoption last night of the "No beer, no work" slogan of the building trade unionists by the Essex Trades Council, said that if the movement on the part of local labor to strike on July 1, when the sale of beer is to be prohibited, received the support of the Essex Council, the simple slogan would crystallize into a national movement. The Essex Trades Council, which represents 75,000 trade unionists in Essex County, unanimously adopted this anti-prohibition resolution which Fetridge introduced:

> Whereas, The Essex Trades Council has always been opposed to prohibition and the amendment to the Federal Constitution; and
>
> Whereas, The Building Trades Council has adopted a motion that it will resist to the utmost its enforcement, even in the event of a strike; therefore, be it
>
> Resolved, That the Essex Trades Council declare itself in sympathy with the action of the Building Trades Council, and that a committee of five be appointed to act with a like committee from the Building Trades Council to formulate plans to resist the enforcement of this unanimously condemned and fanatical law; be it further
>
> Resolved, That this committee report back to this council in two weeks.

Buttons inscribed "No Beer, No Work" were being worn generally by trade unionists in Newark yesterday. "No Beer, No Fifth Liberty Loan," was inscribed on one of the buttons which appeared yesterday.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

EBERT DENOUNCES ARMISTICE TERMS AT CONVENTION

Calls Them "Unheard Of" and "Ruthless" in Opening Weimar Assembly.

WARNS ALLIED LEADERS

Hints at Renouncing Peace and Leaving Victors to Work Their Will.

HECKLED BY HIS OPPONENTS

Independent Socialists Try to Drown His Voice—Delbrueck Threatens New War.

WEIMAR, Feb. 7, (Associated Press.)—Carl Kautsky, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs in the Ebert Cabinet, was today elected President of the German National Assembly by a vote of 374 out of 399 cast by the Assembly.

WEIMAR, Feb. 6, (Associated Press.) — Chancellor Ebert's speech opening the German National Assembly this afternoon, the delivery of which occupied half an hour, was frequently interrupted by the Independent Socialists.

Herr Ebert found himself so heckled by the Independents that he was forced in the middle of his speech to turn upon them with the declaration that their disorder showed how little evil times had taught them. He spoke loudly, slowly, and distinctly, his voice carrying to the remotest parts of the theatre with its perfect acoustic properties.

The Chancellor's voice shook with emotion as he touched upon points which he deemed essential, and it rose high above the discordant shouts of the Independents when they tried to drown him out.

He aroused approval when he began by declaring, "We have done forever with Princes and nobles by the grace of God." The German people, he said, were now ruling themselves. There was disapproval mixed with approval when he declared that the revolution would decline responsibility for the shortage of food and the defects in food management in Germany.

Calls the Armistice "Ruthless."

Need, the Chancellor continued, delivered Germany to her enemies, but he protested against being a slave to Germany's enemies for thirty, forty, or sixty years.

"Our enemies declare that they are fighting militarism, but militarism has been dethroned," Herr Ebert asserted, whereupon an Independent interposed again.

The Chancellor next took up the armistice terms and branded them as unheard of and ruthless. The whole house was with him when he protested against the expulsion of Germans from Alsace and the sequestration of property.

The Assembly broke into shouts of indignation as the Chancellor referred to the 800,000 prisoners of war still held in captivity. All this, he said, showed anything but a spirit of reconciliation.

"We warn our opponents not to drive us to the uttermost," he declared. "Hunger is preferable to disgrace, and deprivation is to be preferred to dishonor."

The Germans, he said, laid down their arms with confidence in President Wilson, and the present free Government of Germany believed it was only its right to enter the League of Nations and work with real energy.

Fears Economic Ruin.

"We turn, therefore," said the Chancellor, "to all the peoples of the world for justice. We ask that our economic life be not destroyed. The German people have fought for inner self-determination. It cannot be perfected from the outside."

Herr Ebert was cheered when he referred to the proposed union of Germany and Austria. He said he hoped that the bonds sundered in 1866 would again be sealed, and asked the House to approve the move heartily.

Following a strong appeal for German unity, the Chancellor declared that the Provisional Government had been the executor of a bankrupt régime.

"We will call on the old German spirit of Weimar," he said. "We will be an empire of justice and truth."

During the Chancellor's speech members of the Government stood grouped about the speaker's tribune, just in advance of and below the President's seat on the stage.

The Assembly, 397 members of which were present, adopted the old standing orders of the Reichstag as temporary rules of procedure. It will meet again tomorrow.

The Court Theatre was thronged long before the appointed time for the opening session. The Berlin policemen assigned to Weimar kept the huge crowd outside from interfering with the arrival of the delegates and others entitled to attend.

It was a democratic-looking crowd, well though plainly dressed, that shuffled its way through the slushy

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

WILSON IN CHARGE OF CONFERENCE WORK WHERE BIG ISSUES NOW WAIT ON LEAGUE; DROPS BELGIAN TRIP TO COMPLETE PLAN

War Council Talks of Stiffer Armistice Terms to Meet Ebert's Threat to End Negotiations

PARIS, Feb. 7, (Associated Press.)—The allied Premiers met this afternoon as the Supreme Interallied War Council and discussed the terms of the extension of the armistice with Germany. It was forecast before the meeting that the council would probably fix new terms to be imposed upon Germany, whose tactics of obstruction and recrimination are said to have reached a climax in a threat made at Weimar by Chancellor Ebert that Germany would break off negotiations with the Allies.

The only announcement made on the subject was in a communiqué issued tonight, saying:

> The Supreme Council today discussed the terms of the extension of the armistice with Germany. The discussion will continue Saturday.

The feeling in Peace Conference circles is that the Germans are more and more forgetting their position, and it is expected that the Supreme War Council will take measures to bring the Germans to a sense of the realities.

Marshal Foch will go to Treves on Feb. 17 to fix the conditions for a third renewal of the armistice.

It is understood that the War Council will fix a brief time within which the Germans must carry out the conditions they have only fulfilled in part. In this respect it is noted that none of the German ships which were to have been sent to certain allied ports has yet been handed over.

French opinion holds that the occupation of Essen is of first necessity if the Allies are to control Germany's principal war factories. Public opinion in France is also asking if the Supreme War Council is going to allow Field Marshal von Hindenburg to establish himself in Bromberg and prepare a campaign against Poland, which can only be supplied through Danzig.

The Supreme War Council is also to fix the size of the contingents of France, Great Britain, the United States, and other nations in the armies of occupation, both in Europe and Asia.

FRANCE TO BE FIRM ON REPARATION

Prepares to Abandon Yielding Policy When Her Vital Interests Are Reached.

WANTS BILL FOR FULL LOSS

Proposes to Lessen This Only if It Is Proved That Germany Cannot Pay.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—So far in the Peace Conference France has been yielding on various points, notably in the Bolshevist matter and in the question at what stage in the general proceedings the matter of the League of Nations should come.

France freely and cheerfully admits it, justifying what she has done on two grounds—that she has yielded for the sake of time saving and harmony to get the peace business under way, and, secondly, that she has yielded on points which she does not consider vital to her own future welfare.

But there is a limit to her yielding, declare those who represent her. France will be rigid and inflexible enough, they say, when it comes to the questions which she does consider vital, the foremost example of which, in her opinion, is the matter of reparation for war damages.

"We can live with or without remote islands or mandates," said a French authority to me today; "we can live without a League of Nations, although we hope to be happier with one. We can prosper without more colonies than those we now possess, but we cannot live as a bankrupt nation.

"That is a vital point which cannot be separated from the question of reparation. When that topic really gets before the five big powers or the plenary conference for settlement, you will find no yielding on the part of France should she find herself opposed by one or more nations inclined to deal too leniently with Germany.

Has Program for Reparation.

"So far all figures as to what this reparation should be are mere guesswork. But France has a definite policy for handling the situation, which is far from haphazard.

"First, we must make fair valuations for the damages to all countries, France, Belgium, England, and Serbia, which have suffered by the war. Second, we must get their total. That total will represent the amount of our bill to Germany. Third, we must present that bill to Germany and compel her to acknowledge it as the amount of her indebtedness.

"They are the first three things to be done. They constitute the first phase of the reparation program.

"It is not the concern of France or part of her policy to try to estimate in advance what Germany can pay and then fix a bill according to that estimate. The bill itself must cover the whole loss of all nations.

"To this must be added something that will help France to handle her present enormous annual budget of 15,000,000,000 francs. Two-thirds of that is due to the war, because before the war our budget was only 5,000,000,000 francs. France cannot continue to raise an increased amount without bankrupting herself, and bankruptcy is one of the things she does not propose to accept as a result of a war for which she was not responsible.

"We know, of course, that Germany will not be able to pay this whole bill, but will pay more if she gets the whole

Continued on Page Two.

AMERICAN OPINION ON LEAGUE WANTED

Our Delegates Asking What Is Thought of Dropping Compulsory Arbitration.

WILL ANY SUBSTITUTE DO?

France Insists All Powers Must Be Banded to Discipline Any Offending Nation.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless and Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The Commission on the League of Nations has decided that the League organization shall consist of a Permanent Council resident at some place to be selected by the League. This arrangement is the outcome of proposals submitted to the commission by French, British, and Americans, for whom President Wilson acted.

The French suggestion was that the council should consist of representatives of the five great powers, with the smaller nations having four. Under the French plan three votes vetoed any proposal. The British offered a suggestion that the council should consist of representatives of the five powers, with the smaller nations called in when the representatives of the five great powers in the council deemed it necessary. The President's plan was for a council of representatives of the five great and four smaller nationalities, with three to hold the veto power.

The others accepted the President's suggestions and they will be adopted, with a reduction of the number of representatives of the smaller nationalities.

The Governments in the League may designate their own regular diplomatic agents at the headquarters of the League to serve on the council, or appoint special Commissioners to represent them. There will be a President of the council, who will occupy a notable and commanding position in the affairs of the world.

The Belgian and Swiss Governments are pressing for the selection of Brussels and Berne, respectively, as the permanent seat of the council.

President Wilson will return homeward not earlier than Feb. 15 and not later than Feb. 17. He is working hard to obtain a definite agreement on the League constitution before sailing. Opinion varies as to whether he will succeed, but Americans are still optimistic that he will carry to America the text of the complete agreement.

Seven Articles Meet Approval.

Seven articles of the twenty-two comprising the constitution have been approved provisionally by the commission appointed by the Peace Conference. The preamble, which states the underlying objects of the league, has also been approved. This is appreciable progress, and all the more so when it is considered that the work was done at two sittings of the commission, over whose deliberations President Wilson presided.

Nor does "approved provisionally" give any cause for concern that the articles passed by the commission may come up again for important changes.

Continued on Page Two.

TWO PREMIERS DEPARTING

Lloyd George Is Leaving Today; Orlando Going Back to Rome.

LEAGUE DRAFT HALF DONE

Provisional Acceptances Obtained on Many of the Most Vital Proposals.

CONSCRIPTION A PUZZLE

Four or Five Days May Suffice to Finish Discussion Before Wilson Departs.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—Coincident with the return of Premier Lloyd George to London tomorrow and the expected departure of Premier Orlando for Rome the Peace Conference proper will assume a new aspect. The Council of Ten will still remain in being, but will function less frequently than in the past.

President Wilson's time will be chiefly occupied with the draft of the League of Nations and the work of the conference will largely be carried on in commissions. This arrangement indicates that good progress has been made in some directions, but in another respect it is taken to show that the settlement of most outstanding questions waits upon the League of Nations scheme.

Originally it was proposed here to make the terms of peace with Germany the first business of the Peace Conference, and according to French view this would have proved the more rapid and logical course. The pressure of the view that a good peace would be largely dependent upon the formulation of the League of Nations plan, resulted in a modified procedure, admitting of work along a double line, an examination of special problems simultaneously with the discussion of the League Constitution.

Day by day it has become more evident that once the principle of a League of Nations had been solemnly accepted by the conference the constitution of the league must take precedence over many other questions, in the settlement of which much would depend upon the existence of the league.

Alternative solutions will be studied in commissions meanwhile, but it is thought highly probable that there will be no plenary session of the conference until President Wilson returns to Europe.

Essential problems of reparation and the French and Italian territorial claims will be thrashed out before commissions in the meantime with the occasional interposition of the Supreme Council.

Lloyd George will probably be away three weeks, and in his absence Mr. Balfour will head the British delegation. The fact that the Earl of Reading, who arrived in Paris only a few days ago, will return to London with his chief is taken to indicate the Prime Minister's feeling that in getting to grips with the domestic problems he will have need of sagacious advisers.

The report of Premier Orlando's expected departure, unlike that of Lloyd George, which was announced early in the week, was unexpected, and gave rise to some sensational rumors, the main burden of which was that there had been a serious divergence of view between the Italian Premier and Foreign Secretary Sonnino. This tendency to attach importance to rumors of this kind is deprecated by all, who hold that heavy necessity will iron out all inequalities of view.

Predictions are being made that except for the League of Nations discussion during this and next week the conference is entering upon a dull period, so far as the press and public are concerned. Most of the work of the commissions will remain secret until their recommendations can be ratified.

President Abandons Belgian Trip.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—As a result of the necessity of close attention to the affairs of the Peace Conference, President Wilson has been forced to abandon his proposed trip to Belgium.

It is stated that the pressure of the President's duties in Paris will be so great in the few days remaining before his departure for the United States that he has been compelled reluctantly to forego his trip. It is understood that in the event that he returns to Europe he will accept the Belgian invitation.

The President had a half hour's conference with Premier Lloyd George this morning at the Paris White House. It is understood that they discussed arrangements for carrying on the business of the conference after the departure of the British Premier for England. This may take place tomorrow, and it is said that the British Premier may remain away two or three weeks.

President Wilson will remain longer than Lloyd George, and so will be in a position for a time to watch the progress made in carrying out the peacemaking program.

There has been considerable informal discussion in conference as to how much delay might be occasioned in the work of the conference by the absence of the two leaders from Paris. The press has even been speculating as to whether the conference would be adjourned for a month.

The President and the Premier, however, are arranging affairs so that the business of the conference may move smoothly after their departure. The campaign for speed in dealing with the peace settlement, which they have been heading, is thought responsible for much of the rapid progress which the conference has made.

Substantially half the draft of the constitution for the Society of Nations had been covered last night by the Conference Commission, it was officially announced today. In approving several additional articles of the draft the commission reached an accord, it was stated, on questions of the greatest importance concerning the positive functions of the League. The acceptance of these articles was provisional.

While important details of the constitution remain to be agreed upon and are likely to take up the time of several more sessions, the fact that half of the draft has been passed over and adopted, including an agreement upon the general principles, has raised expectations that the draft will be ready for submission to the plenary conference early next week.

Eleven articles, it is stated, have been approved, with small modifications.

The only article not approved was the one concerning abolition of compulsory military service unless required by reasons of national defense under extraordinary circumstances.

Premier Orlando of Italy opposed the paragraph, remarking that if conscription was once abolished an attempt to revive it might lead to serious trouble, even a revolution. Léon Bourgeois, one of the French members, joined Premier Orlando in strongly opposing the abolition of conscription. He declared that France, owing to her geographical position, needs a standing army, and could never consent to strip herself of her defenses. The paragraph was then canceled, and it was decided to leave to each country freedom to select a system of recruiting its forces up to the amount of troops which would be fixed later by the Society of Nations.

Another article which caused animated discussion was that concerning the method of applying military coercion to the countries refusing to comply with the decision of the Society of Nations or breaking its rules. Owing to the very conflicting views expressed, the commission decided to postpone a definite decision.

The main discussion, however, was on the formation of the executive branch of the Society of Nations. President Wilson, Leon Bourgeois for France and Lord Robert Cecil each presented plans on the representation given to smaller powers. Each plan differed slightly.

Unofficial information is that President Wilson's proposal was for an executive branch of five members from the great powers and four members from the small powers, making a council of nine with a two-thirds vote required for the adoption of measures.

Qualifications for membership, which is also being discussed, involves the membership of neutrals and enemy powers as well as the great and small powers.

The presence at the meeting last night of nine representatives of the small powers with the ten of the large powers was taken to mean that the executive branch of the league as finally formed would include both great and small nations, instead of leaving the executive direction exclusively in the hands of the great powers.

The new delegates from small countries present were: Premier Venizelos, representing Greece; Premier Kramarz, for Czechoslovakia; M. Dmowski for Poland, and M. Diamonby for Rumania.

President Wilson, who presided, is pressing forward to bring about a complete constitution for the society in these nightly sessions, which last until midnight.

The great progress now being made indicates that the task may be completed within four or five days or well ahead of the time for the President's return to the United States on Feb. 15. The members of the commission emphasize the point, however, that the agreements reached thus far are provisional and in principle only. The entire structure may have to be revised when it comes to agreeing on details. This is the reason assigned for the secrecy with which the text of the project is being guarded.

The official statement regarding last night's meeting reads:

> The fourth meeting of the Commission of the League of Nations met at 8:30 o'clock last evening at the Hotel de Crillon. Messrs. Kramarz, Venizelos, Dmowski, and Deuvanty, (Diamondy?) representing, respectively, the Czechoslovak republic, Greece, Poland, and Rumania, took up their duties as members of the commission.
>
> The commission provisionally approved a number of additional articles to the draft. The approval of these articles marks an accord on certain questions of the greatest importance concerning the positive functions of the league. Substantially one-half of the draft has now been covered.
>
> A secretariat, consisting of M. Clauzel, Lord Eustace Percy, and Mr. Shepardson (Shepherdson?) has been appointed for the drafting of the procès-verbaux.
>
> The next meeting will be held at 8:30 o'clock this evening at the Hotel de Crillon.

ITALY'S DEMANDS CUT DOWN BEFORE

Two Ports Promised to Her Instead of Nine Wanted Before Entering War.

HOLDS SHE TURNED TIDE

Assertion at Paris That Germany Would Have Won Early Victory but for Her Aid.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The case for Italy, as it will be presented to the five big powers in the Peace Conference when they take up the Adriatic east coast question for settlement, may be summarized as follows:

Her delegates will contest for Fiume as well as for everything promised to Italy by France, England, and Russia in the London treaty of 1915 on three main grounds. First, the territory so promised is necessary to the future protection of Italy and, therefore, the peace of Europe. Second, the territory promised by the Allies in 1915 is far less than what Italy asked at that time as her allotment for going into the war. So she should not be asked now further to reduce her claims in the interest of Jugoslavia. Third, Italy entered the war, agreeing to fight Austria with the co-operation of Russia, but Russia collapsed, leaving Italy to do the work alone; so that the territorial compensation now should at least be as great as what was originally promised.

A new feature in the situation so far as public knowledge and understanding are concerned, is revealed in that second point, to the effect that Italy got less than she asked instead of compelling the Allies under stress of war to grant all she demanded. As a matter of fact, Italy's original demand included Fiume and eight Dalmatian ports and all the islands off the Dalmatian coast 600 or 700 miles all told, including the coast lines of the islands. The ports she demanded in addition to Fiume, together with their hinterlands, were Segna, Carolopaga, Zara, Sebenico, Spalato, Matkovitch, Gravosa and Ragusa. Italy left for future use of the Jugoslav State (not then in existence) three more to the south: Cattaro, Antivari, and Dulcigno.

Ports Withheld in Treaty.

But this proposed boundary line as it was drawn by Italy, was materially altered before the London treaty was completed. The Russian Government was consulted specially on this point by France and England, because she was considered as the traditional friend of all Slavs and the protector of their interests. It was chiefly at Russia's suggestion that only two of the eight Dalmatian ports asked by Italy were promised to her by the London treaty. These two were Zara and Sebenico, with a block of the hinterland in Central Dalmatia, extending back from them about fifty miles to the crest of the Dinaric Alps. Italy also got all the islands. But Fiume and the six Dalmatian ports demanded were withheld. Fiume was not given to Italy because at that time it was supposed the Dual Monarchy would still exist after the war and that it would be needed as an outlet for Hungary.

So Italy contends she did twice as much war work as was first expected of her, but received much less than her original request; and she balks at further reductions. Incidentally, she adds that if Italy had not entered the war it would have been finished in six months with a German victory, that there would have been no France or Belgium left, and that England would have been powerless. Also, she holds that if Italy had not won the last ten-day battle in the closing days of the war by defeating Austria, Germany would not have been compelled to sign the armistice.

Contemplates a Greater Serbia.

Italy resents intimations from French, English, and American sources, that she is a mere land-grabber, insisting on the terms of a secret treaty that would make impossible the future national life of the new Jugoslav State. She declares that a critic of Serbia in a semi-official document ten years ago declared that if the Jugoslavs had Ragusa and five miles adjoining they would have enough coast line to assure their existence and commercial prosperity. But now, according to the Italian viewpoint, the Jugoslavs get by the London treaty an increase of 24,000 per cent. over what the critic said was sufficient, but still demand more and appeal to the sympathy of the world which is so much interested just now in raising up oppressed nations and setting them going.

Italy prefers to speak of Greater Serbia than of Jugoslavia. The Italian claim is that the first title more than truly represents the future aspirations of her rivals on the Adriatic but that it was dropped by Serbia as sounding too Imperialistic to fit the present times. Italy's hostility, however, is not chiefly against old Serbia, but the Croatians and Slovenes, who are among the groups included in Jugoslavia. These groups Italy denounces as having been among the worst enemies of the Allies in the war, and she does not want to yield land to them.

Italy takes the stand that the London treaty cannot be put in question before the Peace Conference by either France or England, because they both signed it. So it can be brought up only by America. But Fiume is another question entirely outside of the London treaty. Above everything else, Italy wants Fiume on the ground that it is an Italian city, the inhabitants of which themselves want to belong to Italy. Jugoslavia is also claiming Fiume, so that it is an open question within the Italian viewpoint. As a matter of fact, Italy is willing to take that question up even at the risk of having to yield a little of Dalmatia which was promised to her, as the price of getting Fiume.

URGING TERRITORIAL CLAIMS.

Claimants Pressing More Than Ever on Conference Delegates.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—The number of territorial conflicts now making their appearance in Peace Conference circles, it is said in some quarters, is attributable to the prospects of an early realization of a Society of Nations plan which will involve the examination of such claims by a legal tribunal of the society for adjudication with due regard to the wishes and welfare of the inhabitants of the districts in dispute.

It is thought that some powers whose titles to territories in conflict rest on ancient historical ties would prefer to commit the Peace Conference to their support in advance of the adoption of a Society of Nations plan. If they could do this they would avoid a conflict between their claims and the principles that may be laid down in the Society of Nations.

The community of interest of some nations on certain questions had led to hints of co-operation between those nations to make up a majority in the conference. Gossip in the corridors even mentions threats of resistance to any decisions adverse to those interests. The commission working on the Society of Nations plan is not moved by these rumors, however, and is going about its work quietly but rapidly.

At the same time the Supreme Council in short daily sessions continues its policy of hearing patiently all claims, and generally referring them to committees for thorough examination.

Secret treaties that were made under stress of war, and may be thought out of harmony with the principles of which a Society of Nations is being organized, have provoked much comment. The American delegates, at least, have said that such agreements, in so far as they are in conflict with the principles of a Society of Nations, must give way.

Some other powers, while not openly depending upon these arrangements, have reserved decision as to their final attitude. Meanwhile, with the thought of lessening existing controversies and avoiding unpleasant scenes in the final meetings before the departure of Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson, efforts are being made by influential personages to compose the differences between the individual States. The efforts are said to have prospects of success.

Small crowds are beginning to gather around the Foreign Office, where the Supreme Council meets, but they do not disturb the experienced diplomats, who say that what surprises them is that the proceedings have been so remarkably harmonious, in view of the multiplicity and the complexity of questions.

SEE GERMAN VICTORY AT BERNE CONFERENCE

Swiss Papers Say Teutons Gained All They Wanted—Thomas Leaves for Paris.

BERNE, Feb. 7.—On the eve of the end of the Socialist Conference here, some of the newspapers say that the German delegates have obtained all that they desired at the expense of the Allies.

The Democrat, under the caption "Victory for the German Socialist Majority Party," says:

"The die has been cast. The internationale, which since 1872 has been the instrument of the German Imperialist party, continues its traditions. All the independents who had placed their hopes in the conference see them vanish."

Territorial questions were taken up today by the conference, which had before it for discussion a committee resolution containing these main points:

The right of self-determination of all peoples in disputable cases shall be settled by a plebiscite.

A society of nations must protect oppressed or threatened minorities.

The result of the deliberations on these questions will be submitted to the Peace Conference in Paris.

Opposition to commercial protection systems was voiced by Juan Justo of Argentina, who said that protection was "a barrier to internationalism."

"The development of international institutions, which form the best basis for international amity, is one of the predominating points of the Society of Nations," he said.

Gustav Francq, the Canadian labor leader, proposed to the conference that it claim a six-hour day and a five-day working week throughout the world.

Four British and four Italian delegates arrived today. Mr. Brunning, a delegate from England, announced that the British trades unions had finally decided to participate in the conference, and had appointed three committees to prepare an international labor charter.

Albert Thomas, one of the French delegates, has left Berne for Paris, where he will interpellate the Government in the Chamber of Deputies tomorrow.

FIXING GERMAN WAR GUILT.

Eisner Tells of Evidence of Designs on Mouth of Rhine.

BERNE, Feb. 7, (Associated Press.)—There is still a great mass of material to be examined in German quarters regarding responsibility for the outbreak of the war, said Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian Premier, in discussing this subject with the correspondent today.

"Entire archives are as yet unexamined," Herr Eisner said, "but already much material has been found in the secret archives of the Munich diplomatic correspondence proving Germany's guilt, her responsibility for beginning the war.

"For instance, there is a record of a conversation between King Ludwig of Bavaria and Count von Schön, the former German Ambassador at Paris, which was found among Count von Hertling's papers, which shows that Germany desired the war. The conversation took place in August, 1914, the King telling the Ambassador that this war must have a different result from that in 1870 and that Belgium must be annexed by Germany.

"To this," continued Herr Eisner, "the King added: 'Germany must also acquire the mouth of the Rhine, even at the expense of the violation of Dutch territory. Furthermore, Bavaria must receive a portion of Alsace-Lorraine. In the latter case Bavaria would renounce her territories in Baden and Hesse.'"

Emperor William was undoubtedly directly to blame for precipitating the war, Herr Eisner said, but the military caste was responsible to a greater extent for bringing it about. They must all be tried, but by a German tribunal, he insisted. He is in favor of all stolen property being restored and the robbers severely punished.

Concerning the League of Nations, the Bavarian Premier declared:

"It is to be hoped that the Berne conference will renew the Internationale. This is the first time that delegates of the hostile countries have met since the war, and I hope the Berne conference will not be without effect on that in Paris."

FRANCE TO BE FIRM ON REPARATION

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

total as something she has to strive to attain than she would pay if we tried to reduce it to what we think her capacity may be in the future.

"The burden of proof that she cannot pay must always be on Germany. If she declares, for example, that she is capable of raising only 60 per cent. of a certain installment, we shall examine the matter very carefully to see if a way cannot be shown her whereby she will be able to pay 75 per cent.

"France agrees with America that Germany cannot and must not be crushed or eliminated, but we also agree with Lloyd George that Germany must be made to pay until it begins to hurt. The payment will be partly in money, but largely in goods."

Members of the Conference Commission on Reparation, of which M. Klotz, the French Finance Minister, is Chairman, have been asked by him to put in a memorandum the general principles on which they think claims should be based. These claims are to be discussed on Feb. 19.

VOID ISHII-LANSING DEAL, CHINA URGES

Peace Delegates Seek Annulling of Agreement, Also of Concessions Wrung by Japan.

NO LONGER SUBMISSIVE

Chinese People Will Rise, It Is Said, Unless Old Coercion and Humiliation Are Ended.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—So true and generally accepted is the fact that America came into the war without any desire for gain that it has been taken for granted also that America has done nothing in the past in the way of agreements, secret or otherwise, with other countries that will have to be set aside by the Peace Conference as inconsistent with Wilson's fourteen principles.

But there is one blemish, at least, in the opinion of the Chinese delegation on America's otherwise clean slate. Because of the general assumption that nothing contrary to Wilson's points will be left standing after peace is signed and the League of Nations established, China assumes that the Ishii-Lansing agreement, entered into by the Japanese Baron and the American Secretary of State in March, 1917, will be nullified automatically, thus meeting the fate of the various agreements between European States which America disapproves.

Part of this Ishii-Lansing arrangement was, briefly, that the United States recognized that Japan had a special interest in China. Such recognition in itself was and is seriously resented by China, but what made it far worse in her opinion was that it was entered into secretly at Washington by Baron Ishii and Secretary Lansing without consulting the Chinese Minister to America or the Government in Peking.

The first China knew of this agreement, which virtually concerned herself, was when it was announced from Tokio as an accomplished fact. China filed a memorandum of protest at Washington, and then the matter was dropped for the time being.

The United States was then about to go into the war and concentrate all her energies on the European western front, and for that reason, a Chinese statesman in Paris said today, China did not wish to embarrass America by trying to upset the agreement that Japan had determined to get.

China now bases her case against this agreement especially on the first of Wilson's fourteen points and in general on the spirit of the whole Wilson program.

But China, regardless of the fact that she thinks she got a blow in the face from her best friend, still regards the United States as that best friend and is not inclined to embarrass President Wilson at the Peace Conference by formally demanding that he repudiate the specific act of a member of his Cabinet, if she feels assured that the agreement will simply die automatically because of inability to live in the new atmosphere of fairness among nations and open covenants.

Furthermore, China assumes that the Ishii-Lansing agreement will go by the board along with two other matters against which she has filed specific protests with the Peace Conference. One of these is the group of twenty-one demands to which Japan forced China to accede at the very opening of the European war, and the effect of which was to take away from China railroad and commercial rights in her own country till the year 2007, and practically give Japan control of the Gulf of Pechili as well as the land approaches to Peking and Tientsin. Naturally China wants all the twenty-one demands wiped out of existence and asks the Peace Conference to do it for her.

She insists upon the assurance also that Kiao-Chau, which was taken by Japan from Germany at the outset of the war, shall be restored to China as agreed, and quickly, instead of being held by Japan, which is something China fears is being arranged against her.

China is not oversanguine of her success at Paris, but she made a beginning in getting representation, for that was against the wishes of Japan, as is a matter of record.

The suggestion of Japan was that she represent both China and herself at the conference. Japan's argument was that, as China was divided in her internal politics by a struggle between north and south, she could not claim national unity for herself at Paris.

China's countermove to that was selection by the north as one of the five delegates to the conference of C. A. Wing, a leading statesman of South China. He represents both sections of the country by common consent and selection of both parts. Moreover, there is now in session in Shanghai a conference of ten representatives of North China and as many of South China on the work of restoring harmony.

"If China," said my Chinese informant, "does not find herself freed by this Peace Conference from all Japanese domination and all handicaps and humiliations put upon her by arrangement among the other countries, the Chinese people will rise in protest. The temper of my people is no longer what it was. We have thrown off the Manchu yoke and have since survived two movements to restore the monarchy. This has taught us that abject submission need no longer be our part in the world."

JAPAN PRESSING PEKING.

Said to be Asking Disavowal of Delegates' Course in Paris.

PEKING, Feb. 5, (Associated Press.)—Attempts are being made by the Japanese to induce the Chinese Government to disavow the action of its delegates at the Peace Conference because they are seriously embarrassing Japan, according to semi-official Chinese sources here.

This development has caused depression in Government circles, which had previously been jubilant over the strong stand taken by the Chinese in relation to Japanese claims. This depression is intensified by the fact that the Government is hard pressed for money and may, it is said, yield to the Japanese wishes in order to obtain needed funds.

PARIS, Feb. 5, (Associated Press.)—The Chinese delegation to the Peace Conference has been advised from Peking of Japanese complaint regarding the activities of the Chinese delegates here. Dr. Wellington Koo and the other delegates express surprise over these advices, as they say that the Chinese case was stated fairly before the Council of the Five Powers, and that on the suggestion of a member of that council China offered to submit all the secret agreements between China and Japan. China, the delegates say, stands ready to do this and accept the verdict of the Society of Nations on the issues.

ASKS ONLY JUSTICE FOR JAPAN

Baron Makino Tells Why She Wants to Control Islands.

PARIS, Feb. 7, (Associated Press.)—Baron Nobuaki Makino, senior Japanese delegate to the Peace Conference, has prepared a document of 5,000 words, to be issued next week, outlining Japan's position at the Peace Conference respecting questions open for settlement in the Far East.

"Japan does not come to the conference with demands," the statement says, "but is asking only those things which appear just to us, in the light of Japan's position in and the future of the Far East. At the outset I desire to state that since Japan opened her doors to foreign intercourse, trade, and political exchanges all treaties and engagements entered into with other countries have been kept in good faith, in letter and in spirit, and with regard for the good name of the nation and the rights of others."

The statement carefully goes over the main facts in history in the last twenty years since the Chino-Japanese war, when Japan, "yielding to force majeure, was obliged to give up to Russia the territory of Liao-Tung the fortress of Port Arthur, and the town of Dairen."

Referring to the Marshall and Caroline Islands as peopled by wild tribes, Baron Makino says:

"We claim the right to occupy these islands for the purposes of peaceful development. A national sense of dignity inspires the whole people of Japan to the conviction that any other disposition would be a reflection on us, and the handing over of the supervision of these islands would be a just recognition of what services we rendered in maintaining the commerce of the Pacific and assisting our allies in the Indian Ocean and the Mediterranean. We contend, and shall continue to contend, that Japan should control the islands north of the equator, and that the future of the wild tribes inhabiting the islands must depend upon the development of their civilization, a development which Japan most certainly will not retard."

Continuing, Baron Makino says: "The Government and people of Japan have been the loyal allies of Great Britain and France and, we believe, useful friends to the United States and Russia. It is not for me here to enter into a relation in detail of the services we rendered in this war. It is sufficient to say that what has been given or spent and what has been lost in the cause for which the Allies fought and won has been contributed in the spirit of loyalty and sympathy, and the Japanese delegates to this Conference are here to assist in the work of building up barriers against future wars and in forging the links of friendship and understanding between the nations of the East and the West."

AMERICAN OPINION ON LEAGUE WANTED

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

This is not expected. The articles approved are regarded as disposed of as far as fears of any major difficulties are involved, and the sanction given to them was provisional only out of excess of diplomatic caution.

None of the seven articles, however, touches the issue involved in the proposal to compel nations to submit their differences to arbitration. That proposal is contained in an article yet to be reached. But it has been gone over thoroughly in what may be called the side conferences—private exchanges of views between small groups each composed of a few members of the League of Nations Commission and some of the plenipotentiaries not serving on the commission. These private discussions have served to bring out difficulties in the way of obtaining the necessary unanimous agreement on the provision for compulsory arbitration of international disputes, which to some seem insurmountable. At the same time, those most interested in it—and these include the members of the American delegation—have not given up hope that some arrangement will be reached which will save the principle that Governments must perforce submit their quarrels to an international court of arbitration. There is a very widespread view that without this provision, the object of the League of Nations—which is primarily to prevent the recurrence of wars—will be nullified.

Doubt as to Senate's Attitude.

As I have told in prior dispatches, this principle is being compromised so as to provide that nations engaged in disputes shall have a choice of three methods of adjustment — arbitration, mediation, or postponement of hostilities pending inquiry by the League. It is evident that this compromise is unsatisfactory to the American delegates, and they are now doing their best to bring the other representatives into accord with the view that nations must accept arbitration by compulsion, without any election as to other courses. In this the American representatives, according to what I am told, find themselves embarrassed by fear that the Senate will not sanction any treaty containing a compulsory arbitration provision. It is in this connection that the American representatives would be glad to have an expression of opinion from home.

As President Wilson said at a meeting of the League of Nations Commission where these points were emphasized: "I should like to know what the man back in Nebraska thinks about it." This may not be the exact wording of the President's expression, but it indicates substantially what he said. The man back in Nebraska does not mean William Jennings Bryan, but is a generic term for the American citizen whose views approximate the opinion of a large section of the people.

The trouble with the man back in Nebraska, however, is that he is not getting the background upon which to form his views as to whether the League of Nations is being organized in a way that will fit in with his ideas of what the League should be. There is no orderly arrangement here in Paris for informing the American public of the attitude its representatives are taking in discussing this important matter or of the difficulties of foreign interests represented in the Peace Conference. The British and some others have machinery for educating the people at home so that they may be able to form intelligent opinions on the questions at issue in the making of peace. The American representatives' position appears to be that the people they represent must wait until agreements have been reached and formally furnished to the press before attempting to pass upon their soundness.

But upon this matter of compulsory arbitration the man back in Nebraska has an opportunity of expressing his views on the basis of what is taking place among those engaged in determining the character of the agreement on the subject. Does he believe that failure to provide for compelling nations to submit their serious disputes to the arbitration of a tribunal set up by the League of Nations will rob the league of its ability to prevent war? Does he believe that leaving to disputants the choice of three methods mentioned—one of which is the Bryan method of postponement of hostilities pending impartial investigation of the causes at issue—will be effective as a means of keeping the world from the danger of being again involved in bloody conflict?

Not Bound to Use Armed Force.

It has already been determined that there shall be no agreement among the nations signatory to the peace treaty to join in the use of actual force to punish a Government which declines to abide by the decrees of the League. With this in mind, the man back in Nebraska will have to determine whether the plan of giving disputing nations the election of one of the three methods of adjustment will be a potent means of preventing a resort to hostilities.

Of course, nothing in the proposed treaty will prevent the members of the League from determining, whenever the issue is presented whether they shall employ military or naval strength, or both, as part of the combined international force to inflict the punishment. There will be a provision in the constitution of the League of Nations covering this problem, but it will be clearly set forth that no nation shall be bound by the treaty or constitution to place its land and naval forces at the disposal of the League for punitive purposes, should a majority of the league determine this to be necessary to bring a recalcitrant nation to obey the league's mandate.

The French view, which is being increasingly emphasized this week, is that the League will be ineffective unless there is a solemn obligation taken by every nation in its membership to use its army and fleet to discipline any nation that goes contrary to the League's ideas of right and justice. France has always in view the possibility that Germany may again become a menace to the existence of France and may attain such strength as to dare to seek revenge for her downfall.

Unless the League of Nations furnishes assurances in advance that the Governments composing it would come to the assistance of France in such an event, then, according to the French view, the whole purpose of the League would fail. The representatives of the other great countries are not without a sympathetic understanding of the French position, but most of them feel that there will be real assurance of French protection against Teutonic aggression in the provisions to be contained in the constitution of the League for some sort of judicial adjustment of international disputes, for example, compulsory reduction of armaments, with which Germany will be obliged to comply, and other means which, backed by the principles and sentiments underlying the League organization, will be a long step in the direction of permanent peace.

BELGIANS URGING QUICK INDEMNITY

Partial Reparation Needed at Once to Repair Losses, Says Peace Delegate.

THINKS CLAIM PARAMOUNT

He Depicts the Utter Helplessness of His Country After German Devastation.

PARIS, Feb. 7, (Associated Press.)—The financial claims of Belgium against Germany are urgent, Baron van den Heuvel, a member of the Belgian peace delegation and a member of the Peace Conference Committee on Reparations, said today.

Belgium, he added, did not have time to wait for an agreement to be reached on the exact figures of the indemnity due her before obtaining at least partial reparation. The Baron held that a percentage of the indemnity should be paid immediately.

Belgium, he said, needed food and machinery at once. Her working men were idle, her industries were at a standstill or working at a loss, and her foreign trade would go to other markets unless something was done without delay.

Baron van den Heuvel said that it would take much time to reckon the exact figure of Belgium's losses through military operations, occupation and enemy requisitions. The amount of damages was varied and the Government, cities, towns, villages, and private citizens had suffered heavy losses. The Belgian Government alone spent 3,000,000,000 francs for carrying on the war and more than 2,000,000,000 francs for feeding the populations in occupied territory.

Forced war contributions exacted from the provincial governments during more than four years aggregated 50,000,000 to 70,000,000 francs a month, the Baron said. Private citizens had been despoiled of their copper and other valuables and their sufferings through unemployment had been accentuated by the high cost of living. More than 50,000 houses in Belgium had been destroyed.

In an effort to ruin Belgium competition after the war, the Baron continued, Germany seized all raw materials and the greater part of the machinery and electrical installations in the iron, steel, and manufacturing plants. The Cockerill steel plant, for instance, which employed nearly 12,000 workmen before the war, had been stripped of all machinery and rendered useless. Out of the 3,200 breweries in Belgium, nearly 2,800 were robbed of their copper material of all kinds.

The Belgian farmers, the Baron said, had lost all their horses, especially blooded stallions, so sorely needed now for reproduction. All the cattle had been requisitioned and sent to Germany, and the very land itself was poorer for lack of fertilizer. The inundations of salt water in Flanders had affected a large part of the province and rendered that part of Belgium sterile for seven years.

"While the foregoing losses may be figured in francs, what cannot be reckoned in money is the very terrible ravages in health suffered by our population because of privations," the Baron continued, "One hundred and twenty thousand workmen were forcibly deported to Germany or to the zone immediately behind the fighting line; one hundred thousand have returned emaciated and in such a state of health that they are an easy prey to tuberculosis.

"In order that life may resume its normal trend in Belgium many things are indispensable which do not depend altogether upon the Belgians. What Belgium needs is the immediate re-establishment of means of communication, machinery, raw material, customs tariffs to protect home industries and the immediate payment by Germany of the war indemnity to the full limit of its resources."

Asked if he thought that his country had a claim to priority on the first installment on the indemnity to be paid by Germany, Baron van den Heuvel said:

"Can you name any country which is more deserving of priority than Belgium? However, arrangements have just been concluded by which France, Great Britain and America guarantee to send 10,000,000 francs worth of products and raw material to Belgium."

STRAUS WOULD PUT BELGIUM OVER TURKEY

Thinks United States Too Busy with Our Own Affairs to Be the Mandatory.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Oscar S. Straus leaves here on Sunday for Paris, where he will attend the international discussions as Chairman of the League to Enforce Peace, and where, as he told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent tonight, he intends to stay until the League of Nations is actually brought into existence. He expressed himself as very much pleased with the statements of progress which have been made, and offered an important suggestion as to the future of Turkey. Asked about the suggestion in today's London newspapers that the United States would consent to be the mandatory for Turkey, he said:

"All my three visits to Turkey taught me that the Turks have no constructive or governing power. It will be a good thing for themselves and for the races that have been subject to them to be put under the tutelage of one of the civilized powers. It will be a good thing for that power to undertake the duty as mandatory under the League of Nations, and I think it will be a good thing for the League if the nation selected should be Belgium or one of the smaller peoples enjoying some such particular international position as she does. I am merely speaking for myself and giving my own ideas, and, still speaking only for myself, I am of the opinion that the United States is too far removed from Europe and too fully occupied with the affairs of her own part of the world and her own possessions to undertake the work of a mandatory in Europe or the Near East."

OPPOSES RAISING BLOCKADE.

France Against Letting Foe Have Raw Materials, Says Tardieu.

PARIS, Feb. 6, (Associated Press.) Captain André Tardieu, one of the French representatives on the Commission on the Society of Nations, announced tonight that the program for the society would be ready some time next week. He went on:

"France is opposed to the raising of the blockade on raw materials against Germany until her damage to French industries has been made good. Germany was responsible for the destruction of one-third of the factories of France and, if allowed to resume production with equal facilities, it will be a serious economic handicap for us."

Captain Tardieu expressed the belief that the Allies would not disagree with the contention of France. He added that the Blockade Committee advocated the raising of the raw material embargo against neutrals at the earliest possible date, with the understanding that materials were not to be reshipped to Germany.

ASKS QUESTION ON MANDATES.

London Paper Thinks They Are Inconsistent with Monroe Doctrine.

LONDON, Feb. 7. — The Spectator, which has been friendly toward the United States, gives much space this week to criticism of American conference policies. The Spectator finds it impossible to reconcile the system of appointing mandatory powers for the German colonies with a continuance of the Monroe Doctrine.

While approving American intervention in Santo Domingo and Haiti, the newspaper asks if the United States is going to ask retrospectively for a mandate to be there.

"If she does not," The Spectator says, "she may aid a suspicion that there is to be one law for herself and another for the rest of the world."

The newspaper says that the Monroe Doctrine rules the whole hemisphere out of the possibility of serious imbroglios, and it finds it difficult not to sympathize with the Australian desire for a similar atmosphere of tranquillity. Under the "Australian Monroe Doctrine" The Spectator hopes that the conference will not go further in the League of Nations than one insisting upon the sanctity of international treaties.

The Spectator is puzzled by the President's naval policy. While sympathizing with the American desire for a great merchant marine, it thinks that naval competition on the lines of the long struggle with Germany is unthinkable.

GUERRILLA WAR AT BREMEN.

Hamburg Railway Workers Refuse to Run Trains for Spartacides.

BERLIN, Feb. 5, (Associated Press.) —Unconfirmed press dispatches from Bremen indicate that the insurgents there are continuing guerrilla warfare in the outskirts of the city and in the harbor, notwithstanding the government's assertion that the rising was quelled on Tuesday.

The casualties are estimated at thirty dead and more than one hundred wounded, the insurgents being the heaviest losers. Property damage is believed to be slight, as the communists failed to defend their stronghold stubbornly and beat a retreat towards the suburbs as soon as government troops began to advance in earnest.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 7.—The casualties at Bremen will largely exceed the thirty dead and more than one hundred wounded in hospitals there, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Telegraaf.

One of the latest instances of the use of the strike weapon against the German extremists was at Hamburg, where the railway men refused to operate trains on which the Soldiers' and Workmen's Council intended to send reinforcements to the Spartacides at Bremen.

WANTS OUR HELP TO CARRY BURDEN

London Paper Thinks We Must Assume Large Responsibilities in the New Peace Era.

PART DUE TO LEADERSHIP

Natural Sentiment Here Against This Should Give Way, It Is Urged.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The London Times, in an editorial discussing French criticism of the League of Nations, and especially of the mandatory theory of such a protectorate, says:

"That the mandatory theory involves some infringement of the full theory of French colonial sovereignty is undeniable, but it is no greater infringement than we ourselves are ready to submit to in the case of those German colonies which are, geographically speaking, fragments broken off from the British mainland. Moreover, be it remembered that nothing is to be had in this world except at a price.

"The great gain of the mandatory principle is that if it is worked honestly it will transfer colonial questions, as between one nation and another, from the realm of politics to that of law, and let it be remembered, too, that of all the breaches with precedent that the establishment of a league will make, none is quite so important as the breach made by it in the political traditions of the United States.

"People sometimes speak as if an ideal were being imposed on Europe by America, who herself proposed to go back to her former state of 'splendid isolation.'

"Nothing of the kind. American advocacy of its principle means that she cannot possibly absolve herself from liabilities for its working out. She must assume some responsibility for the scheme of which she is one parent. She must on all questions in which the moral law of right and wrong, as expressed in the new international law, is involved henceforward be part of the European system.

"Here is a splendid and beneficent disturbance of the old, unstable balance, and France, now that the Russian alliance has lost its value for her, will be the first to see how much the entry of the United States into European politics by the gateway of the League may mean for her in the future, and not only for her, but for all the friends of liberty."

The London Times Paris correspondent writes:

"Something tangible must be achieved before the end of the week, and something must be done to make not only the world at large, but also some of the delegates, realize that the League of Nations, if it is to be any good at all, must be made really effective in its control.

"It is no good whatever to expect to rule the world and to abolish war by means of copybook maxims. A penal code, in other words, is useless without a policeman and his truncheon, and it is quite clear that no big nation can possibly help to make the league effective without accepting the responsibilities, and in some cases, sacrifices.

"American opinion, for many reasons, it is known, is anxious to accept the self-denying ordinance which would apply the principles of the Monroe Doctrine to extra-American affairs, but it may be that in view of the tremendous jolt given to the whole world by the war, America may yet find a useful field for civilizing activities in many tracts of the world where chaos and confusion prevail, and where political and territorial considerations make it difficult for the league to intrust a European power with a mandate.

"While it is known that American opinion is largely hostile to the acceptance of any such mandate, it is nevertheless hoped that after Mr. Wilson's return it will be brought to realize that it is impossible for the United States to go back to their own side of the fence and shirk the responsibilities of the great plan of which their statesmanship is the main architect."

Berrien Company
INCORPORATED
ADVERTISING
Because Washington is the source of so much industrial news today, we have a representative there.
Telephone Murray Hill 7867
19 West 44*th* St., N.Y.

OVER-EATING
is the root of nearly all digestive evils. If your digestion is weak or out of kilter, better eat less and use
KI-MOIDS
the new aid to better digestion. Pleasant to take—effective. Let *Ki-moids* help straighten out your digestive troubles.
MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE
MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION
19-1

There's something about them you'll like-
Twenty to the package
Herbert Tareyton
London Cigarettes

DESIRES OF HEDJAZ STIR PARIS CRITICS

Arab Kingdom's Aspirations Clash with French Aims in Asia Minor.

PRINCE BEFORE CONFERENCE

Feisal's Presentation of His Case Will Probably Be Referred to a Special Committee.

BY ERNEST MARSHALL.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The Conference today heard the claims of the King of Hedjaz as explained by the delegation headed by Prince Feisal, a picturesque Arab who wears a khaki uniform and the resplendent headdress of the chiefs of his nation. It is not to be supposed that the presentation of the case of this recently created monarchy—for the King of Hedjaz was until the later stages of the war known as the Grand Shereef Hussein—could create disturbance within the inner circle of the Council of Ten, but it has caused at least a ripple of excitement on the surface of the Conference.

In one section of the Paris press there appears today a vehement onslaught on the procedure of the "Big Five" in calling Prince Feisal before them. The King of Hedjaz, it is asserted, is merely a vassal of Great Britain, receiving British subsidies and speaking only by the British book. Why, it is asked, should a serious-minded conference listen to claims which were on a par with the stories of the Arabian Nights? One French paper remarks that "the valiant Emir is asking for Hedjaz the whole Arab world, including Syria and Mesopotamia, Damascus and Bagdad.

Like most generalizations, this sweeping assertion is hardly in strict accordance with the facts; nevertheless, there are aspects of the Hedjaz claims to which from the French point of view there are serious objections. As for the charge that the King of Hedjaz is merely a vassal in British pay, it is pointed out that his actual independence was recognized by the Allies soon after he had in November, 1916, assumed his new title at the request of the Ulema and notables of Mecca, which contains the tomb of the Prophet and is the holy city of the Mohamedans, and that the subsidies he received from Britain were war grants furnished for the prosecution of the war, just like those made to other countries fighting Germany and her allies.

The main difficulty in connection with this particular problem lies in the treaty concluded between Great Britain and the King of Hedjaz, under which Damascus was to be included in the territory awarded to Hedjaz. Damascus lies near the border line between what were generally looked upon as likely to be the spheres of control of Great Britain and France. According to this purely tentative demarkation of spheres of influence, Palestine, from near the Sea of Galilee to the Egyptian border, would be placed under the aegis of Great Britain, acting as special guardian of the newly constituted Zionist nation, while the country north of the Sea of Galilee to Asia Minor would be within the sphere of French influence. One section at least of French opinion is strongly opposed to Damascus remaining under control of the King of Hedjas, by whom it is now being administered.

It is quite obvious that, while the Council of Ten may have considered that it had good reason to listen to the Hedjaz claims, their consideration of them must be merged in the solution of the much greater question of the disposition of all the Turkish dominions in Asia now occupied by the Allies. It was stated this afternoon that the probable course of action by the Council would be that, after hearing Prince Feisal's presentation of the Hedjaz case, it would refer these special claims to a committee which should study them in their relation to the whole problem of Turkish settlement.

The particular difficulties of the Hedjaz affair are only one illustration of many complexities of the whole question. "America to the rescue!" is the slogan heard in some quarters where it is urged that European rivalries in Asiatic Turkey can best be disposed of by the United States undertaking the administration of territory where it is universally agreed that it could have no selfish purposes to serve.

Failing American assistance, the disposition of the Turkish dominions under the trusteeship of the various European powers most interested will undoubtedly present many difficulties, but none which is in any sense insuperable. In fact, speculation is already keenly at work over various schemes of distribution under which this, that and the other special interest of Great Britain, France, Italy and Greece can be conciliated by processes of compromise. The study of these processes will be the work of special committees; so that at this stage it would be idle to predict which power, for instance, shall be trustee for Constantinople or the other cities and territories of the Turk.

England Suggested as Mandatory.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The Supreme Council today heard the claim of Hussein, King of Hedjaz, speaking through his son, Prince Feisal. The Prince maintained that Arabia, including Syria and Mesopotamia, had a non-Arabic population of less than 1 per cent., and that the principles of nationality enunciated by President Wilson should leave the Arabs to govern Arabia, with possibly some mandatory to develop intercourse with the outside world.

The Prince is said to have advocated Great Britain as the mandatory for Arabia. This has aroused sharp criticism from French newspapers, owing to the French interests in Syria. The semi-official Temps asserted today that the Prince had received large British subventions, and asked in an editorial: "Has the Prince who addressed the great powers today some particularly great powers today some particular obligation toward some of his hearers?"

PLAN BLOW AT SUFFRAGISTS

Antis Want Investigation of Bolshevism Extended to Them.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage announced tonight that it would present a petition to the Senate tomorrow asking that the planned investigation of Bolshevist, I. W. W., and other radical propaganda be extended to include national and international societies favoring woman suffrage.

The Senate, a statement issued by the association tonight says, will be asked "to investigate the suffragists to determine what relationship exists between American suffrage societies and organizations of Socialists and Feminists in Europe, and to discover in what manner the vast sums of money said to be raised and spent by suffrage societies are used to affect legislation in the United States."

SEEKS MODEST AREA FOR PALESTINE

Jews Generally Hopeful That Britain Will Be Made Trustee for Their Land.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The Chronicle's diplomatic correspondent says:

"If the Peace Conference decides, as is probable, to give the trusteeship of Palestine to Great Britain, this will accord emphatically with Jewish sentiment, expressed by Jewish bodies all over the world. At least 10,000,000 have shown such a desire in Western Europe, in Poland, Czechoslovakia, Palestine, and America.

"Travelers in the last fifty years have recorded the strong desire of the Jews to reconstitute themselves as a nation in their Biblical home, to be under the protection of England. This springs from gratitude to England for her traditional generosity toward the Jews and from the feeling that, as the nearest great power to Palestine, she is peculiarly well suited to exercise such tutelage. Again, the self-governing of the British colonies particularly appeals to the Jews, who hope eventually to evolve in the same direction. For the moment they recognize that they are in the minority in Palestine, but they undoubtedly desire to set up a Jewish Council which should have a recognized representative status.

"It will be found that Jews have put forth quite modest claims for the frontiers of the new State. They are actuated by no desire to infringe upon the acquired rights of their neighbors. As nearly as possible, we believe the new Palestine under the Union Jack will be coterminous with the territory from 'Dan to Beersheba' of the Old Testament. Thus no foreign power can wedge itself between Lebanon and the Egyptian border. The territory extends on both sides of the Jordan, but it does not include the desert, though that belonged to ancient Palestine. It stops short at the Hedjaz Railway as a recognition of Arab rights. Nor does it take in Damascus, which is regarded as the Arab capital. For practical purposes, therefore, it is the old historic Palestine, with certain adjustments of an economic order, such as complete possession of the essential waterways.

"Thus it may be assumed that north of the Damascus line will be the French protectorate of Syria under the league, in accordance with the historic claims of our allies, which go back to the Crusades and rest in their modern application on the official protection of Christians.

"Even the Pope has blessed the projects of the Zionists to reform a nation of Jews after 2,000 years, and it has received the enthusiastic support of President Wilson. France, Italy, and Japan have also indorsed the declaration of Balfour on Nov. 2, 1917, which is the modern Jewish charter, and will appear, doubtless, in the treaty of the new State as part of its preamble. That declaration stipulated that 'His Majesty's Government view with favor the establishment of a national home for the Jewish people, and will use their best endeavors to facilitate the achievement of this object.'"

MINES SINK TWO SHIPS.

17 Men Lost with Danish Steamer—British Mine Sweeper Blown Up.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 5.—Only one of eighteen members of the crew of the Danish steamer Carmen, 1,206 tons, was saved when the steamer was sunk by a mine on Sunday in the North Sea. The accident occurred near the Lister Fjorde.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The British mine sweeper Erin's Isle struck a mine this morning near the mouth of the River Thames and sank. Twenty-eight survivors have been landed.

LANSING RECOGNIZES JUGOSLAV UNION

Welcomes the Combination of Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes in One State.

FRONTIERS TO BE ADJUSTED

Final Settlement Must Be Made by Peace Conference, the Secretary Announces.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—Secretary of State Lansing, in a formal statement issued today, stated that the Government of the United States welcomed the union of the Serbian, Croatian, and Slovenian peoples. The statement reads:

"On May 29, 1918, the Government of the United States expressed its sympathy for the nationalistic aspirations of the Jugoslav races, and on June 28 declared that all branches of the Slav race should be completely freed from German and Austrian rule. After having achieved their freedom from foreign oppression, the Jugoslavs, formerly under Austro-Hungarian rule, on various occasions expressed the desire to unite with the Kingdom of Serbia. The Serbian Government, on its part, has publicly and officially accepted the union of the Serbian, Croatian, and Slovenian peoples.

"The Government of the United States, therefore, welcomes the union, while recognizing that the final settlement of territorial frontiers must be left to the Peace Conference for adjudication according to the desires of the peoples concerned."

As the result of direct exchanges between Premier Orlando of Italy and Premier Protitch of Jugoslavia, it was said today, the differences regarding the boundaries of their respective territories, which have been an acute problem, will probably be amicably adjusted soon. Representatives of the two nations conferred with President Wilson yesterday, when it was stated that an effort was being made by him to mediate to settle their claims.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Secretary Lansing's announcement in Paris today that the United States Government formally welcomed the new union of the Jugoslavs was received with joy tonight by Jugoslav leaders here. Professor Yovanovitch, Director of the Information Bureau of the new kingdom, said:

"You can rest assured that the official recognition of our kingdom will rouse the greatest enthusiasm and provoke a feeling of sincere admiration and gratitude to the Government of the United States, both by the Serbs of Serbia and by our brothers in race, the Jugoslavs of the former Austro-Hungarian monarchy. * * * We are proud that the first formal recognition of our new State comes from the Government of the great country who shared with us the honor of having taken up arms against the enemy of the world without having asked the cost of victory or its reward."

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Feb. 4, (via Geneva.)—The Jugoslav Government announces in the official Gazette that the name of the new State will be the Kingdom of the Serbs, Croatians and Slovenes.

MONTENEGRINS AT ODDS.

Ex-King Insists Serbs Try to Prevent His Nation Joining Union.

PARIS, Feb. 6, (Associated Press.)—King Nicholas of Montenegro in a proclamation to his people charges the Serbian administration with conspiring to defeat Montenegro's legitimate aspirations to become a member of the Jugoslav Federation.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the proclamation, Dr. Peter Chotch, acting Minister of Foreign Affairs for Montenegro, sent an appeal today to the Peace Conference, declaring that Montenegro was besieged by Serbia and that its vital interests were being ignored by the Peace Conference.

Dr. Chotch asks to be informed how long Montenegro will be compelled to suffer. He says that since the early days of the war Montenegro has been treated like an outcast outside the pale of the law and that it is now left a prey to the imperialistic and dynastic ambitions of Serbia. He insists that Montenegro's rights shall be heard at the Peace Conference and demands a seat at the Conference.

There are two parties in Montenegro, one favoring full annexation by Serbia, and the other supporting King Nicholas.

REDS SHELL OUR LINES ON THE VAGA RIVER

Our Casualties From All Causes in North Russia 409 Out of Force of 4,925.

ARCHANGEL, Feb. 6, (Associated Press.)—The American positions on the River Vaga, at which an infantry attack by the Bolsheviki on Tuesday was repulsed, were under heavy shell fire from the Bolshevist artillery today.

The other sections on the northern front were quiet.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Total casualties in the American forces in the Archangel region of Russia up to and including Jan. 31 were 180 killed, died of wounds, sickness or from other cause, or missing in action, and 229 wounded or injured, making a total casualty list of 409 out of a force that numbered 4,925.

This information was contained in a cablegram from Archangel dated Feb. 4 and made public today. The casualties were listed as follows:

Killed in action, 3 officers and 58 men; died of disease, 2 officers and 64 men; died of wounds, 1 officer and 12 men; accidentally killed, 3 men; drowned, 1 officer and 2 men; missing in action, 34 men; wounded in action, all ranks, 198; accidentally wounded, 25; wounded, other causes, 6.

Of these casualties, 63 occurred between Jan. 19 and Jan. 31, the period during which the Bolshevist forces were attacking the allied lines in such force as to compel a considerable retirement. The losses during this time on the Vaga front were: Killed in action, 11 men; died of wounds, 1 officer and 3 men; missing in action, 18 men; wounded, 2 officers and 28 men; total, 63.

On Jan. 31 the American force in the Archangel sector was comprised of 161 officers and 4,764 other ranks.

Another effort today by Senator Johnson of California to secure Senate consideration of his resolution favoring immediate withdrawal of American troops from Russia ended in failure. A motion by Senator Johnson to substitute his resolution for the Post Office Appropriation bill was defeated, 37 to 32.

LITHUANIA FOR PARLEY

But First Wants Recognition of Independence by Allies.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The Lithuanian delegation in Paris, representing the whole of Lithuania in Russia, comprising a population of about 15,000,000, has decided to reply to the Prinkipo invitation that they are ready to accept it, on condition of the indorsement of the principle by the Peace Conference of absolute autonomy and independence for Lithuania.

The representatives of the Lithuanians have placed their claims for such autonomy before the proper commission of the Conference.

REFUSE TO STOP FIGHTING.

Prussians at Parley with Poles Demand Evacuation of Posen.

BERLIN, Feb. 7, (Havas.)—During their parleys with the Polish delegates, the Prussian delegates asked for the evacuation of the Province of Posen by the Poles and also the restoration to their duties of authorities in East Prussia recognized by Prussia.

The Poles declined to acquiesce, and requested an adjournment of the conference for two weeks.

The Prussians asked for a suspension of hostilities. The Poles refused this.

PADEREWSKI ASKS ALLIES FOR ARMY

Wants the Polish Forces in France Sent Home to Help Repel Invasion.

CZECHS CROSS FRONTIER

Great Army of Bolsheviki Also Reported to be Preparing to Overrun the Country.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—Ignace Jan Paderewski has instructed the Polish National Committee in Paris to urge that the allied powers give their acquiescence to the sending to Poland of the Polish Army in France.

According to information received at Polish national headquarters from Paderewski Czechoslav troops have invaded Poland from the south, crossing the Galician and Hungarian frontiers at Chyrow, Eastern Galicia, and at Nowtarg, Western Galicia. The advices say that the Czechoslavs are committing atrocities in the invaded territory, on the ground that the inhabitants, being civilians, have no right to offer resistance to the invasion.

Paderewski, it is added, has been appointed a delegate to the Peace Conference in Paris and will shortly join his colleagues from Poland.

The Interallied Commission appointed by the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference to visit Poland, which will leave tomorrow for Warsaw, has appointed a Chicago newspaper man as the American press representative with the commission. It has refused to allow any representatives of the press associations or any special correspondents to accompany it. (The Associated Press now has a staff correspondent representing it at Warsaw.)

WARSAW, Feb. 3, (Associated Press.)—In heavy fighting in the last few days in Northwestern Galicia, Czechoslovak forces have advanced to within nineteen miles of Cracow, despite strong resistance on the part of the Poles. The Czechs have the advantage of greater numbers and better training and the Poles have been obliged to withdraw troops from Eastern Poland to join the fighting in Galicia. The Czechs are reported to be arresting a great number of civilians.

In the region of Lemberg (Eastern Galicia) the Poles are keeping the enemy in check. In the last few days the Poles have retaken some of their number who had been taken prisoners. Among the prisoners recaptured were sixty male nurses, who, according to reports from Lemberg, were impaled on pointed sticks by the Ukrainians. Four of the nurses are reported to be dying in a Cracow hospital.

General Sheptitsky, Chief of the Polish General Staff, says it will be necessary for the Poles, if the Allies do not do so, to open a route to Danzig in order to bring into Poland the army of General Haller as well as food supplies destined for Poland.

German soldiers who have arrived here from Russia express the belief that a great Bolshevist army is preparing to sweep over Poland. It is reported that General von Esterloff, formerly a member of the Russian General Staff, has captured Kharkov and is advancing into the Ukraine. The "black plague" is reported to be raging in Kovel, the Ukraine, because of lack of soap.

Countess Sanna Orda, 19 years old, has arrived in Warsaw from her estate near Pinsk and reports active Bolshevist operations in that region. The Countess for some months had been living in a cabin on her estate by herself in order to prevent, if possible, peasant bands from burning her château and destroying the crops. She declares that a great many other Polish women have remained on their estates, believing that they were discharging their duty to Poland in resisting the Bolsheviki to the last minute.

When Bolshevist troops reached her estate they attempted to capture the Countess, but she escaped on a German troop train. She says that the Bolsheviki are well armed and announced that they were going to invade Poland with a great army. She said that the Germans at Pinsk sold the Bolsheviki all their cannon. At the present time salt costs 40 rubles a pound in the region of Pinsk and bread 30 rubles.

The Bolsheviki, the Countess says, rob all their victims of their clothes and burn all the clothes they are unable to use themselves. She reports that some German soldiers are joining the Bolsheviki.

Manifestations were held in several towns and villages today against the Polish Committee in Paris in the belief that it was responsible for the failure of the Allies to intervene in the fighting between the Poles and the Czechs.

WHITE AND HERRON TO PARLEY WITH REDS

Kansas Editor and Socialist Professor Selected as American Delegates to Prinkipo.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—William Allen White of Emporia, Kan., and Professor George Davis Herron have been appointed the American delegates to the Marmora conference with the Russian factions.

Professor George D. Herron is already in sympathy with certain articles of the Bolshevist doctrine. He believes in trial marriages, and is a confessed advocate of the Socialistic State. These views brought him into conflict with the Trustees of Iowa College, where he was teaching applied Christianity in 1900, and with the First Congregational Church of Burlington, Iowa, where he was pastor, and he resigned from each.

Thereafter he openly identified himself with the Socialist movement, at first writing and lecturing on Christian democracy and then substituting the word industrial for Christian.

Professor Herron's first wife was Mary Everhard, and he married her in 1883. Later, while performing the duties of his pastorate at Burlington, he met Carrie Rand, the daughter of E. D. Rand, a local millionaire. Miss Rand's mother endowed a chair of applied Christianity at Grinnell College, Iowa, and Herron filled it. Meanwhile his wife obtained a divorce in Grinnell.

In May, 1901, it is said, he put his theories of trial marriage into practice by taking Miss Rand to wife without the usual vows, either civil or ecclesiastic. The ceremony, such as it was, took place at the New York home of Dr. Charles B. Patterson. There were present two poets, Edwin Markham and Richard Le Gallienne, and the Rev. W. T. Brown of Plymouth Church, Rochester, N. Y., who "announced" that Herron and Miss Rand were husband and wife.

The couple very soon after went to Italy. They continued to reside in the Lake Region and in Geneva, where they took a house called Le Retour, at 26 Chemin des Cottages, until Mrs. Herron died in January, 1914, leaving him $200,000, which he contributed to the Rand School of Social Sciences.

During his subsequent sojourn in Switzerland Herron came into contact with propagandists of the belligerents, both official and unofficial, and a year ago a story was circulated to the effect that he as an unofficial representative of President Wilson had received peace proposals from Professor Quidde of Munich which he had declined. In May, 1918, Professor Quidde denied the entire transaction in the German press.

Herron has written a score of books dealing with theology, Christian democracy, and such subjects as may be connoted by the titles: "Why I am a Socialist," "War and Peace Under Socialism," "Wagner and Parsifal," and "Woodrow Wilson and the World's Peace."

George Davis Herron was born Jan. 21, 1862, at Montezuma, Ind.

William Allen White became a national figure when his paper, The Emporia Daily and Weekly Gazette, printed an editorial article entitled "What Is the Matter with Kansas?" He was born in Emporia, Kan., in 1868, and has been editor of The Gazette since 1895.

In August, 1917, he was sent to France as an observer for the American Red Cross. Previous to his experiences at the front he had written several popular books—"The Court of Boyville," "In Our Town,"—and during the war "God's Puppets," "In the Heart of a Fool," and "The Martial Adventures of Henry and Me."

Mr. White is a member of the National Institute of Arts and Letters, a former member of the Progressive Party National Committee, (1912-16,) and was once Chairman of the Progressive Publicity Committee.

UNDER OPERATION 11 HOURS

Soldier Tells of Etherization Halted by German Bombs.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, L. I., Feb. 7.—Lieutenant Reginald T. Mitchell of 958 Brooklyn Avenue, Brooklyn, who is here recuperating from shrapnel wounds in his left arm, tells of a strange experience he had in a hospital in Belgium while the German planes were bombing it on the night of Nov. 1.

Late in the afternoon the surgeons began to give him ether so they might operate on his arm, but bombs began to drop before he had become anaesthetized. When the surgeons were ready to give him more ether the bombers made another attack, and the hospital lights were put out. For eleven hours Lieutenant Mitchell lay on the operating table and a dozen attempts were made to etherize him before daylight came and the planes retreated. Lieutenant Mitchell was a member of the 2d Field Artillery, Brooklyn, and when the war started joined the 69th, so he could get to the front quickly. He was commissioned after the Château-Thierry engagement, and was assigned to the 361st Infantry of the 91st Division.

H. W. SHERRILL SENTENCED.

Second Member of Poughkeepsie Firm Must Serve Two Years.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Feb. 7.—Harold W. Sherrill, a member of the bankrupt brokerage firm of Atwater, Foote & Sherrill, which failed for a million and a quarter nearly one year ago, was tonight sentenced to Sing Sing prison by Supreme Court Justice Seeger. Sherrill had pleaded guilty to third degree forgery three weeks ago, and had been held in the county jail pending his recovery from influenza. His sentence is for a minimum of two years and a maximum of four years and eight months, the maximum statutory sentence for this offense.

Three weeks ago Justice Seeger sentenced Gilbert F. Foote, senior member of the concern, to serve a minimum sentence of two years and six months. In passing sentence on Sherrill, Justice Seeger said he now wished he could have made Foote's sentence more severe as he had become convinced that Foote's machinations were primarily responsible for Sherrill's misdeeds and the financial troubles of the firm.

STUDY MILK TESTIMONY.

Prosecutor Confers with Investigator of the Trade Commission.

Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling, who is conducting the milk inquiry before Chief City Magistrate McAdoo, yesterday had a conference with Raymond Smith, the Federal Trade Commission investigator, who testified on Thursday relative to evidence obtained by him involving some officials and former officials of the Department of Agriculture.

"We have been going over the testimony thus far produced," said Mr. Dooling, "and checking it up to see what violations of the law are alleged and whether they have become outlawed. If violations occurred here, and are within the statute, they will be prosecuted here."

Mr. Dooling would not say whether he intended to request State officials and former officials mentioned by Smith in his testimony to appear and testify when the hearing is resumed next Monday.

EBERT DENOUNCES ARMISTICE TERMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

and snowy streets to the theatre, for every one walked, save one carriage and one automobile party. Following a brief review of an infantry honor company, all sought the interior of the theatre, which was brilliantly lighted and transformed into a creditable imitation of a legislative hall.

The orchestra chairs had been shifted to writing desks, while the entire first and second balconies, holding the press representatives, had been so altered that each newspaper man had a small bit of table.

The stage had been changed by the addition of a platform, on which the presiding officer sat in an enormous high-backed chair upholstered in leather on which the German eagle is emblazoned. It is the old Reichstag Presidential chair.

Neutral Diplomats Present.

The theatre, especially the tribune of the President and the Government benches, was fairly buried in red, pink, and white carnations. The rear portions of the first and second balconies and the gallery were thronged with privileged visitors, including nautral diplomats in Germany who had arrived from Berlin on Wednesday.

Nearly three hundred of the members of the Assembly are new to politics, including twenty-eight women, of all ages, scattered about the house. The women were the distinct curiosity of the afternoon and the only mirthful event at the opening of the session was a hesitancy followed by a shrill, excited "yes" of acquiescence as the first woman's name was called. The second woman on the list had not expected to hear her name and showed evident embarrassment as it was almost shouted out.

To Name a Cabinet of Fifteen.

February 5.—At party caucuses yesterday held in anticipation of the meeting of the Assembly an attempt was made to induce the delegates to adopt by acclamation what is styled a "provisional constitution," which is in fact little more than a document embodying rules of order.

The attempt met with opposition, and it is expected that the subject of a Constitution for the German nation will have to be referred to a commission, which will mean that the sessions of the Assembly will have to be suspended pending the commission's report.

The plan now agreed upon is to name a Provisional Cabinet of fifteen members to conduct the business of the nation until the next general election. This Cabinet, according to present plans, will include Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, the Foreign Secretary, as a non-parliamentarian member, seven Socialists, and seven members from the bourgeois parties, from the ranks of the Democrats and the Centrists.

Socialist Ministry Opposed.

Some of the members of the democratic caucus, the correspondent was informed, favored a Cabinet made up entirely of Socialists, but the general opinion favor bourgeois participation in the Government.

A delegation of Austrian Socialists arrived today and took part in the Socialist caucus.

As a result of the caucuses, which lasted into the evening, it appeared that the conflict over the question of wiping out State lines within the nation, which had been predicted, was unlikely to materialize. The delegates favoring this plain, it is said, realize that elimination of State lines cannot be brought about at this time, and that the most they can hope for is a federated union of States with a strong central Government.

Intimated Rejection of Peace.

BASLE, Feb. 7.—Chancellor Ebert, according to a version of his address to the German National Assembly received here, said:

"The conditions of the armistice have been of unheard of severity and were carried out without shame. We warn our adversaries not to push us too far.

"Like General Winterfeldt (who resigned from the Armistice Commission) the whole German Government might also eventually be forced to renounce collaborating in the peace pourparlers and throw upon our adversaries all the weight of responsibility for the new world organization.

"Confident in the promises of President Wilson Germany lay down her arms, and now we await the peace of President Wilson, to which we have a right."

Steps to Prevent Weimar Raid.

BERLIN, Feb. 5, (Associated Press.)—Gustav Noske, who is in charge of military affairs in the Ebert Cabinet, has ordered the Soldiers' Council at Erfurt to return the arms which were illegally abstracted from the arsenal there and distributed among the civilians. If the order is not obeyed within four days, it is announced that the Government will take measures to disarm the civilians, who are said to be presumably organized for an attack on the National Assembly at Weimar.

The Berlin Press Club has adopted a resolution to be presented to the Assembly, in which it protests sharply against the seizure of newspaper plants throughout Germany by the Spartacides. The resolution calls on the assembly to authorize effective measures for safeguarding the liberty of the press, the men in its employ, and the physical property.

DANGER OF NEW WAR, DELBRUECK DECLARES

If Germans Are Made "Wage Slaves" by Allies They Will Rise Again, He Asserts.

BERLIN, Feb. 7, (Associated Press.)—If the Allies persist in imposing upon Germany demands which will make this country the "wage slave" of its enemies, the Allies must keep Germany in subjection for decades by armed force, against which the Germans would rise at an opportune moment and again plunge the world into war, Professor Hans Delbrück, historian and publicist, declared to the correspondent today in a discussion of the Paris Peace Conference.

Professor Delbrück said:

"The question of what constitutes a peace of justice can best be answered by investigating the last separate demands made, to see whether it is calculated to light the fires of war again at some future day or whether it serves the ideal of an enduring peace. Let me single out some of these questions.

"It is proposed to impose upon Germany a burden which it cannot throw off in a short time, but which would make the country the wage slave of its enemies for decades. This could be carried out only if Germany were to be kept subdued by armed force all this time. But there cannot be any doubt that Germany would rise against such slavery at the first opportunity and the world would again be plunged into war.

Charges Greed for Saarbruecken.

"Another example: France plainly indicates that it intends to take away the German territory of Saarbrücken, with its coal field. Saarbrücken has more than half a million purely German inhabitants. This territory was ceded to France through the first Paris peace of 1814, but only a year later was given back to Germany in the second Paris peace.

"The inhabitants had unanimously, in repeated appeals and petitions, especially in a great memorial, prayed for 'liberation from the French yoke and reunion with the German Fatherland,' and had solemnly vowed to do everything they could to serve this end. This land has belonged to Germany for a thousand years, excepting the very brief temporary periods of French domination.

"The problem of nationality is much clearer and more certain here than in Alsace-Lorraine. Even if the German portions of Alsace-Lorraine are given to France, it can safely be prophesied that a German 'irredenta' will spring up there very soon and threaten the peace of the world.

"This is true to a still greater degree in the case where territory like Saarbrücken, where nothing whatever that is French exists, is claimed by France out of naked greed for power in opposition to the principle of the people's right to self-determination.

Resents Housing Africans.

"A third example: The French did not occupy the territory given them by the armistice with native Frenchmen, but for the greatest part with their colored allies. These negroes are billeted on the citizens. As long as the war lasts we must endure this, terrible as it is for the inhabitants.

"Everything indicates that the French plan a very long occupation, after peace as well, until Germany has paid off the war indemnities. If this should really come to pass, it would not only be a barbarity but also an insult and maltreatment of the German people, which might lead at any moment to an outbreak and a new armed conflict.

"It is clear that the world cannot come to an enduring peace—that is, a peace of justice—by the road which French policy is following today."

ALL OF DUESSELDORF JOINS IN WALKOUT

Novel Protest Against Spartacide Terrorism Ties Up Business in German City.

BERLIN, Feb. 5, (Associated Press.)—The whole city of Düsseldorf has "walked out." Officials, clerks, and other employes in the service of railways, posts, telegraph, telephone, and service lines; bankers, lawyers, physicians, teachers, and other persons engaged in professions have quit work.

The employes on all public service lines are striking in keeping with the threat to the Executive Council of the communistic Government to call a general strike of all the bourgeois classes if their demands are not granted.

Theatres and restaurants are forced to close, as they are without service. Big industrial plants have shut down, as office forces everywhere have joined in the walkout.

This unique protest is the first of its kind to be applied on a big scale as a retaliation against Spartacide terrorism.

Which?

An unmarked tablet is of unknown quality. The Bayer Cross guarantees the known quality and unquestioned purity of

Genuine

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

Marked with the Bayer-Cross for Your Additional Protection

MARSHALL OFFERS AMERICAN CREED

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

political differences, provided he himself was satisfied with the definition.

Mr. Marshall asserted, as a result of six years' observation from the "obscured" post of Vice President, that the time had come when every one in this country should be an American when the hyphen should be dropped, and declared that he had taken a pledge with himself to stand firmly the rest of his life against politicians going into dark rooms for the purpose of trying to swing hyphenate votes of any alien nationality or against the swinging of any class vote for mere political success.

The occasion of Mr. Marshall's speech was Marshall Night at the Press Club, when he was the guest of honor, and when he was supported by Kin Hubbard of Indianapolis, of Abe Martin fame; Representative Barnhart, Wilbur D. Nesbit, and Surgeon Gen. Ireland, all Hoosiers.

Mr. Marshall appeared in natural Hoosier rôle of humorist during a great deal of his speech, and he smilingly spoke of having been the "tail twice to Wilson's kite" and went on record as wanting no other political preferment. He made frequent allusions to the apparent uselessness of his office as Vice President, remarking that many of the foreign representatives that had come to Washington since the beginning of the war seemed to think that as Vice President he occupied a real office.

Many of these foreign representatives with whom he had talked, he said, had submitted to him their ideas to to self-determination, and territorial claims, as if there was anything he "could do about it." He had been told of the Czechoslovak claims, the Jugoslav claims, and other claims, and the attorney generalship of one proposed new nation even had been offered to him. After hearing the various conflicting claims he was ready to sympathize with the President's tasks abroad.

"I don't know whether there is going to be a new heaven," concluded Mr. Marshall, "but if there is going to be a new earth made on the basis of giving all these claimants what they want, all of Europe, Asia and Africa would not be large enough to satisfy and accommodate them."

DEFENDS OUR MEN IN PARIS.

General Harts Repeats That Crime Stories Are Propaganda.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

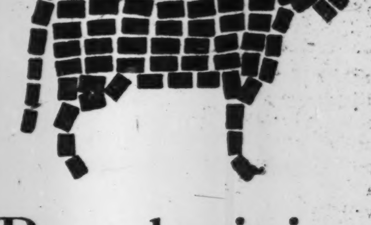
PARIS, Feb. 6.—No less an anthority than General Harts, commanding the District of Paris, corroborates the view that hostile propaganda is at work here against the Americans. In a report which will appear tomorrow in The Stars and Stripes, the official mouthpiece of the American Expeditionary Force, General Harts characterizes as "malicious exaggeration" statements printed here to the effect that American soldiers have been responsible for 34 murders, 220 violent attacks, and nearly 500 bloody combats during the month of December in the Department of the Seine. General Harts's report continues:

"The persistent appearance of articles of this character has led to the impression that there is some anti-American propaganda at work in Paris, which some have ascribed to German sources. The real figures about crime reflect great credit on the 20,000 men of the American Expeditionary Force stationed in Paris and the 2,000,000 American soldiers in France, great numbers of whom visit Paris—more than 3,000 passing through the city daily."

According to reports of the Prefecture of Police, cases of crime of all sorts wherein Americans were concerned are as follows: Shooting affrays from June 24 to Dec. 18 of last year, 6. During December, assault and battery, 2; housebreaking, 3; disorderly conduct, 7. In January, attempted murder, 3; manslaughter, 1; assault and battery, 13; robbery, 6; auto thefts, 7.

General Harts adds:

"Careful search has been made of the records of this headquarters, and the facts disclosed reveal no unusual or undue number of shooting affrays."



Popularizing the tin cow

$8,150 a day for condensed milk! Delineator families alone pay this. It is but one instance of the demand of the four and a half million members of these households for trade-marked goods. And if canned milk competes so successfully with the milkman's daily visits, consider the stimulus for *your* product when you tell the million women "purchasing agents" for these homes about it in

The Delineator
The Magazine In One Million Homes

KEEP IT UP!

It's unwise to wait until heavy drafts have been made upon your reserve of vitality. Fortify your body, keep up your resistive-vitality—use

SCOTT'S EMULSION

A business-man or woman who is burning up energy over-fast, should take *Scott's Emulsion* often—it helps keep up vitality.

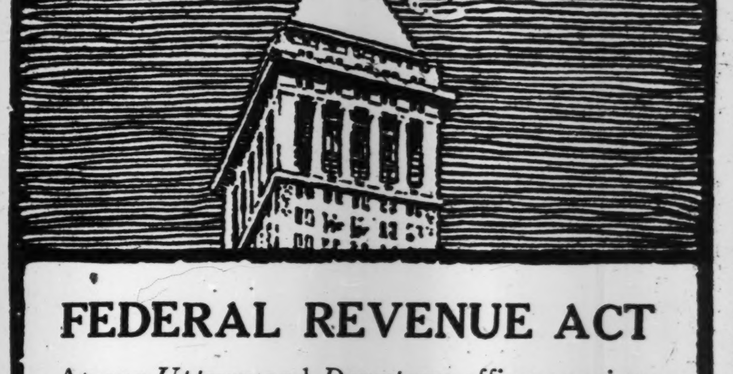
Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N.J. 18-51A

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION 25¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Quick Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Contains no dangerous or deleterious substitutes.



FEDERAL REVENUE ACT

At our *Uptown* and *Downtown* offices reprints can be obtained of the new FEDERAL REVENUE ACT as agreed to by the Conference Committee of Congress. As soon as the Act is finally passed we will have for distribution our complete pamphlet containing summaries and index in addition to the text of the law.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
Member Federal Reserve System

Downtown Office:
16 Wall Street

Astor Trust Office:
Fifth Ave. at 42nd St.

ADVERTISEMENT.

A HILL OF BEANS

The expression "a hill of beans" was once used in depreciation to signify something insignificant.

Not so today, owing to the war.

As a result of our government's recommendation that the value of beans as a nutrient be more generally recognized, they have taken a prominent place among the mighty foodstuffs of creation.

Bulk for bulk they are more nourishing than meat and are a good meat substitute, in that they contain protein and produce fuel in the human body.

For more than a quarter of a century CHILDS has made a specialty of Baked Beans—the slow-cooking process makes them unequalled.

CHILDS Baked Beans with Pork contain 700 calories—about 50% more than a Hamburger Steak.

New York or Boston Style 15c—with Pork 20c—with Ham or Corned Beef 25c.

Childs

A Roosevelt Book for Boys from 16 to 80

T. R.

Copyright, American Press Ass'n.

The Boys' Life of THEODORE ROOSEVELT

By Hermann Hagedorn

A book of inspiration for boys of all ages. No one is too young nor too old to read this authentic and enthralling life of one of the best known personalities in the world to-day. The tale is told with a charm that will hold all readers.

Illustrated. Post 8vo. Cloth, $1.25

HARPER & BROTHERS
NEW (Established 1817) YORK

VOGUE

MILLINERY NUMBER

OUT TODAY

Income Tax
CORPORATIONS

We have prepared an income tax chart based on the law just passed. Arranged to simplify figuring of taxes. Years of experience in filing reports for concerns of national reputation. Mailed upon receipt of One Dollar to any part of the United States.

Accountants P. S. & Systematizing Co., Inc.
154 Nassau St. New York City

Don't trust to luck. Serve

Club Cocktails

and trust exact blending of selected liquors to do your taste justice.

LONDON STRIKERS TO RESUME WORK

Hitch in Railway Settlement Is Overcome After a Long Conference.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS YIELD

Warrants Are Issued for the Arrest of Leaders of Belfast Tieup.

LONDON, Saturday, Feb. 8.—The railway strike was finally settled following a renewed disagreement, after a prolonged conference early this morning.

At the Board of Trade it was officially announced that the tube and district services would be resumed as soon as possible.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The Electrical Trades Union this evening ordered an immediate resumption of work by its members. ending action by its Executive Council on the question of the change in the attitude of the Government with regard to the strike.

An official statement issued by the union reads:

"Owing to an extraordinary meeting of the Executive Council having been convened for Sunday to consider national action to secure a forty-hour week, and, further, owing to the extraordinary change in the attitude of the Government in first refusing to intervene and then intervening to safeguard capitalist interests by suspending the civil rights of trade union members, we order immediately a resumption of work pending national action."

The Westminster Gazette was unable to print its early editions today because its electricians had struck.

The management of the tubes and the London District Railway announced this afternoon that their employes had not returned to work and that no trains would be run today. This announcement come as a distinct disappointment to thousands of Londoners, who, after their trials in getting to and from work during the last four days, had expected from earlier reports a return to normal conditions before evening.

No official reason was given for the men's failure to return to work, but some of the employes who were willing to talk said that they were not satisfied with the agreement made by their representatives with the Board of Trade and would not go back to work, "today at any rate," and that they would not recognize the settlement.

The situation in the southwestern suburbs of London was relieved greatly by the return to work of the motormen on the Southwestern Railway electric system. There was also a full service on the electric lines of the Brighton railway.

BELFAST, Feb. 7.—Warrants were issued today for the arrest of the leaders of the strikers in Belfast. The warrants charge conspiracy to prejudice and injure public safety.

FOREIGNERS SUSPECTED OF INCITING STRIKES

London Papers See Revolutionary Influences at Work Among British Labor.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The Daily Chronicle prints a seriously worded editorial telling the public that it is in the presence of a direct assault on the order and stability of society, inspired by men whose real aim is anarchy and revolution.

"Anarchists behind the strikes, who had done all that in them lay to hinder the country from winning the war," The Chronicle says, "have seized the golden opportunity of the Peace Conference to try to render of no effect the sacrifices and sufferings anc victory of the nation."

The Times says that every worker and every citizen must ask himself, among other questions, if he wants what happened in Petrograd to be re-enacted in London; if he is prepared to help those whose avowed aim is to install Bolshevism in Great Britain, or will he back the Government in taking vigorous action to fend off that catastrophe.

The Westminster Gazette tonight, in urging the Government to formulate a strong, definite labor policy, analyzes the situation of British labor. The Gazette says:

"It is suffering for the moment from unrest, which is partly a reaction from the long strain, and partly genuine apprehension of what is to come. It sees that millions of men have been demobilized from the army, that immense numbers of women workers have somehow to be provided for, and it fears that there will be unemployment on a large scale, and a new and aggravated form of competition which may take from the worker all he gained in wages and conditions during the war. It looks to the Government for guidance and, getting no clear satisfaction, begins to listen to other counselors."

1 etaoin shrdlu cmfwyp shrd aitonul

Consequently, The Gazette asserts, labor expects the Government, which picked industry to pieces for the war, to put it together again for peace.

In The Pall Mall Gazette J. T. Brownlie, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, the powerful union which has just repudiated the Clyde, Belfast, and London engineers strikes, says:

"It would have a salutary and calming effect on the workers if the Prime Minister would make an announcement as to the intentions of the Peace Conference in regard to industrial matters. A universal code of labor laws, taking in housing, wages, and general conditions of labor, should form an integral part of the League of Nations. Industrial peace is quite as necessary to the general welfare as military peace."

Meanwhile it is fully recognized that outside of the purely economic and social causes of unrest, there are deep political influences at work. The afternoon newspapers definitely accuse German agents of being at work in all the Entente countries, and warn the public that as Bronstein masqueraded as a Russian, calling himself Trotzky, and Sobelsohn pretended to the Ukrainians that he was Rakovsky, so foreign agitators were likely to parade under English surnames for the sake of their campaign here.

This announcement has revived memories that at the recent election some extremist candidates boasted that if they were defeated at the polls they would carry on by other means their war against the established peace and order of the country.

NORTH HUNGARY ON STRIKE.

General Shutdown as Protest Against Action of Czechs.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 7.—A great general strike which embraces the whole northwest of Hungary started Monday at Konorn, according to advices from Budapest. All business was suspended and hotels and cafés closed.

On Thursday the strike spread throughout upper Hungary, embracing the merchants, public officials, and the railway postal, municipal, and law employes, who declare their determination to continue the strike until the Czechs alter their behavior.

The Czech commanders threatened the postal strikers with death, but without being able to secure the men's return to work.

23-YEAR-OLD SUIT ENDS.

Estate of P. J. McArdle Finally Released to Heirs.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 7.—After litigation extending over a period of twenty-three years, the case of George L. Courtney of New York City against the estate of the late P. J. McArdle, an Albany junk dealer, was settled in the County Court here today when a discontinuance order was entered. The terms of the settlement reached by the attorneys for the parties concerned were not made public. The estate is estimated to be worth $500,000. A daughter of the late junk dealer recently petitioned the Surrogate of Albany County to be allowed to draw upon the estate, claiming that she was in want of funds to care for and educate her children. This petition was denied.

The case originated in 1896 to determine whether Courtney was a partner of McArdle and should have a share of the receipts. The Court of Appeals finally decided that a partnership existed for five years, and since then the question of what amount of the profits was due Courtney has been a subject of litigation.

P. J. McArdle died in 1915, but because of the litigation the heirs never have been able to get a share of the estate. The estate greatly increased in value because of the war, McArdle having possessed a vast amout of metals in 1914 which he is said to have disposed of at a great profit to munition manufacturers.

The heirs include three sons, Charles of Albany and Frank and George of New York City, all engaged in the waste business; two daughters, Mrs. Michael Blake of New York, who recently attempted to draw upon the estate, and Miss Alicia of New York, and also Mrs. Stephen McArdle, also of New York, a widow of a son of P. J. McArdle.

EMPLOYERS OFFER TERMS TO JOINERS

Appoint Committee to Conciliate and Urge Men on Strike to Resume Work.

UNION ASKS WRITTEN TERMS

Officers Say Any Proposal Will Be Received—General Strike or Lockout Considered Improbable.

Steps which may lead to a settlement of the strike against the Building Trades Employers' Association by the members of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners were taken yesterday by Ronald P. Taylor, President of the Employers' Association. He said that a committee had been appointed to negotiate with the carpenters' union immediately, provided the strikers would return to work.

William J. Bowen, President of the Bricklayers', Masons', and Plasterers' Union, repeated his declaration that a general strike in the allied building trades would be called at noon today if the Building Trades Employers' Association put its threat of a lockout into effect. When Mr. Taylor's words were repeated to William L. Hutcheson, President of the United Brotherhood, he said that if Mr. Taylor would make the statement in writing, a settlement might be reached.

"But I will give fair warning," he said, "that if the association carries out its threat of a lockout against the hoisting engineers, bricklayers, and plasterers, a general strike of workers in all trades will follow wherever the association is interested."

At the conference held on Monday with members of the association, Mr. Hutcheson added, there was no talk of settlement. The association attempted, he said, to convince William J. Bowen that the carpenters were unjust in their demands for $6.50 a day. This meeting failed to impress the leader of the allied trades, said Mr. Hutcheson, and the promise of the general strike followed.

This strike, it was said yesterday, would not affect 2,000,000 men, as previously announced, but would include at least several hundred thousand workmen throughout the country. Mr. Taylor did not consider seriously the threat of a sympathetic strike because, he said, comparatively few workers were engaged on building projects at the present time. The building industry had suffered during the war, he asserted, and was now at its lowest point.

"I doubt whether there are more than 400 or 500 bricklayers actively employed here," he said, "and there is a smaller number of hoisting engineers. The association stands ready to confer with the carpenters' union as soon as they call off the strike. We have appointed a committee which would meet them within two hours after such action on their part. But the association will not discuss any question with strikers. If we established this precedent it would be a weapon the union could use again."

Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, the members of which are on strike, declared last night that he would announce today the names of twenty members of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association who had settled with the union. He said that the same settlements which were made with more than 400 independent manufacturers would be put into effect with the association members. They would grant the forty-four-hour week, 15 per cent increase in wages, and right to review cases of dismissal, he announced, and approximately 2,000 more workers would return to work on Monday morning.

BLAME PASSAIC WORKERS.

Mill Owners Say Shutdown Was Forced by Employes.

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 7.—The Industrial Council of Passaic made its first statement tonight concerning the strike of nearly 10,000 operatives in the woolen and worsted mills of this city. It announced that the Botany Worsted Mills, the Forstmann & Huffman Company, the Garfield Worsted Mills, the Gera Mills and the New Jersey Industrial Spinning Company have shut down their plants entirely until further notice.

The statement said that the greater part of the operatives left their work before presenting any demands, and in spite of the fact that the mills had already voluntarily agreed to grant them a basic forty-eight-hour week, with time and a half for overtime, which for a week of fifty-five hours is equivalent to an increase of about 7 per cent. in wages. Such arbitrary abandonment of work by the operatives, the statement said, was disastrous. Several of the mills suffered great loss in their finishing departments, in goods left in mid-process in the machines, thus entailing great deterioration in the fabrics.

In order to protect themselves against further similar losses the mills were compelled to shut down, concludes the statement, adding that the workers have totally ignored present conditions in the woolen industry, which, like all other industries, is now passing through a period of radical readjustment from a war to a peace basis.

Two alleged I. W. W. agitators were escorted from this city tonight by Captain of Detectives Turner, after they were reported to have interrupted a meeting of woolen and worsted workers. The majority of these workers are unorganized, and I. W. W. agitators have been seeking to introduce them to the radical organization.

OUR HOSPITALS ABROAD.

Number and Location of Institutions Where American Wounded Go.

The American Red Cross, Department of Civilian Relief, has just published the numbers of the United States base hospitals, their location in France, and their American Post Office numbers, for the information of families who may desire to know the location of hospitals to which their wounded or sick members have been sent.

HOSPITAL CENTRES.

Centre.	Amer. Post Office.	Base Hospitals Comprising Centres.
Allerey	785	25, 26, 49, 56, 70, 97, *19.
Angers	735	27, †1.
Bazoilles	731	18, 42, 46, 60, 79, 81, 116.
Beau Desert	705	22, 104, 106, 111, 114, 121, †7.
Beauno	909	47, 61, 77, 80, 96.
Clermont Field	723	20, 30, 103, (includes Chatel Quyon and Royat.)
Commercy	..	
Lerouville	..	90, 91.
Kerhoun	716	65, 92, 105, 112, 120.
Langres	714	53, 88.
Limoges	783	13, 24, 28.
Mars	780	14, 35, 48, 62, 68, 107, 110, 123, 131.
Mesves	798	50, 54, 67, 72, 86, 89, 103, 122 *24.
Mantes	767	11, 34, 38, 216.
Pau	..	71, (includes Dax Lourdes, Angeles Gazost, Bagneres de Bigorre.
Perigueux	794	84, 95.
Rimacourt	731	52, 58, 59, 64.
Riveira	..	99, (includes St. Raphael, Cannes, Nice, Menton.)
Savenay	701	8, 69, 100, 113, 110, 214, 118, *29.
Toul	784	45, 51, 55, 78, 82, 87, 210.
Tours	717	7, †1.
Vannes	..	136, 236, Quiberon.
Vittel	..	
Contrexe	782	23, 31, 32, 36.

*Evacuation hospital. †Provisional base hospital.

AMERICAN RED CROSS MILITARY HOSPITALS.

No.	Town.	Department.
1	Neuilly	Seine
2	Paris	Seine
3	Paris	Seine
4	Liverpool, England	Seine
5	Auteuil	Seine
6	Bellevue, Paris	Seine
8	Malligny	Seine
9	Paris	Seine
21	Paignton	England
22	London	England
23	London	England
24	London	England

AMERICAN RED CROSS HOSPITALS.

No.	Town.	Department.
100	Beausailleu	Seine
101	Neuilly	Seine
102	Neufchateau	Vosges
103	Paris	Seine
104	Beauvais	Seine
108	Pauillac	Gironde
109	Evraux	Fure
110	Villers Daucourt	Marne
111	Chateau-Thierry	Aisne
112	Auteuil	Seine
113	Cognac	——

Coal Roads Cut Expenses.

READING, Penn., Feb. 7.—Orders were issued today to the heads of departments of the various railroads entering this city to curtail expenses all over this section, especially in the anthracite coal region. The cutting down of the normal number of loaded coal cars handled in a day from 1,400 to half that figure greatly reduces the volume of work for railroad crews and car shops. This curtailment is due to the suspension of many mines.

MAJOR PAUL DALY IS CITED FOR BRAVERY

New Yorker Wins War Cross for Heroism Displayed in Fighting Near Soissons.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—A new list of American soldiers who have received the Distinguished Service War Cross for extraordinary heroism in action was made public today by the War Department. Among the latest men to be so honored by General Pershing are:

Lieutenant J. K. Morrison of Statesville, N. C.; Sergeant C. C. Young of Millbrook, Mich.; Lieutenant T. W. Saul of Portland, Ore.; Lieutenant John Gleason of River Forrest, Ill.; Captain Malcom Rice of Hagerhill, Ky.; Sergeant J. R. Mansfield of Florence, Mass.; Private J. C. Olson of Valparaiso, Neb.; Lieutenant A. R. Cole of Bridgton, Me.; Major H. E. Ross of Danville, Ill.; Captain W. A. Brophy of Hertersville, Penn.; Lieutenant A. N. Bergstein of Pottsville, Penn.; Private P. W. Wilt of Wanton, Md., and Private S. F. Gilliland of Boston, Va.

The list also includes several men from this city and nearby places whose home addresses and the specific acts for which they have been cited appear below:

Maj. Paul Daly, 18th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Soissons, between July 19 and 22. Although wounded, he took command of the first battalion of his regiment after the previous battalion commanders had been wounded, displaying highest courage in advancing and holding the objective of his battalion. Three days later he was again wounded, but remained with his command, until he was ordered to the rear by his regimental commander. Home address, Daniel Daly, Nassau Street, New York City, N. Y.

Corp. Albert J. Zimborski, deceased, Co. C, 345th Battalion, Tank Corps. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Montrebeau, Oct. 4. While running his tank into a woods to rout a machine-gun nest his tank was hit and set on fire. He fought on until compelled to leave because of the excessive heat. While he and his gunner were leaving the tank they were both wounded, and when making an advance on a machine gun he received furtner wounds, which caused his death. Next of kin, Mrs. Albert J. Zimborski, wife, 2 Foye Place, Jersey City, N. J.

Pvt. Charles D. Merritt, Co. C, 345th Battalion, Tank Corps. For extraordinary heroism in action near Cheppy, on Sept. 26. While he was directing a column of tanks through a mine field, assisted by another soldier, his companion was wounded, but Pvt. Merritt continued with his work until all tanks had safely passed through. Returning, he assisted his wounded comrade to safety, after which he carried messages through an intense bombardment of artillery and machine guns. Home address, Mrs. Susie Merritt, mother, 246 Grant Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.

Corp. John J. Poillon, Co. C, 311th Machine Gun Battalion—For extraordinary heroism in action near Montfaucon on Sept. 29. Although engaged as company clerk, and when the platoon to which he was attached was required to advance over a heavily shelled territory, he volunteered and carried messages from his company commander to the platoon, the journey being made under most hazardous conditions and under severest shell fire. Home address, Mrs. Henrietta Poillon, mother, 465 West 157th Street, New York City, N. Y.

Pvt. Edwin S. Mills, Co. D, 312th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Grandpre on Oct. 23. Private Mills, while acting as a runner, volunteered and carried messages through several heavy barrages and under direct enemy fire, always accomplishing his mission. Home address, Mrs. Catherine Mills, mother, 116 Collins Avenue, Collingswood, N. J.

AGAINST ALL SUBMARINES.

Britain Said to Favor Total Prohibition of Their Use.

LONDON, Feb. 7, (via Montreal.)—In reference to the suggestion of the abolition of submarines which has been before the Paris Conference, Reuter's learns on high authority that the British Admiralty strongly favors the total prohibition of submarine building and of the use of the submarine in warfare.

This naturally would be subject to a general international agreement and to rigid guarantees and safeguards.

BOY HALTS NEARING TRIAL.

Upsets Court Decorum by Unceremoniously Mounting the Bench.

During the trial of Scott Nearing in the Federal Court yesterday for violating the Espionage act a small boy employed by a news association broke up the decorum of the courtroom for a few moments and escaped without censure from Judge Julius M. Mayer, who said that the incident was a good joke. The boy, who had just been hired, was told to go up to the Federal Building and get a reporter's "copy."

Keen on making a good record, the boy in some way got by the attendant at the door and got inside the railing where counsel and the defendant sit. At that moment Seymour Stedman, counsel for Nearing, was addressing the jury. He was unceremoniously brushed aside by the boy, who ascended the bench, seized the arm of Judge Mayer, and in a voice audible over the courtroom said: "Hurry up with that copy. The boss is sore. They're waiting for it down at the office."

Court attendents by that time seized the small boy and carried him back into the courtroom. Judge Mayer and the jurors laughed heartily at the incident. "That's a bright boy," Judge Mayer said. "He was told to get something, and he went straight to headquarters."

The day was consumed yesterday by the opening arguments of counsel in the Nearing case. The trial will continue today.

USE CALOX THE OXYGEN TOOTH POWDER

Because your dentist will tell you that a powder is better than a paste. And Calox is the best powder.

McK&R

McKESSON & ROBBINS, INC. N.Y.
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS EST. 1833

At Saks' Today

A Remarkable Sale of

Men's Fur-Lined Overcoats

at Greatly Reduced Prices

Big, Roomy, Comfort-giving Coats, lined with furs of the best quality only. The skilful manner in which they are tailored gives to them a perfection of line seldom achieved in fur-lined coats.

Lamb-Lined Overcoats. Of Brown Leatherette Cloth, large shawl collar of Dark Raccoon. Cut in smart single-breasted walking model. Reduced to $42.50

Marmot-Lined Oxford Overcoats. Of splendid quality, with large shawl collar of Persian Lamb or Hudson Seal. Reduced from $125.00. 95.50

Swagger Fur-Lined Overcoats. In double-breasted model, form fitting and cut knee length. Shell is of soft fleecy Heather Mixture, lined with Marmot Fur. Large shawl collar may be had in Otter or Hudson Seal. Reduced from $175.00. 125.00

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street Sixth Floor

END STRIKE TODAY, ORDER IN SEATTLE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

work at once, and the reopening of one union barber's shop.

The Post-Intelligencer, a morning newspaper, announced tonight that it would publish a four-page paper without advertisements, mainly to "quiet the many disturbing rumors that have been causing unnecessary worry to the law-abiding citizens of this city." It was announced that the paper would contain some Associated Press news, the strike situation, and other local news. The paper is to be distributed free of charge.

Operations of the union "soup kitchens," by which means the strikers have endeavored to feed their own members and those dependent upon restaurants, showed a noticeable falling off in patronage today. This was due to the fact that the strikers experienced difficulty in obtaining food supplies for their own places and to a rise in price of meats to the strikers themselves, which placed them on a par with other persons patronizing the places.

In the State Legislature at Olympia today it was announced a bill was in preparation appropriating $100,000 from the military fund for the use of the Government in suppressing strikes and maintaining order during labor troubles.

From Portland, Ore., came word of an exodus from Seattle to Porland hotels of persons who in many cases said they had left Seattle to escape the discomforts and possible dangers of the general strike. San Francisco advices report that the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, operating a line of coastwise passenger and freight boats, had abandoned Seattle as a port of call until the strike is ended. Other companies, shipping men said, were expected to follow this lead.

Major E. H. Keene of the office of the Adjutant General in Washington stated today that the thirteen companies of the Washington State Infantry and four companies of independent State troops had been ordered to drill tonight, to be ready for any call.

The regular army has taken every precaution to prevent interruption of communication that might interfere with troop operations, and wireless stations have been erected on the roof of the Capital Building at Olympia and on grounds across from the Tacoma Armory. These stations will be in communication with the Government-controlled wireless station at Seattle.

Brig. Gen. John L. Hayden, when asked how many troops he had in his command, replied: "We have enough."

General Hayden has established headquarters in the Post Office Building. Some of his men are quartered at Fort Lawton, near here, while others are at the downtown armory.

Tacoma Cars to Run Today.

TACOMA, Feb. 7.—A declaration by officials of the Street Car Men's Union that street car service would be resumed in Tacoma tomorrow morning was the predominant feature of the general strike situation here tonight.

Troops have been stationed at the telephone and telegraph offices and at other points connected with Government operations.

The appearance of the News-Tribune on the streets today was the cause for general commotion among strikers. An order was immediately issued that any striker or any member of organized labor buying The Tribune, which was compelled to suspend yesterday on account of the strike, would be fined $10. Threats from striking newsboys who congregated in groups outside the crowd made it necessary to increase the protection of the sellers. A detachment of soldiers with sidearms arrived soon afterward and the crowd dispersed.

OLE HANSON A MAN OF FORCE.

Seattle Mayor Direct and Democratic in His Methods.

Many persons in the East are not aware that Mayor Ole Hanson was a radical before he was elected Mayor of Seattle by the Business Men's party in that city. Hanson, who always referred to himself as the friend of the "under dog," changed his politics as a result of a snub which the radical elements gave him when he wanted to be a candidate for some office on their ticket. He went before them on several occasions and pleaded for their support, but for some reason they rejected him.

When the Mayoralty election came around he had modified his views to such an extent that he found favor with the Business Men's party, and he was nominated for the office of Chief Executive of the city. He made a picturesque campaign.

Mayor Hanson went to Washington not long ago to get permission from the Capital Issues Committee for the City of Seattle to raise money to extend its electric light plant. His first plea to the committee met with a rebuff, and he decided to take it up with President Wilson. A friend arranged an interview with the President, during which Mayor Hanson talked so fast that he became overheated.

"You don't mind if I take off my coat, Wilson?" he asked the President. Mr. Wilson laughingly told him to go ahead.

"You know, Wilson," he went on to say familiarly, while his friend, who was present, gasped at his audacity, "this little Capital Issues Committee is only about so high."

Here he indicated the height of his knee.

President Wilson, according to the accounts, was unable to speak for a moment for laughing.

The next day Mayor Hanson appeared before the Capital Issues Committee and made his plea anew. He was being bowed out of the room when Bernard Baruch entered. Mayor Hanson had taken off his coat and waistcoat while he was talking to the members.

Mr. Baruch had heard from the President's lips of the interview of the day before. When he learned the identity of the perspiring man, Mr. Baruch said: "Stay right here, Mr. Hanson, I wish to speak on the matter in which you are interested."

Mayor Hanson went back to Seattle with the necessary permit in his pocket.

LAYS STRIKE TO ALIENS.

Congressman Johnson Demands Deportations from Seattle.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Representative Royal Johnston of Washington, discussing the Seattle strike today, said that most of those arrested were aliens and bore Russian names. He said that most of those making the trouble were prominent in the I. W. W. movement, and this was a good argument why the immigration laws should be suspended for four years.

"These great strikes were preceded by a series of riots on Sunday, and after one of the riots the authorities in Seattle arrested thirteen of the leaders," said Mr. Johnson, "took them to the police station and took their names. There was a great array of Slovinskys and Ivan Kerenskys and names of that sort. Out of the thirteen there were two Americans, of whom one said he wished he was not an American. The other eleven were aliens, and more than half of the eleven were Russians.

"I am informed that the Commissioner of Immigration at Seattle stated that he would take no steps toward the deportation of these men. My suggestion is this, without knowing much about the details of those strikes, which began only last Thursday, that if our Government officials will proceed under the Federal laws which we have enacted here in Congress, and deport those aliens who come here undertaking to tell how to run our Government and our affairs, we will have less trouble from these strikes.

"I was astonished to read this list of names and what they had to say about the United States, and to learn that no steps were proposed to be taken to deport them. People can think of that as they are suffering from strikes which paralyze every activity in two great cities of the Pacific Northwest.

"I have often wondered why it is that so many people in the United States insist that these foreigners, who come here and preach, not only from pulpits but from soapboxes, telling us how to run our Government on an international plan, should be allowed to remain here, whereas if any one of us should go to Russia, Japan, or any other country and undertake to tell them how to run and operate their affairs we would find there would be very short shrift for us. It is time for the United States to get busy and do a little bit on its own account for its own people."

STRIKE SPREADS ON COAST.

8,000 Out in San Francisco Bay Region—17,000 May Quit.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 7.—Approximately 8,000 shipyard and other mechanics in the San Francisco Bay region were idle today. If the condition is continued, all of the East Bay shipyards and the contract shops in the whole bay region will be forced to close and more than 17,000 men will be out.

The biggest unit of workers involved, the Oakland boilermakers, numbering 5,000, took a holiday today to vote on the question of striking next Monday for $1 an hour wage.

In San Francisco more than 2,000 machinists and 1,000 boilermakers in the outside shops were on strike because of differences with their employers over the latest wage award of the Federal Shipbuilding Labor Adjustment Board.

Hurley May Act on Strike.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7. — Shipping Board officials indicated today that absolutely no change in the policy of refusing to arbitrate the controversy with shipyard strikers at Seattle would be made. It was said, however, that the progress of the general strike there was being closely watched and that Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board, who will arrive in New York on Monday, had been fully informed of the situation and the steps taken.

I. W. W. CALLS MEN OUT OF MONTANA MINES

Will Attempt General Strike in Copper Region—Moyer Denounces It.

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 7.—I. W. W. members at a meeting here today voted to go on strike in protest against the wage reduction in the copper mines. It was said that an attempt would be made to make the strike general here.

The entire day shift of the Elm Orlu mine, owned by ex-Senator Clark, numbering about 250 men, walked out tnis morning.

These men marched to Finn Hall, where mass meetings were called by the I. W. W.

The I. W. W. men are demanding a six-hour day and $6 a day wage scale. The wage scale put into effect today is for $4.75. It is a reduction of $1 a day from the recent scale, and is based on the contract entered into several years ago with the Western Federation of Miners.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 7.—"The men who quit work at the El Morlu mine in Butte, Mon., today are not members of a bona fide union affiliated with the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers, but, instead, are members of the I. W. W., which has attempted to create trouble in that district twice during the last two years," said Charles H. Moyer, President of the International Union, today. "The announced reduction in wages paid mineral miners in the copper districts of the country shows the fairness of the copper producers toward the miners, in that they will continue production rather than throw thousands of miners out of employment at this time.

"As a result of the maximum production of the copper mines of the country during the war period, the sudden termination of the war found the producers with approximately a billion pounds of copper on hand for which there was no market. The copper and mineral mine workers are employed under a sliding wage scale and the reduction announced yesterday is merely the natural result of this overstock of copper."

JEROME, Ariz., Feb. 7.—Mining companies of this section tonight rescinded an order for a cut in copper miners' wages of 75 cents a day. The reduction was to have gone into effect tomorrow, but final decision has been withheld until next week, when a smaller cut may be made.

SIX ARRESTS AT LAWRENCE.

Police Search for Those Responsible for Fatal Shooting.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Feb. 7. — Five men and a girl were arrested for minor disturbances in connection with picketing about the time the mill gates opened today. Intimidation was the charge against them. From the windows of houses near the mills bottles were hurled into the streets, and in one instance a stone was aimed at a policeman.

A systematic search of the district in which Biaggio Ventino, a striker, was shot early today was begun by the police at daybreak. The shooting was the first fatality of the strike.

One shot was fired during the noon hour today while two policemen were arresting Sheldron Massond, a strike sympathizer, charged with annoying operatives.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Feb. 7.—The mills of the Falls Yarn Company, Woonsocket Spinning Company, Alsace Worsted Company, and Guerin Spinning Company were closed today after some of the operatives had gone on a strike.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Feb. 7.—The Hamlet Textile Company closed its mill today for the remainder of the week and announced that on Monday it would start on a schedule of forty-eight hours a week.

4,000 SHIPWORKERS OUT.

Strike at Bristol Over a Technical Union Rule.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Feb. 7.—Dispute over whether a foreman should be a member of a labor union caused a strike today at the Merchants Shipbuilding Corporation at Bristol, involving about 4,000 metal workers. An appeal has been made to the War Labor Board at Washington. Men included in the strike are boilermakers, forces in the angle and plate shops, iron workers on the ships, riveters and their helpers.

The company announced that it has been customary for a member of a union upon being promoted to foreman to withdraw from all union activities.

"The corporation," the statement said, "emphatically disclaims any objection to a man holding membership in a union; but it does desire to point out the impossibility of a foreman, who is part of the management of the corporation, properly representing its interest when so closely identified with the men who are subject to his orders."

According to A. A. Rogers, Indianapolis, organizer of the Association of Boilermakers, Iron Shipbuilders, and Shipbuilders and Helpers, the action of the men hinges on the open and closed shop question.

"By dropping out of the unions the foremen would lose all of the sick and death benefits and other features to which membership entitles them," he said.

Religious Notices on Page 19.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN

With each recurring anniversary of his birth, Abraham Lincoln looms greater in the eyes of Americans. Of the hundreds of books written about and around him, the following, every one unique in its own way, deserve a place in every home library:—

The Book of Lincoln—Compiled by Mary Wright-Davis $2.24
Abraham Lincoln—Lord Charnwood $2.03
Abraham Lincoln—A Short History—John G. Nicolay $3.14
The Boys' Life of Lincoln—Helen Nicolay $1.34
Personal Recollections of Abraham Lincoln—Henry B. Rankin $2.24
The Story Life of Lincoln—Wayne Whipple $1.79
The Toy Shop—A Romantic Story of Lincoln—Margarita S. Gerry 44c
The Heart of Lincoln—Wayne Whipple 68c
The Perfect Tribute—Mary R. S. Andrews 44c
Abraham Lincoln—The Lawyer—Statesman—John T. Richards $2.69
Tarbell's Lincoln—2 Vols. $1.14
Lincoln's Stories—Anthony Gross $1.08

"A remarkably readable, significant and instructive account of conditions and events in the Turkish Empire."—New York Times.

Ambassador Morgenthau's Story

All the interest of a novel and besides the satisfaction of permanent knowledge of a record which will be read as long as written history lasts. At all booksellers. Net, $2.00.

DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & CO. - - - - - - Publishers

MAYOR HYLAN JIBES AT CITIZENS UNION

"The Biggest Bunch of Fakirs in Town," He Tells Wallstein at Meeting.

BANGS GAVEL AT RETORT

Controller Craig and President Connolly Engage in Hot Dispute.

Mayor Hylan and Leonard M. Wallstein, Commissioner of Accounts in the Mitchel administration, and at present legal representative of the Citizens' Union, had a controversy at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Estimate. It was the last meeting of the board the Mayor will attend before going on a three weeks' vacation to Palm Beach. The matter of the proposed authorization of the appropriation of $4,500,000 of corporate stock for subway work was under consideration. In the discussion Mr. Wallstein mentioned the name of Acting Chairman Travis H. Whitney of the Public Service Commission, and the Mayor referred to him as "a pupil of the Citizens' Union."

"Yes," retorted Mr. Wallstein, "he learned something about city government there which you don't know."

"He will learn something more before he gets out of the Public Service Commission," responded the Mayor.

Controller Craig entered the fray and Mr. Wallstein accused him of always "looking for a chance to rap someone."

"The Controller ought to be congratulated for showing up things concealed by the last administration and the Public Service Commission," broke in the Mayor.

"That's a characteristic statement which I don't think all the members of your board will agree with," said Mr. Wallstein.

"Certainly I don't think Governor Smith, who had to live eight months with this board, would agree with. He is a fair-minded man—"

"I'll bet you didn't support him in the last election," interrupted the Mayor.

"The Citizen's Union didn't support anyone," Mr. Wallstein replied.

"That's the biggest bunch of fakers in town," said the Mayor.

"With the single exception of one individual," retorted the former Commissioner of Accounts, looking hard at the Mayor.

The Mayor brought down his gavel with a bang and ordered Mr. Wallstein to sit down. Mr. Wallstein repeated his remark and then sat down.

Craig and Connolly Dispute.

The issue of the stock was authorized and then Controller Craig and Maurice Connolly, Borough President of Queens, got into a dispute over a proposal of the Controller to return $100,000 in corporate stock to a subway contractor by way of "retained percentages," which, it was explained, meant that the contractor was allowed certain sums which had been deposited as a guarantee. In the discussion the Controller accused President Connolly of holding up subway construction.

"There's a lot in what Mr. Wallstein says about the unfairness of your arguments," said Mr. Connolly, "and I want to make it clear that your discussion was between you and Mr. Wallstein and not between the board and him. As a matter of fact, this is an attempt by the contractors to finance themselves at the city's expense instead of their own. Your arguments have become almost nauseating to every one I've discussed them with. This matter is like giving a bonus to the big contractors. The little ones don't come in and ask, because they know it's wrong. I never understood how the others get it."

Mr. Connolly added that the Corporation Counsel had told him that what he called a "similar case" was illegal. The Controller replied that the Corporation Counsel had approved all the matters and said he construed the Queens Borough President's remarks as charging that the Controller was doing something illegal.

"You're misquoting, as usual," remarked Mr. Connolly. "I didn't say you were doing anything illegal."

As in the previous case, the item was approved, although President Connolly and President Riegelmann of Brooklyn voted in the negative.

Calls Union Inconsistent.

In the course of further argument the Controller accused the Citizens Union of being inconsistent, in that it opposed the appropriation for the Queens Boulevard some time ago.

"When you see Whitney of the Public Service Commission and the Citizens Union opposing anything, you can bank on it that the people would be benefited by what they oppose," commented the Mayor.

Later on the Controller referred to his previous charge that the Public Service Commission had "covered up $10,500,000 by methodical concealment of subway construction costs."

"Whitney is very clever at concealing figures," put in the Mayor again.

"Others are very clever at camouflage," Commissioner Wallstein retorted.

A little later the report of the Committee on Salaries and Grades, favoring a report of the Aldermanic committee that employes of the Street Cleaning Department should not be made to work seven days a week, was taken up. The Mayor told Alderman Farley, introducer of the resolution, that the employes of the department would receive no more increases in salary.

"If some of you people would mind your own business and let employes alone we would not have so much trouble," said the Mayor.

A man named Fitzgerald, who said he was an acting foreman in Brooklyn, announced that he appeared for the street sweepers. He said he had obtained a leave of absence for two days without pay to appear in behalf of the sweepers.

"What reason did you give for the absence?" asked the Mayor.

"Important business," replied Fitzgerald.

"Well," said the Mayor, "I'll see to it that there is more important business than this before you get another leave. I'm going to see that the Commissioner keeps you working from now on and you'll cease your agitation."

Alderman Farley tried to speak further, but the Mayor told him he had said enough and ordered him to take his seat. He also ordered the policeman on duty to see that his mandate was obeyed. The resolution was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

VOGUE

MILLINERY NUMBER

OUT TODAY

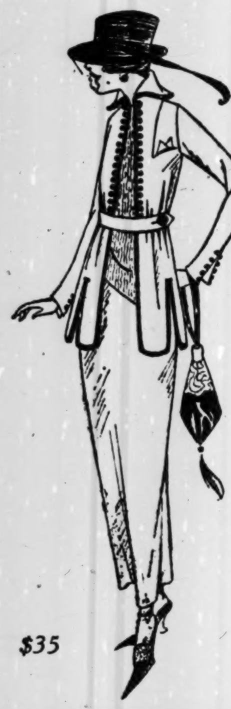
Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

"In the Heart of New York"—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"

We Shall Place on Sale To-day
A Superb Collection of the very newest

Early Spring Suits for Women

as dictated by Paris


$35

At $35 & $39.50

The models are not confined to the dictates of one couturier, but representative of the creative genius of many well known designers.

The selection at each price is exceptionally complete

and the materials are:

Men's Wear Serges, Poiret Twills, Tricotine, Velours, Hair Lines, Tweeds, Oxfords and Shepherd Checks.

Sizes 34 to 44, and two models, for Stout Figures, to 50½.

Women's Separate Skirts

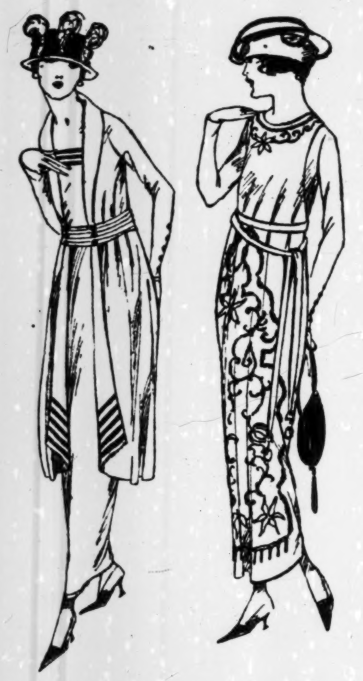
For Wear With the New Sport Coats and Waists

Special 5.95, 7.95, 13.75

The materials include Serge, Wool Poplin, Wool Plaids, and Silk Poplin—all highly favored for immediate wear by women of fashion. Careful comparison will prove them to be excellent values.

Women's All-Wool Serge Frocks

in a Special Sale



Saturday $18.50

Two of the most charming styles introduced.

One is in Straight-Line Chemise effect, beautifully embroidered back and front.

The second model is in the very interesting Tunic style, trimmed with Flat Hercules Braid.

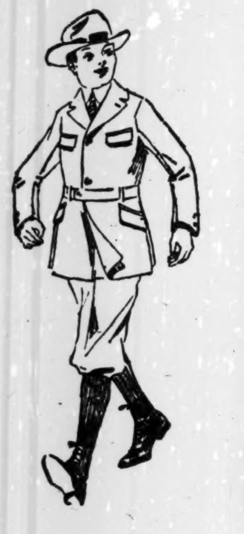
Colors: Black, Navy Blue. Sizes 34 to 42. *Illustrated.*

On Sale Beginning This Morning

Boys' Serviceable Suits

Some With Extra Knickers

At $13



Clean-cut, snappy models, made to sell at a much higher price, splendidly tailored in a large variety of serviceable woolens. Sizes 8 to 18 years. *Illustrated.*

Boys' Overcoats Reduced to $10.75

In spirited double-breasted model tailored in overcoatings of excellent quality, and warmly lined. Sizes 9 to 18 years.

Boys' Overcoats Reduced to $7.50

Unequalled! Real boyish models, tailored for service in a variety of colorful overcoatings of known dependability. Warmly lined throughout. Sizes 3 to 7 years.

Quantity Limited—

Junior Boys' Overcoats at $5

Broken assortments of higher-priced coats reduced for immediate disposal. Sizes 3 to 6 years.

Saturday—A Very Important

Mid-Winter Sale of Women's Tailored and Fur-Collared Coats

Formerly $39.50 to $69.50

Reduced to

$22.50, $29.50, $37.50

Coats of a most superlative quality, in full belted, semi-belted, and straight line styles, in sizes for medium, regular, and large figures. Many are for wear with separate fur pieces. Others have large shawl or muffler collars of

Nutria, Raccoon, Sealine, or Skunk-Opossum

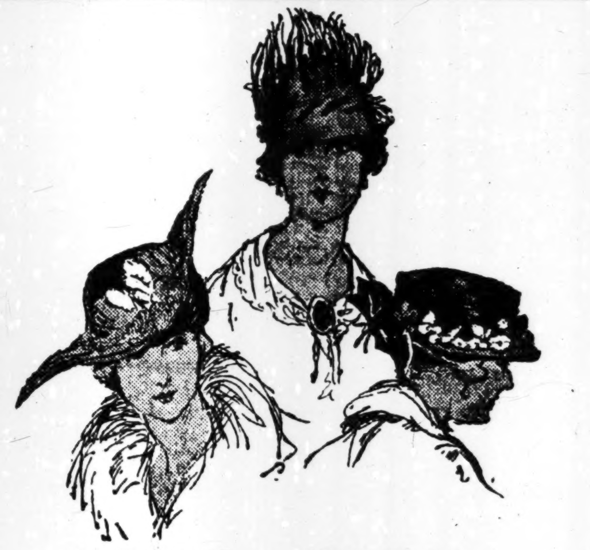
Fashioned of the most successful materials for immediate wear—Wool Silvertone, Velour de Laine, Pom Pom, Wool Velour, Lustrous Broadcloth, Plush or Arcadian Lamb. Lined throughout with Peau de Cygne or Satin and warmly interlined.

Without Doubt—The Opportunity of the Season!

Women's Rubberized Raincoats Special $7.50

New single and double breasted styles, with smart convertible collars. Fashioned of Cantonette, in Tan, Navy and Black.

Yoke and sleeves lined. Guaranteed Showerproof.



On Exhibition and Sale Today

Nine Hundred New

$5.25 Wonder Hats

Showing the new notes for Spring as featured in the choicest models appearing in Paris Shops.

Dainty, small, close-fitting Hats are now the most favored, and the rare genius of the world's best known designers is shown at its best in the winsome Sailors and Turbans created for Spring. The three styles *pictured* above are not only strictly correct, but the greatest values in smart millinery to be found in Greater New York.

Model A—is a Flat Brim Sailor of Lisere Straw with low crown banded with richly colored flowers.

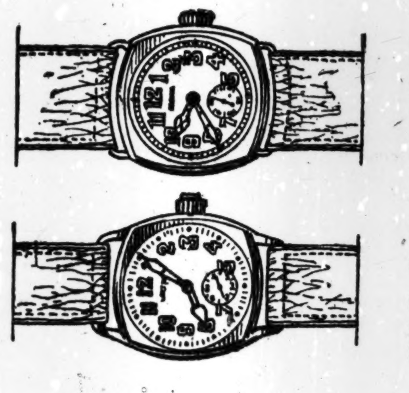
Model B—is a dainty small-brim Turban with the new Wheat trimming.

Model C—is a stunning Side Roll Turban of Lisere Straw with Georgette Crepe Top facing. Trimmed with wings.

A Rare Opportunity!

Men's Fine Wrist Watches

At Reduced Prices To-day



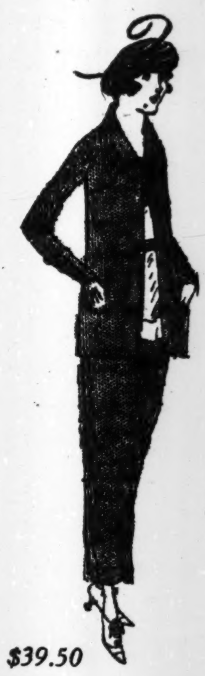
At $19.50—Reduced From $25 — Sterling Silver square model wrist watches, with 15-jewel lever movement. *Illustrated.*

At $32.50—Reduced From $50 — 14-Karat Solid Gold Wrist Watches, in square model, with 7-jewel Waltham movement. *Illustrated.*

Main Floor.

A Special Exhibit and Sale of

Misses' New Spring Suits At $39.50


$39.50

They have that chic and youthful charm so becoming to the fashionable Miss.

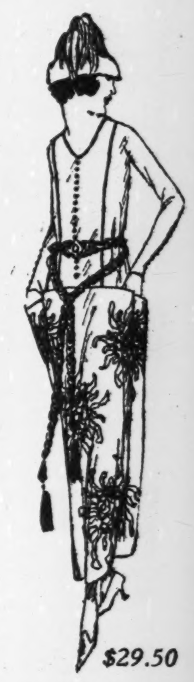
Ten distinct styles, representing several New phases of the very successful box coat effects. Clever belted models, and ultra-smart mannish tailleurs.

Fashioned of Men's Wear Serge and Rich Looking Scotch Tweeds

Beautifully lined with plain or fancy Silks. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Refreshingly Different!

Misses' Afternoon Frocks Saturday $29.50


$29.50

In the new silhouettes for Spring, so demure and full of charm.

Some are of Fine Serge, with trimming of Embroidery, Braid and Buttons; others are in soft Chiffon Taffeta and Georgette Crepe, embellished with bead work.

Obtainable in all the Early Spring shades, and in sizes 14 to 18 years. *Illustrated.*

For Immediate Clearance

Misses' Fashionable Coats at Reduced Prices

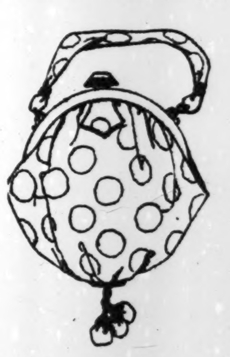
Simple tailored models and fur collared styles

Coats Formerly $25	Now $14.75
Coats Formerly $35	Now $19.75
Coats Formerly $39.50 and $45	Now $25.00
Coats Formerly $49.50	Now $35.00
Coats Formerly $55 and $60	Now $39.50

Second Floor.

To Close Out Saturday

200 Smart Velvet Bags



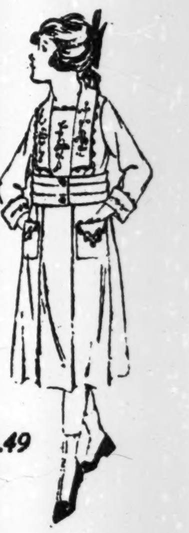
Formerly $5 and $6

At $2.95

Fashionable Velvet Bags in Polka Dot Velvet, lined with shot silk. Fitted with centre compartment and mirror. One style *pictured.*

Exceptional Value—

Girls' Hand Embroidered Frocks


$7.49

Saturday Only

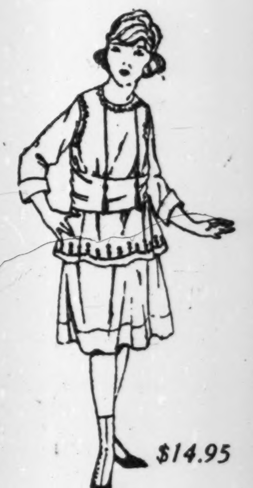
$7.49

A real girlish frock for those 8 to 14 years, fashioned of excellent quality Pique, richly hand-embroidered and edged with Crochet Lace. Unequalled!

New Silk Frocks for Girls

at Sizes 12 to 16 years

$14.95


$14.95

Ideally suited to the growing girl, featuring many exclusive style innovations.

Developed in Lustrous Taffeta

Chinese Blouse is prettily embroidered, and finished with crushed sash. To be had in Rose, Pekin and Natural Pongee.

Second Floor.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store Opens 9:00 A.M. and Closes 5:30 P. M.

You and T'other Fellow

be he short or tall, lean or stocky, can still find many worth while savings in our

Men's Suits at $19.50

Variety is large although size ranges are incomplete.

Styles are those most demanded this season and there's an extra season's wear in such worthy fabrics, every piece from America's best mills.

Sack Suits at $26.50

Quality and still more quality seem evident in every line and seam of these high grade suits, and as some special purchase garments would sell regularly up to $42.50, you will appreciate the remarkable reductions.

Overcoats All $23.75

were $32.50, 37.50, 42.50. Every one this season's style. Fabrics with much more than a season's wear woven into them.

Ulsterettes, Town Coats, Slip-ons, Box Models and waistline effects, weight suitable for now and early Spring.

Priced—Way Low Men's Fur-Lined Overcoats

Formerly	Now
$89.50	$55.00
119.00	77.50
124.00	80.00
139.00	92.50
174.00	107.50
179.00	115.00
199.00	125.00
224.00	135.00
269.00	157.00
449.00	300.00

Fabrics are high quality Black, Oxford grey and Fancy mixtures. Fur linings are Muskrat, Marmot and Mink. All this season's desirable models.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, B'way.

Men's Calfskin Shoes, $6.94

Priced especially low, for size range is incomplete. Stylish lasts in either black or tan Calfskin. Blind eyelets and Goodyear welted soles.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony 35th St., Rear.

"I Died a Million Deaths.

Yes, lit'rally; for it was an heirloom and I was heartbroken when I dropped it, but your wonderful studios have done the impossible and restored my treasure."

Mrs. Heather

is just one of the many enthusiasts who have marvelled at the remarkable work our studios accomplish in repairing china or glass and renewing bent, broken or tarnished metal work.

Macy's—Eighth Floor, Rear.

ALL discussions of the League of Nations at Paris are based on the Plan of General Smuts which has its first authorized and complete publication for this country in this week's issue of

The Nation
10c
AT ALL NEWS STANDS

VOGUE

MILLINERY NUMBER
OUT TODAY

Ask for
White Man

"A distinct departure in narrative conception."
At the Bookstores

Women's Shoes
$9.00 to $10.00
Reduced to $5.95 and $6.95
$10.00 to $12.00
Reduced to $7.95 and $8.95
PARKER & DIEMER
1376 BROADWAY

My skin has certainly improved since
Resinol
Cleared those blemishes

Undoubtedly the only kind of beauty worth having, comes from a clear healthy skin. Red, rough, inflamed skins—skins that smart and burn—those that are subject to abrasions of an embarrassing character, can usually be treated most successfully with Resinol Ointment.

Skin troubles are often the result of neglect. When your skin regains its natural beauty, keep it clear and healthy with Resinol Soap. *At all druggists.*

FOR SALE
40,000 Pounds of Imported Potato Starch
9½c per lb.
Packed in 200 Jute. F. O. B. cars, North Philadelphia, Pa.
TASTY BAKING CO.
2335 Sedgley Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

What the Frenchman Said to the Germans.

When General Lecomte, Commander of the French Army occupying Wiesbaden, met the officials of that city, he used some pregnant sentences. The words and the photographs of the men compelled to hear them are in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

MAY PASS TAX BILL BY MONDAY NIGHT

Prompt Senate Action Promised if House Expedites Today's Motion by Kitchin.

MAY RAISE $6,077,200,000

Revised Official Figures Increase Earlier Estimate for Year Ending June 30.

SEMI-LUXURY TAX IN DOUBT

Kitchin Still Plans a Joint Resolution to Eliminate This Feature Later.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Action on the War Revenue bill, which it is estimated officially will result in the raising of $6,077,200,000 in taxes in the fiscal year ending June 30, will probably be moved in the House tomorrow by Representative Claude Kitchin, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, and if approval is given before adjournment, the proposed legislation will be placed before the Senate on Monday. It is predicted by Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, that favorable action in that body can be obtained by Monday night, if this program is carried out.

Steps were taken today to begin the distribution of forms on which tax statements will be made out, as soon as possible after both legislative branches of the Government have approved the bill. The measure will not actually become law until the signature of President Wilson is attached, and it is now certain that no effort will be made to get it before the President before his return from France. As it seems assured that he will sign the bill, the machinery of the Treasury Department will be put into operation in anticipation of such action on his part.

The contents of the voluminous document were studied carefully today by Senators and Representatives, but there was little comment. It is expected that Representative Kitchin will make an extended statement in moving for action on the bill. It was the general belief, joined in by Mr. Kitchin, that it would pass the House after a few hours' debate without alterations which would make necessary its return to conference. Senator Simmons believes the Senate will follow a similar course when the bill is presented to that body.

There is a possibility that the so-called semi-luxury taxes, enumerated in Section 904 of the bill, as agreed upon by the conferees, will be eliminated from the bill by the adoption of a joint resolution which Representative Kitchin may himself introduce.

The taxes in this section (904) on articles such as neckties, shirts, and hats costing more than a certain specified price were the subject of much debate during the meetings of the conferees, but no agreement could be reached to strike them out. In order to facilitate the adoption of a conference report on the more important features of the bill this section was passed over and remained in force.

May Repeal Semi-Luxury Tax.

Now report has it that Mr. Kitchin is ready to support a joint resolution for the repeal of the semi-luxury tax section if guarantees are given him that no steps will be taken in the Senate or House to bring about the repeal of the present zone system and rates of taxation on second-class mail matter. At the conference on the Revenue bill the Senate conferees attempted to obtain approval of Mr. Kitchin and his followers to modify the law as to second-class mail matter, but failed. It has been reported that a movement was on foot to accomplish the same purpose by action on the floor of the Senate.

Whether an agreement can now be obtained to abandon efforts to change second-class postal rates in return for the repeal of the semi-luxury tax section is still in doubt. No definite steps will be taken to this end, it is understood, until after the Revenue bill, with Section 904 incorporated in it, is approved by the Senate and the House.

Section 904, as incorporated in the conference report, levies a tax on twenty classes of semi-luxuries. The compromise now talked of would not affect taxes on other so-called luxuries included in other sections of the excise tax title.

Increase of $48,000,000 in Revenue.

The estimate of $6,077,200,000 as the amount of revenue which will be raised during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, was made by experts of the Ways and Means Committee of the House. That total is approximately $48,000,000 more than the bill as passed by the Senate and sent to the conference for adjustment would have raised. This revenue, $6,077,200,000, represents the taxes raised during the portion of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, to which the present revenue law, (the law of 1917,) is applicable, and the taxes to be paid during the portion of the fiscal year to which the new revenue bill applies.

Another estimate made by the experts of the Ways and Means Committee of the House is that the 1918 Revenue Act as agreed to in conference would raise $5,788,200,000, if its provisions alone were extended over a given twelve months' period. The fact that this total is lower than the $6,077,200,000 is due partly to the fact that the revenue from beverages in any stated period of twelve months after July 1, 1919, because of the coming of prohibition, will be reduced to a negligible amount.

The official statement as given today by the Ways and Means Committee stated that under the combined operation of the 1916 revenue law and the 1917 law, a total of $3,672,847,000 had been collected in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918. This total was lower by $258,816 than an estimate of the taxes collected in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, made on Sept. 5 last by the House Ways and Means Committee.

Complete official tables showing the revenue estimated as likely to be raised by the bill as reported from conference were today made public by the House Ways and Means Committee. The estimated revenue receipts under the existing law and the Revenue act of 1918, as agreed to by the conference committee for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, and under the Revenue act of 1918, as agreed to by the conference committee for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920, were given out as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30. 1919.	1920.
INCOME.		
Individual	$1,432,000,000	$1,290,000,000
Corporation	775,000,000	510,000,000
Excess profit	2,500,000,000	1,250,000,000
Estate	110,000,000	110,000,000
TRANSPORTATION.		
Freight	115,000,000	115,000,000
Express	14,000,000	14,000,000
Persons	75,000,000	75,000,000
Oil by pipe lines	5,000,000	5,000,000
Seats by berths	6,000,000	6,000,000
Telegraph and telephone	16,000,000	17,000,000
Insurance	14,000,000	14,000,000
Admissions	50,000,000	50,000,000
Club dues	3,500,000	3,500,000
EXCISE.		
Automobiles, &c.	50,000,000	75,000,000
Jewelry, sporting goods, &c	41,200,000	60,000,000
Other taxes on luxuries at 10 p. c.	14,500,000	58,000,000
Other taxes on luxuries at 20 p. c.	20,000,000	85,000,000
Yachts and pleasure boats	250,000	1,000,000
Beverages	430,000,000	75,000,000
Stamp taxes	31,000,000	31,000,000
TOBACCO.		
Cigars	$43,000,000	$46,500,000
Cigarettes	106,500,000	125,000,000
Tobacco	61,000,000	72,000,000
Snuff, &c	6,000,000	6,300,000
Leaf	20,000	100,000
Papers and tubes	1,000,000	1,000,000
SPECIAL TAXES.		
Capital stock	80,000,000	80,000,000
Brokers	1,000,000	1,200,000
Theatres, &c	2,000,000	2,100,000
Bowling alleys, billiard, pool tables	1,900,000	2,500,000
Shooting galleries	100,000	400,000
Riding academies	10,000	50,000
Mfrs. of tobacco	50,000	70,000
Mfrs. of cigars	640,000	850,000
Mfrs. of cigarettes	180,000	240,000
Autos for hire	350,000	700,000
Use of motor boats, yachts, &c	1,000,000	1,000,000
Floor stock tax	50,000,000	......
Total	$6,077,200,000	$4,184,510,000

PROTEST AGAINST WAR TAX.

Manufacturers Say Pending Bill Will Bankrupt Industry.

Stephen C. Mason, President of the National Association of Manufacturers, issued a vigorous protest yesterday against the pending Revenue bill. In Mr. Mason's opinion, "the adoption and enforcement of the pending Revenue measure will intensify and make more general the present condition of industrial stagnation. It will contribute," he said, "toward the longer duration of the existing period of business uncertainty and unemployment, and most seriously hamper desirable rapidity in the readjustment and expansion of our industries.

"The underlying principles of the proposed war and excess profits tax seems to be that in order to penalize the comparatively few 'big business' concerns, and people of extra large incomes, the framers of the bill are willing to jeopardize the existence and continued operation of those comparatively small manufacturing institutions which are likely to be made bankrupt and permanently put out of business under its enforcement.

"The injurious effects of the pending legislation could be avoided if the Government would undertake to meet its fiscal requirements through the issuance of bonds, and require each manufacturer and individual to purchase bonds equal in amount to war profits and excess profits taxes that would be assessed upon them under the terms of this bill.

"Wage earners of the country have just as vital an interest in the far-reaching effects of the pending legislation as the owners and managers of our industrial enterprises, because, in my opinion, it will result in serious impairment and immediate reduction of the ability of employers throughout the country to pay wages in accord with present standards of living."

DISCUSS STATE INCOME TAX

Proposed to Find Revenue and Relieve Real Estate Burdens.

At a meeting of the Committee on Taxation and Retrenchment of the Governor's Reconstruction Commission yesterday afternoon, a new State income tax bill was discussed by the members and Henry Ives Cobb, representing the Merchants Association; Professor Henry C. Emery of Yale, and Clarence Kelsey of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company. The bill has been drawn by the Advisory Committee on Real Estate, and will be proposed to the Legislature by Walter Lindner of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company. In outlining its features, Mr. Lindner said that it was intended to limit the tax on real estate and to give a system of classified income taxation.

"While all figures are tentative," said Mr. Lindner, "the present scheme is to tax all incomes in excess of $1,000 in the case of single men, and incomes in excess of $1,500 in the case of husband and wife living together, with an exemption of $100 for each child in the family."

Alfred E. Marling, Chairman of the committee, announced in opening the meeting, that the purpose was to determine whether a personal tax should be lieved to make up the probable deficit in the State income. Mr. Cobb held that a personal property tax could not be levied equitably, while Prof. Emery said that under competent administration it should be successful.

JULIUS KARP A SUICIDE.

New Yorker, Fearing Blindness, Takes Poison in Chicago Hotel.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—Julius Karp, 220 Wadsworth Avenue, New York City, ended his life with poison tonight in a room in the Great Northern Hotel. A letter revealed the reason—fear of total blindness. He left two notes, one addressed to the manager of the hotel and the other to his wife.

In the letter to the hotel he said: "My sincere apology to you, Sir, for the inconvenience and embarrassment. Please be good enough to inform my brother-in-law, J. J. Briefer, 66 Vermilyea Avenue, New York City, by wire. Inclosed you will find bill to cover cost of room and telegram."

In the letter signed J. Karp was a $5 bill. The other letter was addressed to his wife. In it he said:

"My sight is constantly becoming weaker and weaker. Between eventual total blindness and death the latter is preferable. My last fond farewell to the two women who are uppermost in my mind and whose portraits are facing me now, my mother and my wife.

"May both forgive me. Also my love to all those who will give me a kind word despite my deed. My last wish is that my body be cremated."

This letter was signed "Julius." Papers among his effects showed that he was a traveling man and had been making Texas cities for the Reform Initial Company of New York. He was apparently about 40 years old. The pictures of his wife and mother, framed in a leather folder, stood upon a dresser in his room.

FONCK NOW A CAPTAIN.

French Flier Entertained on Eve of Sailing for America.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—Rene Fonck, the leading French aviator, who was notified this morning of his promotion from Lieutenant to the rank of Captain, was the guest of honor at a luncheon given today by the Foreign Service Committee of the Aero Club of America before his departure for the United States tomorrow on the steamer La Touraine.

Ambassador Sharp, who presided, paid tribute to the great French ace, saying: "I would not be a bit surprised to learn that Captain Fonck, after receiving a great welcome in the United States, was returning to France by airplane."

SEES HEARST'S HAND IN PLEA FOR COHEN

Becker Thinks Plan Is to Discredit Him Because He Attacked Editor's Loyalty.

SWANN MAKING INQUIRY

Refuses to Turn Over to Deputy Attorney General Evidence Gathered Concerning Baff Case.

The request sent to Governor Smith by United States Senator James A. Reed of Missouri for a stay of the execution of the death sentence on Joseph Cohen, convicted of complicity in the murder of Barnet Baff, and an investigation started by the District Attorney concerning alleged perjured testimony at the trial were characterized last night by Deputy Attorney General Alfred L. Becker as new efforts to discredit him because he had dared to investigate the loyalty of William Randolph Hearst.

"It was known to me that District Attorney Swann had been for some time trying to get proof that some crime had been committed in obtaining the Hearst affidavits," said Mr. Becker. "Now, this is obviously a new attempt on the part of the Hearst-Reed combination to discredit those who dared to investigate Hearst's loyalty."

Commenting upon the letter of Senator Reed to the Governor, Mr. Becker said there was much in it that was incorrect, but that such parts of it as stated facts in connection with the Baff case and the trial of Cohen brought out nothing new in the way of evidence. All the facts had been dealt with in court, he said. The Court of Appeals and the United States Supreme Court have sustained the conviction of Cohen, and, according to Mr. Becker, in these new moves the fate of the man is but a mere incident of the purpose of those who are trying in some way to discredit the prosecution of the Baff slayers.

It may be recalled in connection with Mr. Becker's suggestion concerning the motives that have brought a United States Senator into the case just when District Attorney Swann was investigating it that the prosecution of the Baff slayers was taken from the District Attorney by Governor Whitman, who appointed Mr. Becker as a special Deputy Attorney General to prosecute them.

At the District Attorney's office it was said yesterday that the investigation was for the purpose of determining whether perjury or subornation of perjury had been committed at the trial of Cohen. Certain persons had been questioned and others were to be examined and the investigation was still in progress, it was said. District Attorney Swann and his assistant, Ferdinand Pecora, withheld the names of those examined. It was rumored that one of those questioned was Jacob Lubin, but the name of the informant or complainant upon whose charges the investigation was based was not made public.

Mr. Becker, who is confined to his home by illness, wrote to the District Attorney yesterday, telling him he had heard that a certain man had made a statement concerning the Cohen case and asked that the statement be sent to him. Mr. Swann refused to comply with the request. Mr. Becker, in his letter, said further:

"This request applies also to any other statements which may have been taken by you or any of your assistants in relation to the case of the People vs. Joseph Cohen or any other cases growing in any way out of the murder of Barnet Baff. I base this request upon the express terms of Section 62, Subdivision 2, of the Executive law, which provides in effect that after an order by the Governor directing the Attorney General to take charge of a criminal prosecution, the District Attorney shall only exercise such powers and perform such duties in such action as required of him by the Attorney General or the Deputy Attorney General in charge of the case."

The District Attorney in his reply said:

"This office has procured no affidavits in the cases referred to in your letter and we have taken no statements which in any way conflict with the order of the Governor transferring to you the cases against those accused of the murder of Barnet Baff. Complaint has been made to this office that in connection with the trail of Joseph Cohen the crimes of perjury and subornation of perjury were committed, and this office is investigating the evidence on those complaints. You will, therefore, observe that the Attorney General has no jurisdiction over these complaints and that they are not covered by the order of the Governor heretofore issued or the Executive law."

Mr. Becker said he had no comment to make at this time upon the District Attorney's refusal.

COHEN MAY BE REPRIEVED.

Governor Will Consult Attorney General Newton Before Acting.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 7.—Governor Smith said today that he had received a letter from United States Senator James A. Reed of Missouri asking him to grant a stay in the case of Joseph Cohen, convicted of murder in the first degree in connection with the slaying of Barnet Baff on Nov. 24, 1914.

Governor Smith said before leaving for New York that he would consult Attorney General Charles D. Newton regarding the case, and that until he had heard from him he was not in position to make any statement regarding it. Under the impression that the letter from Senator Reed was merely an application for clemency on behalf of Cohen, the Governor turned the letter and other papers over to ex-Judge Owen L. Potter, executive pardon clerk, for recommendations.

According to an attaché of the Attorney General's office, there is nothing Governor Smith can do beyond granting a reprieve to Cohen if in his opinion the circumstances should warrant it. This undoubtedly will be done, unless Attorney General Newton should advise against it, which is not expected.

HEAR HOTEL 'PHONE PLEA.

Proprietors Tell Service Board Systems Are Run at a Loss.

Hotel proprietors who object to the 5-cent telephone rate ordered by the Federal authorities told the up-State Public Service Commission at the hearing at the Hall of Records yesterday that their telephone service caused them a loss. Fred A. Mushenheim, manager of the Astor, Chairman of the Telephone Committee of the Hotel Men's Association, said he could not tell how many operators there were at the Astor, but declared that the cost of telephone service was reckoned in fixing rates charged to guests.

William T. Ruty, general manager of a number of hotels, including the Great Northern, Grand, Netherland, Navarre, Endicott, and the Bell Apartment Hotel, objected to coin boxes in his hotels. He said his hotels did not want customers from the streets using the chairs and other hotel furniture simply because they spent five cents for a telephone call. Mr. Ruty testified that the telephone service in all his hotels was operated at a loss. He was asked to produce the records of the hotels for the Commission.

Religious Notices on Page 19.

ENRIGHT ATTACKS COSTIGAN'S WORK

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

then, both in their news and editorial columns, have made statements in regard to the conduct of the Police Department which recklessly disregarded the truth. This was particularly true in connection with the demotion of one Inspector.

A short time before you took office, on Oct. 19, 1917, Daniel E. Costigan was promoted to the rank of Inspector. Only a few months prior he had been promoted from Lieutenant to Captain, without ever having served a day as a police Captain in charge of a precinct, and having spent but little time on regular police duty as a Lieutenant His activities in the Police Department had consisted entirely of "shoo-fly work" and with the so-called Vice Squad.

Criticises Costigan's Record.

Inspector Costigan was assigned to the First Inspection District, and during 1918, while in command of this district, 316 arrests were made for gambling within his district by Chief Inspector Daly's special squad and by the Special Service Division; during the same period Inspector Costigan's own men made only forty-one arrests for gambling, of whom thirty-one were discharged, five convicted, and five cases are still pending. This record is by far the worst made against any Inspector in the department, notwithstanding the fact that gambling has been usually more prevalent in other parts of the city than in the First Inspection District.

A record has been maintained, and I intend to continue to maintain it, of the activities of each Inspector in regard to the suppression of vice in his own inspection district, and unless they perform their duty in a satisfactory and decisive manner they will be displaced. My policy toward the Inspectors will continue to be in the future the same as it has been in the past, and that is, to exact honesty and efficiency in the highest possible degree from each one of them, and from every other officer and man in the Police Department.

Very truly yours,
R. E. ENRIGHT,
Police Commissioner.

The Mayor made no comment on the letter when he gave it out at the City Hall.

A TIMES reporter, with a summary of the Police Commissioner's letter, sought Captain Costigan in his new precinct last night to afford him an opportunity, if he desired to take advantage of it, of braving the department regulations by replying to the allegations it contained. The Beach Street precinct, where the search had to be prosecuted, is known among the elect in police circles as "The Farm," because it is so lonesome at night. It is tenanted mostly by empty trucks, and its lonesomeness may be judged from the fact that the reporter, in walking from Broadway to the police station at the corner of Beach and Varick Streets, encountered exactly two persons on foot and one automobile. Except for these, the district was as deserted as a graveyard after sundown.

Captain Costigan was found returning from his new nightly patrol to see that nobody seemed to be stealing a truck. He listened patiently to the reporter's recital of the charges contained in the letter. At the request for comment, his gaze became steady—almost sorrowful. Then he shook his head.

"Nothing to say," said the Captain at last, thus vindicating the regulations.

ASSAILS FRENCH CABINET.

Socialist Deputy Belittles Bill Against Food Profiteers.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—During the debate on the bill introduced in the Chamber of Deputies today by Louis Nail, Minister of Justice, imposing severe penalties on profiteering middlemen, Deputy Pierre Laval, Socialist, said the measure had been introduced "simply in an effort to quiet popular recriminations."

He predicted that it would prove "wholly ineffective," saying the cause for high prices was "insufficient foodstuffs in France to meet the demands of consumption." He added that the Ministries of Transportation, Justice, and Provisions were to blame for the situation.

M. Nail defended the bill and demanded an immediate discussion of the work of the Food Ministry.

Victor Boret, Minister of Provisions, then told the Chamber he was unwilling to bring his colleagues of the Ministries of Transportation and Justice into the matter and was ready to discuss the food shortage and the high cost of living at any given date that would suit the Socialists. He asked that a special session be held tomorrow afternoon for the purpose.

AIR RAID IN PORTUGAL.

Warships and Troops Leave Lisbon to Fight Monarchists.

LISBON, Feb. 4.—Two seaplanes of the Portuguese Republican forces have dropped proclamations on Oporto, the Monarchist stronghold, and returned safely to Aveiro. They also bombarded and damaged the railway from Espinho to Granja.

A battalion of volunteers, composed mostly of students and employes of business houses, has left Lisbon to fight the Royalists in the north. Several warships left the capital today for northern waters. All wagons and horses in Lisbon are being mobilized.

Annual FEBRUARY SALE Library Sets

During the entire month we offer, at noteworthy reductions, SETS OF BOOKS of the Standard Authors, in attractive Cloth and Leather Bindings.

An exceptional opportunity to secure Genuine Bargains.

BRENTANO'S
Booksellers to the World
5th Ave. & 27th St., N. Y.

AN AMERICAN BEAUTY.
Portrait of Miss Edith Hyde, who was awarded the Golden Apple as the most beautiful young woman at a recent ball, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

Gidding
PARIS
5TH AVE AT 46TH ST.
NEW YORK

Are Closing Out
Gowns and Dresses

For Street—Afternoon—Dinner—Dance and Evening occasions—a large collection of high class styles developed in serge, tricotine, satin, taffeta and velvet.

Formerly $75 to $145—at $35—$58

Handsome Day Coats

Formerly $145 to $350—at $95 to $195

Of velour—duvetyn—velvet and other rich materials with elaborate borders, panels and trimmings of Seal, Mole, Nutria, Opossum, Lynx, Wolf and other fashionable furs.

$25 to $35 Blouses at $10

A small group of tailored and semi-dress effects in suit shades and light colors.

B. Altman & Co.

The Custom Shirt Department
is prepared to accept orders for
Men's Fine Shirts & Pajamas
made to individual measurements.

The new fabrics for Spring and Summer, 1919 (now ready for selection), comprise the latest and choicest productions of foreign and American looms, including silk, madras, cheviot, flannel and silk mixtures.

Negligee Shirts, made to measure
$4.50 upward

Pajamas, made to measure, $7.00 upward

Dress Shirts

of the finest materials, with bosoms of imported pique or tucked linen, are a specialty.

Measurements are taken and patterns drafted by an expert designer. All orders are executed in workrooms located in the establishment.

Custom Shirt Department, First Floor.

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue 34th Street

For Saturday Only
At About 25% Reduction
250 "Grampions"
FULL DRESS & TUXEDO SUITS
(Coats and Trousers)
$35.00
formerly 45.00

These Suits are tailored by one of the highest grade manufacturers and are correct in every detail. They are shown in conservative and form-tracing models, faultlessly tailored and finished; full silk-lined, with silk-lined sleeves. Sizes 34 to 44 including "regulars," "stouts," "longs" and "shorts."

(MEN'S CLOTHING DEP'T—5TH FLOOR)

Practice Golf during the Winter to improve your game for the Summer
at our
INDOOR SCHOOL OF GOLF
Instructors
Jack and Dan Mackie
Golf School is conveniently located on the Fifth Floor, adjoining the Sporting Goods Department.

Fresh Air Courts

Don't blame the dealer

for the shortage of Victor products

– the Government needed us!

To the thousands of people who have been temporarily inconvenienced through their inability to get the Victrola and Victor Records they wanted; to Victor dealers everywhere who in the face of this extreme shortage stood loyally by us and steadfastly refused to offer inferior substitutes, we feel that an explanation is due for this scarcity of Victor products.

Upon the entrance of the United States into the great world war, the Victor Company immediately decided to do its utmost in making war materials. It voluntarily offered its entire plant whole-heartedly to the Government, regardless of the fact that its regular production would be seriously curtailed, regardless of the setback which would temporarily result to the business it took years to build up, regardless of the profits which would necessarily be sacrificed.

It would have been possible to hold off—to keep right on with our regular work and let others do war work. But the Victor Company is a thoroughly American concern, and it does things in the big characteristic American way. It chose to help the Government to the very limit of its resources.

The Government recognized the high state of perfection and thoroughly modern equipment of the gigantic Victor factories, and made more and more use of them until as much as 90% of the plant was at one time engaged in war work. If it were possible to disclose Government secrets and tell of the scientific experiments which were conducted and of the devices and products which were manufactured, the public would appreciate what a valuable help the Victor plant was to the Government in winning the war.

Those parts of the Victor factories which continued to produce Victrolas and Victor Records could not, of course, supply even a reasonable amount of Victor products to the public. And the shortage was made even more pronounced because thousands of Victrolas and still more thousands of Victor Records were diverted to the use of America's fighting forces on land and sea—to entertaining and inspiring them, as well as to teaching them French and wireless telegraphy through the Victor special study courses.

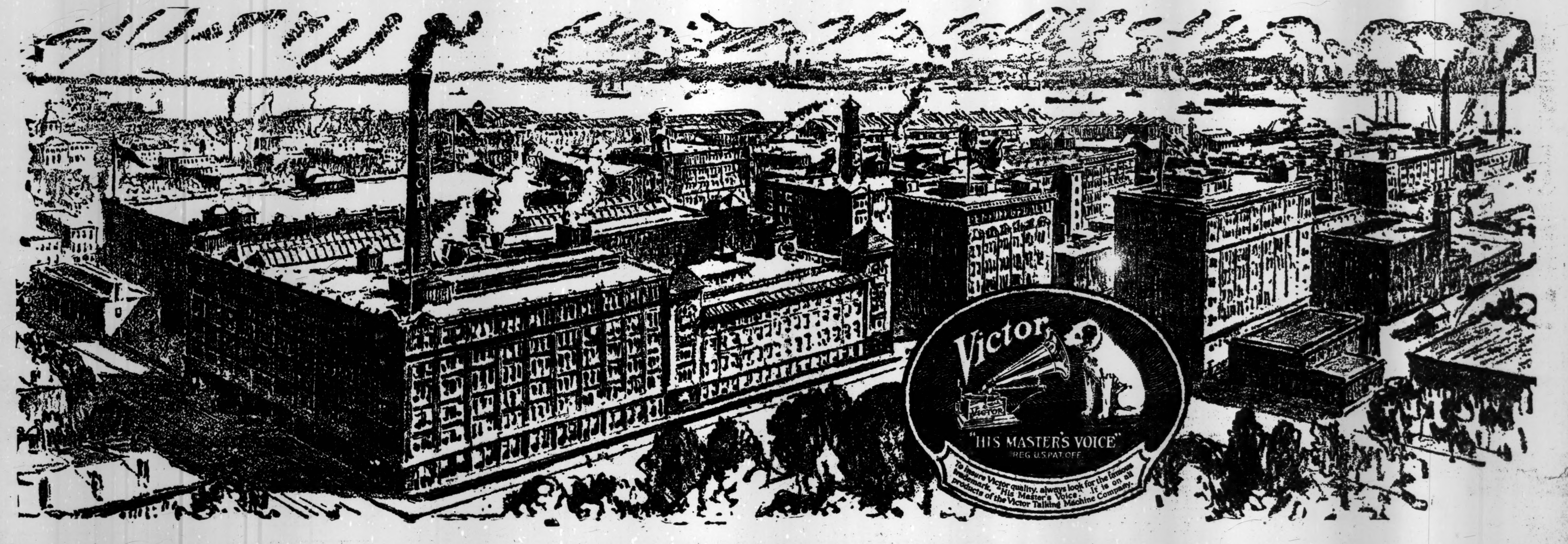
Great though the sacrifices were which the Victor Company willingly made to help its country in its hour of need, we would not have it otherwise. And though the inability to get Victor products was exasperating to the public, we do not believe they would have had us shirk our duty. We count it an honor that we were able to serve our country. We are gratified that the Government found our factories of such value.

And with the coming of peace, we recognize the great task that devolves upon us. It is imperative that we supply as quickly as possible those people who rather than accept inferior substitutes, decided to wait patiently until they could get the genuine Victor products they wanted. Added to this there is the increased demand that will come from new sources, for thousands of our returning heroes have learned to appreciate what the Victrola means in their daily lives. The demand upon our resources will be greater than ever, but we return to our chosen work with full confidence in our ability to meet the needs of the future.

So while the Victor plant did its full share in helping to win the war, it is now again bending its energies to supplying the musical needs of the nation—of the whole world. From a gigantic bee-hive of war-time activities, the Victor plant again resumes as the greatest musical industry in the entire world.

Victor Talking Machine Company

Camden, N. J.


Victor
VICTOR
"HIS MASTER'S VOICE"
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
To insure Victor quality, always look for the famous trademark, "His Master's Voice." It is on all products of the Victor Talking Machine Company.

THREE SHIPS BRING 1,975 TROOPS BACK

Blinded Soldiers Greeted with Songs as They Salute the Statue of Liberty.

SAXONIA BRINGS WOUNDED

Over a Thousand Disabled Men in Party from Brest—New Yorkers Tell of the Last Fighting.

Two liners and one transport arrived yesterday from France, bringing 1,975 troops, of whom 104 officers and 1,172 enlisted men were sick and wounded, but with only twenty-eight stretcher cases among them. Thirteen totally blinded soldiers came on the Saxonia, which brought 1,276 sick and wounded from Brest and was the largest hospital ship to arrive in New York since the France came early in December. There were many soldiers crippled by loss of arm or leg.

They stood at the rail on the upper promenade deck as the ship came up the Bay, and enjoyed the welcome given to them by the men and women of the committee on the police boat Patrol, while the band on her deck played popular airs, from "Home, Sweet Home," to the latest ragtime waltz. The blind soldiers in their cabins on the top deck heard the music as the Statue of Liberty was passed and asked their attendants to lead them out. Each one had a soldier detailed to look after his comfort, and there were twelve Red Cross nurses attached to their deck. The group was under the surgical care of Major Robert H. Fowler.

In addition to the thirteen blinded soldiers, there was another blind man on board, Walter Ernest Baker, who went to France a year ago to act as instructor to the French blind soldiers and was transferred last October to the American base hospital at Savenay, near Nantes, where he had fifty American soldiers who had been deprived of their eyesight under his care.

Baker had been blind since he was six years old and graduated from the Columbia University Blind School in 1912.

"You see, they had plenty of people to tell them what they could do, but I as a blind man myself was able to show them how they could learn to do it," he said.

Corporal Henry A. Bitter, who was the only one of the blinded soldiers who wore blue spectacles in addition to the bandages round his head, because he could still see a glimmer of light, is a member of the 352d Infantry, and his home is at Dubuque, Iowa, where he practiced as a pharmacist before the war. His injuries were received after the armistice was signed, on Nov. 16, through a defective hand grenade. He was at the divisional school at Toul, instructing his squad, when one of the grenades exploded, blowing off both his hands and destroying his sight.

The most seriously wounded of the thirteen blinded soldiers was Sergeant Stanislaus Nagorka of 4,416 Merrimac Avenue, Chicago, who lost both his eyes and both arms by a high explosive shell.

Private W. T. Whalen of Company D, 305th Infantry, whose home is at 209 Eighteenth Street, South Brooklyn, lost his sight and his left hand by a grenade which exploded in his bag during the fighting on the Argonne.

Both the blind and the sick and wounded officers and men were all sent to the debarkation hospital in the Grand Central Palace.

Two officers who have been decorated with the D. S. C. for bravery returned on the Saxonia. They were Lieutenant Harry E. Semmes of Washington, D. C., and Lieutenant Frederick Hahn of Savannah, Ga. Semmes won his Cross in the fighting at Xivray on Sept. 12 and Sept. 28. Hahn, who is a member of the Headquarters Company, Seventh Field Artillery, went over on Aug. 19 and got his citation at Cantigny on May 28 for keeping open his lines of communication between artillery and infantry under extraordinary conditions.

Lieutenant Hahn was rushing through a communicating trench when a shell struck the bank, burying him under tons of dirt, and he remembered nothing more until he was revived in the field hospital. Next day he left his cot and went back to the front lines. Later Lieutenant Hahn was cited for bravery at the second battle of the Marne, near Pont-à-Mousson, where he was wounded twice.

One of the senior surgeons on the Saxonia who had been serving in France was Lieut. Col. John McCoy of 292 Broadway, Paterson, N. J., who went over a year ago in charge of Base Hospital 1, the Bellevue unit. Since then he has been with Evacuation Hospital 114, which was moved from time to time and was in the Argonne, when it handled 28,000 cases from Sept. 26 until the armistice was signed. To do this work Lieut. Col. McCoy had a staff of 75 surgeons, 60 nurses, and 400 attendants.

Private Charles P. Green of the 20th Engineers came back yesterday with five wound stripes on his sleeve. He was wounded at Soissons March 24, twice at Conde, May 18, and again at Château-Thierry, July 17, and at the Verdun front on Oct. 26. Green is 46 years old, stands more than 6 feet without his shoes, and lives in Utica, N. Y.

Among the 422 troops on the steamship Espagne, from Brest, were three companies of the heavy artillery instructional school of Limoges, numbering 2 officers and 158 enlisted men. This school, under the comand of Lieut. Col. W. W. Rose, trained 20,000 men during the war.

Private Jack Nugent of Elizabeth, N. J., was attached to the Headquarters Company of the 165th as a dispatch rider, and was cited for the D. S. C. on July 30-31 and Aug. 1 at Château-Thierry for carrying messages under fire between brigade and regimental headquarters. He said that he had "done nothing worth talking about."

There were eighty-five Red Cross workers on board the Espagne, who have been serving on all fronts. In the party was R. Grover Hutchins of 55 East Sixty-fifth Street, this city, who for the last ten months has been in charge of the Home and Hospital Division of the American Red Cross in Paris.

Lucius M. Boomer, of the McAlpin Hotel, who has been working in France with the American Hotel Service, also returned on the Espagne. He established the American Officers' Hotel, which was formerly the Louvre Hotel, and the Officers' Club, at 4 Avenue Gabriel, formerly the home of the Prince of Monaco, which provides accommodation for more than 2,000 men.

Another Red Cross worker was Professor J. Borgeroff of the Western Reserve University at Cleveland, O. Also on the Espagne was Joseph Cummings Chase, the American artist, who has spent a year in France completing 200 paintings for the War College.

Edmond Bapst, the new French Ambassador to Japan, was on the Espagne, accompanied by his family, and will rest a few days in New York. He said that he had arrived from Norway only a few days when he received orders in Paris to proceed to Tokio. From what he heard in Paris, the Peace Conference will last some time.

The American transport Zacapa, which had on board 121 officers, men, and nurses, anchored in the bay and sent her passengers to Hoboken on a naval tug. One of those on board, Captain Daniel W. Strickland of New Haven, attached to the 102d Infantry, said he fought with the same division as his grandfather did in the civil war, the old 2d Connecticut Division, known as the "National Blues." At Toul, on Jan. 21, he was in a three-day fight, during which his company was cut off.

"They died fighting," he said. "There were ten of us left when we were surrounded, and our position hopeless. We got machine gun, shrapnel, hand grenade, mustard, and phosgene gas, and, in fact, received all the horrors of war in one lump. We were taken prisoners, and marched three days before we received medical attention.

"However, we were saved by the Red Cross. I had my eye open for an escape and bribed a sentry with a loaf of bread. I got as far as a railroad station, and was caught. My next bribe was two cans of beef, which the sentry took, and immediately threatened to bayonet me if I attempted to get away. Later I smuggled my way to Warsaw, and the Poles wanted to install me as General. But it didn't appeal to me, and I gradually worked my way down to Italy, and then to France.

Lieutenant H. G. Mayes of Charleston, W. Va., was a pilot in No. 9 Aero Squadron, and was for five months a prisoner in Germany. In July, when flying behind the German lines, he was attacked by six Fokker machines. He fell a distance of 7,000 feet, but knows nothing about it. Fourteen days later he woke up in a German hospital, where he said he was well treated, but was less fortunate later in the Karlsruhe prison camp.

ASKS RELIGIOUS FREEDOM.

Bible Society Would Have All Nations Open to All Creeds.

This cable message has been sent to President Wilson in Paris by the American Bible Society, urging that ample provision be made at the Peace Conference for maintaining complete religious freedom throughout the world:

President Wilson, American Embassy, Paris:

Inasmuch as there are numerous parts of the world where, under various exercises of authority, religious freedom does not exist, and where Christian missionaries and Bible distributors cannot engage in their work, the American Bible Society respectfully urges the representatives of the nations about to convene in Paris to establish the foundations of, and provide the means for, insuring permanent peace to further their great object by making ample provision for securing and maintaining complete religious freedom throughout the world. We would not restrict this freedom in any manner so as to exclude any creed or profession of faith. We believe that no other foundation can be laid than that which is laid in the Holy Scriptures known as the Christian Bible, but we would leave all peoples free to follow God's leadings in their comprehension of His truth.

THE AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.
By Order of Its Board of Managers.
James Wood, President.

ADMITS ONE MORE COLLEGE.

Carnegie Foundation Includes Allegheny Among Institutions on List.

The Carnegie Foundation announced yesterday that it had increased its list of associated institutions by the addition of Allegheny College at Meadville, Penn. This is the first college to be admitted to the group of institutions drawing upon the funds of the Foundation since it changed its plan of pensioning Professors to that of financing a scheme of contributory annuities.

Allegheny College was founded more than a century ago under the influence of Harvard University, and is, the announcement says, "one of the best known of the smaller institutions with adequate resources and a well-trained Faculty." Dr. William H. Crawford, who has been President for twenty-five years, has been prominent in war work overseas.

NAMES WAR CLAIMS BOARD.

Baker Provides Vehicle for Settlement of Contracts.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Secretary Baker announced today the creation of a War Department Claims Board, to supervise and co-ordinate the work of the various department agencies in the settlement of claims resulting from the termination of contracts by reason of the armistice and to authorize and approve such settlements.

Assistant Secretary Crowell was appointed Chairman of the board. Other members are C. H. Dorr, Assistant Director of Munitions; Brig. Gen. George W. Burr, Assistant Director Purchase, Storage, and Traffic; Brig. Gen. Herbert M. Lord, Director of Finance, and Lieut. Col. Herbert H. Lehmancy, assistant to General Goethals. Special members have been chosen for each of the department bureaus, to sit with the board when matters affecting their bureaus are before it.

GIVES WARNING TO KARL.

Austrian Authorities Suspect Him of a Restoration Plot.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Feb. 4, (via Geneva.)—According to a reliable report the Austrian Chancellor, Renner, has visited Emperor Karl and presented in the course of conversation the advisability of the Emperor's leaving Eckartsau Castle with his family, recommending that he seek Artstetten Castle, the burial place of Archduke Franz Ferdinand, for his future residence, or go abroad. The Emperor is undetermined on his course.

The Emperor and his entourage are suspected of encouraging or fomenting a movement to restore the monarchy.

Religious Notices on Page 19.

PIGS GO TO MARKET IN FAST MOTOR CARS

Great Truck Industry Built Up Through Giving Better Service Than the Railroads.

OFTEN OUTRUN A PRICE DROP

Quick Delivery and Elimination of Flesh-Reducing Discomfort Offset High Costs.

To get a bunch of live stock to market quickly before a drop takes all the joy out of a season's profits, is one of the things motor transport is enabling farmers to do. Uncertain railroad transportation and car shortage have led to a marked increase in the numbers of fat hogs, sheep, and cattle hauled to market in motor trucks in the last year. The fat stock travel with greater comfort and are not so long on the road where the truck supplants the freight train.

Although the movement of live stock to market by motor usually costs more than by railroad, this extra expense is more than balanced by the quick delivery of the stock before the market has much opportunity to fluctuate. Furthermore, when the lorry is used, as a rule, hogs from a single farm are loaded in one truck, and there is less danger of the animals fighting and injuring each other in transit than when a carload of mixed hogs is shipped by rail.

In investigating the extent of motor truck transportation to the Omaha live stock market, the Department of Agriculture found that for forty years the movement of live stock by wagon from farms from five to twenty-five miles away had been fairly large. Development of better highways and more rapid means of transportation, that is, the motor truck, has greatly extended this territory and fat farm animals now are hauled by truck to South Omaha from farms at much greater distances than those formerly served by wagon. A number of commission firms cater particularly to the motor truck, or less-than-carload trade. Their business is increasing, because many farmers are purchasing trucks for the special purpose of delivering live stock.

Motor truck companies have been formed in many towns and cities within a radius of fifty miles of Omaha to meet the demands of farmers for such service. These companies are developing not only the live stock trade, but also a "back haul" trade of groceries, merchandise and general freight such as feeds, fertilizers and farm supplies. On one morning this Winter between 5:30 and 8 o'clock forty truckloads of live stock were delivered at the Omaha yards, and of this number ninteen of the vehicles were owned by farmers.

The charges for hauling stock by motor vary with the distance. Some companies charge a flat rate of 25 cents a hundred pounds, and add 1 cent per hundred pounds per mile. Other firms charge by the load, from $10 to $15 for the trip, depending on the distance and the number of animals carried. Although the rates are considered extremely high, as the truck hauler charges 50 to 60 cents a hundredweight, compared with a 12-to-15-cent freight rate still the farmers seem to find the motor-truck method profitable.

The carrying capacity of the truck varies with the size, age, class, and weight of the animals. A standard two-ton truck will carry about twenty head of hogs. The floor space of the truck, when small stock, such as sheep and hogs, are transported, is often increased by double-decking. As a rule, the motor express companies operate trucks of four or five tons capacity, while the vehicles owned by farmers usually carry one or two tons.

Figures indicate how the motor truck delivery of live stock at the South Omaha yards has increased in the last two years. In the first nine months of 1917 there were only 52,129 hogs in the Omaha "drive in." There was an increase of 90 per cent. in the same period in 1918, 142,220 hogs being delivered by truck. The cattle "drive in" from July to September, inclusive, 1917, was 12,189 head, and in the same period in 1918, 17,681 cattle.

The Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and Louisville markets receive a large part of their hogs directly from the farms by motor trucks. One typical, double-deck truck load of live stock unloaded at the Cincinnati stock yards in the presence of a representative of the Department of Agriculture, consisted of three 850-pound cattle, seven calves weighing 150 pounds each, and 11 hogs averaging 185 pounds. Another load consisted of seven 750-pound cattle, while other loads were made up of from 10 to 25 hogs, weighing from 175 to 225 pounds each.

The custom in hauling stock by motor truck to the Cincinnati market is to charge a flat rate of from $15 to $30 a trip for the use of the large truck to convey the stock from 15 to 40 miles. One shipper reports that he hauled 25 hogs 43 miles in four hours, and that the actual shrinkage of these hogs, which weighed approximately 200 pounds apiece, was from six to ten pounds.

At Kansas City a marked increase in the local "drive in" has resulted largely from the increased use of motor trucks. During the first eight months of 1918, 72,887 hogs were handled by motor truck and wagon, an increase of 21,505 over the same period in 1917. Denver notes an increase of 223 per cent. in sheep, 12 per cent. in hogs, and 13 per cent. in cattle in the local "drive in" during the first eight months of 1918, compared with 1917. At St. Joseph, Mo., the "drive in" during the last year has more than doubled through the use of trucks. In a single day at St. Joseph 1,400 hogs, 200 cattle, and a considerable number of sheep were brought to the market in 190 motor trucks.

With good, permanent roads on the boom in all parts of the country, and transportation by truck more satisfactory in every way, the department investigators believe that the future promises cheap and efficient marketing of stock in power vehicles. The effect of market fluctuations is reduced to the minimum, because, in the main, only a few hours are required from the farm to the stockyard.

REJECT HUDSON TUBE RIDER

Senate Votes 40 to 12 Against Calder's $6,000,000 Tunnel Project.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—After a preliminary tangle, the Senate late this afternoon rejected by a vote of 40 to 12, the proposition of Senator Calder of New York for a $6,000,000 vehicular tunnel under the Hudson River. Senators France of Maryland, Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, Jones of Washington, Kenyon of Iowa, Lodge of Massachusetts, McNary of Oregon, New of Indiana, Spencer of Missouri, Sutherland of West Virginia, Thomas of Colorado, Wadsworth of New York, and Weeks of Massachusetts, voted for the proposition which was submitted in Senator Calder's absence, by Senator Frelinghuysen as an amendment to the $400,000,000 Post Office bill.

Senator Thomas made a point of order against the amendment. The Vice President made a ruling, but after a vote was taken, Senators became confused as to what the actual situation was. They began to change their votes, and then to rechange them. Senator Borah of Idaho changed his vote three times. The Senate was in laughter. An agreement was reached this afternoon to take a final vote upon the Post Office bill tomorrow.

MILLINERY NUMBER
OUT TODAY

Ask For—Get Horlick's The ORIGINAL Malted Milk

Safe Milk
For Infants & Invalids
No Cooking

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages. Quick Lunch; Home or Office.
OTHERS are IMITATIONS

QUICK LUNCH OF KINGS.

King George V. of England and King Albert of the Belgians partaking of an impromptu luncheon at Zeebrugge, with railroad truck as a table, forms a very interesting photograph in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

Gimbel Brothers

32nd St.—BROADWAY—33rd St.

The Final Reduction Sale of FURS: Extraordinary Savings

of 20 to 40% Below Original Prices

These reductions have been taken from prices already most remarkable, having been based on raw fur purchases of many months ago. From all indications of the present raw fur market, next season's prices will be very much higher.

Every garment and small fur in the Gimbel assortments are of dependable quality; of expertly selected; perfectly matched skins and in fashions of character. This event is an opportunity of utmost importance to those who are anticipating buying furs.

These are representative offerings:

COATS

$97.50 Black Pony Coats	*Reduced to* $69
$145 "French" Seal Coats (dyed coney)	*Reduced to* $98.50
$155 Natural Muskrat Coats	*Reduced to* $115
$225 Nutria Coat	*Reduced to* $165
$225 Caracal Coat	*Reduced to* $145
$225 Hudson Seal Coat (dyed muskrat)	*Reduced to* $185
$275 Hudson Seal Coat (dyed muskrat)	*Reduced to* $215
$295 Hudson Seal Coat (dyed muskrat)	*Reduced to* $235
$275 Moleskin Coats	*Reduced to* $195
$375 Caracal Coat	*Reduced to* $245
$495 Persian Lamb Coat	*Reduced to* $375
$550 Hudson Seal Coats (dyed muskrat)	*Reduced to* $395
$595 Mink Coatee	*Reduced to* $495
$1,850 Mink Coat	*Reduced to* $1,250

$1,275.00 Natural Mink Dolman Coat, reduced to **$795.00**

SCARFS

Formerly	*Reduced to*
$18.50 Black Skunk	$14.50
$45.00 Brown Fox	$35.00
$24.50 Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat)	$17.50
$45 Australian Opossum,	$37.50
$39.50 Beaver	$28.50

MUFFS

Formerly	*Reduced to*
$11.50 Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat)	$8.95
$22.50 Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat)	$18.50
$19.50 Nutria	$14.50
$22.50 Dyed Skunk	$18.50
$29.50 Wolf	$18.50
$45 Mink	$29.50

Cape-Coats and Coatees

$275 Nutria and Squirrel Trotteur Coat	*Reduced to* $175
$350 Nutria and Stone Marten Cape	*Reduced to* $195
$195 Moleskin Cape	*Reduced to* $155
$175 Grey Squirrel Stole	*Reduced to* $145
$450 Blended Sable Cape	*Reduced to* $310
$545 Natural Mink Cape	*Reduced to* $395

GIMBELS FUR SECTION—Third Floor

CAMMEYER

Stamped on a Shoe Means Standard of Merit
34th St. New York
Separate Entrance to Our Men's Shop, 68-70 West 35th St.

FOR TO-DAY ONLY

A Sale of Men's Shoes

5.85

Formerly sold from $7.00 to $10.00

All Genuine Calfskin Shoes — *Taken from Regular Stock*

Cocoa, Dark Tan and Black Calf Shoes;
English, Medium or Broad Toe Models.
Patent Leather Dress Models, Button or Lace.
Black Kid Shoe with Broad Toe.

Not every size in each style, but all sizes in the lot

NO C. O. D.'S — NO EXCHANGES

Stern Brothers

West Forty-second Street *(Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues)* **West Forty-third Street**

Sharply Reduced! MEN'S OVERCOATS and SUITS

From the Kirschbaum Shops

Overcoats formerly $30, $35 and $40; Suits formerly $30, $32.50 and $35, now $25

Overcoats were $42.50, $45, $50 & $55; Suits formerly $40, $45 and $47.50, now $35

EVERY style model thoroughly correct and metropolitan in lines. Every detail of tailoring exhibiting skilled and careful handiwork. Every garment a fine value at our original, close-margined price—offered now, in many instances, actually below the wholesale worth.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Open Letter to Senator Frelinghuysen

OF NEW JERSEY

Senator JOSEPH S. FRELINGHUYSEN,

Dear Sir:

Inasmuch as a second vote on the Federal Suffrage Amendment is scheduled for Monday, February 10th, we beg to remind you that in your speech on the floor of the Senate on the occasion of the previous vote, (Sept. 26,) you said in part: " * * * an alien woman who is married to a naturalized American citizen automatically becomes a voter under the law without the safeguard which is thrown around the male alien. The male alien must have five years' residence; he must declare his intention to become a citizen; and then, after two years, the court of jurisdiction in the locality in which he resides shall examine him as to his allegiance, as to his loyalty, as to his educational qualifications; but, under this joint resolution, without that safeguard, automatically we enfranchise thousands of women who are married to American citizens who may be at heart alien in loyalty to this country."

You further stated: "As the joint resolution is drawn, I believe it is a sinister menace to the electorate of this country. I believe that the joint resolution should be amended."

As the amendment proposed by you was defeated, we who oppose the Federal Suffrage Amendment hoped that you would vote "No." As you voted "Yes," we infer you were bound by a pledge. When the measure is again voted upon next Monday we believe that you will vote against this "sinister menace to the electorate."

Since your previous vote the election in the neighboring State of New York has alarmingly justified your statement.

The following tables show the result of one year of Woman Suffrage in New York:

NEW YORK CITY VOTE

	1916	1918 With Women Voting	DECREASE	Increase	Per Cent.
Republicans	303,057	293,516	9,541	.....	3%
Democrats (Tammany)	321,510	559,278	....	237,768	74%
Socialists	27,173	86,427	....	59,254	220%
Whole Vote	652,740	939,221	....	286,481	44%

TOTAL NEW YORK STATE VOTE

	1916	1918 With Women Voting	Increase	Per Cent.
Republicans	835,820	956,034	120,214	14%
Democrats	686,862	1,009,936	323,074	48%
Socialists	52,560	121,705	69,265	133%

With women voting Democrats and Republicans were obliged to combine in 4 Congressional Districts and 4 Assembly Districts as the only means of protecting the United States Congress and the State Legislature against 8 Socialist Members.

In view of the above indisputable evidence of the increased strength with women voting of the Revolutionary forces now under investigation by the U. S. Senate, and in view of the fact that you received the emphatic mandate from the voters of your State, expressed at the polls in 1915 against Woman Suffrage, we solemnly petition you to reconsider your previous stand in favor of the Federal Suffrage Amendment and put the State of New Jersey on record against this Revolutionary change in government.

NEW JERSEY ASSOCIATION OPPOSED TO WOMAN SUFFRAGE,
MRS. CARROLL P. BASSETT, President.

February 5, 1919.

Cuticura Soap
Best for Baby
Soap 25c., Ointment 25 & 50., Talcum 25c. Sample each mailed free by "Cuticura, Dept. 6 B, Boston."

Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

ROSEHILL FARM EGGS
By parcel post from the farm in Monmouth County, N. J., same day laid. We can supply a few more weekly customers with these really new laid eggs.
416 Central Avenue, Newark, N. J.
Telephone Mulberry 4000.

GILLETT IS FAVORITE IN NEW YORK CAUCUS

14 of 24 Representatives Express a Preference for Him as Speaker.

NEW ATTACK ON PENROSE

Pinchot Appeals to Senators to Defeat His Aspirations to the Finance Chairmanship.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—New York Republicans in caucus on the Speakership, today discussed the entire situation facing the Republican Party and took a vote which showed that fourteen of the twenty-four members favored Representative F. H. Gillett, five were for Representative James R. Mann, and five were noncommittal.

After the meeting it was announced that Mr. Gillett would have nineteen votes, and perhaps the whole delegation, should his candidacy gain in strength before Feb. 27, the date of the Republican conference. The action of the New York Republicans has considerably strengthened the candidacy of Mr. Gillett, who already has nearly a majority of the members of the Pennsylvania and Indiana delegations supporting him.

The caucus followed the dinner which the delegation had last night at the Hotel Willard, which was attended by ex-Secretary Elihu Root and others. At this dinner speeches were made, the general tenor of which was that it was incumbent upon the Republican Party to organize the House along progressive business lines, and not fall into the error of placing the same men at the helm who directed party affairs in the House during the period in which the party was rent asunder.

Prepared by the informal conferences, and inspired by the speeches delivered last night, the caucus immediately got down to business. It was thought at first that it would be wise to try to bind the delegation by a majority vote, but this was abandoned at the suggestion of men who were noncommittal. Luther W. Mott of Oswego presided, and was elected Chairman of the delegation. Frank Crowther of Schenectady, who succeeded Representative George R. Lunn, was elected Secretary.

The most interesting fight in the delegation pivots around the representation of New York State on the Ways and Means Committee. Representative Mott and Representative Norman J. Gould are candidates for this place. The contest has been very spirited. The delegation avoided an open rupture today by electing Representative Thomas B. Dunn of Rochester a member of the Committee on Committees, which nominates the House committee. Mr. Dunn was not instructed as to the composition of the Ways and Means Committee, but it is believed that his selection is favorable to the election of Mr. Gould.

Fess's Candidacy a Complication.

The entrance of Representative S. D. Fess into the Speakership contest, long expected, but informally announced last night, promises to complicate the situation, and may divide the party into bitter factions, the existence of which will be detrimental to party success in the next Congress. Mr. Fess said that he had decided to enter the lists in response to letters from members, representing thirty-five Republican States, and upon the support given him by the religious and educational press, as well as the political press in Indiana, New Jersey, and Minnesota.

On the basis of reports obtained from the managers of the campaign for Mr. Mann and Mr. Gillett these candidates are running very closely, with Gillett probably leading slightly on account of the gains made today in the New York delegation. There are 230 Republican members of the next House, and the successful candidate must obtain 120 votes. Of the Republican members seventy will serve for the first time, and it is from the latter class that Mr. Fess expects to obtain his strongest support. In order to win it is necessary for the successful candidate to capture the votes in the Middle and Far West.

Gifford Pinchot, former Chief Forester of the United States, has written a circular letter to Republican members of the United States Senate in opposition to the selection of Senator Boies Penrose to be Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee when the Republicans come into control of Congress, after March 4. On Jan. 25 Mr. Pinchot wrote an open letter to Senator Penrose asserting that his election to the Chairmanship of the Finance Committee would prove an asset for the Democratic Party and would threaten Republican chances in the 1920 Presidential election. Senator Penrose replied by newspaper interviews.

Pinchot's Letter to Senators.

The letter Mr. Pinchot has now addressed to Republican Senators and Republican Senators-elect says in part:

"Under date of Jan. 25 I wrote an open letter to Senator Penrose, since widely published, giving reasons why, as Chairman of the Committee on Finance of the next Senate, he would be a Republican liability and a Democratic asset in the Presidential election of 1920.

"To this letter Senator Penrose has not replied except by a characteristic outburst of personal abuse in a newspaper interview. But the issue raised in my letter cannot be settled by abuse. It demands a serious answer, if not from Senator Penrose to me, then from the Republican leaders to the Republican voters. Therefore, I have taken the liberty of addressing this letter to each of the Republican members of the Senate, in whose hands the answer necessarily lies.

"The coming Presidential election will be the most important of our time. No such war and no such period of decision following it have ever faced the world before. By 1920 our politics, now fluid after the war, will be ready to crystalize. They must not harden with the Democrats in power, for the party which wins the next election may well hold the Government for a generation.

"If any proof were needed, the arrogant, costly, sectional, partisan blundering of the Democratic Party in its handling of the problems of the war, and of preparedness before the war, has proved it unfit to handle the vast problems of reconstruction. These problems must be put in the hands of a Republican Administration, with the Republican habit of getting things done. What we do with reconstruction will affect every man, woman, and child in America for generations to come. It is too vital a matter to be left to the mercy of Democratic political manipulation.

"As a most important part of reconstruction, we must have a Republican tariff which will give fair and adequate protection to business, labor, and the farmer. The bill for this tariff will bear the name of the Chairman of the Finance Committee. If the Republican Senators turn over to Senator Penrose the virtual leadership of the party in the Senate, together with the tremendous power now exercised by the Chairman of the Committee on Finance, the tariff bill will lose the confidence of the rank and file of the party. Many will contend, and with justice, that Senator Penrose is incapable of writing a tariff bill free from the influence of the corporations and monopolies which in politics he has always served. So with the Revenue bill which must come from the Committee on Finance. To the average voter the name will tell the story.

"In 1920 millions of women will vote, many of them fresh from suffrage victories. His position on liquor, child labor, and equal suffrage has helped to make Senator Penrose peculiarly offensive to women voters.

"The last election made it clear that the Middle West holds the controlling position in American politics. Senator Penrose grates upon the Republicans of the Middle West.

"There is no present danger of a split in the Republican Party. On the other hand, no agreement between leaders in Washington can of itself deliver the progressive Republican vote. We know that Mr. Wilson already is planning a special appeal to progressive voters. Many anti-Penrose Republicans who revolted in 1912 have not yet returned. Senator Penrose must not be allowed to prevent them from coming back. Without them our victory in 1920 is by no means secure. Only the removal of the cause which brought about the revolt in 1912 can make our party whole."

NEW YORKERS WIN CROSS.

Nine Local Men Among Latest Named to Receive the D. S. C.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Nine officers and men from New York and vicinity are in the two lists of American soldiers and sailors announced today, to whom the Commander in Chief, in the name of the President, has awarded the Distinguished Service Cross for heroism in action. The following are those cited from New York and New Jersey:

Private (First Class) William F. Thebert, A. S. No. 51,702, Co. K, 23d Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Saint Etienne-a-Arnes, France Oct. 3-9, 1918. Acting as battalion runner, Private Thebert carried messages through intense artillery and machine gun fire. This soldier has been on duty as runner since June 6, being intrusted with especially important messages because of his carefulness and reliability. Home address, Mrs. Margaret Thebert, mother, Fort Covington, N. Y.

Lieut. Col. A. C. Arnold, 9th Infantry, for the following act of extraordinary heroism in action near Thiaucourt, France, Sept. 12, 1918. Lieut. Col. Arnold is awarded a bar to be worn with the Distinguished Service Cross awarded him Nov. 22, 1918. At a critical moment in the advance this officer went through a barrage and stopped the assaulting lines of a neighboring unit which had failed to halt on their objective and were in danger from their own barrage. His coolness in walking up and down the line under heavy enemy bombardment inspired confidence and restored order in his wavering line. Home address, Mrs. A. C. Arnold, 256 West Ninety-seventh Street, New York City.

Corporal William J. Boyle, A. S. No. 41,319, Machine Gun Company, 9th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Medeah Farm, France, Oct. 5, 1918. Corporal Boyle saved the lives of many of his comrades by killing two enemy machine gunners and putting the guns out of action. Home address, Sam Vatterson, friend, 432 West Twentieth Street, New York, N. Y.

Corporal Michael Mabreski, A. S. No. 40185, Company I, 9th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Thiacourt, France, Sept. 12, 1918. Corporal Mabreski, with about twelve men, assisted in flanking a machine-gun nest, and then captured a German ammunition dump with about sixty-five prisoners. Home address, Mrs. William Herrman, friend, 25 Kent Street, Beacon, N. Y.

Private Fred E. Smith, A. S. No. 41183, Company K, 9th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Faubourg, France, Nov. 8, 1918. In the absence of officers Private Smith took command of two platoons and led them with great fortitude and bravery. When one of his men was wounded he made his way alone through heavy shell and machine-gun fire, brought the wounded man to our line, and applied first aid. Home address, Mrs. Hatty Russel, mother, 936 South State Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

Private (First Class) Hyman Lashiwer, A. S. No. 40,917, deceased, Company M, 9th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Jaulny, France, Sept. 12, 1918, Private Lashiwer, with three other soldiers, volunteered to carry wounded men of other companies from in front of our advanced positions and carried this work on under violent machine-gun fire while a counterattack was developing. Home address, Mrs. Eva Kastle, 512 Seventeenth Street, College Point, L. I., N. Y.

Private Tony Wagner, A. S. No. 40,969, Company M, 9th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Jaulny, France, Sept. 12, 1918. Private Wagner, with three other soldiers, volunteered to carry wounded men of other companies from in front of our advanced positions and carried this work on under violent machine-gun fire while a counterattack was developing. Home address, Helen Watneck, sister, 1,079 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Lieut. Thomas J. Taylor, 23d Infantry, For extraordinary heroism in action near the Côte de Chatillon, France, Nov. 1, 1918. When all the other officers of his company had been incapacitated, Lieut. Taylor took command and successfully led his men throughout the five days' operations, capturing a strongly held position with more than a hundred prisoners. Home address, Mrs. Anna E. Taylor, mother, 753 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Private Ernest Washington Porter, A. S. No. 108602, deceased, 23d Company, 6th Machine Gun Battalion, United States Marine Corps. For extraordinary heroism in action near Thiaucourt, France, Sept. 15, 1918. While taking cover with the remainder of his gun crew from a heavy artillery barrage, Pvt. Porter answered a call for volunteers to combat an enemy airplane. Upon reaching his gun he was instantly killed by an aerial bomb. Next of kin, Ernest Porter, father, 671 Summer Avenue, Newark, N. J.

The names of others cited in the lists today and their home addresses follow:

First Lieut. Jack S. Hart, Weatherford, Texas; Private James R. Brummett, Deme Box, Texas; Capt. Richard P. Hildreth, Wheeling, W. Va.; Capt. Hanford MacNider, Mason City, Iowa; First Lieut. Cylburn O. Mattfeldt, Baltimore, Md.; Sergt. Floyd A. Brooks, Newport, Ky.; Second Lieut. Thomas E. Carter, West Andover, Mass.; Private Dionigo Fiorito, Coesenza, Italy; Private John Grundy, Philadelphia, Penn.; Private Clyde Houston, Houston Heights, Texas; Supply Sergt. Frank Perkaus, Chicago, Ill.; Corp. Oscar H. Ryan, Fort Worth, Texas; Second Lieut. Harry S. Smith, Waynesburg, Penn.; First Sergt. Gilbert A. Spencer, Sumner, Mich.; Mechanic William R. Worthen, Sunset, Texas; Second Lieut. Donald W. White, Manitowoc, Wis.; Private William A. Tierce, Corana, Ala.; First Sergt. William Maroney, no address; Second Lieut. Archibald G. Robertson, Staunton, Va.; Private Ozro L. Sloan, Cartwright, Texas; Private (First Class) Patrick J. Clark, Bridgeport, Conn.; Private Stanley Mazurkevczk, Worcester, Mass.; Second Lieut. Charles Heimerdinger, Chicago, Ill.; Chaplain Julius J. Babst, Naperville, Ill.; Private Ernest Spencer, Toppenish, Wash.; Pharmacist's Mate (Third Class) Charles W. Bateman, Giant, Cal.; Chief Pharmacist's Mate Bernice B. Stamps, Parchman, Miss.; Thomas Whiteside Wilbur, Y. M. C. A. Secretary, New Britain, Conn.

NEW DRY ORDER AT COBLENZ

Nothing Alcoholic Allowed Except Light Wines and Beer.

COBLENZ, Feb. 6, (Associated Press.)—The names of all Germans convicted of violations of army regulations in territory occupied by American forces are being published in German newspapers, together with the address of each, the offense charged and the fine or sentence imposed. Publicity was decided upon as being likely to prevent an increase of minor offenses, such as selling liquor, or imitation liquor, to soldiers.

By a new order, which has been published for the guidance of civilians, the sale or gift of any substance containing alcohol, or any preparation susceptible of being used for the purpose of making alcoholic beverages, excepting light wines and beer, is forbidden. This regulation is supplementary to a previous order forbidding the sale or gift of all alcoholic drinks excepting light wines or beer.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt called on General Dickman today on his way back to Paris from Cologne. He inspected the United States Marine contingents at Andernach, but spent less than an hour at headquarters here. He has been on a sightseeing trip to occupied districts along the Rhine.

Religious Notices on Page 18.

REDFIELD SUBMITS A PROSPERITY PLAN

Proposes Semi-Official Price Fixing to Avert Stagnation in Business.

INDUSTRIAL CHIEFS AGREE

President Asked to Name Committee and Public Co-operation Will Be Sought.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Stabilization of prices, through Government intervention in the basic commodity markets, as a means of removing threatened industrial and business stagnation, with its attendant unemployment, has been recommended to President Wilson by a conference of Cabinet officials and industrial leaders who have made an exhaustive study of the situation.

In making this announcement today, Secretary of Commerce Redfield, at whose instance the conference was called, said the plan proposed to the President was the appointment of a representative committee to investigate production costs in all fields and recommend prices at which the Government, through its various departments, would do its purchasing. Producers, consumers, and labor representatives would be asked to co-operate in determining the prices.

Secretary Redfield said that those attending the conference here this week were convinced that the determining of fair prices in the semi-official and co-operative manner proposed would release "latent consuming power," now dormant because consumers were awaiting price stabilization, and thus bring about an immediate increase in production in all lines of business.

Return to pre-war prices is not contemplated, Mr. Redfield said, nor is it proposed to use the Government's war powers or to seek legislation from Congress. The whole plan depends entirely upon voluntary co-operation by all interests involved, it was explained, and the Government's purchasing power would be used only in carrying out the prices agreed upon. It is agreed that many heads of divisions of the War Industries Board, which dissolved on Jan. 1, have expressed willingness to serve on the general committee and that special sub-committees have been suggested to make the investigation in each industry.

Redfield's Statement.

"Following a series of conferences between members of the Cabinet and others," said Mr. Redfield, "a meeting was held in Washington Feb. 5, which was called by the Secretary of Commerce to consider the industrial situation with particular reference to the unemployment problem and the prospect of resumption of active buying. At this meeting there were present a number of the former heads of the more important divisions of the War Industries Board, representatives of various Government departments and others interested in the subject.

"It was recognized by the meeting that a considerable amount of unemployment existed, and that with the return of the troops this unemployment would tend to increase. It was also recognized that in a large measure the unemployment was seasonal and due to the impossibility of carrying out open air construction in certain States at this time of the year. It was, however, agreed that a second important cause was the reluctance of buyers to purchase more than their emergency requirements at the present level of prices, and it was felt that a determination of a post-war level of prices for basic commodities was urgently needed.

"It was the general opinion, illustrated by many specific cases, that a large latent buying power existed in the country which needed only a satisfactory level of prices to become effective. It was pointed out that the establishment of a satisfactory level of prices at this time offered particular difficulties because war prices, as fixed, are recognized as abnormal; on the other hand, there is no prospect in the immediate future of the restoration of pre-war prices. It was felt that wages would remain on a higher level than before the European war, and that no readjustment in the true wages of labor as measured by purchasing power should be attempted, though it was felt that, as the cost of living is reduced, labor would readily agree to the corresponding adjustment in money wages.

"If events were left to take the natural course, the establishment of post-war prices would probably be a difficult and protected matter, since prices of one commodity affect other commidities, and producers would wait for one another to take the first step. Such a course of procedure would involve much unemployment and a loss to both labor and capital.

Look for Patriotic Help.

"It was the sense of the meeting that the fine spirit of voluntary co-operation in industry which had proved such a valuable factor in the conduct of the war should be availed of to ease and expedite the processes of readjustment, and that the manufacturers of the country would be willing to take the first step. After a full discussion of the situation, which occupied the greater part of the day, a resolution was adopted asking the Secretary of Commerce to seek the approval of the President to the appointment of a committee to deal with the situation.

"It was contemplated that this committee should call into conference the representatives of the basic industries of the country to examine conditions in industry with a view to the formulation of a scale of prices at which the Government departments and other buyers would be justified in buying freely, and at which manufacturers would be willing to sell, with a view to maintaining or restoring business activity to a full volume.

"It was felt that time was the very essence of the problem and that, therefore, the appointment and action of the committee should proceed with all possible speed. It was believed that public announcement of the conclusions of such a committee would have a great value in establishing confidence in a level of prices and would be accepted by bankers and others as a basis for credit."

American Paris Hospital Closed.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The American Red Cross Hospital at Neuilly, organized in the first week of September, 1914, by several prominent Americans, including William K. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Vanderbilt, Robert Bacon, and Mrs. Bacon, was closed today. The hospital has been one of the most conspicuous establishments in caring for the wounded during the war, its work drawing enthusiastic praise from the French people.

OUR SHIPS GOING UP RHINE.

Will Use Rotterdam as Base — To Rush Troops Homeward.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—American ships will soon steam up the Rhine, using Rotterdam as a base, according to information made public here today. It is announced that the transport of Americans to their homes is progressing as rapidly as possible and that during February the number of men to be taken to America will be considerably augmented.

The health of the American soldiers in France is excellent and their morale is of the highest. They show willingness to re-enter the fray if occasion demands, there being a feeling apparently that the war ended too soon for some of them, although all are satisfied to accept the situation.

The number of cases of influenza among the troops is negligible. The excellent physical standards set by the American army guaranteed the men against disagreeable effects from the climate and the hardships of campaigning.

The Test of Time

For over a quarter of a century we have been furnishing safe mortgage investments to thousands of people.

We can take care of any sum, and you will never have occasion to worry about the safety of your money, because this Company guarantees absolutely the repayment of your principal.

No investor has ever lost a dollar.

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.

Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000

176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen St., 196 Montague St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST. - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

February Sale of Books

A Publisher's Overstock at Savings of One-Third to One-Half of Regular Prices

The lot includes Thousands of Volumes and Dozens of Standard Sets beautifully printed on fine heavy paper. Any of them is singularly well-adapted to be the Nucleus of a Library, Worth-while Reading for School-Room Folks, Gifts for Hospitals or—as a matter of course—Your Own Perpetual Pleasure. A few of the many:

10 Volume Set of De Maupassant
Volumes which contain many of the Master's Best Stories, substantially bound in Half-Buckram Binding, with Marble Sides. Illustrated—left.
$3.95 a Set.

Complete Set of Jules Verne, $12.50
The New Definitive Edition of these Brilliant Stories, bound in Buckram. Illustrations.

9 Volume Set of Stevenson, $3.95 a Set
Stevenson's Most Famous Novels, Short Stories, Essays and Verse, bound in Red Cloth and printed on fine, heavy paper. Illustrated—right.

Complete Set of Dickens, $12.50
Fine Library Edition, splendidly printed and bound in Buckram. An unusual opportunity at this price.

Alligator Classics, 29c Each.
Handy Volume Edition. Padded Alligator Covers, with Titles in Gold. Printed on Good Paper.

Aesop's Fables
Browning, Mrs. Poems
Browning, Robert. Poems
Cranford. Mrs. Gaskell
Emerson's Poems
Eugene Field's Lullabies and Other Poems
Familiar Quotations Bartlett
Idylls of the King Tennyson
In Black and White Kipling
Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare
Little Minister J. M. Barrie
Longfellow's Poems
Man Without a Country Edward Everett Hale
Mill on the Floss George Eliot
Mosses from an Old Manse Hawthorne

De Luxe Library, 45c Each.
Bound in latest De Luxe Style, Half-Leather, Gold Tops. Clear Type. Good Paper. Excellent Printing.

Byron's Poetical Works
California and Oregon Trail Francis Parkman
Conduct of Life Emerson
Confessions of an English Opium Eater De Quincey
David Copperfield Dickens
Ivanhoe Sir Walter Scott
Last of the Mohicans Cooper
Marble Faun Nathaniel Hawthorne
Romola George Eliot
Scarlet Letter Nathaniel Hawthorne
Sketch Book Washington Irving
Swiss Family Robinson
Tale of Two Cities Charles Dickens
Whitter's Poems

Also—The February Sale of Fine Stationery

Fancy Boxed Paper, 29c. a Box
Fabric Finish Paper in Colors and White. Each Box contains 24 Sheets and 24 Envelopes. Very Special at
29c.

Engraving—Special
GIMBELS will engrave your Name Plate and Print **50 Fine Quality Visiting Cards** in the latest Script Type for
$1.10.

GIMBELS will print from your Name Plate
100 Best Quality Visiting Cards, 79c.

Package Paper, 25c. a Pkg.
Fabric Finish Paper in White. Each Package contains 66 Sheets of Paper. 25 Envelopes to match.
12½c.

Valentines—Lovely
Victory Valentines are being shown in the Stationery Section. There's one for Every Kind of Best Girl. Ask to see the cunning Sampler Effects, that speak of the Days of Grandmama and the Dear Little Ladies who wear really truly Wedding Rings.
5c. to 25c.

GIMBELS STATIONERY AND BOOK SECTIONS—Main Floor

Maillard
NEW YORK

Rich in Food Value

HIGHEST AWARDS AT ALL NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITIONS
MAILLARD'S
EAGLE SWEET CHOCOLATE
FOR EATING AND DRINKING

Delicious Nourishing Satisfying

¼ and ½ pound Package

CHOCOLATE PRODUCTS

Lord & Taylor

38th Street --FIFTH AVENUE-- 39th Street

NOW--A RARE CHANCE!

Men's Brand New Fine Suits and Stylish New Overcoats

At Anniversary Sale Prices

Mostly of light and medium fabrics, mind you, and ordered long ago for regular mid-season business—have come in to fill our cases. These suits are all-wool, smart, splendidly tailored, absolutely equal to the best custom-made.

The overcoats are snappy, new, all-wool, elegantly tailored. Three or four months of overcoat weather still coming.

SUITS

These suits from the shops of some of the finest wholesale tailors in the business. In fit, cut, material, they are peers of suits that the best tailors could make to order—and you save the trouble of fittings.

$28.75
$32.75
$36.75
$43.75

Read This, Men

Now we've had an inspiration. We've decided to put these suits and coats into the Anniversary Sale at the low prices which attracted such attention in the January Reduction Sale.

No Charge for Alterations
Men's Shop—Fourth Floor

OVERCOATS

The real winter is all ahead of us. Very little prospect of escaping all snow and ice. Get ready for this and next winter, too, with a fine overcoat at unusual money-saving prices.

$23.75
$29.75

Sale of Men's Neckwear

95c

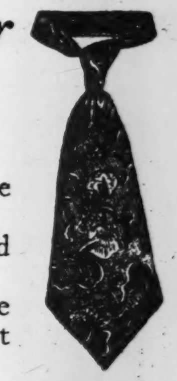
$5.50 the half dozen

By the half dozen! By the dozen! That's the way you'll want to buy these splendid scarfs.

The patterns are smart, the silks are rich and heavy and the cut and finish are high-grade.

Scarfs like these at so low a price present one of those rare buying opportunities that occur just a few times each year.

Ground Floor



Closing Out 1,200 Pairs Men's Kid Gloves

$1.25 Pair

A splendid assortment of styles, but not all sizes in every style. Tan, gray and old ivory cape, chamois with embroidered or black backs and black and white kid gloves. A clearance of higher priced lines at a greatly reduced price because the sizes are broken.

Ground Floor

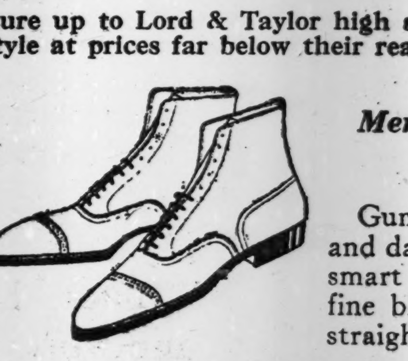
Men's and Boys' Fine Shoes

2,500 Pairs in the Sale

Shoes that measure up to Lord & Taylor high standard of quality and style at prices far below their real worth.

1500 Pairs
Men's Smart Boots
$6.75

Dark tan calfskin and gun metal calfskin in smart English lasts. Black kidskin in easy roomy lasts.



1000 Pairs
Men's Fine Boots
$8.75

Gun metal calfskin and dark tan calfskin in smart English lasts and fine black kidskin in a straight last.

Boys' Shoes at $4.85

Boys' heavy black lace Shoes, Blucher or straight lace styles. Sizes 1 to 6.

Boys' Shoes at $3.65

Boys' patent and dull leather button Shoes. Sizes 1 to 6.

Little Gentleman's heavy tan Shoes. Sizes 11 to 13½.

Fourth Floor

BLOCKS PURCHASE OF RADIO SYSTEMS

House Amends Naval Bill to Prevent Diversion of Steam Engineering Bureau Funds.

FORDNEY WARNS OF COSTS

Says Country Will Be Called Upon for $10,000,000,000 in Next Twelve Months.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The Naval bill was amended today to prevent Secretary Daniels acquiring radio systems through the use of money appropriated for the Steam Engineering Bureau.

Representative Lehlbach of New Jersey, who sponsored the amendment, recalled that the Secretary of the Navy last year had taken $3,000,000 from this fund and applied it to the purchase of ship-to-shore stations of the Marconi and the system of the Federal Wireless Company.

This action, taken after the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries had declined to recommend a bill specifically authorizing the department to purchase wireless plants, has brought down a storm on the department, and a resolution calling upon the Department of Justice to force restitution of the money has been introduced in the House.

Representative Lehlbach rehearsed the history of the transaction and said the Merchant Marine Committee only a few weeks ago again refused to report a bill for the acquisition by the Navy Department of the wireless systems of the United States.

"To prevent the Navy Department acting as it did last year, under the loose authority of the Navy bill, I wish to press my amendment," he added.

The House, in Committee of the Whole, adopted the amendment to the $35,000,000 Steam Engineering Bureau item. It read:

"Provided further that no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the acquisition of radio stations in whole or in part, to be used for the transmission or reception of messages."

Great progress was made in consideration of the bill, but the controversial section, providing for the big three-year building program, advocated by President Wilson, was not reached today. Indications are that there will be a stout fight against its adoption, but the advocates of a big navy probably will be strong enough to win out.

During debate today Representative Fordney of Michigan, ranking Republican member of the Ways and Means Committee, reviewed war expenditures and said it would be necessary to pass another revenue bill, in addition to the pending one, in a very few months, or issue more bonds.

Some of the outstanding obligations, which, he said, would call for additional revenues, follow:

"On Dec. 31, 1918, the outstanding obligations of the Government, bonds, certificates of indebtedness, War Savings Stamps and so forth, amounted to $21,000,000,000. The interest on this indebtedness is estimated at $1,000,000,000.

"The naval appropriation we are now considering calls for an expenditure of $746,000,000.

"For hospital construction, $30,000,000.

"The merchant marine will cost us conservatively about $650,000,000.

"The extra for war in discharging men from the service will be at least $500,000,000, and possibly double that amount.

"The aircraft appropriation of from $25,000,000 to $30,000,000 does not include the proposed aerial mail, and that undoubtedly will call for an expenditure of $50,000,000 more.

"The Government operation of the railroads already has furnished a loss of $755,000,000 during the first year of Government control and this probably will be increased to $800,000,000 before the roads are restored to their owners.

"Government contracts have been authorized up to $3,000,000,000, and if the Government is able to settle these on the basis of 50 cents on the dollar these claims will amount to $1,500,000,000.

"The guarantee to the farmers on wheat conservatively estimated will be $1,000,000,000.

"The war risk insurance will require $150,000,000.

"The European food bill recently passed carries $100,000,000.

"Extra clerk hire to members of the House will exceed $500,000 in the next twelve months.

"The Federal Employment Bureau is asking for $14,000,000 for the next year.

"The bonus for soldiers provided in the Revenue bill—$60 per man—will amount to $255,000,000.

"This is the amount the Congress of the United States is going to be called upon to collect from the public in the next twelve months, amounting to $6,795,000,000. This does not include the ordinary expenses of the Government, but it is true the tax bill will collect, if the estimates made are correct, in round numbers $6,000,000,000.

"Let us call your attention to this fact, that all the money in the United States amounts to only about $6,000,000,000 and we are going to be called upon for $10,000,000,000 in the next twelve months. We are not satisfied just to reach out and take all the money that all the people have, but we want one and a half times the amount that they have."

"GOD WITH ME," SAYS HALL.

Lay Preacher Acquitted of Wife Murder Recovers from Nervous Collapse.

SACO, Me., Feb. 7.—Henry H. Hall of Wells Depot, the preacher acquitted of the murder of his wife, has virtually recovered from the nervous collapse which followed the announcement of the verdict on Wednesday night. He says he has not made any definite plans for the future.

"I have felt in my heart of hearts from the very first," he said, "that my God, who knoweth and ruleth all things, would not forsake me when my hour of greatest need came. He has guided my life through the storms of the deep and on land, and He surely has been with me in this, the severest tempest in Saco."

FREE AUTO ACCESSORY MEN.

Jury Finds Jobbers Not Guilty of Restraining Trade.

Twenty individuals and sixteen corporations, members of the National Association of Automobile Accessory Jobbers, who have been on trial before Federal Judge Learned Hand on a charge of violating the Sherman anti-trust law, were found not guilty yesterday by the jury. The defendants hailed from practically all parts of the country.

The usual charges of seeking to restrain trade by fixing prices and limiting output were made.

After the verdict the defendants, who were in court, shook hands with the jurors.

JAIL FOR TAX EVADER.

Court Sentences Broker Who Made No Report of Income.

Seymour L. Rau, an insurance broker, who was found guilty in the Federal District Court of having failed to file his income tax return for 1916 and 1917, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Knox to thirty days in the City Prison and to pay a fine of $300, besides twice the amount of the tax due, which will aggregate about $334. It was the first conviction for the offense, and in imposing sentence Judge Knox said that he would send every one to prison convicted before him of failing to file a tax return.

Religious Notices on Page 13.

FOOD PRICES SWING HIGHER ONCE AGAIN

Even Butter and Eggs, Halting After Drop in Market Here, Take Upward Turn.

The upward tendency of prices of certain food commodities the last few days was more pronounced yesterday, as shown by the daily quotation of retail prices at the Washington Market, given out by Commissioner of Public Markets Jonathan C. Day. Lamb, mutton, and pork showed an increase of 3 to 5 cents over the prices of the day before. Several commodities showed increase over the prices of a week ago. While butter and eggs are much lower than a few weeks ago, the prices have been almost stationary for several days, with an upward tendency. The wholesale price of eggs increased 4 cents on Thursday, the retail price remaining at 47 and 49 cents.

Commissioner Day explained that the increase in prices was due to the fact that retailers, expecting the prices to go much lower, did not make their usual purchases, and then, when the stocks became low, they all went on the market at the same time, thus creating a demand that exceeded the supply. He though that the present prices would come down within the next week.

P. Q. Foy, of the Market Report, had another reason for the increase in prices. He said that the stiffening of prices of pork products was because the Government is allowing $17.50 for hogs. Beef and lamb products are also up because of Government contracts, he said. Mr. Foy predicted a big slump in prices of these commodities as soon as the present contracts are filled.

A comparison of prices at the Washington Market yesterday with those of Friday of last week shows an increase in a number of items and a decrease in some. The prices follow:

	Feb. 7. Cents Per Pound.	Jan. 31. Cents Per Pound.
Fresh hams	30 38 42	35 38
Loin of pork	32 35	28 32
Pork tenderloins	45 50	40 50
Belly pork	35 38	35
Smoked hams	38 40	35 38
Fresh shoulder of pork	32 34	30 32
Smoked beef tongue	32 34	32 34
Bacon	40 50	32 40
Pure lard	30	30
Sausages	22 25 35 45	22 25 35 45
Smoked calas	30	32
Smoked roulettes	32 34	32
Prime rib roast	35 40 50	35 40 50
Choice cut rib roast	32	32
Top sirloin roast	35 38	35 38
Pot roast	35 42 48	35 42 48
Chuck roast	30	30
Porterhouse steak	50 55 60	55 60
Sirloin steak	38 45 55	35 50
Round steak	48	48
Leg of lamb	38 42	35 40
Delmonico steak	52	52
Shoulder of lamb	28 32 35	22 32
Lamb chops, rib	45	43
Lamb chops, loin	45	45
Lamb chops	32	32
Leg of mutton	28 30	25 28
Shoulder of mutton	15 20	15 20
Leg of veal	35 38	30 38
Shoulder of veal	25 28	22 24
Breast of veal	22	22
Veal chops	32	32
Stew lamb	30 32	30 32
Tub butter	57	60
Print butter	59	62
Fresh eggs	47 49	62 70
American cheese	42	42
Swiss cheese	60	60
Roast. chicken, common	40	*..
Roast. chicken, fancy	45	*..
Fowl	38	35 38
Turkeys	50 52	45 50

*One grade at 40 cents.

Commissioner Day has announced that a comparison of retail prices in Manhattan and Brooklyn markets showed that Brooklyn prices were at the time appreciably higher. He said eggs were from 5 to 10 cents a dozen higher and meat from 5 to 10 cents a pound higher.

Persons who take their meals in restaurants have noticed that, although the retail price of eggs has slumped about 30 cents a dozen in the last few weeks, the prices in the restaurants remain the same. The price of eggs in "popular-priced" restaurants remains 30 cents for an order of two. There has been no decrease noted in any prices in these establishments.

Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges the receipt of $5 from Charles P. Light of Washington, D. C., for Mrs. P. This donation was sent in answer to an appeal made by the Charity Organization Society.

GLASS TO HEAR PLAN FOR LOAN CAMPAIGN

Secretary of Treasury to be Guest of Reserve Bank Officers Here.

DISCUSS TWO NEW ISSUES

Bond at High Rate, Liable Only to Surtaxes, Is Proposed—Campaign Date Not Settled.

Secretary of the Treasury Carter Glass will be a guest on Friday at a dinner to be given by the officers of the New York Federal Reserve Bank, and while he is here he will confer with the local Liberty Loan Committee. The committee will have a definite plan for the Fifth Liberty Loan campaign ready for his consideration.

While no final agreement has been reached by the committee, a plan which has the approval of some of the individual members, calls for the issuance of two classes of bonds. One is a bond of high interest rate, but liable only to the income tax surtaxes, thus making an appeal to the citizen of limited means. Another is a bond of low interest rate, exempt from all income taxes, normal and surtax, and probably containing some exemptions on corporation taxes. This latter issue, it is believed, would draw large subscriptions from individuals and corporations.

As to the rates of interest on the proposed two classes, it is believed that the tax-exempt issue could be floated on a 4 per cent. basis, and might even be successful at a rate as low as 3½ per cent. For the other classification, it is believed that the rate would have to be close to, if not quite, 5 per cent. Advices from the South and West indicate that bankers there are anxious for a 5 per cent. bond, but here the opinion is that a 3½ per cent. or 4 per cent. tax exempt issue would be well taken.

It is predicted here that the size of the Victory Loan will be $6,000,000,000. Bankers point out that there would be some difficulty in dividing this, or any other arbitrary sum, into the two classes proposed, so that if the dual issue is finally decided upon, it is expected that subscriptions for unlimited amounts will be asked for, with the Secretary of the Treasury having the authority to accept all or any part of the responses. This would be following the general lines of war finance in Great Britain and other countries. It would, however, be a new departure in American war finance.

Another novel feature of the proposal likely to be made to the Secretary of the Treasury is that the new bonds have a maturity of not more than five years, and that the Government reserve the right to call the bonds in two or three years. This would allow the Government to refund the loan on more favorable terms if interest rates declined and funds became more plentiful after the war.

A report that the Victory Loan campaign would be postponed until June was generally discredited by bankers yesterday. The original intention of starting the campaign the first week in April is not expected to prevail, but it is believed that the campaign will be opened directly after Easter, which comes the latter part of April. Some bankers think it would be advisable to wait until June before offering the loan, to take advantage of the mid-year accumulation of investment capital. The majority opinion is that this would be of little or no value to the Government because of the size of the loan, and it is generally believed that the sooner the operation is out of the way the better it will be both for the Government and general business.

The women of the Second Federal Reserve District are beginning to organize for the next Liberty Loan campaign. Mrs. John T. Pratt, District Chairman, has issued a call for a meeting in her home in this city on March 7, when the Chairmen of all the districts will discuss the plan for the Victory bond issue. Announcement also was made yesterday at the headquarters of the War Savings Committee, that William Fellowes Morgan, President of the Merchants' Association, had accepted the Chairmanship of the new Trades Committee to promote the sale in 1919 of War Savings Stamps.

JAPAN PLEDGES $50,000,000.

Takes Treasury Certificates to Stabilize Exchange Rates.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Secretary Glass tonight announced that the Japanese Government made a subscription of $50,000,000, through the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, to the fifth bi-weekly offering of Treasury certificates of indebtedness in anticipation of the Victory Liberty Loan soon to be floated.

This is one of the various methods directly or indirectly used by the Japanese Government to keep within bounds exchange rates between the two countries during the last three years. "The action of the Japanese Government," said Mr. Glass tonight, "is very helpful in its effect upon the international exchange and is greatly appreciated by the Treasury."

The fifth bi-weekly offering of Treasury certificates of indebtedness was oversubscribed. The minimum amount offered was $600,000,000, and the total subscriptions aggregate $687,381,500. The aggregate of subscriptions for certificates in anticipation of the Victory Liberty Loan to date is $3,225,099,500.

The results by Federal Reserve districts, arranged in order of the percentage of subscription of their quotas, are as follows:

Federal Reserve Bank.	Quota.	Subscription.
New York	$203,200,000	$265,844,500
St. Louis	24,000,000	29,678,500
Chicago	84,000,000	103,048,500
Minneapolis	20,800,000	24,600,000
Cleveland	54,400,000	60,786,500
Philadelphia	42,400,000	46,173,000
San Francisco	42,400,000	45,400,000
Richmond	20,800,000	20,836,500
Boston	52,000,000	48,800,000
Atlanta	17,600,000	16,262,500
Kansas City	24,000,000	20,000,000
Dallas	14,400,000	5,951,500
Total	$600,000,000	$687,381,500

Secretary Glass tonight, under authority of the act approved Sept. 24, 1917, as amended by the act approved April 4, 1918, offered for subscription, at par and accrued interest, through the Federal Reserve banks, $600,000,000 or more Treasury certificates of indebtedness, Series V. F., dated and bearing interest from Feb. 13, 1919, payable July 15, 1919, with interest at the rate of 4½ per cent. per annum. Applications will be received at the Federal Reserve banks. Subscription books will close at the close of business Feb. 20, 1919. Certificates will be issued in denominations of $500, $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, and $100,000.

Gidding

PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST NEW YORK

"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA."

COUNTRY CLOTHES
FOR NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN SPORT EVENTS

SMART NEW SWEATERS
SEPARATE SKIRTS—KNITTED SPORT SUITS—CHINTZ AND ORGANDIE DRESSES—HANDMADE KNITTED AND FABRIC COUNTRY HATS
PARASOLS—BATHING SUITS &c.

A SUPERB, THRILLING, SPECTACULAR NOVEL SURPASSING ANYTHING IN MODERN FICTION.

The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse

By IBANEZ—The Greatest Novelist in Europe

Cloth, $1.90 (postage extra).
At all bookstores or may be ordered direct from

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York

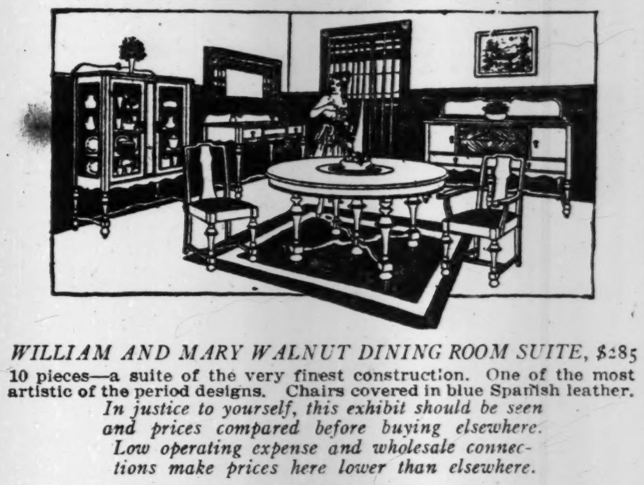
Established 1857

FEBRUARY SALE

FURNITURE

Marked Reductions—Extraordinary Values—Bedroom, Dining Room & Living Room Suites

OUR SIX IMMENSE FLOORS EXTENDING FROM BLOCK TO BLOCK ARE DEVOTED ENTIRELY TO THE DISPLAY OF THIS FURNITURE.



WILLIAM AND MARY WALNUT DINING ROOM SUITE, $285

10 pieces—a suite of the very finest construction. One of the most artistic of the period designs. Chairs covered in blue Spanish leather.

In justice to yourself, this exhibit should be seen and prices compared before buying elsewhere. Low operating expense and wholesale connections make prices here lower than elsewhere.

SHEPPARD KNAPP SON CO.
CARPETS INC. RUGS
RETAIL WHOLESALE
39-41 WEST 23D ST.

Your Federal Tax Report

How Will YOU Prepare it This Year?

LET THE PRENTICE-HALL TAX SERVICE HELP YOU.

Your tax problem this year will be bigger, more complicated than ever. To prepare your tax reports correctly you will need the help of the Prentice-Hall Tax Service. This Service tells you, in language the layman can easily understand, how to classify income and expenses, how to calculate invested capital and how to take every legitimate advantage of every provision of the new law.

It shows definitely how to avoid tax overpayments.

It answers every tax question and solves every tax problem you have.

That is why leading banks, trust companies, lawyers, accountants, business houses and internal revenue agents are using this Service. That is why you should use it.

What you get when you subscribe to the Prentice-Hall Tax Service

1. A booklet of bookkeeping and accounting suggestions that tells you what to do in closing your books to take every legitimate advantage permitted by the law.
2. A reprint of the law.
3. A brief digest and analysis of the law.
4. A 1,000-page book (flexible binding) that explains every legal and accounting detail of the law.
5. Weekly supplements, showing every change in the interpretation of the law.
6. Special supplements, explaining particularly difficult or timely questions.
7. Supplements, containing copies of the report forms and complete instructions for their preparation and filing.
8. A loose-leaf binder for 5, 6, and 7.

All this is but $20—and the Service is

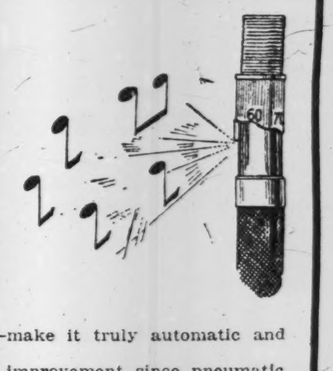
SENT TO YOU FOR FREE EXAMINATION.

PRENTICE-HALL, Inc., 70 Fifth Ave., New York.
Phone Chelsea 9499

Kindly enter this approval order for the Prentice-Hall Tax Service for 1919. I agree to examine the Service, and either to remit the price, $20, or return the Service within 10 days after receiving it.

Name ....
(Please print to insure correct shipping)
Business Firm ....
Street ....
City .... State ....

P. S.—If you prefer to remit with order, send $19.50 in full payment.



"It Whistles When It's Had Enough"

MANUFACTURERS and DEALERS

There's a canker worm in the tire industry—you know it! It destroys the best tires ever put together—brings 75% of them to an untimely end—gets them black-balled unjustly.

WRONG INFLATION—That's It.

How can you absolutely control inflation—make it truly automatic and fool proof?

We have the answer in the greatest valve improvement since pneumatic tires were thought of. When you see it you will say that the importance of this new valve cannot be overestimated.

On Exhibition at Room 705A, Hotel Pennsylvania.

AUTOMATIC SAFETY TIRE VALVE CORP.,
199-203 Eighth Street, Long Island City, N. Y.

NOTE: See our attachment that fits valves of all makes. Goes on like a Dust Cap. Measures and automatically adjusts inflation to desired pressure. Positively fool proof.

TIRE INFLATION IS TIRE SALVATION

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats

At $25

A group representing almost the entire stock that we have arbitrarily priced $25, for Friday and Saturday.

The Suits

Two and Three Button Models | Conservative Models
Soft Roll Models. | Skirted Models.

The Overcoats

Chesterfield Models. | The smart coats of the Season.
Skirted Models.

This collection for Friday and Saturday. Special for Men and Young Men. All Sizes—and the Season's Newest Models and Colorings.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

Military Clothing

½ Price Sale

Trench Coats, Raincoats, Overcoats, Shirts, Suits, Puttees, etc.

Suitable for Civilian wear—for Motoring, Hunting, and Hiking—as well as for Military Men who want "something better."

Officers' Overseas Trench Coats
$55.00 *Now* $27.50
Separate Wool Linings

Officers' Whipcord Suits......$60.00 *Now* $30.00
Officers' Serge Suits..........$55.00 *Now* $27.50
Officers' Serge Suits..........$50.00 *Now* $25.00

Officers' Trench Coats.$50.00 *Now* $25.00
Moleskin and belted, single or double breasted.

Officers' Raincoats..$40.00 *Now* $20.00
Raincoats..$30.00 *Now* $15.00
Raincoats...........$35.00 *Now* $17.50
Officers' Raincoats....$22.50 *Now* $11.25
U. S. Navy Raincoats, (Black)..........$30.00 *Now* $15.00
U. S. A. Spiral Puttees..$6.00 *Now* $3.00

Officers' Leather Puttees.$5.00 *Now* $2.50
Wool Army Shirts..$7.50 *Now* $3.75
Wool Army Shirts. $8.00 *Now* $4.00
Wool Army Shirts. $9.00 *Now* $4.50
Cotton Khaki Shirts. $5.50 *Now* $2.75
Cotton Khaki Shirts. $3.50 *Now* $1.75
Silk Khaki Shirts.$10.00 *Now* $5.00

Officers' Garrison Caps................$5.00 Now $2.50

Leather Aviation Coat, Corduroy Lining..........$65.00 Now $32.50
Leather Aviation Coat, Moleskin Lining..........$55.00 Now $27.50
Leather Aviation Coat, Moleskin Lining..........$30.00 Now $15.00

No C. O. D.'s GIMBELS—MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor No Returns

Pebeco neutralizes mouth acids

"Acid-Mouth" is the cause of far too much tooth agony and tooth decay. Dental authorities believe that 19 out of 20 persons have it.

According to the law of averages, you have "Acid-Mouth," and so have several members of your family.

What will you do to check a condition, which if left unchecked, may doom you to a toothless old age?

Have your teeth examined twice yearly by your dentist. Use Pebeco Tooth Paste twice a day.

Then you will have reasonable assurance of sound teeth for life.

OUR SIGN IS OUR BOND
Lehn & Fink
New York

PEBECO TOOTH PASTE

Counteracts "Acid-Mouth"

Sold by druggists everywhere

In stock waiting for your selection

'PHONE us or visit our store today—make your selection—place your order. Your safe will be delivered ready for use promptly.

Van Dorn Safes
(System-fitted)

are built in three sizes and the purchaser makes his own selection of interior filing drawers to meet his needs. In other words, you can have a filing safe planned to your order and delivered on short notice from stock on hand or from our Broadway store.

The Van Dorn Iron Works Co.
318 Broadway
Phone—"Worth 5080"

ARMY CASUALTIES REPORTED NOW TOTAL 242,741

Four Lists Issued Yesterday Contain Names of 71 Killed in Action

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Four army casualty lists were issued today by the War Department, containing 1,353 names, bringing the total for the army up to 236,970. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued, but the total previously reported for that arm was 5,771. The total for army and Marine Corps is now 242,741.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 71 killed in action, 37 died of wounds, 5 died of accident, 49 died of disease, 39 severely wounded, 511 wounded to a degree undetermined, 626 slightly wounded, and 15 missing.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Feb. 7.	Total.
Killed in action	30,697	71	30,768
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	12,983	37	13,020
Died of accident	2,739	5	2,744
Died of disease	18,946	49	18,995
Total	66,097	162	66,259
Wounded	157,733	1,176	157,909
Missing	11,787	15	11,802
Total	235,617	1,353	236,970

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ADELMAN, W. J., 136 Scholes St., Brooklyn....(WL)
AFFENITO, EUGENE, 3,031 Fulton St., Brooklyn....(WL)
BECHER, JOSEPH, 117 Pulaski St., Brooklyn....(WU)
BENNETT, R. E., 50 Park Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
BRONNER, CHARLES, 202 E. 96th St.(WU)
CAPUTO, JOSEPH, 205 N. 8th St., Brooklyn....(WL)
CARDONE, PETER, 771 Ashford St., Brooklyn....(WL)
CARROLL, JAMES, 67 W. 104th St....(WL)
CLARKE, P. J., 117 E. 120th St.—Sgt.(WU)
CONN, W. J., 87 Madison St., Brooklyn—Sgt....(WU)
COREY, C. V., 801 West End Av....(WL)
DEIRSO, SALVESTRO, 194 Prospect St., Brooklyn....(WL)
DE MARCO, JOSEPH, 366 Broome St.(WL)
DE MARIA, ANTHONY, 241 E. 148th St....(WL)
DE RENZO, ANTONIO, 146 Bayard St., Brooklyn....(WL)
DURANT, W. M., 41 W. 183d St.—Sgt.(WL)
DYNAN, W. G., 1,934 Webster Av.—Sgt....(WU)
EVANS, P. J., 103 E. 90th St.—Corp..(WL)
EVYUN, HENRY, 120 Seigel St., Brooklyn....(KA)
FERNANDEZ, AGNACIO, 1 Broadway....(DW)
FIELD, R. F., 1,173 Herkimer St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
FILSINGER, W., 68 Vermont St., Bkn.(WU)
FINNEGAN, E. J., Jr., 550 Leonard St., Brooklyn—Corp....(KA)
FISENNE, C. E., 329 11th St., Bklyn.(WL)
FULLER, G. A., Central Square—Sgt..(DD)
GABRIEL, G. S., 153 E. 86th St....(WU)
GOLDBERG, M., 159 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
GOLDEN, H., 111 E. 112th St....(WU)
GRIFFIN, H. V., 84 Court St., Bklyn..(WU)
GROSS, E. B., 2,096 Daly Av—Sgt....(WL)
GROSS, H. J., 1,845 Park Pl., Bklyn..(WL)
HARLEY, W. P., 93 Schenectady Av., Brooklyn—Corp....(WU)
HERNER, H. H., 210 Floyd St., Bklyn.(WL)
HERRON, A., 10 21st St., Elmhurst....(WL)
HERRON, J. F., 1,542 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
HERSCHOWITZ, A., 201 E. 7th St....(WL)
HERZ, E., 445 E. 86th St....(WL)
HILL, J. H., 254 Vanderbilt Av., Bkn.(WU)
HOFFMAN, H., 190 Lewis Av., Bklyn..(WL)
HUMPHREYS, T. F., 348 Hicks St., Brooklyn....(WL)
HUNT, F. V., 412 Vanderbilt St—Sgt.(WU)
JACHTER, L., 520 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
JOURDAIN, F., 246 W. 36th St.—Bgl..(WL)
KAHN, J., 95 Monroe St—Sgt....(WU)
KANE, T., 262 Hemlock St., Bklyn....(WU)
KAPLAN, S., 4,019 7th Av., Bklyn....(WL)
KARLINSKY, M., 316 Stockton St.,Bkn.(WL)
KASPIROVITCH, J., 243 Henry St....(WL)
KELLY, J. C., 458 W. 31st St.—Corp..(WS)
KENWORTHY, H. E., 232 Hamburg Av., Brooklyn....(WL)
KENYON, N. T., 61 Broadway—Lt....(DW)
KEOGH, E. D., 403 E. 79th St....(WU)
KERN, J. W., 520 W. 148th St....(WU)
KINBACHER, J., 13 Grafton St., Bkn.(WL)
KRAFT, E. A., 931 E. 15th St., Bkn—Sgt....(WL)
KRAUSE, H. J., 115 Hamilton Place..(WU)
LANDERS, G. J., 250 W. 20th St.—Sgt.(WL)
LENETSKA, H., 1,016 Faile St....(WL)
LENTE, H. O., 632 2d St., Bklyn....(WU)
LIPMAN, H., 1,813 Lexington Av....(WU)
LOSCO, PATRICK, 418 E. 19th St....(WL)
LUKEN, A., 1,947 52d St., Bkn—Mch.(WL)
McGOWAN, W. A., 238 E. 82d St....(KA)
McGRATH, J. F., 87 Madison Av., Flushing....(WU)
MALLOY, F. J., Jr., 1,764 Amsterdam Av.—Sgt....(WL)
MALONEY, T. J., 198 16th St., Brooklyn—Sgt....(WU)
MANOS, LOUIS, 99-101 W. 20th St....(WL)
MAZZIO, A., 161 Troy Av., Bklyn....(WU)
O'CONNOR, DENIS, 334 E. 90th St—Sgt....(WU)
PATE, R. E., Jr., 563 W. 169th St.—Sgt....(WU)
REGAZZI, A. J., 134 North Elliott Pl., Brooklyn....(WL)
REID, E. D., 549 Warren St., Bklyn..(WL)
REYNOLDS, M. G., Jr., 76 Bank St—Lt....(DD)
ROTH, EMIL, 421 7th St., Bklyn—Sgt.(WU)
SCHMIDT, A. V., 25 South St.—Sgt...(WL)
SCHMITZ, A. C., 633 Central Av., Brooklyn—Sgt....(WU)
SHEA, MICHAEL, 314 W. 117th St.—Wagn....(WU)
SMITH, W. A., 367 W. 117th St....(WL)
SMITH, W. A., 92 E. 31st St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
TANCK, EDWARD, 34 Central Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
TARAKOFSKY, LOUIS, 100 Orchard St.—Corp....(WL)
TEMPLETON, C. K., 120 Riverside Drive—Lt....(WU)
VYSKECIL, FRANK, 358 W. 72d St.—Corp....(WS)
WEISS, W. E., 1,352 Hancock St., Brooklyn....(WU)
WIENAND, W. E., 415 E. 56th St....(WU)
WHITMARSH, F. L., 913 West End Av.—Lt....(WU)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

ADAMS, O. N., Aurora—Sgt....(WU)
ADAMZAK, PAUL, Buffalo....(WU)
AGNELLO, SALVATORE, Jamestown.(WL)
AHEARN, FRANCIS M., Clayburgh..(WL)
AMADIO, ANTHONY, Yonkers....(WL)
ARCHAMBEAULT, J. A., Cohoes....(WL)
AUTHIER, LOUIS A., Dayton....(WU)
BENNCE, JOSEPH, Brockton....(WL)
BENNETT, KENNETH E., Hornell..(WU)
BORDEAU, EDWARD, Plattsburg....(WL)
BORESCH, CHARLES, Glendale....(WL)
BRIDGE, JOHN J., Tonawanda....(WU)
BROWN, ALEXANDER J., Troy....(WL)
BUSH, AUGUST C., Oswego....(WL)
CARD, RICHARD D., Bainbridge....(WL)
CARNEVALE, G. G., Oriskany....(WU)
CAREY, C. J., Lake Placid—Corp....(WU)
CARMAN, HERBERT M., Prattsville.(WU)
CARPENTER, H. B., Carlton—Corp..(WL)
CHAMPA, FRANK L., Owego....(WL)
CHAPIN, C. L., Clifton Springs....(WL)
CHINONSKI, J., Little Neck....(WL)
COHEN, BENJAMIN, Rochester....(WU)
COLUCCI, DOMINICK, Utica....(WL)
CONAUGHTON, E. J., Elmira—Sgt....(WU)
CONKLIN, C. H., Croton Lake....(WL)
CONSTANZO, GIUSEPPE, Schenectady.(WU)
COOPER, CHARLES C., Brushton....(WU)
CZAJKA, JOSEPH M., Buffalo....(WL)
DEINZER, JACOB J., Buffalo....(WL)
DE MARIS, A. M., Camden—Sgt....(WU)
DILETTERA, DOMINIC, Rochester...(WU)
DINGLER, IRADELL V., Elmira....(WL)
EATON, JOSEPH, South Troy—Corp....(WL)
EATON, ROBERT A., Syracuse—Sgt....(WL)
ENGLISH, CALVIN G., West Fulton..(WU)
ENNIST, B. S., Kingston—Sgt....(WU)
ENTROTT, CHAUNCEY, Kingston....(WU)
EXNER, FRED H., Weedsport....(WL)
FELCONE, TONY, Buffalo....(WL)
FELITAN, PAUL A., Syracuse—Sgt....(WL)
FERGUSON, HARRY O., Bath....(DD)
FICKENSCHER, H. W., Buffalo—Corp.(WL)
FIELD, S. A., Larchmont Manor....(WL)
FINAZZO, VINCENZO, Auburn....(WL)
FIORELLA, NICHOLAS A., Buffalo....(WL)
FRANDY, TONEY, Amsterdam....(WL)
FUSCO, CARMINE, Glens Falls....(WL)
GALGANO, ANGELO, Mount Vernon..(WU)
GRIFFITH, HENRY A., Utica—Cook..(WL)
GROLZ, GEORGE C., Albany....(WL)
GROSE, EDGAR L., Mohawk—Corp....(WU)
HALL, ALBRO D., Syracuse....(WL)
HARRER, GEORGE C., Buffalo....(WL)
HARRINGTON, C. H., Peekskill....(WL)
HARRINGTON, JAY F., Waterford....(WU)
HERZOG, ARTHUR W., Rochester....(WL)
HESSEL, WILLIAM A., Utica....(WL)
HICKEY, A. F., Watertown—Sgt....(WU)
HUGUENIN, FARON B., Buffalo....(WU)
HULL, WILLIAM A., Marcellus....(WU)
HUMPHREY, RAY H., Union—Capt...(WL)
HUNT, SAMUEL W., Westport—Corp.(WS)
JACQUIN, EDWARD, No. Tarrytown.(WU)
JOY, FRANK H., Oswego—Sgt....(WL)
JOHNSON, E. W., Mexico—Corp....(WS)
KAISER, ALFRED L., Dunkirk....(WU)
KAPPES, KARL, Albany....(WL)
KEHRLEY, F., White Sulphur Springs.(WL)
KENT, HOWARD E., Clarence....(WU)
KING, F., Schuyler Falls—Sgt. Maj...(WU)
KING, F. W., Chasm Falls....(WL)
KLEEK, JOHN, Poolville....(WL)
KLINGEMBECK, H.J., Middle Village.(WL)
KNAPP, M. S., Arcade....(WL)
KOSOFUK, A. F., Oswego....(WU)
KRECKER, JOSEPH, Maspeth....(WL)
LALONDE, GEORGE, Watertown....(WU)
LANSING, B. H., Rochester—Sgt....(WL)
LASKEY, B. W., Albion....(WU)
MALONEY, W. H., Troy....(WU)
NAGEL, JOHN, Medina—Mch....(DD)
PLASKAWIECKI, JULIUS, Buffalo...(DW)
QUINN, W. J., North Tarrytown....(WU)
REESE, ALBERT, Kingston—Sgt....(WL)
ROBINSON, D. D., Nunda—Lt....(WL)
RYAN, C. H., Cortland....(WL)
RYAN, F. W., Syracuse—Sgt....(WU)
SHEEHAN, R. J., Buffalo....(WU)
SMITH, W. H., Buffalo....(WL)
SPULAWSKI, STEVE, Olean....(DW)
STEFFENHAGEN, E., Rochester....(WU)
TRIPP, F. S., Guilford—Corp....(WL)
VADNEY, ALBERT A., Albany....(WU)
VICKERS, DAVID E., Sprakus....(WL)
VILLINEUVE, E. L., Syracuse—Sgt....(WL)
WATERS, JOHN S., Albany....(WU)
WILHELM, KARL E., Buffalo—Lt....(WL)
YOLE, ALFRED N., Rochester....(WU)
ZIMMERMAN, EARL W., Brownsville.(WL)

ALABAMA.

LEE, JOHNSON, Kalmia....(DD)
MUTES, JAMES C., Troy....(DW)
PAYNE, WILEY, Greenville....(DD)
PLOTT, WILL R., Verbena....(KA)
WILLIAMS, T. E., Midland City—Corp.(DW)

ARIZONA.

BOYER, LOUIS S., Clarksdale....(KA)

ARKANSAS.

CROW, ARTHUR F., Lafe....(KA)
NEAL, SAMMIE B., Crossett....(DD)

CALIFORNIA.

NELSON, LEWIS, Alhambra....(DD)
NORTON, WILLIAM L., Marysville....(KA)
SULLIVAN, CORNELIUS, Alameda...(DW)
SWAN, GLENN V., Berkeley....(KA)
WILKINSON, CHARLES, Richmond...(DW)

COLORADO.

HUDDLESTON, M. F., Pueblo—Wagn..(DA)
RAFFERTY, GEORGE B., Pueblo....(KA)
WINBERG, NILS, Palisade....(DD)

CONNECTICUT.

BON TEMPO, A., New Haven—Sgt....(WU)
BOUSQUET, WILFRED, Putnam....(WL)
CARROLL, W. R., Bridgeport....(DD)
CLARKE, GEORGE, Shelton....(WL)
CUSHMAN, JOSEPH E., Stonington....(WL)
EAGAN, DENNIS F., Ansonia....(WU)
FIXER, CHARLES R., New Hartford.(DW)
HARRINGTON, G. E., East Killingly..(WL)
HODGE, ALFRED, So. Glastonbury....(KA)
JACOBSON, ARON, New London....(WL)
LAHY, JAMES D., Hartford—Lt....(WU)
MALONE, F. P., New Haven—Sgt....(WU)
MALONE, JAMES E., New Haven....(WL)
MARSCHAT, F., Willimantic—Corp....(WS)
MARSELLA, C. B., Waterbury....(WU)
MAZZA, ANTONIO, Meriden—Mch....(WL)
PEASE, D. A., Hartford—Lt....(WU)
RADLIFF, DENNETT D., Hartford....(WL)
RATHBUN, R. J., Milford—Sgt....(DD)
REEVES, E. M., Windsor Locks—Corp.(WS)
RYAN, EDWARD M., Norwalk....(WU)
STEMPIEN, ANDREW, New Britain..(WL)
TREVELIN, FRANK, Seymour—Corp..(WU)
WATERS, JAMES H., Ansonia—Corp..(WL)
WILLIAMS, EDWARD G., Bridgeport.(WL)

GEORGIA.

CARTER, WILLIAM L., Baxley....(KA)
GIBSON, LENZY, Americus....(DD)
SWYGERT, ALBERT M., Haralson....(DD)

ILLINOIS.

BELSNER, FRED, Chicago....(DD)
CZAPORSKI, FRANK, Chicago....(KA)
LARSON, LEONARD, Galesburg....(DW)

INDIANA.

AUSTIN, FLOYD E., Scottsbins....(KA)
BROWN, PLEASANT, Corydon....(DW)
WILSON, WINFIELD S., Logansport.(DW)

IOWA.

BEINTEMA, ED, Pella....(DD)
HELLER, CARL B., Dubuque....(KA)
JENSEN, EINAR, Newell....(DW)
JONES, FRANK W., Chester—Corp....(KA)
KENDRICK, GLENN R., Villisca....(DW)
MURPHY, THOMAS F., Wilton....(KA)
NOTTGER, F. C., Waverly—Sgt....(DD)
UNDERHILL, E. E., Little Rock....(
VANMETER, HARVEY J., Clinton....(DW)

KANSAS.

KIRKPATRICK, ROY, Olathe—Corp...(KA)

KENTUCKY.

BLANSFORD, ROBERT, W. Louisville.(KA)
JACKSON, GEORGE, Louisville....(DD)
McCOOY, CLARENCE H., Providence..(KA)
SHOCKLEE, LEWIS, Livermore....(KA)

LOUISIANA.

GAUTREAU, LEON J., Gonzales....(KA)
HOLLINS, FRED, Mansuria....(DD)
SAM, ALEXIS, Grankato....(DD)
SHEFFIELD, JOHN, Stanton....(KA)
WRIGHT, HILL, Ruston....(DD)

MAINE.

COLLINS, AUSTIN W., Winterport..(DW)

MARYLAND.

KLEIN, F. A. Baltimore....(KA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

BONESLAWSKI, JOHN, Everett....(KA)
HAMILTON, EDWARD E., Gloucester.(DD)
SULLIVAN, E. M., Newton Centre....(KA)
SUTHERLAND, C. R., Beverly—Sgt...(DD)

MICHIGAN.

CARVETH, G. E., Saginaw....(KA)
DAVID, ABRAM, Standish....(DD)
FULLER, A. W., Trenton....(KA)
GRAVES, A. D., Manchester....(DA)
MANOCKE, T. P., Coldwater—Corp..(KA)
RILEY, D. J., Detroit....(DD)
STRONG, I. G., Sandusky....(DD)
WAGNER, H. H., Harlan....(KA)
WENTZEL, HENRY, Hamilton....(KA)
WOOOWORTH, E. F., Owosso....(KA)

MINNESOTA.

KALLESTAD, J. A., Frost....(KA)
LIEN, L. A., Rothsay....(KA)
LUNDAHL, W. F., Alpha—Corp....(DD)
NEWBURGH, ROY, Hamline—Cook....(DD)
SMITH, GEORGE, Ponsford....(KA)

MISSISSIPPI.

DYESS, W. C., Mosell....(DD)
LOPER, T. G., Roades....(DD)

MISSOURI.

DITTO, E. J., Pleasant Hill....(KA)
JENKINS, J. A., Henley....(DD)
JENNERO, R. P., St. Louis....(DD)
ROSA, CARL A., Granger—Cook....(DD)
SAILOR, G. W., Montgomery City....(KA)
THUET, O. V., St. Louis....(DW)

MONTANA.

DWYER, P. A., Shelby—Corp....(DD)
EVEY, JOHN P., Lewistown....(DW)

NEW JERSEY.

ADUBATO, FRANK, Newark—Corp....(WL)
ANDERSON, J. A., Washington....(KA)
BENNARDI, VITO, Paterson....(WU)
CARDIFF, R. J., Elizabethport....(WL)
CARNEY, JOHN D., Elizabeth....(WU)
CLARK, GEORGE, Paterson....(WU)
CLARK, GEORGE A., Kearny....(WL)
CLOWES, C. E., Union Hill....(WU)
COLLINS, JOSEPH F., Newark....(WL)
DEHAVEN, WM., Collingswood....(WU)
DERNBACH, E. L., North Bergen....(WU)
DESIMONE, RUDOLPH, Carteret....(WU)
DEVITO, N. P., Perth Amboy....(WL)
DI BESSO, LUIGI, South Amboy....(WU)
DIETRICH, EMIL, West Hoboken....(WL)
DRAKE, ALONZO, Glen Gardner....(WL)
DURSTEWITZ, FRANK J., Hoboken..(WL)
DYKSTRA, THOMAS, Paterson—Sgt..(WU)
DYSON, WILLIAM P., Hoboken....(WL)
ECKMAN, LEON, Lakewood....(WL)
EXEL, GUSTAVE, Clifton....(WL)
FELDMAN, LOUIS, Paterson....(WU)
FELTON, W. J., New Brunswick....(WL)
FICCIO, UMBERTO, Newark....(WL)
FLEISCHER, M., Vineland—Lt....(WL)
FORRI, JOHN, Newark....(WL)
FRECK, C., Jr., Burlington....(WL)
GADONSKY, G., Jersey City....(KA)
GEISLER, OSCAR F., Lodi....(WL)
GREHUSKO, J., Jersey City Heights..(WL)
GREENE, GRANT D., Camden....(WU)
GROGAN, JOHN M., Dover....(WL)
GURRERA, ANTONIO, Newark....(WU)
HARKER, WILBUR, Columbus....(WL)
HENRIKSSON, E. O. R., Jersey City..(WL)
HERR, EDGAR T., Elizabeth....(WU)
JOHNSON, CARL B., Newark....(WL)
JOHNSON, H., Jersey City—Sgt....(WU)
KALLENBERG, CARL H., Newark....(WL)
KASKY, JOHN, New Brunswick....(WL)
KERR, HARRY, Hawthorne....(WL)
KING, FRANK H., Millville....(WL)
KLEKOTKA, JOHN, Cambridge....(WU)
KLOEBLEN, AUGUST, Hoboken....(WU)
LANE, WILLIAM, Newark—Corp....(WS)
LANZARA, ANTHONY, Newark....(WU)
LAYTON, EDWARD, Tuckahoe....(WU)
LULIWITZ, RICHARD O., Passaic....(WL)
LUTZ, JOHN, Elizabeth....(WL)
MARTINO, F., Hoboken....(MA)
METENSKI, P., Harrison—Corp....(WL)
NANN, E. G., Jersey City—Corp....(WU)
OLSANSKI, PETER, Bayonne....(KA)
ORGAN, A. M., Newark—Corp....(WL)
PALFFY, EDWARD E., Passaic....(WL)
RADICE, DANIEL, Trenton—Sgt....(WL)
REED, JOHN F., Trenton....(DD)
REISMULLER, J. L., E. Orange—Mus..(WS)
RENSSELAER, VAN, Ridgewood....(WU)
RIEDEL, CHRIS F., North Bergen....(KA)
ROACH, JOSEPH A., Plainfield....(DD)
ROBINSON, J. W., Jersey City—Sgt....(WL)
ROMANO, N. S. M., Hoboken—Corp...(WU)
SAXNES, CASIMIR, Van Buren....(WU)
SCOFIELD, TONY, Newark—Corp....(WU)
SEGALE, V. E., West Hoboken—Corp..(WU)
SEIGMAN, C. K., Vineland—Corp....(WU)
SMITH, EMIL A., Newark—Corp....(WS)
SMITH, WILLIAM H., Camden....(WL)
SOSNOWSKI, ALEXANDER, Bayonne.(WL)
TAYLOR, G. P., Upper Montclair—Lt..(WL)
THIBAULT, GEORGE J., Tenafly—Sgt.(WL)
THIES, AUGUST F., Athenia—Sgt....(WL)
WAGNER, F. W., Jersey City....(KA)

NEW MEXICO.

FRANCIS, JESSE C., Clovis....(DD)
HOOVER, FLOYD C., Cuervo—Cook....(KA)
PESHIA, LEWIS C., Socorro....(DD)

NORTH CAROLINA.

OLIVE, C. C., Greensboro—Lt....(DD)

NORTH DAKOTA.

FREGIEN, JOHN, Coldwater....(KA)
GAINER, IRWIN E., Neche....(DW)

OHIO.

BUSHAWN, H. F., West Liberty....(DA)
CLINE, HARPER M., Lakeville....(KA)
HOFFMAN, G. S., Findlay—Mch....(DD)
LEASURE, MAURICE J., Mansfield..(DW)
LIDEY, SAMUEL B., Bushville....(DW)
MOELLER, RICHARD, Celina....(KA)
PYER, THOMAS, Youngstown....(KA)
SPIGELMIRE, IRA V., Copley....(DW)
STOEPLER, JOHN W., Newark....(KA)

PENNSYLVANIA.

BOHEN, F., Philadelphia—Civilian....(DD)
HERRING, RAE F., Altoona—Lt....(DA)
HESS, DOYLE E., Berwick—Sgt....(KA)
JOHNSON, JOHN H., Philadelphia....(DD)
JOHNSON, ROY A., Lehighton—Sgt...(DW)
KARAFA, JOSEPH, Lamberton....(KA)
KASICK, MIKE, Gallitzin....(DW)
McCLEAN, ALEX., Philadelphia....(DW)
NELSON, E. L., Covington—Sgt....(DD)
O'BRIEN, PATRICK, Philadelphia....(KA)
PETERS, H. B., Osceola Mills—Lt....(KA)
POPORNOSKI, W., Pittsburgh....(DW)
STEIGHNER, CHRIS A., Fenelton....(DW)
SCHOCH, CLINTON J., Nazareth....(KA)
VALLES, ANTONIO, Sharon....(KA)
WALKOWIAK, A., Pittsburgh—Corp..(DW)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

SIMPSON, WALTER S., Westminster..(KA)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

STEEN, GUSTAV A., Naples....(KA)
TOWSLEY, MYLES E., Watertown....(KA)

TENNESSEE.

BOOKER, HOWARD L., Oakville....(DD)
DONALD, B. F., Gibson—Corp....(DA)
MITCHELL, O. T., Johnson City—Corp.(KA)
SMITH, MACK H., Knoxville....(DD)
SPENCER, JOHN C., Mulberry....(KA)

TEXAS.

CROUCH, SAM, Frost....(DD)
HOLT, ED., El Paso....(KA)
KING, ROY C., Lewisville—Corp....(KA)
WEEKS, FRANK W., Homer....(DD)

UTAH.

LESLIE, H. C., Salt Lake City....(KA)

VERMONT.

McKINNEY, FRED P., Sheldon—Wagn.(DD)

VIRGINIA.

BELL, CHARLES A., Hillsboro....(DD)
KEARNS, PERRY, Petersburg....(KA)
LYNCH, GEORGE O., Manassas—Sgt..(DW)
SMITH, M. W., Guinea Mills....(KA)
WILLS, JOHN H., Lynchburg—Maj....(DW)

WASHINGTON.

GLIDDEN, ROY D., Sultan....(KA)

WEST VIRGINIA.

HAMRIC, ARCH, Braxton....(KA)
LILLY, N. B., Glen Morgan—Corp....(DW)

WISCONSIN.

GOETZ, EDWARD P., Racine....(DW)
HANSON, LEONARD, Wilton....(DW)
KUCHENBECKER, E. O., Milwaukee..(KA)
KUKLA, THOMAS, Milwaukee....(KA)
KUTISHKO, JOHN Racine....(KA)
MUELLER, FRANK J., Marshfield....(KA)
NELSON, ELMER G., Soldiers Grove..(KA)

ENGLAND.

JAMES, D. G., Saltley, Birmingham..(DW)

FRANCE.

FLAGG, STEWART, Paris....(DD)

ITALY.

LUCKINI, FRANCK, Leghorn....(KA)
MOSCARIELLO, G., Di Avellino Montella....(DW)
OURVOSI, CONSTANTE, Castel-Nuovo Sotto, Province Di Regonulla....(DW)

Revised Report of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Reptd.	Prev. Reptd.
BALDWIN, C. W., 371 Jamaica Av., Astoria	(WU)	(DW)
BONAMOSSO, D., 316 W. 69th St.	(WU)	(MA)
COMISKEY, J. M., 727 Spruce St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
COTTER, G. V., 103 York Av., New Brighton	(Sick)	(MA)
FARACE, J. E., 679 Classon Av., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
FRAZER, F. E., 1,980 79th St., Brooklyn	(WL)	(MA)
GREENE, S., 331 Sackett St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.		
CHRISTOFFERSON, E., Port Chester	(WU)	(MA)
BURNS, PATRICK, Inwood	(RD)	(MA)
GROFENBERGER, J. R., Tonawanda	(WL)	(MA)
OTHER STATES.		
ANDERSON, C. E., Bagley, Iowa	(Erroneously)	(DP)
ARCERI, JOE, Waynesburg, Pa.	(WS)	(KA)
BURKE, ENOS W., Steelton, Pa.	(DD)	(DW)
CHILDS, E. R., White Salmon, Wash.	(KA)	(MA)
CORBETT, FRANK W., Philadelphia, Penn.	(KA)	(WS)
DYER, JOHN, Reed City, Mich.	(RD)	(KA)
GOLDSTEIN, H. J., Oakland, Cal.	(KA)	(MA)
GOODWIN, F., Newark, N. J.	(WU)	(DW)
GOSTOS, T. P., Thevis, Kokia, Greece	(KA)	(MA)
GRANT, THOMAS, St. Ignace, Mich.—Sgt.	(KA)	(MA)
JENSEN, HILMER W., Sebastapol, Cal.	(KA)	(MA)
LANGLE, C. M., Wiseman, Ark.	(KA)	(MA)
LANDRY, SANFORD A., Bideford, Prince Edward Island, Canada	(KA)	(MA)
MILLER, HENRY, North Plainfield, N. J.—Corp.	(RD)	(DA)
MUNDT, G. A., Bethel, Me.	(KA)	(WS)
PANKAWSKI, A., Hartford, Conn.	(WS)	(KA)
READ, GEORGE, Jr., Memphis, Tenn.—Lt.	(Erroneously)	(KA)
RICE, BERTIE, Blackstone, Ill.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
SPLITTGERBER, FRED C., Erhard, Minn.	(KA)	(WS)
TAYLOR, W. I., Lapeer, Mich.	(KA)	(WS)
WEBB, WILL, Big Timber, Mont.	(D)	(MA)
WEISS, JOHN F., Triadelphia, W. Va.—Corp.	(Erroneously)	(KA)
WILLIAMS, WEST E., Acracoke, N. C.	(WU)	(KA)
WILLIMOTT, D. V., Suquamick, Wash.	(KA)	(MA)

THANKS HARVARD UNIT.

Balfour Cables Britain's Appreciation to Dr. Lowell.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 7.—President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard made public today a letter from Arthur J. Balfour, British Foreign Secretary, expressing the appreciation of the British Government for the work accomplished by the Harvard surgical unit while it was overseas. The letter says in part:

"Now that the Harvard unit has fulfilled its noble mission to the British troops in France and has earned the tribute of their undying gratitude, I desire to offer to that splendid organization some expression, however inadequate, of my deep appreciation of the great work that it has performed.

"May I, therefore, count on your good offices to let every member of the unit know how grateful his Majesty's Government feels for the generous offer made and carried out in December, 1916. Through two strenuous and memorable years the work of General Hospital 22, the largest hospital unit serving with the British Army, has held a record for skillful and untiring treatment of our wounded.

"The memory of so much service and self-sacrifice can never pass from us. It will be cherished in perpetuity by the relatives and friends of those whom the Harvard unit has tended with such admirable devotion."

MORE MEMBERS QUIT VICTORY COMMITTEE

A. J. O'Keefe, One of the Executive Board, Sends His Resignation to Riegelmann.

18 OF 25 NOW ARE OUT

Several Contributors Ask for the Return of Money or Its Transfer to the Red Cross.

Resignations of members of the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee, due to the acceptance of the resignation of Chairman Nathan S. Jonas by Borough President Edward Riegelmann, continued to pour into the office of the Borough President yesterday. Among those who resigned was Arthur J. O'Keefe, former Bridge Commissioner. His resignation was the eighteenth of the twenty-five members of the Executive Committee appointed by the Borough President.

James T. Underwood and Josiah O. Low, honorary Vice Presidents, also sent in letters of resignation, making twelve who have resigned their places since reports of the demands made by the Hearst forces upon Borough President Riegelmann became current. Fifteen members of the General Committee also asked yesterday that their names be stricken from the list, bringing the number of resignations from that body to more than sixty.

Several requests were made yesterday that contributions to the fund, now amounting to more than $40,000, to be spent on the welcome to the returning troops, be returned to the senders or donated to the Red Cross organization. The first letter of such a nature, written by Rabbi Alexander Lyons of the Eighth Avenue Temple, in part was as follows:

"It is with deep regret that I find myself unable to continue on the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee as at present constituted and conducted. It has been degraded from a lofty patriotic purpose to a low political personal profit. It is an honor to get out of it. So please drop my name at once.

"The little contribution I made for the use of the former committee I do not now regard as wisely bestowed. If, as I think, I have any moral claim upon that sum, I would prefer it withdrawn and diverted to the use of the Red Cross, where it may serve a noble purpose in an unquestionable manner."

The second letter demanding the return of a contribution was from the Heads of Department Association of the Board of Education in Brooklyn. It was written by Mary A. Horn, Treasurer of the organization, and said:

"In view of the fact that the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee has, within the past week, undergone reorganization, it is the desire of the Brooklyn Heads of Department Association that a donation of $25, sent to the committee on Jan. 27 last, be returned to the association.

James S. Lawson of 192 Broadway, in his letter of resignation, wrote:

"I decline to be on any committee to welcome soldiers as long as Mr. Hearst dictates what is to be done. I am prompted to take this step, as I do not care to serve on a committee even in a general way where the actions of its Executive Committee appear to be under the control and influence of the Mayor of the city and Mr. William R. Hearst."

Borough President Riegelmann yesterday refused to make any statement concerning the affairs of the Celebration Committee.

SENATORS DEMAND CAMP INVESTIGATIONS

Lodge and New Criticise Two in France, La Follette Two in America.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Investigations of military camps here and abroad were demanded in the Senate today by Senators Lodge of Massachusetts, La Follette of Wisconsin, and New of Indiana.

Senator Lodge presented a teelgram from John J. Bush of the Michigan Society of New York, in which it was reported that returning soldiers called Camp St. Aignan, France, "Camp Agony," because it was overcrowded, and said that wounded men dropped dead in line, and that the mud reached above the soldiers' boot tops.

Senator La Follette offered resolutions asking for the investigation of Motor Transport camps at Gum Springs, near Alexandria, Va., and Camp Humphreys. The resolutions alleged that Companies 553 and 516 of the Motor Transport had been employed at Gum Springs on road building at the soldiers' pay of $1 a day, while negroes worked beside them under contractors at $4.50 a day; that the men had no military training, and that the commanding officer was disinclined to allow applications for discharge.

Senator New renewed his demand for investigation of the much-criticised Camp Pontanezen, at Brest. He asserted that the Democrats had blocked the resolution he introduced for an investigation, and that, although the resolution had been reported to Secretary Baker, nothing had come of it.

One Falls 13 Stories, Another 5.

Richard Dewright Hudson of Hempstead, L. I., a salesman for the Monroe Calculating Machine Company, was instantly killed yesterday morning by a fall from a window of the company's office on the thirteenth floor of the Woolworth Building. The identification was made by the manager of the office, who refused all other information. While crossing the roof of his home, 963 Sixth Avenue, Joseph Kelly, a clerk, of the Down Town Association, tripped over a low-hung clothes line and fell five stories to the ground. He is in Bellevue Hospital in a critical condition.

GAS SUIT TO COST $100,000.

Service Board Asks Appropriation to Defend Consolidated Case.

The Legislature has been asked by the Public Service Commission to make a special appropriation of $100,000 to pay for defending the suit brought in the Federal courts by the Consolidated Gas Company to have the eighty-cent gas law declared unconstitutional and confiscatory and to defend the law generally from other attacks upon it by gas corporations.

In a statement made public yesterday fear is expressed that the litigation will be long and costly, that other similar actions probably will be instituted, and that it will require a deal of preparation and many expert accountants, engineers, and extra counsel properly to defend the suit.

In its complaint the company says it has invested in its plant not less than $69,697,700, and that its net revenues for the year ended Oct. 31, 1918, represented a net return of 6 per cent. on only $99,241.65.

It was said yesterday that the plan of defense that is being mapped out may include an appraisal of the company's property.

LIBRARY CIRCULATING
Trade Mark

Save Money and Rent Books of Fiction

WHICH YOU READ BUT ONCE

The only library in the world giving prompt service of new, popular titles. The books are fresh—clean—inviting. You are your own librarian, as we supply any books of new, popular fiction requested. Start and stop as you please. Pay a small rental fee while book is in your possession.

Books Worth Reading

Heart of a Fool - William Allen White
Wine of Astonishment - Mary Hastings Bradley
Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse - Vicente Blasco Ibanez
With the Help of God and a Few Marines - A. W. Catlin
Patricia Brent, Spinster - Anonymous

WOMRATH'S LIBRARY

Call at any Branch for full information

2 Rector St. Arcade (U.S. Ex. Co. Bldg.)
Room 305, 30 Church St.
15 East 28th St.
Grand Central Sta. (nr. Mendel's Restaurant)
21 West 45th St.
642 Madison Ave. (near 59th St.)
2191 Broadway (near 78th St.)
2544 Broadway (near 95th St.)
2792 Broadway (near 108th St.)
3489 Broadway (near 143d St.)
604 11th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.
John A. Roberts & Co., Utica, N. Y.
Shartenberg's, New Haven, Ct.
16 W. Saratoga St., Baltimore.
Meekin, Packard & Wheat, Springfield, Mass.
15 S. 13th St., Philad lphia.

WHAT novel had, for many weeks, the "largest sale" in twenty large cities?
WHAT novel was, and still is, most in demand at the public libraries?
WHAT novel is still selling continuously all over this country?

The answer is

"SHAVINGS"

By JOSEPH C. LINCOLN.

and the reason

—because it is the most entertaining story of the season.

This Is an Appleton Book — For Sale at All Bookstores, $1.50 net.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

WALLICK'S
BROADWAY AT 43D ST. TEL. BRYANT 346.
ANNOUNCEMENT
Beginning MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 10TH,
A RETURN ENGAGEMENT OF THE FAMOUS
"Blue and White" Marimba Band
ALSO
MR. AND MRS. STANLEY M. WARNER
With a Company of Clever Artists.
EVERY EVENING FROM 9 P. M. TILL CLOSE
DANCING IN MAIN DINING ROOM AFTER DINNER
KA-MA-KU-RA ROOM — Dancing 3 P. M. Till Close.
MISS MABEL B. GREEN, Hostess.

Table D'Hote Dinner
BEFORE AND AFTER THE AUTOMOBILE SHOW
Janssen wants to see you
Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
30th Street and Broadway
The Buyers' Rendezvous — At Luncheon, Dinner & Supper.
SPECIAL TABLE D'HOTE DINNER $1.50, SERVED IN
The NEW GRILL—Prompt Service
Wonderful Southern Chicken Dinner—Jazz Band
TONIGHT—FAVOR NIGHT—DON'T MISS IT
and a new FEATURE each following Night.
SYMPHONY CONCERTS, and Dancing from 7:30 to Closing.

Motor Out to New York's Most Beautiful Inn
Pelham Heath Inn
On Pelham Parkway
"Smartest of Motor Resorts"
It's Delightful For Luncheon & Afternoon Tea
Special Music—Dancing
Harry J. Susskind
Proprietor.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 B'way, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day. Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day.
Phone 2924 Riverside.

Lüchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

PHOTOGRAPH OF SMOKE SCREENS.
Smoke screens thrown out by allied warships protecting American transports photographed, making remarkable picture. This has just been released by the British Royal Air Force and is finely reproduced in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

OLD CROW RYE
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
America's Finest RYE
WHISKEY
HAND MADE — SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE
STRENGTH AND QUALITY AS ALWAYS
SOLD BY ALL FIRST CLASS DEALERS
BEWARE OF RE-FILLED BOTTLES
H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.

What Union Labor Will Demand at Peace Table

The man with the hoe has broken the silence of the centuries. Almost every dispatch from Paris emphasizes the fact that the most potent voice in the reconstruction of the world after the great war is that of labor. It is speaking at the peace table itself. The laboring forces of almost every country are making demands. What every American, be he employer or employee, desires to know is what demands American labor is making and should make at the conference.

To answer this question, THE LITERARY DIGEST has asked the editors of journals voicing various phases of labor opinion in this country to give it their opinions, and the result is published in this week's LITERARY DIGEST, dated February 8th, together with the demands of English, French, Belgian, and other labor leaders. These spokesmen for organized labor have very clear ideas as to what ought to be done in Paris and Bern, and there is no doubt that this highly informative article will be widely read and discust.

Other articles in this exceptionally interesting number of THE DIGEST are:

Irish and English Views on the Sinn-Fein Republic
A Summary of Opinion As Gathered from Leading British and Irish Newspapers

The Peace League Launched
To Halt Immigration
"Wilson Diplomacy" and the Bolsheviki
Efficiency and Horse Sense
Compulsory Training in Nursing
Antiquarian Opera Preferred to New
The Man Who Guided Art-Collectors
Mercy for Conscientious Objectors
Current Poetry
Personal Glimpses of Men and Events
Trying to Tame the Bolsheviki
Poland Reborn
Curious Hun Projectiles
Corporation Dry-rot
How the Grocer Substitutes
Literature Crowning Peace
Church Pews Free and For Sale
An Episcopalian View of Zionism
Norwegians in the United States
News of Finance and Commerce

Many Interesting Illustrations, Including Cartoons

Building Materials—Equipment—Engineering

For more than six years, THE LITERARY DIGEST has been the most important general clearing-house for those who need buildings and their equipment, and those who furnish building materials and technical skill.

If you are going to build a private residence, a building for industrial or manufacturing purposes, a skyscraper, a garage, or any other sort of structure, you will be interested in reading the announcements of the building material manufacturers appearing in this week's issue of THE LITERARY DIGEST. There is a wealth of practical information in this number that is not only interesting but of much importance to every one. You will find interesting suggestions as to the construction, equipment and decoration of modern buildings.

February 8th Number on Sale To-day—All News-dealers—10 Cents

'Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest

The Literary Digest

SAVE W.S.S. SERVE

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

MISSES BJURSTEDT AND SEARS LOSE TENNIS FINAL TO MISSES WAGNER AND CASSEL

SURPRISE IN FINAL OF TENNIS DOUBLES

Team Work of Misses Wagner and Cassel Brings Victory Over Noted Net Stars.

BOSTON GIRL BEARS BRUNT

Miss Bjurstedt Defeats Mrs. Candee in Straight Sets in Semi-Finals of Cup Singles.

The harmonious team work of Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clare Cassel carried the pair to a decisive victory over Miss Molla Bjurstedt and Miss Eleanora Sears in the final of the women's cup doubles at the Casino Heights in Brooklyn yesterday. The New York state champions won in straight sets, 6—4, 6—4. The remarkable tennis played by Miss Wagner and Miss Cassel was surprising and at times their work was so sensational that there was no question about their superiority.

The crafty manoeuvring of Miss Wagner and Miss Cassel in directing the fury of their attack at Miss Sears brought the brunt of the battle to the Boston girl, the state title holders being very careful to keep the ball away from that part of the court inhabited by the Norse girl. While the victors played a hard smashing game, their shots were nevertheless carefully directed and well placed. Even when the going was at top speed, they never succumbed to the tendency of wildness and held their advantage at all times with coolness and caution.

The combination play of Miss Wagner and Miss Cassel was so smooth that they left no openings whereby the Norse-Boston duo could make capital of errors. There was a decided improvement in Miss Wagner's play and her game at all times was formidable. Her service worked perfectly and she gained many service aces. She did unusually effective work at the net and the combined efforts of Miss Bjurstedt and Miss Sears could not drive her away from this position. Most of her volleying and hard drives were directed at the Boston girl.

The action was so skillfully concentrated at Miss Sears's position on the court that some of the time Miss Bjurstedt was left helpless to lend any aid. Miss Wagner smashed with astonishing speed and on more than one occasion she hit Miss Sears with the ball. While Miss Wagner patroled the fore court, Miss Cassel was back at the baseline, ready for the few lobs which the defeated pair could send back.

The order of service was Miss Bjurstedt, Miss Cassel, Miss Sears and Miss Wagner. In both sets Miss Wagner and Miss Cassel were always in the lead and not once did they relinquish their advantage. The score was in their favor throughout. The Norse girl and the Boston player may have been a little over-confident at the start and the harmonious team play and aggressive attack of the state titleholders gave them a surprise at the start from which they never fully recovered.

As may be imagined, this match between four of the ranking women players of the country brought forth the fastest type of tennis. By directing the attack at Miss Sears, thereby barring Miss Bjurstedt from the rallies, Miss Wagner holding steadfastly to her place at the net was able to out-volley the Boston girl and even slam her with the ball before she could get out of the way. Even with Miss Bjurstedt at the base line, Miss Cassel often gained points with passing shots which were so beautifully placed that they sped by the girl from Norway unmolested.

James Burns, the professional at the Harvard Club was the umpire of the match and had words of praise for the manner in which Miss Wagner and Miss Cassel carried off the most sensational victory of the tournament.

While Miss Bjurstedt went down in defeat in the doubles, she came through the semi-finals of the women's cup singles with triumph, for she defeated Mrs. de Forest Candee in straight sets at 6—0, 6—1. The work of Miss Bjurstedt in this match was impressive at all times. She set such a fast pace in the opening set that Mrs. Candee was unable to win a single game. The Heights Casino champion was unable to cope with the superior play of her opponent and the best she could do in the second set was to gain one game. The scores were 6—0, 6—1.

The other semi-final in the singles will be played this morning at 10:30 when Miss Wagner will meet Miss Eleanor Goss in a match which should be one of the fastest of the tournament. The final between Miss Bjurstedt and the winner of the Wagner-Goss match will be played at 1:45. This match will be followed with an exhibition mixed doubles which will bring together Miss Bjurstedt and Frederick B. Alexander and Mrs. George Wrightman of Boston and Harry McNeal, professional at the Casino.

The summaries:

Heights Casino Women's Cup Doubles.—Final round—Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clare Cassel defeated Miss Molla Bjurstedt and Miss Eleanora Sears, 6—4, 6—4.

Heights Casino Women's Cup Singles.—Semi-final round—Miss Molla Bjurstedt defeated Mrs. de Forest Candee, 6—0, 6—1.

TIGERS BEAT CRESCENTS.

Goal by Dickinson in Last Minute Wins Game.

A goal by Dickinson within one minute of the end of the game gave the Princeton Informals, the Nassau Five, a victory over the Cresent A. C. quintet last night in a nip-and-tuck game in the New Moon gymnasium in Brooklyn. The score was 28 to 27. This setback makes the second the Crescent A. C. five has suffered this week. The contest was one of the closest of the season for the club players. The score alternated frequently until Dickinson's goal near the end of the game put the collegians in front by a point margin. At the end of the first half the New Mooners were leading by 14 to 13.

NINE FOR HORACE MANN.

Poly Prep Five Is Defeated by 35 to 14 Score.

Horace Mann School's basket ball quintet annexed its ninth victory yesterday by trouncing the Poly Prep School five on the former's court by a score of 35 to 14. The victorious team clinched its success with an effective offensive in the second half. Eder, Van Benschoten and Pulleyn led the Horace Mann attack.

DEMPSEY HERE MONDAY.

Heavyweight Challenger Is Delayed at Kansas City.

Jack Dempsey, the Salt Lake City heavyweight, will not sign articles for the match until Monday. Dempsey was expected to arrive today, but encountered delay in his journey from Salt Lake City to New York. The challenger of Jess Willard is now en route from Kansas City, and is expected to arrive here tomorrow night or early Monday morning. It is planned to have a meeting between Promoter Rickard, Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, and the boxer, Monday afternoon, when the signatures of principals in the transaction will be affixed to articles of agreement.

Jack Kearns said he had received a wire from Dempsey, from Kansas City, in which the challenger notified his manager of severe illness in the Dempsey family. The heavyweight's brother expired from influenza and several other members of the family were down with the disease. Kearns is now in Philadelphia, awaiting a telegram from Dempsey conveying news of when the fighter will arrive in New York.

CANNEFAX FINISHES STRONG

St. Louis Player Beats Otis at Three Cushion Billiards.

Robert Cannefax of St. Louis, former three-cushion billiard champion, defeated Charles Otis of Brooklyn last night in the final block of their three nights' match at the Rational Recreation Academy in Brooklyn by a score of 57 to 48. The contest lasted eighty-six innings.

Cannefax made a high run of seven as his best effort, and also had two runs of five points. One of the latter runs was unfinished. Otis had a high run of four. The result of this block enabled Cannefax to come from behind, and take the match by a total score of 150 to 148.

Princeton Five Beats Rutgers.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Feb. 7.—Princeton's basket ball team defeated the Rutgers quintet here tonight by the score of 22 to 20. The contest went to an extra five-minute period before the winning team was decided. Opie, one of the Princeton forwards, caged the goal which gave the Princeton five victory. Opie's tally came within one minute of the final whistle.

No Deal for Chase Yet.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 7.—John J. McGraw, Manager of the New York Nationals, before he left Cincinnati tonight for Washington, said he had made no deal for any Cincinnati player. McGraw arrived here early today and during his stay discussed baseball matters with President August Herrmann of the local National League Club.

TITLE TOURNEY GOES TO WEST SIDE CLUB

National Tennis Singles to be Played at Forest Hills—Major Adee Re-elected.

The West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills will again be the scene of the blue ribbon event of the tennis world, the national singles championship. The event was awarded to the Long Island club last night at the annual meeting of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, at the Waldorf-Astoria. The date of the big tournament has not yet been decided, but it is probable that August 28 will be the day of starting. Besides having the singles, the West Side club will also hold the national, juniors', boys', father and son and veterans championships.

The convention yesterday was a quiet, harmonious affair, and the expected controversy over the equalization of voting power in the association failed to materialize. Clinton L. Childs of Pittsburgh, Chairman of the committee which has the matter in hand, recommended that the subject of voting power be postponed for another year. This policy was adopted, and the delegates gave up all their time to boosting the coming season, which promises to be the most active in the history of the organization.

The national juniors championship was made a fixture and new rules of eligibility were adopted governing the event. Hereafter juniors will be eligible whose eighteenth birthday is not later than March 1 of the year of competition, and in the boys' championships boys are eligible whose fifteenth birthday is not later than March 1 of the year of competition. These changes were made so that youngsters would not be barred from the title events at the end of the season, if they happen to pass the age limit during the season of competition. The association is doing everything in its power to encourage competition among the young players who have already attained a higher place in the game than ever before.

The association adopted the recommendations of the Davis Cup Committee that the international competition be resumed in 1920. The cup is now held by Australasia, and it was officially stated at the meeting that France had already challenged for the cup, and that the matches would probably be played before the end of 1919. President Adee told the convention that the United States would probably be invited to join the International Tennis Federation, an organization which was formed in 1913. The United States National Lawn Tennis Association declined to join at that time because its amateur rule did not conform with the amateur rule laid down by the federation.

This international body had not got under way, however, when the war stopped its activities, but France is now reviving the organization, and President Adee said that the United States would probably be asked again to join. The object of the body is to unify the tennis rules for all tennis playing nations and to establish world's championship events. S. W. Merrihew told the delegates that the difference in the rules in this country and those of foreign countries differ only in minor features and he advocated a unification of the rules in all tennis playing countries.

A change was made in the rules governing the playing of the nationals doubles chamionship. The policy reverts to the manner in which it was formerly played. Only teams will be eligible which have won sectional titles. There are eleven sections in the association, and these sections will each hold a championship, the winners playing in the national tournament. The winners will then play the championship team of the previous year for the title. The championship doubles was awarded to the Longwood Cricket Club of Boston.

The other title fixtures for the season were awarded as follows: National clay court championships, South Side Tennis Club, Chicago; women's singles and doubles championships and girls' and junior singles and doubles, Philadelphia Cricket Club.

he indoor championships, men's, women's, juniors, and boys, and the girls' tournaments were awarded to the Seventh Regiment Tennis Club of this city.

Officers and sectional delegates were elected as follows: President, Major F. Adee; Vice President, Julian S. Myrick; Secretary, Edwin F. Torrey; Treasurer, Alfred H. Chapin. For members of the Executive Committee, Joseph S. Clark, Henry W. Slocum, and Major Robert D. Wrenn. For Sectional Delegates, Middle States, Joseph M. Jennings of Philadelphia; Middle Atlantic, Abner Y. Leach, Jr., of Washington, D. C.; Delegate at Large, Capt. R. Norris Williams 2d, Captain Watson M. Washburn, and Lieutenant Craig Biddle.

Last night the association held its annual banquet, which was a victory dinner for Major Adee.

HOCKEY TEAMS IN TIE.

Jamaica Now on Even Terms with Manual and Erasmus.

Jamaica High School's 'hoc'key sextet moved into a tie with Manual Training H. S. and Erasmus Hall H. S. in the chase for the P. S. A. L. Brooklyn scholastic hockey title last night by trouncing the Boys' H. S. skaters to the tune of 5 goals to 0. The Long Island lads easily outclassed their rivals and never left the issue in doubt. R. Thompson and H. Thompson, brothers, made a family matter of the contest, each scoring two goals. Jamaica's success placed the team on even terms with Manual Training and Erasmus Hall, each school having won 3 games and lost 1.

Poly Prep School's sextet of skaters made a walkaway of their game against Manual Training H. S., which furnished the other half of a double-header. The Poly Prey skaters won by 9 goals to 0. This result was achieved principally through the remarkable ability of Frank Farah, the Poly Prep centre. He scored five of his team's goals, three in the second period and two in the first. H. Farah, a brother accounted for two goals. The lineups:

Poly Prep, (9.)	Position.	Manual T., (0.)
Lott	G.	Caddy
Dopple	P.	Kelly
Jelliffe	C. P.	Titus
F. Farah	C.	Maas
H. Farah	L. W.	Drysdale
Coller	R. W.	Martin

Goals—First period: F. Farah, in 11:40; H. Farah, in 12:10; F. Farah, in 13:22. Second period: F. Farah, in 3:08; F. Farah, in 4:00; H. Farah, in 5:48; Coller, in 11:14; F. Farah, in 13:02; Jelliffe, in 14:40. Referee—Tom Howard, Hockey Club of New York. Timekeeper—I. King, Erasmus Hall H. S. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

Jamaica, (5.)	Position.	Boys' High, (0.)
Jennings	G.	Harding
Dwyer	P.	Bunn
Bates	C. P.	Macksoud
Clifford	C.	Balesh
W. Thompson	L. W.	Stevenson
R. Thompson	R. W.	Peper

Goals—First period: W. Thompson, in 7:50; W. Thompson, in 9:42; R. Thompson, in 11:00. Second period: Bates, in 5:00; R. Thompson, in 10:00. Referee—Tom Howard, Hockey Club of New York. Timekeeper—I. King, Erasmus Hall H. S. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

TELLIER GOES TO BRAEBURN

Noted Golf Pro Engaged on Newton Course for Coming Season.

Word was received last night to the effect that Louis Tellier, at present employed in this city, has been engaged as professional by the Braeburn Club. Tellier was the Brookline "pro" last season.

According to an official of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association there is no certainty that the intercity matches for the Griscom Cup will be held over a Long Island course. It will be recalled that at the recent annual meeting of the association Mrs. J. E. Davis stated that either Piping Rock or Nassau would be glad to handle the attraction. There is a belief, however, that a Westchester course may be chosen.

The Elmira Country Club has engaged Tom Bonnar as its professional for the coming season. Several other clubs are expected to sign up new professionals in the near future. The Essex Fells job is open and the same may be said of Ridgewood, St. Albans, Hollywood, and Richmond County.

CLASS C CUE TITLE WON BY NEUSTADT

Brooklyn Billiard Player Wrests National Championship from Unger Handily.

Joseph Neustadt of Brooklyn won the national amateur Class C 18.2 balkline billiard championship last night at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn, when he defeated Ferdinand A. Unger of Newark, N. J., last year's titleholder, in the closing game of the N. A. A. B. P. tournament by the convincing margin of 150 to 113.

The contest was completed in twenty-seven innings and furnished a peculiarly fitting climax to one of the best championship tournaments of this class ever held.

Neustadt, playing in Class A form in his latter innings, averaged 5 15-27. He had high runs of 23 and 22. Unger showed the strain of the arduous campaign he has had in trying to successfully defend his crown. He averaged 4 9-26 and had a high run of 19.

Neustadt did not loom up dangerously until the seventeenth inning. A run of seventeen in this inning gave the Brooklynite a two points' advantage. This spelled disaster for Unger. Two innings later, Neustadt collected twenty-three and went to the front never to be displaced.

Neustadt's accomplishments in this tournament have been remarkable. He was competing in his second tournament, although he has played billiards for years. From the very beginning the Brooklynite displayed a type of playing that attracted immediate attention—so much so that early it was predicted he would displace Unger.

Unger started off in the lead, and at the fourth inning had a margin of 41 to 5. This was cut down by Neustadt at the ninth inning, when Unger showed in front by 46 to 44. At the fifteenth inning the Newark player had again forged to the front, leading by 85 to 67. Neustadt's remarkable display started shortly after, and Unger was displaced as champion. A record crowd witnessed the match.

The score:

J. Neustadt.—0 2 0 3 9 4 1 2 23 1 5 3 0 4 10 7 15 7 0 22 1 0 0 1 0 14 16—150. Average, 5 15-27. High runs, 23 and 22.

F. A. Unger.—12 11 2 16 3 0 0 2 0 0 1 4 12 19 3 1 1 2 8 0 0 1 11 1 3 1—113. Average, 4 9-26. High run, 19.

RUTGERS PLACE FIVE WINS.

Defeats Salem-Crescents for Sixth Victory.

The Rutgers Place basket ball team won another victory last night in the 145-pound A. A. U. championship tournament, defeating the Salem-Crescent five by a score of 34 to 29. The Rutgers Place team has now won six games.

LAGONIA HAS CLOSE SHAVE.

Noted Boxer in Hard Bout with Silverstein Before Tars.

Frank Lagonia, metropolitan and New York State amateur 158-pound boxing champion, narrowly escaped defeat last night in the tournament conducted by the New York A. C. for the wounded soldiers at Embarkation Hospital 5, Grand Central Palace. Lagonia opposed S. Silverstein, Union Settlement A. C., and after three hard rounds the title holder was awarded the judges' decision.

J. Spartan, Pastime A. C., and M. Hill, unattached, furnished an interesting four-round session at 135 pounds.

The summaries:

110-Pound Class.—F. Sinclair, Union Settlement A. C., defeated W. Murphy, East Side House, three rounds; judges' decision.

140-Pound Class.—F. Verona, Bronxdale A. C., defeated B. Miller, unattached, one round; referee's decision. E. Crozier, Bronxdale A. C., defeated R. Bokma, Pastime A. C., three rounds; judges' decision.

115-Pound Class.—S. Katz, Clark House A. A., defeated A. Spreiges, Pastime A. C., two rounds; referee's decision.

135-Pound Class.—J. Spartan, Pastime A. C., defeated M. Hill, unattached, four rounds; referee's decision. (Judges disagreed.)

158-Pound Class.—S. Lagonia, Bronxdale A. C., defeated S. Silverstein, Union Settlement A. C., three rounds; judges' decision.

108-Pound Class.—A. J. De Vito, unattached, defeated P. Lykes, East Side House, three rounds; judges' decision.

TIGERS LOSE HOCKEY GAME.

Princeton Skaters Defeated by Newark Seven, 6 to 4.

Princeton's hockey seven was defeated by the Newark Hockey Club skaters last night in an interesting game at the Newark Ice Palace, Newark, N. J. The score was 6 goals to 4. This contest opened the season for the Newark H. C. team, which displayed excellent form and outplayed their collegiate rivals.

Herder, a former Terra Nova, Canada, player, led the Newark club's attack and accounted for two goals. A brace of goals was also scored by F. Winter and D. Winter, brothers.

The lineup:

Newark H.C., (6.)	Position.	Princeton, (4.)
Dodd	G.	Piper
Loutrel	P.	Haight
F. Winter	C.P.	Lincoln
Hart	R.	Rue
Herder	C.	Raleigh
Jewett	L.W.	Scheeler
D. Winter	R.W.	Keyes

Goals—First period: For Newark H. C.—F. Winter, in 2:00; Herder, in 5:00; Jewett, in 14:00. For Princeton—Raleigh, in 4:00; Rue, in 10:00. Second period: For Newark H. C.—Jewett, in 11:00; Herder, in 18:00; D. Winter, in 14:00. For Princeton—Lincoln, in 5:00; Keyes, in 12:00. Substitutions — For Princeton: Taylor for Piper, Knox for Lincoln, Roberts for Scheeler. Referee — H. J. Koehler, Jr., East Orange. Goal umpires — Messrs. Boyd and Smith. Timekeeper—Mr. Gray, Princeton. Time of periods—Twenty minutes.

Welcome whether you come to look or buy!

New York's Civilian Quartermaster's Depot.

The best of everything you wear.

Same high standard as before the war.

Suits and overcoats of fabrics chemically tested for all-wool before we made them up.

*"Composite" derbies that conform without "conforming."

Fast color shirts.

*"Shire" collars, pure linen where they wear.

*"Solo" socks. *"Westpointer" shoes. Underwear.

Everything for a quick change to "cits"—and a guarantee of *moneyback*, anytime, if you want it.

*Registered Trademark.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St.
Broadway at Warren
"Four Convenient Corners"
Broadway at 34th St.
Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
SHOES OF MERIT
SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY
780 pairs of $7.00 Shoes in Dark Tan & Black at $4.85
Broad & narrow toes.
Heavy Grain & Dark Russia Calf Wing Tip Shoes $7.85
Were $11.00.

Rheumatism

POISON from clogged intestines overloads your system and causes rheumatism. PLUTO clears your intestines and regulates your kidneys—gives relief. Also beneficial in treatment of kidney, liver and stomach troubles and nervous disorders.

Bottled at French Lick Springs and for sale at all drug stores, hotels, clubs and on trains.

Large Bottle 45c
Smaller Bottle 20c

French Lick Springs Hotel Co.
French Lick, Ind. (183)

Renault 6 Cylinder
7 Passenger Touring Car
in perfect order and thoroughly equipped. Cost $9,000.
Will sacrifice to private party.
No dealers.
H. PINCUS, 700 W. 54th St. Tel. Circle 1130

CHANGE TO
REIS
UNION SUITS

TRAILERS
1 TO 20 TON CAPACITY.
Rogers Bros. Co., Inc., of N. Y.
Vanderbilt 3627. 50 E. 42d St., N. Y.

THE RIOT OF JOY IN ALSACE. *A brilliant article by Emory Pottle, American novelist, now a Lieutenant in the army, will appear in The Times Magazine Section Sunday.—Advt.*

Best & Co.

SUITS & OVERCOATS
for Men, Young Men and Youths

OVERCOATS that were 32.50 and 37.50
SUITS that we sold at 28.50 and 32.50 23.50

And, remember, when they were marked at the original prices they were fully 5.00 to 10.00 under present market value.

TAILORED IN OUR OWN SHOPS; not only made expressly FOR us but BY us. Every model created by a designer who was bred in a custom shop. Styles that are exclusively our own.

Examine the fabrics—ALL WOOL; not a trace of cotton—chosen from weavers whose looms are without equal. Fabrics with body, character, beauty. Every thread thorough.

The assortment includes Men's, Young Men's and Youths' Suits and overcoats—not one reserved except staple black and blue suits—that any proper taste or need may demand. Materials selected for their adaptability and durability. Clothing that is distinctly the incarnation of Fifth Avenue styles.

NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS.

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
Established 1879

Men's Shop—Fifth Floor Entrance—1 West 35th St.

You Never Pay More at Best's

The NEW TAXES just announced will increase the prices of liquors about FIFTY PER CENT.

The House of
HENRY HOLLANDER
Importers of Wines and Whiskies for the Connoisseur
149-151 West 36th Street (just west of Broadway)

Is Offering for Immediate Sale
Its Great Reserve Stocks
IN BULK
Dry Gin
Scotch Whiskies
Rye and Bourbon
WHISKIES

Special inducements this week to those who wish to lay in a supply of 5 gallons or more.

STOCK YOUR WINE CELLARS NOW
AND SAVE THE HEAVY TAX INCREASE

Telephone "Greeley 3218" or call for price list.

It's toasted

Open your package this way

LUCKY STRIKE "IT'S TOASTED" CIGARETTES

Back to the desk after lunch

Remember the delicious baked potato you had? How much flavor there was — all brought out by the cooking. Now — as you light it — notice the same thing in your

LUCKY STRIKE cigarette

It's toasted. Like the potato, the delicious flavor is brought out by "cooking" the tobacco.

It's toasted

Guaranteed by
The American Tobacco Co.
INCORPORATED

MOTOR SHOW TO END WITH NEW EXHIBITS

Passenger Car Section Closes Tonight to Make Way for Commercial Vehicles.

OPENS AGAIN ON MONDAY

Many New Trucks and Tractors to be Shown — Manufacturer Praises New York Dealers.

Automobiles continued to attract fully as much interest toward the end of the passenger car show week yesterday in Madison Square Garden and the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory as on the opening day. It was Engineers' Day, and several hundred delegates who have been attending the annual meeting of the Society of Automobile Engineers were present. The attendance was as large as on the opening day.

The first section of the show will close tonight and on Monday the second week's show, which will be restricted to motor trucks and smaller commercial vehicles, tractors, and trailers, will be opened in both buildings. Appreciation of the action of the New York dealers in conducting the show when it was deemed best by the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce to abandon it for 1919 was expressed in a letter received yesterday by the officials of the show from Edward S. Jordan, President of the Jordan Motor Car Company.

"The manufacturers must be sensible of the great work you have done," he wrote. "Those who said the dealers could not work together must be thrilled by the results of the sincere and united co-operative action. The show has been a tremendous success."

The Cole "Aero-eight" cars have been one of the attractive exhibits in the Garden. They retain practically the same appearance as last year, but show many minor improvements which enhance the attractiveness of both the open and closed models. The roadster accentuates the straight line effect of the aerotype body, and is finished in a naval gray, with gray fenders. On one side is a golf compartment, and a baggage receptacle on the other.

The Cole tourster has a rich blue body with wheels to match. Among the closed models showing attractive designs and the best appointments are the coupé, sedan, and town car. The latter is only made to special order.

One of the newer cars which has attracted considerable interest is the six-cylinder American, of which a chassis, the roadster, and five-passenger touring car are shown. A new transmission is one of the year's improvements, and the slanting wind shield is another new feature.

The King eight-cylinder models have been slightly modified in their lines and the finish of the top. A new type of ignition has been installed this season and the former propeller shaft brake has been removed, placing both brakes on the rear wheels. The wheel base length of 120 inches is still retained. The rear suspension is the cantilever spring used in the King cars for several years.

The Marmon cars have been one of the most popular exhibits in the Garden. Their characteristic features are the generous use of aluminium, the Z-section frame, the three-piece touring body, the compound cantilever cross-suspension type of rear springs, and the transmission held in suspension on the front end of the torque tube.

The Maxwell cars, both open and closed models, use the same chassis. The body designs have been improved in many respects and the three-passenger coupé has been one of the features of the show for a low-priced closed car. The sedan is a very roomy car for a moderate wheel base. The small and large Chalmers open touring cars, displayed with the Maxwell product, have been designed with the particular aim of giving the utmost comfort for long trips.

BOYS DO BIG SOLDIER TRADE

Three from New York Sell $2,050 Worth of Notions at Camp Mills.

MINEOLA, L. I., Feb. 7.—The military police were startled today when they found three New York newsboys in camp, the oldest 17, with $2,050 cash among them. Earlier in the day the authorities had revoked all passes to Camp Mills, so the three boys, who were selling tidies, embroidered pillowcases, looking glasses, and other attractive novelties to solders just returned from France, were gathered in.

The boys were not alarmed over the lack of passes, and that they should have so much money they looked upon as a matter of course, explaining that business had been brisk. They said the money represented their capital and earnings of the last few days. Samuel Feschmar of 237 East Houston Street had $1,600, Isadore Fox of 161 Broome Street $250, and little Morris Falkenstein of 123 Christie Street $200.

For the most part, the boy merchants said, they found the soldiers good spenders and not inclined to haggle over prices. Sometimes when business got dull they livened it up by giving free copies of newspapers. They were allowed to go after promising to take their money right home.

BARNES CHIDES WOMEN.

Says They Must Now Approach Public Matters Regardless of Sex.

ALBANY, Feb. 7.—Woman suffragists of Albany who objected to the selection of United States Senator Wadsworth as a speaker at the first annual luncheon of the Albany County Republican Women's organization next Wednesday because of his anti-suffrage stand were admonished by William Barnes today "to approach public matters regardless of sex."

The protest against Senator Wadsworth as a speaker was sent to Mr. Barnes by Mrs. J. Archibald Clark, a local suffragist, who announced that unless the senior Senator from New York were withdrawn from the speaker's list many suffragists would refuse to attend the luncheon.

Mrs. Clark today received a reply from Mr. Barnes in which he said:

"The women of the State of New York, having secured the franchise, have no right to approach their responsibility as women, but as citizens, as men should do. The conferring of the privilege of voting compels them, in justice to themselves, to approach public matters regardless of sex."

POST FOR ARGONNE VETERAN

Lieut. Johnson, Wounded in France, Made a Deputy Attorney General.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 7.—Lieutenant Cortland A. Johnson of Nassau, who lost an arm while fighting the Germans with the 165th Regiment, was today appointed Deputy Attorney General in the New York City Bureau by Attorney General Charles D. Newton.

Lieutenant Johnson lost his arm in the drive in the Argonne Forest. He has been decorated for distinguished service, and is now in the Walter Reed Hospital in Washington. The salary of his new post is $4,000 a year.

OPERA

By James Gibbons Huneker

Galli-Curci as "Lucia."

We regret that Amelita Galli-Curci saw fit to make her re-entrance last Tuesday evening in "Linda" instead of "Lucia di Lammermoor." Last night at the Lexington Theatre she sang "Lucia," with the Chicago Opera Association, and in a different mood. Maestro Campanini was at the helm, and he squeezed every drop of blood from the venerable but still vital score. A huge audience responded generously to this prima-donna, and that, no doubt, contributed to her brilliant work. And Marcella Sembrich sat in the Director's box and evidently the presence of this great artist stimulated the younger woman.

She sang her first scene and aria in excellent voice and the cantilena was luscious and legato. She overemphasies portamenbo in her phrasing and sometimes creates an appealing effect; but it is a mannerism that is apt to grow apace. Her deviation from normal pitch persists, and probably will persist, so the best thing is not to notice it, rather not allude to it, for a Spanish proverb says that in the house of the hangman no one speaks of the rope. Her tendency to flatten should be accepted as we accept a slight cast in the eye of a pretty woman. The blemish through force of habit becomes an ornament.

Her mad scene was successfully sung, and the cadenzas were repeated after thunderous applause. The top-tone was as clear and crystalline as a bell—a velvet bell. Her coloratura was good, but not unique. Her acting was the acting of a lady with an anxious larynx. But what sweet lyric voice is hers, and when the staccato hifalutin is finished her artistic career will surely be clear for better things.

A veritable triumph was the début in opera here, for he sang in concert last Sunday night at the Hippodrome, of Alessandro Dolci, a young tenor with a robust organ; one might call him tenore sforzando, so ringing are his high tones, but he has a rocky road to Dublin before him, artistically speaking. Vibrant, full of color, Signor Dolci—who is not dulcet in his methods—shouts down all his colleagues. He has power, a temperament, and a plentiful lack of taste and finesse; furthermore, he misses distinction both of presence and style. But he made a vociferous hit. The sextet was so indifferently sung that it was redemanded. There were many shivering larynxes on the stage last night.

"Pagliacci" and "L'Oracolo" Sung.

Caruso in "Pagliacci," preceded by "L'Oracolo," drew a capacity house at the Metropolitan last evening. In Leoni's opera were Mmes. Easton and Braslau, Messrs. Scotti, Didur, Althouse and others, while in Leoncavallo's work Miss Muzio sang the heroine, and Mr. Montesanto the prologue. Mr. Moranzoni conducted.

Matinees of Ibsen's "Ghosts."

Yesterday afternoon at the Longacre Theatre "Ghosts" was produced by Robert Whittier, an Ibsen actor of some experience, who played the part of Oswald. The Mrs. Alving was Maud Hildyard, an English actress, formerly associated with Beerbohm Tree, who has not been seen here hitherto. Regina was played by Helen Freeman, formerly leading lady with William Gillette. The Engstrand was Wallis Clark, who plays Gaffer Tyl in "The Betrothal," and the Pastor Manders was Augustin Duncan, the Great Ancestor of Tyltyl. The performance will be repeated on Friday afternoon, Feb. 14.

Orchestral Society in New Works.

Ralph Korn's "In Memoriam," Mortimer Wilson's suite, "In Georgia," and William Schroeder's "Carnival March of the Gnomes" were produced for the first time at a concert of the Orchestral Society of New York led by Max Jacobs last evening in Aeolian Hall. The program opened with Brahms's "Tragic" overture and the Fifth Symphony of Tschaikovsky.

The Philharmonic Gives Matinée.

The Philharmonic Society gave a special matinée yesterday in Carnegie Hall, when Mr. Stransky conducted Beethoven's "Eroica" symphony and Chabrier's rhapsody, "España." Yolanda Mero was unable to appear and in her place Ethel Legenaka was heard in Rubinstein's Concerto No. 4 for piano and orchestra. The audience was a large one.

S. L. Rothapfel to be Film Producer.

Samuel L. Rothapfel, who recently resigned as managing director of the Rivoli and Rialto Thatres, has become the President of the Rothapfel Pictures Corporation, it was announced yesterday. The plan of the corporation is to issue six "Rothapfel Programs" a year, each to be a complete entertainment, including a photoplay, comedy, scenic and news films, musical scores, instructions for lighting effects, and incidental numbers.

The corporation will produce dramatic and other pictures under the personal supervision of Mr. Rothapfel. Officers of the corporation, in addition to Mr. Rothapfel, are: Frank G. Hall, Vice President; Ashbel P. Fitch, Treasurer, and William Seabury, Secretary. The offices are at 130 West Forty-sixth Street.

Benefit Gives Actors' Fund $6,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 7.—A benefit performance in aid of the Actors' Fund of America, given this afternoon at the Forrest Theatre, realized about $6,000. The performance is the second of a series which will be given in the principal cities, the first having taken place in New York. Daniel Frohman, President of the fund, was present and made an address.

Studying Tax Problems.

The course on Federal tax reports given under the direction of the New York University School of Commerce by Mark Eisner, Internal Revenue Collector for the Third New York District, yesterday had an enrollment of 250, including tax agents, accountants, and special students. The attendance is 25 per cent. larger than that at the course given last year at the university. The classes are held on Wednesday evenings, and, in addition to lectures on tax reports by Mr. Eisner, a detailed study of the new Federal income tax will be made.

Asks for Papers in Crowder Case.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Representative McKenzie, of Illinois, a Republican member of the House Military Committee, introduced a resolution today calling on Secretary Baker for all correspondence and papers relating to General Crowder's regulations for training draft registrants. It was referred to the Military Committee. The purpose is to bring out exchanges between Secretary Baker and General March and General Crowder, which gave rise to a report that General Crowder had been reprimanded.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Bertha Kalich, who has been ill, it is announced, will reappear tonight in "The Riddle: Woman" at the Fulton Theatre. Beginning next week extra matinees will be given.

Cosmo Hamilton's play, "Scandal," will open tonight in Springfield, Mass.

Beatrice Herford will give a series of Monday matinees at the Booth Theatre, beginning on Feb. 17.

The Friars dinner to Frank Bacon, which was announced for tomorrow night, has been postponed until the following Sunday.

A performance of "Tea for Three" by the company now appearing at Maxine Elliott's will be given tomorrow night at Sing Sing Prison, under the auspices of the Mutual Welfare League.

AMUSEMENTS.

The New Theatre Ticket Ordinance

Has made little change in the methods of conducting the business of *TYSON & COMPANY.* Before the ordinance went into effect, ninety-nine per cent. of the tickets sold at our offices were sold at an advance of fifty cents above the Box Office price; the other one per cent. on which we charged in excess of fifty cents above the Box Office price were orders executed for the convenience of our patrons, and on which we were forced to pay an advance in price to secure the location desired.

We were one of the first to secure a license under the new ordinance, and we employ no subterfuge methods to evade the purpose of this law. No additional charge is made for the **delivery of tickets** to any part of the city, or for carrying **charge accounts.** All theatre tickets are sold at fifty cents in advance of the Box Office price. Subscription tickets for the Metropolitan Opera are sold at Box Office prices. We maintain a department for the re-sale of subscription tickets for single performances, for which we make a charge of ten per cent. where sales are made.

We have two offices. Note the location and telephone numbers.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

TYSON & CO.

THEATRE, OPERA AND CONCERT TICKETS.

MAIN OFFICE: LONGACRE BUILDING
1472 Broadway
4080 BRYANT.

DOWNTOWN OFFICE:
96 Broadway
9100 RECTOR.

THE MORNING AFTER

WHAT happened this morning when you first began to remember yesterday?

Did all of yesterday's omissions, cares and problems come over you like a bank of fog?

Or is your morning shot with the sunlight of bright recollections of a play you saw last night—a smart line, the chipper melody of a new song, a pretty face, a dress you'd like to own?

An evening at the theatre is insurance on tomorrow. Let us make out your policy for you at any of our offices.

Bryant 1100 **McBRIDE'S** Bryant 1100
THEATRE TICKET OFFICES, INC.
1497 BROADWAY (TIMES SQUARE WEST)
HOTELS McALPIN THE WALLICK 71 BROADWAY THE WALDORF-ASTORIA 165 BROADWAY

CASINO THEATRE, Friday Afternoon at 2:30, Feb. 14th
BY POPULAR DEMAND. SPECIAL MATINEE APPEARANCE OF
Capt. CARPENTER, V.C.
OF H. M. S. "VINDICTIVE" at ZEEBRUGGE,
IN THE GREATEST LECTURE SENSATION IN NEW YORK
"The Raid On Zeebrugge"
Illustrated with Lantern Slides.
Boxes $25 & $18, Seats $2.50 to 75c, Plus War Tax, Ready Monday at Box Office & Agencies.
Mgt. J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau, 50 E. 42d, New York City.

LEXINGTON THEA., 51st & Lex. Av. Phone Plaza 4024.
CHICAGO GRAND OPERA
Today Mat., 2, **"Gismonda."** Garden, Fontaine, Maguenat, Journet. Cond., Campanini.
Tonight at 8, **(Popular Prices), "Madam Butterfly."** Tamaki Miura, Lamont, Bouilliez, Pavloska. Cond., Polacco.
SUNDAY NIGHT, CAMPANINI CONCERT, N. Y. HIPPODROME
Mon., "Le Chemineau." Yvonne Gall, Maguenat, Baklanoff, Dua. Cond., Hasselmans.
Tues., "Cleopatre" (First time in N. Y.) Garden, Fitziu, Fontaine, Maguenat; Pavley-Oukrainsky Ballet. Cond., Charlier.
Wed., "Barber of Seville." Galli-Curci, Carpi, Stracciari, Trevisan, Arimondi. Cond., Campanini.
Thurs., "Loreley" (First time in N. Y.), Fitziu, Dolci, Macbeth, Rimini, V. Lazzari, Tell. Cond., Polacco.
Fri., "Jongleur de Notre Dame." Garden, Bouilliez, Huberdeau, with divertissements by Pavley-Oukrainsky and ballet.
Sat. Mat., Feb. 15, "La Traviata." Galli-Curci, Dolci, Stracciari, Tell. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. Night, "Faust." Gall, O'Sullivan, Journet, Pavloska, Defrere, Berat. Cond., Charlier.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Today, Mat. a 2. **Carmen.** Farrar, Romaine; Martinelli, Couzinou, Rothier. Cond., Monteux.
Tonight at 8, (75c to $3), **Manon Lescaut.** Muzio; Crimi, Montesanto, Segurola, Rossi, Bada. Cd., Papi.
Sun. Eve., 50c to $2. **VERDI CONCERT.** Hempel, Ponselle, Braslau; Kingston, Montesanto, Mardones, Rossi. Chorus and Orchestra. Conds., Papi & Setti.
Next Mon. at 8, Double Bill, **Crispino.** Hempel, Braslau; Scotti. Cond., Papi. Foll'd by **Petrusohka.** Galli, Bolm & Entire Ballet. Cond., Monteux.
Wed. (Lincoln B'day) Mat. at 2 ($1 to $5) **Aida.** Muzio, Claussen; Caruso, Whitehill. Cond., Moranzoni.
Wed. at 8, **Faust.** Farrar, Delaunois, Howard; Martinelli, Rothier, Chalmers. Cond., Monteux.
Thurs. at 8, **Boris Godunow.** Matzenauer, Delaunois; Didur, Althouse, Mardones, Bada. Cond., Papi.
Fri. at 8:15, **Rigoletto.** Barrientos, Perini; Hackett, De Luca, Rothier, Bada. Cond. Moranzoni.
Sat. at 2, Double Bill: **Lodoletta.** Easton; Caruso, Chalmers, Malatesta, Didur. Cond., Moranzoni. **Petrusohka.** Galli; Bolm, Bonfiglio. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. at 8:15, (75c to $3), **Tosca.** Farrar; Lazaro, Scotti, Rossi, Ananian. Cond., Moranzoni.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
Tues. at 8, Double bill; **Cav. Rusticana & Coq d'Or.**
HARDMAN PIANO USED

AMY GRANT'S OPERA RECITALS
Hotel Plaza, Tuesdays, at 3:30.
February 11. "Tales of Hoffmann."
M. Terriberry, Sec., 78 W. 55th. Cir. 457.

Carnegie Hall Tomorrow Aft., at 3.
HEIFETZ
Violin Recital. Tickets on sale at Hall.

GALLI-CURCI
with Chicago Opera Orchestra
FOR BENEFIT OF
STONY WOLD SANATORIUM
HIPPODROME, TOMORROW EVE.
at 8:15. Boxes $100 and $150. Orchestra seats $10. For sale by Miss Doane, at 18 West 34th St., and at the Plaza Hotel. Rest of House at Hippodrome Box Office.

GALLI-CURCI
and other Operas, seats in all parts of house, for Lexington, also Hippodrome Sunday night, open Sunday. 1,431 Broadway, entrance on 40th St., one door west of Broadway. Phone 6166-6167 Bryant.

Carnegie Hall, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2:30
Boston Symphony Orchestra
HENRI RABAUD
Conductor
Tickets at Box Office.

MOTION PICTURES. MOTION PICTURES.

Teddy, a weak, frail tenderfoot, punched Bad Ike into dreamland.

Hundreds turned away yesterday!
An unprecedented ovation was accorded!
THE FAMOUS ROOSEVELT PICTURE
'OUR TEDDY'
Colonel Roosevelt's dramatic life story made with his consent and approval
A laughing, Thrilled, Cheering Audience
Ladies & Children avoid night crowds by attending Matinees
TO-DAY and
School Boy Scouts' Morning Mat.
TO-MORROW Roosevelt Memorial.
Boy Scouts' Band at Matinee.
81st ST. THEATRE
BROADWAY & 81ST ST.
PHONE SCHUYLER 3980

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 20, 30, 65, Lcs. $1
WM. S. HART "Breed of Men" RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square 20—30—60.
Cecil B. DeMille's "Don't Change Your Husband." Soloists. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
KITTY GORDON, "Mandarin's Gold."

PLAZA Madison Avenue at 59th Street. Continuous Daily, 1 to 11 P. M.
Tom Moore, "Go West, Young Man!"
Charlie Chaplin, "A Dog's Life."

STRAND B'way at 47th St.
John Barrymore in "Here Comes the Bride." Soloists, Comedy. STRAND ORCHESTRA.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN Evenings 8. Matinee Today at 2
Moves to the 44th St. Theatre Next Monday
AL JOLSON in "SINBAD"
Beginning Wed. Night, Feb. 12. Seats Now.
Winter Garden's Mid-Winter Extravaganza **Monte Cristo, Jr.**
Sunday Night Concert
BIGGEST AND BEST BILL IN TOWN.

CENTURY GROVE — Roof of Century Theatre
NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL
—AT 11:30— A SENSATION! Phone Col. 8800.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30.
Matinees Today, Wed. & Thurs.
ALICE BRADY
Personally in FOREVER AFTER

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. Today, 2:30. Last 2 Times
MARY NASH IN THE BIG CHANCE
NEXT MONDAY Seats Now
THE NET

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
A. H. WOODS Presents
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD
in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

CENTRAL 47th & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.
A Musical Play—Different
SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART
Sun. Eve. Concert—14 Rousing Acts

CASINO B'way & 39th. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.
Jolly Musical Romance **Some Time** with ED. WYNN

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.
EAST IS WEST
A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
WHITESIDE 3RD MONTH
in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier
65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Today, Thurs., 2:15.
THIS WEEK **L'AMI FRITZ**
Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Pop. Prices

PRINCESS Matinees Today & Wed., 2:15. Evenings at 8:20.
Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes. **OH, MY DEAR!**
"BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

LONGACRE WEST 48th ST. Eves. 8:30. Matine Today, 2:30.
MARIE CAHILL in the new comedy, "TRIUMPH."—Sun.
Just Around the Corner

SELWYN Thea., West 42 St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
JANE COWL
THE CROWDED HOUR

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S, West 39th Street
TEA for 3 The Comedy Hit
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30

LYRIC 42nd St., West of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
THE SEASON'S HIT | With RICHARD BENNETT | 6TH BIG MONTH
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers
UNKNOWN PURPLE

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'y & 97. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Today, 2:15. ROCK-A-BYE BABY.
Next Week, Wm. Hodge, "A Cure for Curables"
SUNDAY CONCERT—1:30 to 11:30 P. M.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.
"CONVICTED AS A GREAT SHOW."
Charles Darnton, Eve. World.
"AS GOOD AS GILBERT & SULLIVAN."
Stephen Rathbun, Eve. Sun.
Deluge of Music, Girls and Fun
"Good Morning Judge"
GLORIOUSLY SUSTAINED ITS LONDON REPUTATION HERE..........With
GEORGE HASSELL | MOLLIE KING | CHARLES KING
A Pretty Face for Every Tick of the Clock

LITTLE THEATRE 44th, West of B'way
Beginning MONDAY NIGHT Seats Now
OLIVER MOROSCO presents
A New Farce of Honeymoon Happenings
"Please Get Married"
with ERNEST TRUEX, EDITH TALIAFERRO and A TYPICAL MOROSCO CAST

44th ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15 Last Matinee Today, 2:15.
SMARTEST MUSICAL SHOW IN TOWN.
LAST 2 TIMES
LITTLE SIMPLICITY Prettiest Girls in the World
MON., Feb. 10 **Al Jolson in Sinbad** Moves here from Winter Garden.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today, Feb. 12 & Thurs.
Riotous Musical Comedy **MELTING OF MOLLY**

VANDERBILT 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Rachel Crothers' Brilliant Comedy,
A LITTLE JOURNEY
With Estelle Winwood & Cyril Keightley

MOROSCO HAS THE HIT
MATINEES TODAY & WED. AT 2:20
COURTENAY AND WISE
IN THE BIG FUN HIT **CAPPY RICKS**

NORA BAYES Thea., 44th, W. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.
NORA BAYES | LADIES FIRST
Nora Bayes Nifty Sunday Nite

MANHATTAN Opera Ho., 34th, W. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU
In Her Favorite Role **EYES OF YOUTH**
25c. to $1.50. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1. Seats Now Lincoln's, Washington's Birthdays.

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION.

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEATRE
THIS MORNING AT 10:30.
WALTER **HAMPDEN** AS **HAMLET**
"Easily the unique event of the dramatic year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

PARK Columbus Circle, 59th | Phone 9590 Col. | Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed.
SOCIETY OF AMERICAN SINGERS.
NOTABLE ALL-STAR REVIVAL
The National American Comic Opera,
ROBIN HOOD
THE GREATEST CAST EVER ASSEMBLED IN COMIC OPERA.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners | with IRENE BORDONI

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. Today, 2:30. Last 2 Times
THE **CLIMAX** —with— ELEANOR **PAINTER**
Beginning NEXT MONDAY. Seats Now.
A New Comedy **"TOBY'S BOW"** with NORMAN TREVOR
Mats. Wed. (Lincoln's B'day), Thurs. & Sat.

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bry. 412. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
The Laugh Play
Keep IT TO Yourself
"A COMEDY CLASSIC."—Globe.

FULTON THEATRE
MME. KALICH in "THE RIDDLE: WOMAN."
will positively resume her engagement
TONIGHT AT 8:30. NO MAT. TODAY.

LOEW'S 7th Av. at 125th St. Eves. 25c to $1
Mat. Today, 25c to 75c. "BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE"
Next Week, Mary Nash, "The Big Chance."

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:20.
"BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times.
WILLIAM GILLETTE | BARRIE'S BEST COMEDY | DEAR BRUTUS

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
LEO **DITRICHSTEIN**
in HIS GREATEST TRIUMPH
The MARQUIS de PRIOLA

GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Nights 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20.
JULIA **SANDERSON** JOSEPH **CAWTHORN**
Sam Hardy Maud Eburne **"The CANARY"** Doyle & Dixon

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St.
Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:15.
JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LISTEN LESTER!

Punch & Judy 49th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thur., Fri., Sat., 2:30.
STUART WALKER'S SEASON
3 Plays by LORD DUNSANY, "The Golden Doom," King Argimenes & the Unknown Warrior
"The Gods OF THE Mountain." 1 Mat. - day

LIGHTNIN Evs. at 8:30 Matinees Today, Wednesday & Fri., 2:30.
GAIETY, B'way & 46 St.
AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT
3 Wise Fools Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
CRITERION, B'way & 44 St.

HARRIS West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
MATINEE TODAY 2:30.
The Big Sensation of Spirit Mystery grips New York! Follow the Crowd to THE INVISIBLE FOE. "Thrills that bite to the marrow."—Dorothy Dix.

CENTURY THEATRE
Evgs. 8:30. Matinee Today, 2:30.
The Play That Will Make the World Happy
THE BETROTHAL
By Maeterlinck, Author of Blue Bird
Economic Prices. Orchestra, $2.00-$1.50. Dress Circle, 500 Good Seats, $1. Balcony, 75c-50c. Seats Now for Lincoln's and Washington's Birthdays.

Burton Holmes
CARNEGIE HALL,
Sund. Eve. AT 8:30 } With the "Yanks" — IN — ITALY
Mon. Mat. AT 3
POPULAR PRICES—50c to $1.50.

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome
Matinee Today 2:15 Evgs. at 8:15

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way Every Eve. at 8:15
ARTURO BERNARDI, Frank Morrell, Gallarini & Son, Saxton & Kolar. 5 other acts. | All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | Twice Daily. | Pop. Prices THE MAJESTICS with Florence Bennett.

METROPOLITAN OPERA.—One orchestra, seat, near front, alt. Sat. Mats., balance season, box office price. G 348 Times.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE W. 42d St.
EVS. 8:15. MATINEES TODAY & WED., 2:15.
THE SMOOTHEST GIRL THAT EVER DELIGHTED N. Y.
KLAW & ERLANGER'S HILARIOUS MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION
The VELVET LADY

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE
Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic
TWO ENTIRELY DIFFERENT SHOWS

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Most Fascinating Play Ever Written
THREE FACES EAST
Hundreds turned away at every performance.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:20.
FRANCES STARR
in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way and 43d St. Bryant 392.
EVS. 8:20. MATINEES TODAY & WED., 2:20.
THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY. **"A PRINCE THERE WAS"**
GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS
DADDIES

Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
MRS. FISKE in a New Comedy "MIS' NELLY OF N' ORLEANS"

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20.
'Ullo! 'ere's a 'it **The Better 'Ole**
With MR. and MRS. COBURN

STANDARD Eves. 25c to $1. Mat. Today.
B'way, 90th St. PATRICIA COLLINGE **"TILLIE"**
Next Week—Fiske O'Hara, "Marry in Haste"

Auto Show
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN - - and 69th REGIMENT ARMORY - - - -
10 A. M. TO 10.30 P. M.
LAST DAY
Ticket Admitting both Buildings, 50c.

GALLI-CURCI
SEATS FOR ALL PERFORMANCES of the CHICAGO & METROPOLITAN OPERA
OPERA TICKETS Subscriptions bought, sold, exchanged. JACOBS TICKET OFFICE, NORMANDIE HOTEL, B'way and 38th St. TELS. GREELEY 4188, 4189, 4190, 6442.

Galli-Curci
Choice Seats for Sunday Evening.
HIPPODROME CONCERT
BROADWAY THEATRE TICKET CO.,
218 West 42d St. Phone 6505 Bryant.

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE 4th St. & 7th Av. Phone Spring 6409
7th Av. Subway to Christopher St. **Opens Tonight, 8:30.**
HOBOHEMIA
A COMEDY OF GREENWICH VILLAGE

OPERA TICKETS Seats tonight, Manon, with Muzio. Wed. Mat., Caruso in Aida. All operas. Subscriptions bought, sold. GALLI-CURCI, HIPPODROME, SUN. EVE. 1438 B'way (40-41 St.) Phones Bryant 7877-7878.

AMUSEMENTS.

N. Y. SYMPHONY
SOCIETY
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r.
Aeolian Hall, This Morning at 11.
Symphony Concert for Children
Mr. Damrosch will explain
THE PERCUSSION INSTRUMENTS.
Aeolian Hall, Tom'w (Sun.) Aft. at 3.
Roosevelt Memorial Concert
Music symbolizing the life and ideals of a great American.
"The Angel of Death"—Chadwick (first time in America), after Daniel Chester French's sculpture, Death, staying the hand of the sculptor as he finishes his masterpiece.
Beethoven's Fifth Symphony. Mouquet's "The Pipes of Pan" (flute solo—Daniel Maquarre). Prelude, Chorale and Fugue—Cesar Franck.
Seats at Box Office. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

EIGHTH BILTMORE
FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE
Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore, Feb. 21, at 11.
GALLI-CURCI
MARIE **KRYL** Pianist
WINSTON **WILKINSON** Violinist
MANUEL **BERENGNER** Flutist
Res. Seats, $3.00. Box Seats, $5.00. Now on sale at R. E. Johnston's office, 1451 B'way. Knabe Piano. (By arrangement with Charles L. Wagner and D. F. McSweeney.)

PHILHARMONIC
JOSEF STRANSKY....Conductor
CARNEGIE HALL, Tonight at 8:30.
Soloist GUIOMAR **NOVAES**
Chopin, Rachmaninoff "Scheherazade"
Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall Lincoln's B'day, Wed. Aft., at 3. Feb. 12
VIOLIN RECITAL—MAYO
WADLER
With **LEO ORNSTEIN** Pianist
Seats Now on Sale. Mgt. J. Dalber. Knabe

AEOLIAN, THIS Afternoon at 3.
ANOTHER PIANO RECITAL. 50c to $2
BAUER
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano

Aeolian—Fri. Aft., Feb. 14 at 3.
—HELEN—
JEFFREY
—Second Violin Recital—
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Aft., Feb. 10, at 3
Piano Recital—(Steinway)
LEGINSKA
Tickets 50c to $2. Mgt. Haensel & Jones

BRITAIN'S GREATEST PIANIST
WINIFRED **CHRISTIE** AEOLIAN HALL
Lincoln's Birthday, Feb. 12, at 3 (50c to $2)
Mgt. Wm. J. A. Bailey. Mason & Hamlin Piano

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
TUES. AFT., CARNEGIE HALL, at 3:00.
FEB. 11 Soloist: MME. OLGA SAMAROFF, Pianist.
Tickets, 50c to $2.00, at Box Office.

AEOLIAN HALL, TONIGHT AT 8:15.
SECOND PIANO RECITAL—FELIX
GARZIGLIA
Mgt. Haensel & Jones. $1.00 to 50c. (Steinway)

BROOKLYN.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
Tuesday Evening, Feb. 11.
Metropolitan Opera Company
Present Korsakoff's Pantomime
LE COQ D'OR
Sung by Mmes. Barrientos, Sundelius, Braslau. MM. Diaz, Didur, D'Angelo. Acted by Mmes. Galli and Smith. MM. Bolm and Bonfiglio.
Preceded by Mascagni's Opera
Cavalleria Rusticana
Mmes. Easton and Perini. MM. Crimi and Montesanto.
Seats at Box Office, $1.50 to $5.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
SAT. EVE., FEB. 8
Lecture and Motion Pictures on Sinking of H. M. S. Vindictive and
Raid on Zeebrugge
By the Man Who Did It
Capt. Carpenter, V.C.
Phone Prospect 6060 for Tickets.

Tea Rooms.

THE PIROUETTE 32 East 45th Street Luncheon 40c; Dinner 65c
MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Avenue Lunch 35c; Chicken Lunch 50c
THE ADELAIDE 7 West 56th Street. Luncheon 50c; Dinner 75c.

CLOVER TEA SHOP 640 Madison Ave., Corner 59th St.
Established 1912. Closed Sundays.
Breakfast, 40-50c; Lunch 60-75c; Dinner, $1-1.25.
Under Same Management as the ROSE GARDEN.

Sisters Three Teashop 53d Street and Madison Ave.
A la carte from 8:30 A. M. to 8 P. M.
Everything home cooked. Only fresh materials used. Smoking downstairs.

THE MARGUERITE 49 West 39th Street. Club Breakfast.
Open Sundays from 1 to 7 P. M.
Luncheon 50c; Afternoon Tea; Dinner 75c.
Chicken Dinner Sunday, Wednesday and Friday.

OLD CHELSEA 51 WEST 16TH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
Well-Balanced Food, Deliciously Cooked.
Lunch 40-50c; Dinner 85c; Sunday Dinner 1 P. M.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET. 8 to 8, Except Sundays.
The Oldest Tea Room in New York.
"Club" or a la carte. Smoking in garden.

Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at
SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. SPECIAL
Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

THE PICCADILLY, 170 West 72d Street, near Broadway.
Special Chicken and Waffle Dinner every Monday & Thursday. Delicious home cooking.

THE MARY FANT 26 West 43d Street. Just off 5th Ave.
LUNCHEON, 70c; AFTERNOON TEA; DINNER, $1
SPECIAL SUNDAY NIGHT DINNER, $1.25

THE GREEN WITCH 49 East 10th Street. An artists' rendezvous
LUNCH, 50c. (Closed Sundays.) DINNER, 65c.

HEATHERDELL 15 East 48d Street. Sunday Dinner, 75c.
LUNCHEON 40c : TEA : DINNER 60c

RUSSIAN INN Luncheon & Dinner. Table d'Hote.
57 W. 37TH ST. A la Carte & Afternoon Tea.

RESORTS.

SOUTHERN STATES.

Find out *difference* in fares to the far South resorts and Old Point Comfort
OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.
HOTEL CHAMBERLIN
Swimming Pool, Golf, Seafood Cuisine. Every European Bath and Treatment. Write GEO. F. ADAMS, Manager, Fortress Monroe, Va., or
Booklets and information at Bertha Ruffner Hotel Bureau, Hotel McAlpin; Cook's, 245 B'way, 561 Fifth Ave.; Marsters, 285 Fifth Ave.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 255 Fifth Ave.; "Ask Mr. Foster" at Lord & Taylor's; Frank Tourist Co., 489 Fifth Ave.; Brooklyn Eagle Resort Bureau

BATTERY PARK HOTEL
ASHEVILLE N.C.
IN THE LAND OF THE SKY
ON THE DIXIE HIGHWAY
Famous everywhere for its location, service and cuisine.
Booklet and rates upon application
S. J. LAWRENCE, Manager

DAYTONA, FLA.
Prettiest Winter Resort in the World.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 Wh. Plains.

NEW JERSEY.

Hotel Beechwood
Summit, N. J.
Five minutes from depot. Easy commutation via D., L. & W. and Hudson Tubes. Misses Gillan & Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn.
OPEN ALL YEAR.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY
NEW JERSEY
"The Finest Winter Resort in the World"

These are the words of a young Australian poet, who, sorely wounded in the wars, came to this country to recuperate. He had traveled far and wide, but, had never found a winter resort to equal Atlantic City. The climate is superb. Fine bracing air that fills you with zest and energy. Bright sunny skies above you and sunny faces around you. *You just have to feel well in Atlantic City.*

Broad, clean streets, fine stores, palatial hotels and a wealth of amusements.

Horseback Riding, Motoring, Golf, Rolling Chairs, Indoor Swimming Pools, Piers, Theatres, Concerts.

The Leading Houses Are Always Open and will gladly furnish full information, rates, etc., upon request (Hotels are all American Plan, unless otherwise noted)

Marlborough-Blenheim American and European Plans Josiah White & Sons Co.	**Hotel Strand** F. B. Off and H. C. Edwards
Hotel Dennis Walter J. Buzby	**Hotel Chelsea** J. B. Thompson & Co.
The Shelburne European Plan J. Weikel, Mgr.	**Hotel St. Charles** Wm. A. Leech, Mgr.
Seaside House F. P. Cook's Sons	**Galen Hall** Hotel and Sanatorium Galen Hall Co.
The Holmhurst A. H. Darnell	**The Wiltshire** Re-opens about Feb. 15 Samuel Ellis

For information and schedule of convenient railroad facilities, consult local ticket agents

The Shelburne
ATLANTIC CITY
WITH ITS FAMOUS FRENCH GRILL AND RIVIERA TERRACE
Directly facing the Sea
Superior Service and Appointments
Literature and Plans mailed.
EUROPEAN PLAN Jacob Weikel

ST. CHARLES HOTEL
ON THE OCEAN FRONT
Eleven stories of real comfort with an environment of distinct refinement without extravagance
AMERICAN PLAN. ALWAYS OPEN
LITERATURE AND TERMS MAILED
Wm. A. Leech Mgr.

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Winter and early Spring Seasons. Luxurious lobbies and beautifully furnished Sun Parlors thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales and evening concerts. Garage.
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

Marlborough-Blenheim
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
HEALTH IS EFFICIENCY
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets.
No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
Ownership Management JOSIAH WHITE & SONS CO.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL AND COTTAGES
on the beach ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
Concerts Afternoons and Evenings
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
Capacity 600. Diet Kitchen.
Open All Year S. Hanstein. Prop.

Hotel STRAND
FIREPROOF
On the ocean front
Capacity 600. Always open
Sea water in all baths. Orchestra
THE IDEAL FAMILY RESORT HOTEL

THE WILTSHIRE
Virginia Ave. and Beach. Ocean view. Capacity 350. Private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, etc. Amer. plan—$3.50 up daily, special weekly. Reopens Feb. 15. Booklet.
SAMUEL ELLIS.

ARLINGTON
Michigan Ave., near Beach.—Attractive in location, equipment, service and comforts. Winter rates.
R. J. OSBORNE & SON.

PIERREPONT
Family Hotel Mrs Gerson L. Kahn

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAUREL HOUSE
LAKEWOOD, N. J.
The Laurel House is justly famous for its homelike atmosphere, hospitality and charming social life. Laurel House Gun Club, Trap Shooting. Complete Hydro-Therapeutic Baths in Hotel. Booklet and information on request. Tel. 430 Lakewood.
A. J. Murphy, Mgr. C. V. Murphy, Asst. Mgr.

PENNSYLVANIA.

WALTERS PARK Inn
Wernersville, Pa.
"Just the Place"
for rest, recreation and health. Fine all-year-round climate. Splendid mountain roads. Free Garage. Electric and movement treatment when desired. Resident physician and nurses. 4 hours from New York. Express service. Always open. Ownership management. Est. 45 years.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, FEB. 8, 1919.

OFFICES: [Telephone Bryant 1000.]
Times Building............Times Square
Times Annex..43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown..............7 Beekman Street
Wall Street................2 Rector Street
Harlem..2,109 Seventh Av., near 125th St.

Bronx......................3,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights..........3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn....................401 Fulton Street
Staten Island.....93 Stuyv. Pl., New Brighton
Queens.....317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth......................250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken........................61 Second Street
Jersey City.............89 Montgomery Street
Newark.........................810 Broad Street
Paterson.........................13 Park Avenue
WASHINGTON.....................Riggs Building
CHICAGO...........1302-1304 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS..............1008 Fullerton Building
DETROIT........................403 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.............742 Market Street
LONDON..........12 Salisbury Square, E. C.
PARIS....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TWO CENTS in Metropolitan District (50 mile radius). Three Cents within 200 miles. Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents, City; Seven Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, Postpaid.	One Year.	Six Months.	One Month.
DAILY & SUNDAY....	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
One week, 35c.			
DAILY only	9.00	4.50	.85
One week, 30c.			
SUNDAY only	3.00	1.75	.30
SUNDAY only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55
FOREIGN RATES.			
DAILY & SUNDAY....	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
DAILY only	17.40	8.90	1.45
SUNDAY only	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section.$1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5. Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

THE UNIONS' RAILWAY BILL.

There is nothing to laugh at in the proposal of "two million unionists"—really the proposal of half a dozen labor leaders—that the Government should buy the railways and intrust them to unionists to operate for joint account, on a co-operative basis, the taxpayers, of course, to make good all deficits. The idea may seem absurd to taxpayers who are finding a billion for railway wages already, and to those who think that the owners of property have rights which Government and unionists should respect. But "labor" takes itself seriously, and current events in every land washed by the Seven Seas show that it is necessary to argue with labor seriously, either with reason or with organization and resolution equal to labor's. Unionists are armies in numbers, discipline, leadership, and, it is said with regret, lack of scruple oftentimes. American unionists are not Bolshevist in their aims, but they are so convinced of their strength, and the excellence of their motives and plans, that they stick at nothing to carry their points.

Only a year or two ago we laughed at Socialist Sunday schools. More recently we have been taken by surprise at the discovery that there were anarchists among us, and have prepared to deport them, and to prevent the arrival of more by immigration. Yet the fact is that sentiments of that sort are pretentiously international in their quality, and so far from being alien that they were practiced here before the foreign words for the hateful things were known to Americans born. Bombs were used in American industrial disputes when foreign syndicalists merely talked of the religion and philosophy of violence. Sabotage was used in France earlier than in the United States, but the thing was done here before the word was imported. In his book dated 1913 JOHN GRAHAM BROOKS said that the I. W. W. was as American as the Republican Party.

The case is not desperate because it is serious. Our American workmen are neither better nor worse than our capitalists. Both have a way of putting their point of view cogently when they are misunderstood and mistreated. And both alike must surrender positions when wrongly taken contrary to the superior general interest. It is not for the common good that either labor or capital should seek its way by domination, as both have done. But it is just as necessary that they both should understand the respective points of view as that either should. The temptation should be resisted to reject summarily, or to ridicule, the proposition of a twenty-billion-dollar corporation with capital [illegible] solely by operating ability. The [illegible] there is that the labor which [illegible] life to any productive enterprise [illegible] an investment as truly as those who put in capital. The capital may be lost, but the life and labor certainly will be expended completely. There are differences of opinion as to how far that thought carries weight, but labor's point of view is entitled to what weight labor gives it by its loyalty to the undertaking in which that property is invested alongside dollars.

Another thought implicit in this as in other labor proposals is that the community is as much a partner in industrial enterprises of the scope and size of railways as either capital or labor, or rather both together. Railways are not for the profit of their shareholders alone, any more than jobs are for wages alone. Investments of either capital or labor are for the profit of those who use the products of both under the protection of our institutions, which both voluntarily should respect, or must be taught to respect, in the manner appropriate to the necessity.

Therefore, speaking seriously and sympathetically, but with resolute dissent, the proposal that railways should be intrusted solely to wage-earners must be condemned for the reason that it is neither representative nor responsible. It would not be fit to adopt even if it would produce the benefits which the promoters promise as positively as the regulators and reformers, who have shown themselves no more trustworthy. We have been disappointed so completely in proposals which should both reduce rates and increase wages that we are shy of another of the same sort. Rates and wages are of small importance compared with the service of commerce, and already it is complaining of the intrustment of the railways to interests antagonistic to labor, or at least not representing labor. Neither does this proposal represent labor so much as it represents the organizers of labor.

The second reason why the proposal is unacceptable is that it is not responsible. It is not accompanied with any engagement on the part of labor that it would invest its life and toil in the enterprise. It would not stand by the railways through stress and storm as capital investment must, and is doing. Railway investments are different from any other. Factories may be turned to many uses, just as workers turn from one job to another. A railway is a railway or nothing. Commitments to railways are irretrievable except by success. Speculators and workers of shifty ideas may dodge in and out of railways, but multitudes have found that the dollars put into them never return. Unless labor gives its bond to invest in railways in that manner, to support them instead of to exploit them, the proposal that it should be allowed to operate them must be taken as an example of psychopathic conflagration, rather than as a business plan.

WEIMAR.

"We will call on the old German spirit of Weimar," says Chancellor EBERT, calling the National Assembly to order; "we will be an empire of justice and truth." Fine words; nor should anybody say, with Dean SWIFT: "I wonder where you stole 'um." The straggling little capital of KARL AUGUST and one knows not how many other perruqued Grand Dukes, the charming, old-fashioned city on the Ilm, at its best a sort of memorial of fantastic, easy, outworn principalities like Prince OTTO'S, holds the graves not only of the Olympians and romantics, of GOETHE and SCHILLER, but of NIETZSCHE, the sophister of megalomania, of master-and-slave morality, the half-mad pretentious humorist and rhetorician, the sick man doting on brutal strength, the poet-"philosopher" who anticipated the fatal spree of German "domination."

The great sources of the German Fake's Progress are historical, and he is but an episode attractive to unseasoned minds. It is a queer coincidence, none the less, that the rebirth or reaction of the German people, if yet there be truly a German people, is to come from Weimar. GOETHE or NIETZSCHE? "We were content," wrote GOETHE, "to let people go their own way." "The most powerful nation," said SCHILLER, "is but a "fragment; and thinking minds will "not grow warm on its account, except in so far as this nation or its "fortunes have exercised influence on "the progress of the species." In calling on the "old German spirit of Weimar," Chancellor EBERT makes a perilous or a fortunate invocation, according to the will and work of the National Assembly.

Tranquil old sprawling town of memories and monuments, of pictures and libraries and pleasure gardens! As one reads of the multiplicity of colored cards required there today for lodging and feeding and what not, one remembers with regret many a Hof and Keller of that quiet inheritor of old traditions, that earlier Germany, seeing which the pilgrim forgot the deadly opposite Germany whose horrible war memorials were not spared even to Weimar. "Licht, Liebe, Leben"—how absurd and unreal HERDER'S motto sounds. The Golden Eagle, the Elephant, the queer old homely inns, were they ever there, were they but somnambulists, the thousands who imagined that in Weimar they saw a corner of the antique world?

SAILORS AND FOOD SHIPS.

"Our only hope," said a German paper, the Weser-Zeitung, last week, "is that America will send us the necessary foodstuffs." Two days earlier the Norwegian Seamen's Union had by resolution declared that the Berlin Government must pay $4,000,000 to relatives of members killed by U-boats before it would assist in carrying food to Germany. Whereupon Norway's Government decided to send delegates to Paris with a list of the nation's lost ships, asking that all should be replaced by German vessels and that pensions should be provided for "a thousand families left destitute and dependent upon the State." Germany sank 831 Norwegian ships and killed 1,120 of their seamen, many of them by gunfire while they were in lifeboats. This week the Danish Sailors' Union has prepared a claim for the relief of dependents of men who were lost with more than 100 ships.

The seamen of these two countries have now joined those of Great Britain and France in their boycott of Germany on the seas. They will be represented three weeks hence at the international conference, which, it is expected, will not only demand compensation for the relatives of submarine victims but also insist that the ex-Kaiser shall be tried for piracy by an international tribunal. The British Seamen's Union lost 17,000 members. It may be necessary to man the surrendered German ships exclusively with sailors from the British and American Navies.

If the shipment of food to them is delayed, the Germans may be led to admit that sailors of neutral and hostile belligerent countries have just ground for complaint. They are now protesting against the blockade because it restrains their fishermen in the Baltic, and apparently have forgotten that their submarines wantonly sank many Dutch and Norwegian fishing schooners, murdering with shrapnel those who tried to escape in small boats. Longing now for American food, they do not seem to remember that they destroyed a dozen ships of the Relief Commission that were carrying food from this country to the hungry Belgians, and also vessels with cargoes of our grain for Switzerland, Holland, Sweden, and other neutral nations which had been increasing their own supply of food. The bereaved families and mourning associates of murdered sailors do not forget.

A SOLDIER'S PROPOSAL.

An organization of soldiers of the Western Allies, World War Veterans, is proposed by General JOHN A. JOHNSTON, commander of the 34th Division. "Such an association," he says, "could do much among the people in "all the allied countries to strengthen "a world-viewing sentiment for the "very things which the League of "Nations aims to create nationally." A brotherhood of men who served in the war, whether they went into battle or not, would be a formative influence for peace and good-will on earth. No comradeship can be more enduring than that of men who have mingled in the camp and field to maintain a righteous cause—and never was cause nobler than that which called the Allies to war and was crowned with victory.

In such an organization as General JOHNSTON urges, the men of sober judgment, the men who abhor war because they have experienced its horrors and seen the devastation of homes and industry wrought by it, would assume leadership by consent of their fellows. They would be a restraint upon prejudice and jingoism, not only in the ranks of their association but in all the walks of civil life. The World War Veterans would not be misled by sinister propaganda designed to embroil the nations in another war. That propaganda is active even now, while the terms of peace are being arranged and its purpose is to set the American soldier against his French comrade in arms, and to make bad blood between the Americans and the British.

That soldiers of the Allies would have their differences and sometimes quarrel was to be expected—there are hot-headed men in every camp—but the distortion of occasional lapses from harmony into proof of racial antipathy to the Americans can usually be traced to German or pro-German sources. It imposes upon the ignorant, it inflames prejudice, it subtly suggests that the next war will be with one or more of our allies, although honest and sensible men are striving to banish war altogether. The poison is being instilled wherever and whenever it will breed dissension.

Now, if such an organization as General JOHNSTON proposes will counteract vicious propaganda and strengthen the tie between officers and soldiers of the Allies, it is a good thing, and the idea should be sown broadcast to germinate and bear fruit. Certainly it ought to be the pride of comrades in arms to keep up their association for the promotion of interests which they should have in common, chief of which is the prevention of another war of magnitude, with its terrible sacrifice of life and its appalling waste of the products of industry. The nucleus of such an organization would attract intelligent and patriotic men, and there need be no fear that its influence would not be wholesome and beneficial.

AFTERTHOUGHTS OF A MAGYAR STATESMAN.

It is indicative of the unregenerate state of mind still prevailing in some circles in Central Europe that the Pester Lloyd thinks it can prove that Hungary hated German militarism, and that she was forced into a war of self-defense against Serbia and Russia, by publishing a certain letter written by Count STEPHEN TISZA in September, 1917. It is true that TISZA says some harsh things about the Prussian Conservatives and the Kaiser. But his objection against the Conservatives is that "by their political narrowness, "their selfishness, and their preju-"dices they form a source of eternal "complications, difficulties, and dan-"gers." The specific manifestation of this, which evoked his letter, was an article in the Kreuz-Zeitung favoring a German-Russian alliance after the war, which of course would have been greatly to the disadvantage of Hungary.

TISZA says that Germany could choose between Russia and Hungary as Allies. If she chose Russia she could make herself supreme in Western Europe, but would have to restrict her designs in the Balkans and Western Asia; no more Mitteleuropa, no more Berlin-to-Bagdad. Now it was obvious at that time to much less intelligent persons than STEPHEN TISZA that Germany was trying to do the two things at once, to accomplish in one war her domination of Western Europe and Western Asia, and that she was not succeeding very well. The war that was to be short and glorious was already long and exhausting, and there was a visible possibility of ultimate defeat. TISZA'S grievance against the Germans was that they were rushing violently down a steep place into the sea and carrying the Magyars with them.

This is apparent enough from his comment on the Kaiser. He criticises him, but for what? For making enemies where BISMARCK made friends—friends who could be thrown over when their usefulness was at an end, but who could be useful for a time. In other words, he accuses the Kaiser of crude methods rather than unworthy ends.

Anyhow, despite its disadvantages, Hungary must stick to the German alliance. "But of course we must strive "to exercise influence on the foreign "policy * * * and try to see that "the game is played better than has "been the case so far." That is to say, these Prussians have gone mad, and are likely to ruin themselves and us too; we must calm them down. "We ought to be the ally of Germany, "not its vassal, something that is in-"deed a question of actual relative "force and therefore depends on the "apparent condition of our mon-"archy." And at this point TISZA'S views come into contact with a cold fact which was known to him as well as to any one else—that however Hungary might be dissatisfied with her position as the slave who must follow the master to ruin, she had no choice. TISZA might talk about influencing the policy of Germany, but "it is a question of actual relative force." The war of 1866, and the Austro-Hungarian compromise of 1867, meant the end of Hapsburg power. By that war and that diplomatic arrangement BISMARCK left the Dual Monarchy in a position where Austrian and Magyar, each in his half of the realm, was supreme over the subject nationalities, where the Magyar even had a slight advantage over the Austrian, but where each depended for his position, internally and externally, on the favor of Prussia. TISZA knew as well as BISMARCK and LUDENDORFF that Hungary could have no material influence on German foreign policy, because Hungary and Austria were only conveniences for Germany, whereas Germany was essential to their existence.

There was only one way out, and that way had been closed before TISZA wrote. If, years ago, the Austrians and Magyars had voluntarily given up their supremacy and allowed the subject nationalities freedom within the Hapsburg realm, they might have created a Federal State which could have pursued a policy of its own. But that chance had been thrown away, and by just such men as TISZA. On Oct. 18 last he stood up for the last time in the Hungarian Parliament and spoke vehemently against any concession to the Rumanians; and a week later the Hungarian monarchy was exploded by revolution.

APPLEJACK AND THE CONSTITUTION.

If "Massachusetts, GOD forgive her, she's a-kneelin' with the rest," as the sons of Belial would say, to prohibition, Connecticut is refractory and malignant, and Rhode Island, too, possibly on account of Providence, which in the old legendary evil days shared with Bridgeport, Conn., the glory of being the "most immoral city in the United States." Rhode Island has turned her face against the light. Two Puritan Commonwealths have thus denied the doctrine asserted naïvely before the middle of the seventeenth century by the venerable painful preacher, HIGGINSON of Massachusetts Bay, that water is potable. In England it had never occurred to him that ST. FRANCIS'S "Sister Water" was intended for interior purposes.

Now New Jersey, part Puritan, looks back to ROBERT TREAT and all the Puritan ancients, and says through a rather curious organ, the Hon. JAMES R. NUGENT, deposed and undeposable, that prohibition "will "have no chance in the legislative "halls this year, not as long as I "have anything to say on the sub-"ject," and Mr. NUGENT will have much to say on this subject, no doubt, whether anybody listens to him or not. As a fount and origin of what is said to be one of our lightest, most congenial, and most innocuous light wines of the country, Jersey applejack, New Jersey's course in regard to prohibition may be watched with feverish interest by persons feverishly interested.

The interest of THE TIMES, however, is in another direction. When a statesman of Mr. NUGENT'S training and capacity insists that "an amend-"ment so revolutionary in character "cannot be adopted without the con-"sent of all the States," the friends of the Constitution, even those among whom it is a little thing among friends, must prick up their ears and hearts. The doctrine is strange, searching, powerful. So, the sociologists who have investigated Jersey applejack tell us, is that Jersey wine.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

His Eminence Dearly Purchased.

Fame, of a sort, and real though not exactly enjoyable, has just been achieved by one SEYMOUR L. RAU, by profession or trade what is described as a "security broker." Mr. RAU'S claim to attention lies in the fact that he is the first of America's millions to have been convicted of not having made an income tax return and as yet he is the only man thus convicted. How long he will remain solitary, and whether or not he should be so now—those are questions beyond answering, though as to the second of them, at least, it is permissible to have an opinion—easier to have than safe to express, perhaps.

The consequences of Mr. RAU'S negligence, however, are such as to make him a solemn warning to all and sundry who may contemplate taking the chance he did, that they had better not do it. The verdict in the Federal District Court, where he was tried before Judge KNOX, is that Mr. RAU must (a) pay twice the tax of $162.25 that he should have paid and didn't; (b) pay two fines of $150 each, and (c) be imprisoned for thirty days.

Mr. RAU contended that if he sinned, it was in the innocence of ignorance, he having listened to the advice of certain anabaptists who did vainly say that, as the business house with which he is connected had paid its tax, he would not be taxed on an income derived therefrom. For various reasons—among them, possibly, reluctance to believe that a broker, and especially a security broker, could be as unsophisticated as that—his defense was declared inadequate and doom was pronounced.

Whoever would not suffer as did Mr. RAU, or worse, should heed the lesson. The income tax should be paid, and it must be. To escape it is conceivable, but attempts to do so will be so rarely successful that the moderately wise will not make them.

Resignation Can Be Achieved.

Before yielding to that most natural and common of human inclinations—the inclination to complain that any tax is a burden both obnoxious and cruel—it will be well, in the case of the new income tax, to look for what may be its compensatory features. By careful search they are discoverable, and even though the compensation may not be complete, they will go, if taken precisely right, some way in that direction.

For instance, the mere reading of the law as it takes its dignified course from page to page of the one paper that printed it in full—of course, that was THE TIMES—is in itself a highly educational exercise. Not many of us can hope to understand it all, or to keep all its provisions and exceptions firmly fixed in mind, but we can do our best, and, so doing, will learn, in the degrees of our several capacities, how it is that a nation compelled to raise a huge sum of money sets about the accomplishment of that task.

And this law, like its predecessors, will have the admirable effect of making innumerable people get and maintain a definite understanding of their own financial resources, the origins of them, and the expenditures they warrant or permit. That is useful knowledge, and the habit of "keeping books" that springs from it is a highly valuable one to acquire. It is by no means least valuable for people of small incomes and possessions; indeed, it is perhaps more valuable for them than for anybody else, though it is they who most often used to get along without it.

A Good Work Ended Successfully.

With full reports now made of responses to the 1918 appeal for the "Hundred Neediest Cases," it is possible to see just what was accomplished by this effort to bring Christmas help and cheer to a large group of unfortunates. As a matter of fact, so generously did the contributions come in that not 100, but 200, cases considered "neediest" by the experts of the four great charitable agencies were relieved to the full extent that was deemed essential to meeting their wants, and that, in many instances, was to the extent of setting the beneficiaries on their financial feet again and starting them anew on the honorable and happy road of independence and self-support.

Some of the cases, indeed, have not yet reached that point, and a few probably must have continuous help, but a satisfactory percentage have escaped from the emergency created by accident, bereavement, or illness, and can face the world unafraid. Most satisfactory is it to be able to say that not in a single instance has there been the sort of unintelligent alms-giving that creates or perpetuates the professional beggar. No contributor to THE TIMES Fund need have any fear of having done that.

Aviators Deliver Newspapers.

Early in the week it was announced from Rome that one of the morning papers there was utilizing the airplane as a means of making early distribution of its complete or latest edition as far away as Naples. Now, it seems, a Berlin paper has adopted the same method to reach the statesmen, politicians, and others who are assembled in Weimar.

The plan is obviously a practicable one so far as speed of carriage goes, and whether it will prove commercially profitable remains to be seen. The incidental expense is considerable, of course, but airplanes now have room and supporting power for burdens running far up into the hundreds of pounds, and it may well be that before long the aerial newsboy will become as familiar as was the military aviator, not long ago, both in this country and in Europe.

That the utility of the airplane is restricted to war there is no need either to believe or to fear. Those who are confidently prophesying that its future as an implement of peace is certain have better basis than fancy for what they say.

A Chance for Civilian Sailors.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Civilian sailors are still looking for jobs, and yet any civilian ships of the United States that are selected to bring our troops back from France or England have our civilian sailors thrown out of them and navy crews put in their places. British ships come in nearly every day manned by British civilian sailors and carrying our troops. If British civilian sailors are good enough to bring our boys home, why aren't United States civilian sailors? The British steamship Cedric, with a British civilian crew, got in yesterday with 3,059 United States officers and men. The Italian steamship Duca d'Aosta, with an Italian civilian crew, got in today with United States troops. It is the same way with French ships and French civilian crews carrying our troops. What is the matter with United States civilian crews that they are not allowed to do the work that the merchant marines of foreign countries are depended on to do? The navy is giving back a few cargo ships each month, but it takes over ships for transports nearly every day and throws out the civilian crews.

GEORGE A. McDERMOTT.

New York, Feb. 5, 1919.

THE BRITISH EMBARGO

It Is Made Necessary by Heavy Indebtedness to This Country.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The outburst in the Senate against the British embargo, which would affect certain exports from the United States, is deplorable, as is any action or expression which tends to cause misunderstandings and ill-feeling toward a friendly nation.

It has always been considered praiseworthy for an individual to abstain from buying if he did not know how he was going to pay, and can any one tell how England or any of the countries of Europe are going to pay the balances in favor of this country which are in prospect? Since the war began Great Britain has been paying for her extraordinary purchases in this country: First, by selling her holdings of American securities; second, by borrowing here in the open market; and, finally, by means of loans granted by the United States Government. The authority of the Secretary of the Treasury to make these loans is nearly exhausted. Secretary McAdoo, shortly before retiring from office, asked that this authority be extended in the amount of $1,500,000,000, but no action has been taken upon the request, and, judging from public expressions of members of the committee to which the request was referred, there is little reason to expect that these loans will be continued.

How, then, is Great Britain to pay the balances in favor of this country? This is not a question of solvency or of good credit, but of means of payment. We know that it is impracticable for her to pay in gold; she cannot afford to allow the basis of her monetary and credit system to be entirely drained away; with approximately one-third of the world's gold in our hands, our Government is maintaining strict control over exports of gold. We will not allow England to pay us in goods; the next Congress is expected to raise the customs tariff to make sure of that. Heretofore she has had important charges against us for the services of her shipping, but we are building a great fleet of ships for the avowed purpose of reducing these charges. Heretofore she has had a large income from interest and dividends on American securities, but we have bought back most of these securities and established a balance against her in this account.

How, then, is England to pay the accruing balances against her? Ask any exchange banker and he will tell you that it cannot be done unless we lend credit for that purpose, and what is the prospect for our making loans to all Europe in the sums required to offset what they would like to buy in the United States? Is it not utterly unreasonable to become indignant because the British Government, with intelligent comprehension of the situation, takes steps to control the piling up of balances against her? She knows she must have some things from the United States, and naturally she would like to conserve her means of payment to secure these, rather than exhaust them upon things she can get along without.

England has suffered enormous losses, and has enormous burdens to carry. She has a most perplexing industrial situation to deal with at home. It is unfair and ungenerous to attack her for a course which is dictated by common prudence and which we, although our difficulties are much less serious, are even now pursuing for ourselves.

There is as yet no adequate conception of the fact that the huge indebtedness which we have piled up against Europe is a serious bar to our making further sales there. The annual interest payments, aggregating $500,000,000 a year, which Europe must make to us, necessarily reduce her ability to buy from us. It is a sum equal to the entire trade balance in our favor before the war. Obviously this interest cannot be paid in gold. The total production of gold in the world outside of the United States in 1918 was only about $300,000,000. How, then, I repeat, are these countries going to pay the interest and a trade balance of like amount unless we lend freely to cover the balances? And if we cannot tell them what to do, and they do not know whether we will lend or not, how can we blame them if they think it necessary to curtail their purchases?

GEORGE E. ROBERTS.

New York, Feb. 7, 1919.

Percentage of Casualties.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article in yesterday's TIMES discusses very fairly the comparative significance of the casualties reported for the several divisions of the American Expeditionary Force. There is one point, however, in the comparison that seems to have been overlooked both by you and by the military authorities. To institute a just comparison, the losses of a division should be reckoned as a percentage of the total number in the division from first to last, and the comparison between the divisions should be made by means of these percentages, i. e., by the relative and not by the absolute losses. Now in some divisions—notably, I believe, in the 27th—it is stated that there were no replacements until near the end of actual fighting; in others, replacements were numerously and continuously made. When a regiment like the 107th is reported as having 542 killed, dying of wounds, and missing, this means a percentage of loss of about 13, since the loss was distributed among about 3,600 men. In the case of another regiment, having, say, 1,000 killed and missing, representing a total casualty list of some 5,000, the percentage of loss would be less than 12, since the 1,000 killed and missing would be distributed among 8,600 men, (5,000 replacements plus the original 3,600 in the regiment.) In other words, the absolute loss in the second case would be nearly twice as great as in the first, but the relative loss would be less.

ALEXANDER DUANE.

New York, Feb. 5, 1919.

THE IDEALIST.

There is a man who dreams himself aloof
From brute creation. In his sense of life
There seems no need for further human strife;
No need to leave the calm and peaceful roof
To fight as beasts fight, with the horn and hoof.
This man has glimpsed a vista strangely new,
Where virile intellects and healthy flesh
May grasp the flail of industry, and thresh,
From varied grains, the harvests that accrue
When one is thrifty. His is warp and woof
Of fancy's imagery. His mind has seen
The nobler attributes and greater heights
Which man attains when all his longings lean
Away from instincts of the primal night.

Yet he is lonely, and in wretchedness
His days begin, in sorrowings they end.
For few there be who dare to call him friend,
Or sympathise too much in his distress,
Fearing they, too, some weakling hope confess
For new conditions, sweet, but all unknown
To history's annals. So he lives his day,
Fighting two fights—the tongues of those who say
His is the heart of cowardice alone,
Or that foul slander, that his wits digress
From normal trendings. So he lives and dies
Hurt to the soul that mankind cannot see
The greater blessings of calm, peaceful skies,
And how much finer earth, sans wars, would be!

LURANA SHELDON.

WAR PAINTINGS ON VIEW.

Work of British Artists Shown at the Anderson Galleries.

At the Anderson Galleries between two and three hundred paintings and drawings of war subjects by British artists, commissioned by the British Government, are placed on exhibition today. They came from Washington, where they have been shown at the Corcoran Gallery, and have drawn 40,000 visitors to the gallery during the three weeks of the exhibition. They are exhibited under the auspices of the British Ministry of Information and will be shown later in other cities of the United States.

The artists were chosen with something better than discretion, with initiative and discernment. They are men who look at their subject from a fresh angle, and have something to say about it that has not been said before. They are men of profound experience and with a scientific love of research united to their instinctive gifts. They were asked to paint not the horrors of war but the environment of war, the stage setting, the minor episodes, the supernumeraries, and the principals in costume, but all this with the big scene of the drama left out. This for the most part has been done, and it was wise. Art never is so helpless as in the presence of horror.

Major Sir William Orpen holds the place of honor in the exhibition, and his distinguished style fills the room dedicated to him with vitality, with fresh color, spacious design, and vital portraiture. His portraits are perhaps the most interesting feature of the gallery. He gets behind the formality of official representation to the man who wears the uniform and has performed the services celebrated. The portrait of Field Marshal Haig, for example, is not so much the Field Marshal as Haig. The portrait of Brig. Gen. H. J. Elles is the portrait of the man who at Cambrai issued the signal, "The Tank Corps expects that every tank will do its damn'dest." And the portrait of young Major J. B. McCudden, V. C., D. S. O., M. C., M. M., the most decorated member of the Royal Air Force, who accounted for fifty-four enemy planes, is beautiful on every ground. It is immediately convincing as a likeness and it shows the physical characteristics that must be those of a great airman. In addition to this, the artist has known how to suggest air and flight by the spears of blue shooting up in the background, which may be in an unfinished state, but which cannot be improved by further work.

Orpen's other subjects vary greatly in mood and in the power to interest the general public, but they all are the work of a painter enlisted in the cause of painting and not disdainful of craftsmanship. There is, however, much to choose between one example and another even from this point of view. Take his bit of comedy, the "Adam and Eve at Péronne"; the oil painting is clever, full of character, a trifle broken up in composition, and heavy in color, but reflecting truthfully the stupidity of a village Colin in uniform and a peasant girl no less dull and vacant in expression. But there is also on view the water-color sketch of the same subject, made before or after, it doesn't matter which. What does matter is the exquisite handling of the lighter medium, the fair pale color that floats vaporous across the paper just staining its surface, the noble simplicity of the drawing, the sweet dignity of the rustic type in the girl.

The exhibition is not confined to artists of even as moderate a degree of conservatism as Major Orpen. Here is Mr. Nevinson, who brings all the batteries of the Cubists to bear upon the material of war, and who succeeds in demonstrating the ability of his method to do something that could not be done in any other way. His angles and overlapping planes translate with astonishing force the harsh spirit of his subject. He gives you the volume and mass of the French troops advancing as one man. He shows you Belgian refugees shorn of the frippery of picturesqueness and sentimentality with which less competent artists have invested them; ugly and stern facts, tragic enough in their uncouth despair. His "Road from Arras to Bapaume," a study in black and white, is, however, his masterpiece. He shows the road, broad and white in the foreground, running over the hilly country, narrowing as it reaches the horizon and dipping down the folds of valley to rise again on the further hillsides. It is a road bereft of all its drapery of trees and foliage, bordered by the cruel stumps of tree trunks left by the marauders, and here and there in the dark expanse of the neighboring fields a twisted branch is thrust out like the arm of a corpse. Some carts wind along the road and a few figures are seen tramping. But the picture is the road itself left naked to its enemies.

Paul Nash also shows the brutal dismembering of the trees on the field of Passchendaele, and John Nash of the Artists' Rifles makes the weariness of the troops a reality. William P. Roberts, who belongs to the Vorticist group, does expressive work in "The Signalers," and conveys the sense of tumult and intense activity with no small degree of science. George Clausen is the only one to indulge in symbolism, and makes of his "Renaissance" a luminous pastoral of poetic beauty. Jacob Epstein provides the one piece of sculpture, "The Tin Hat." Augustus John sings a hymn to the consoling power of tobacco in his "Fraternity." Wyndham Lewis is another Vorticist and an accomplished artist into the bargain. "Eppur si muove," said Galileo, and the moderns who have been forced to renounce the new theories also must protest that the figures drawn by this able Vorticist do move.

Other artists upon whom it is impossible to comment adequately with the space of a preliminary review are W. B. Adeney, Alfred Bentley, Muirhead Bone, Frank Brangwyn, Colin W. Gill, C. J. Holmes, Eric H. Kennington, Sir John Lavery, James McBey, Bernard Meninsky, Spencer Pryse, William Rothenstein, Henry Rushbury, Randolph Schwabe, and E. A. Verpilleux.

The exhibition as a whole is a striking example of official intelligence and tact in selecting official artists capable of upholding their own standards and giving at the same time clear and vivid reports of the subject assigned them. It should not be missed by any one.

The patronesses of the exhibit are Mrs. James A. Burden, Mrs. Henry C. Frick, Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Marshall Field, Lady Butler, Mrs. Howard Cushing, Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, Mrs. Henry G. Gray, Mrs. William P. Douglas, Mrs. Colville Barclay, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Mrs. John R Drexel, Mrs. William Payne Thompson, Mrs. Charles H. Marshall, Mrs. John Magee, Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Mrs. Robert Bacon, Mrs. Burke Roche, Mrs. Grafton Pyne, Mrs. Francis C. Bishop, Mrs. C. Clive Bayley, Mrs. Newbold Le Roy Edgar, Mrs. Granville Kane, Mrs. James W. Gerard, Mrs. William Woodward, Mrs. George D. Widener, and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.

RAIL UNIONS RESENT BAN ON POLITICS

Would Favor Five-Year Control if Order Were Revoked, Plumb Tells Senators.

WAS ISSUED BY WILSON

Counsel for Brotherhoods Explains Co-operative Scheme, with Three Alternatives.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Glenn E. Plumb, long associated with the four great railway brotherhoods as counsel, today submitted to the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee the plan for the brotherhoods and affiliated railroad employe organizations under which the unions favor Government ownership of railroads on a co-operation basis.

Mr. Plumb told the committee that any opposition on the part of the railway employes to the Government's plea for a five-year extension of Federal control over the systems would disappear if the order by former Director General McAdoo forbidding participation by the employes in certain political activities were abrogated.

The much-discussed order of Mr. McAdoo, it was learned today, was signed by the President, and it was said that he had not been consulted concerning any possible revocation of it. As issued Oct. 18, 1918, the order reads:

> That no employe in the railway service of the United States shall,
>
> First—Hold a position as a member or officer of any political committee or organization that solicits funds for political purposes.
>
> Second—That he shall not act as Chairman of a political convention or use his position in the railway service of the United States to bring about his selection as a delegate to any political convention.
>
> Third—That he shall not solicit or receive funds for any political purpose or contribute to any political funds collected by any official or employe of any railway or any official or employe of the United States or any State.
>
> Fourth—That he shall not assume the conduct of any political campaign.
>
> Fifth—That he shall not be a candidate for nomination or election to any political office other than a municipal office; that for so doing any of the forementioned forbidden things he shall forfeit his position.

"As the order now stands," said Mr. Plumb on the stand today, "it might even be construed to forbid the organizations, with this plan adopted, from contributing money for the purpose of having me present it here."

Three Ownership Proposals.

Testimony today developed the fact that the brotherhoods and railway unions, who indorse the Plumb plan in its principles, but who refuse to commit themselves to absolute details at this time, have not yet worked out legislation, but hold, as stated by Mr. Plumb, that there must be "three separate and distinct" propositions in any legislation, as follows:

1. Providing for the acquisition of the railroads by the Government.
2. Creation of the private corporation of employes.
3. Authorizing the contracts between the Government and the private corporation.

The statement that the labor men would sanction a five-year extension if the non-political order was removed came out in answer to questions by Senators McLean and Cummins.

"That's our only objection to the extension," Mr. Plumb told Senator McLean. "The purpose of the extension is to allow time for a political solution, and under the order we are precluded from expression. We could not leave to the financial interests complete freedom while we were silent."

"Have you any intimation of its being revoked?" asked Senator McLean.

"No," replied the witness, "but Mr. Hines has so impressed me and my associates with his supreme fairness toward every question that therefore there seems hope to me."

Want Equal Voice with Capital.

"We must be as free as the railway executives or security holders to express our ideas," said Mr. Plumb to Senator Cummins. "I do not anticipate that they will cease from contributing to elect members of Congress. No more should we cease to exercise the same rights and privileges. But if we are still barred, we will not waive our objections to the extension of control."

The railroads should in no circumstances "be turned back to the old, composite scrap heap" of private ownership without some plan of action being developed, declared Mr. Plumb.

"And if no permanent plan is developed, your first duty is to legislate before the return," he added.

Mr. Plumb declared he could not see how a permanent solution could be worked out in a year; that it would require two, and that twenty-one months was much too short a period. He also suggested taking short-line railroads under Federal control during the time Congress was at work upon a permanent plan.

"It's my deliberate judgment, if the five-year period is approved by Congress, we will do nothing toward a solution until near the end of that time," said Senator Cummins. "Now is the time, the public is alive now. The other way it would have to be waked up again at the end of five years."

"There seems ground for the belief that there might be delay," said Mr. Plumb. "But capital would be impelled in seeking a quick solution by the chance of possible loss, and the public would be impelled by the thought that it is paying too much under a fixed rate."

"Well, Mr. Plumb," asked Senator Smith of South Carolina, Chairman of the committee, "do you think it would take Congress twenty-one months to determine upon the fundamental plan of what shall be done with the railroads, even if we did not work out the details?"

"You might build the framework of the vehicle in that time," was the reply.

"It doesn't seem to me it would take an extraordinary time to decide on the fundamental plan," said Senator Smith.

"Labor efficiency under the employes' plan would be quadrupled," declared Mr. Plumb.

"When capital wants peculiar efficiency in operation it doesn't select bankers—it selects labor," he said in advocacy of the proposed private corporation of employes.

FORD CONTEST DELAYED.

Pomerene Not to Press for an Immediate Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—In view of negotiations toward a compromise plan for proceeding with the Ford-Newberry contest, Chairman Pomerene of the Senate Privileges and Elections Committee announced today that he would not press his resolution proposing an immediate investigation.

The compromise proposed is that the committee's future action at this session of Congress shall not include taking of testimony, but shall be confined solely to preserving Michigan ballots and other documentary evidence for use in an investigation planned during the next session of Congress.

Mr. Pomerene indicated that the committee probably would be called together to bring out a new resolution, limited in its scope.

CHURCHES TO HONOR LIFE OF ROOSEVELT

Men Who Knew Him in Private and Public Relations to Speak from Pulpits Tomorrow.

SERVICE TO BE NATION-WIDE

American Defense Society Prepares Special Program and Eulogistic Pronouncement.

The memory of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt will be honored tomorrow in hundreds of churches in this city and thousands of churches throughout the United States. Hundreds of men who knew him intimately in public and private life will appear in pulpits in this city and wherever services are held to deliver eulogies and tell reminiscences of their personal contact with the former President.

There has been no organization in charge of plans for the many memorial services, and each church or organization will pay honor in its own way. Most of the men and women in this city, who are known to have been intimate with Colonel Roosevelt, have been asked over and over again to speak tomorrow. Some of them will tell their recollections at several gatherings during the one day.

Many intimates of Colonel Roosevelt, who received more invitations to take part in services in his honor than they could accept, constituted themselves an agency to aid the churches in finding others of the tens of thousands who knew Colonel Roosevelt and could tell of him from personal contact.

Seven hundred chapters of the American Defense Society will hold memorial meetings, at which will be read the following paragraph from the last public message of Colonel Roosevelt, which was read at the Hippodrome on January 5:

"We have room for but one language here, and that is the English language, for we intend to see that the crucible turns out people as Americans, of American nationality, and not as dwellers in a polyglot boarding-house; and we have room for but one soul loyalty and that is loyalty to the American people."

The service of the American Defense Society in this city will be held at Trinity Church, where the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning will be the principal speaker, his topic being: "Roosevelt, as President, Citizen and Man." Dr. Manning will read a message from Major Gen. Leonard Wood. The following, adopted by the Board of Trustees of the American Defense Society, will also be read:

> The American Defense Society is glad to honor and revere the memory of its Honorary President, Theodore Roosevelt, and to record its sense of obligation to him for stimulation and aid in its work. The lesson of Americanism which he taught by his life and effort is of continuing value to this country and to all Americans. His interest in this society was marked by his ready response to every call that it made upon him. His precept and his example, above all, his unfailing courage and constancy, have been an inspiration to the society and its members. It would be difficult to express how much and in how many directions the society is indebted to him for counsel, co-operation, and encouragement.

The following address is recommended by the society for adoption by each of its branches and subcommittees tomorrow:

> We have listened with deep and appreciative sympathy to the reading of the last public appeal of Theodore Roosevelt to the citizens of the United States, urging the preservation and fostering throughout the land of the spirit of Americanism.
>
> In common with all the other branches of the American Defense Society and its dependencies, who are today in their respective localities holding with us this joint memorial meeting to evidence unitedly our respect for the achievements and memory of this great American, we would bear testimony to the vivifying influence of his loyal and patriotic life and his intense devotion to the ideals of national citizenship.
>
> We deem ourselves fortunate that he should have thought this society, of which he was the Honorary President, worthy of selection as the vehicle through which to convey to the country his message of devotion to America and his recital of the requirements which a suitable standard of citizenship demands on the part of Americans. We are met together as well to celebrate his deeds as to resolve to follow his example. His reward will reside and endure in the good opinion of his countrymen and will be worthy of his fame. Wherever noble deeds and a just ideal of service shall be spoken of there shall his name arise in remembrance.

Memorial services in honor of Colonel Roosevelt will be held in the Straus Auditorium of the Educational Alliance, at 197 East Broadway, tomorrow afternoon. Arthur Harrell and the Rev. Dr. Z. H. Masliansky will speak on the career of Colonel Roosevelt. Dr. Stephen S. Wise will pay a tribute to his memory at the Free Synogogue at Carnegie Hall tomorrow morning.

A number of distinguished men and old-time friends of Colonel Roosevelt, including Lawrence Abbott, who used to be described as Colonel Roosevelt's "Boswell," will speak at the services at the Brooklyn Academy of Music tomorrow night at 8:15. Other speakers will be ex-Senator Albert J. Beveridge, Judge Frederick E. Crane, and Justice Almet F. Jenks.

The Rev. Dr. Henry B. Washburn, Secretary of the War Commission of the Episcopal Church, will make an address on Colonel Roosevelt at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

The War Camp Community Service, through its national headquarters, at 1 Madison Avenue, has arranged for special services and addresses in honor of the memory of Colonel Roosevelt tomorrow at all its centres in this city and elsewhere.

H. J. Whigham, editor of the Metropolitan Magazine, with which Colonel Roosevelt was associated as a member of the editorial staff, tells a number of Roosevelt incidents in the March issue of that publication, including the following:

"To have consulted his own interests before the interests of his country was simply impossible for Roosevelt. The Lusitania was sunk on the 7th of May when the Colonel was in Albany carrying on his suit against Barnes. The next issue of The Metropolitan was just closed but we reopened one form in order to get a word on the Lusitania from Roosevelt. I got him on the long distance telephone that Saturday night, May 8. The first thing he said was 'What is Wilson doing? Has he seized the ships? Do you mean to say he hasn't seized the German ships in our harbors?' I told him the ships were not seized, and he then and there sat down in Albany to write the famous Lusitania editorial which reached us by Monday morning's mail, bearing the caption: 'Murder on the High Seas.'

"Unfortunately the magazine would not be out on the newsstands for three weeks, and we wanted the message to get to the people at once. So I telegraphed to Albany for permission to give the editorial to the press forthwith. As it happened, John Bowers, his chief counsel in the Barnes suit, knew there was one German-American on the jury, and had begged Roosevelt to say nothing to the press on the war which might hurt the feelings of the Germans until the suit was over, and it was nearly over when the Lusitania was sunk, and he had only to keep quiet a little longer. But his response to my telegram was 'By all means publish immediately.'"

The City Federation of Women's Clubs adopted a resolution yesterday presented by Miss Mabel E. Macomber, President of the City Playground League, urging that the permanent memorial for Colonel Roosevelt take the form of a model outdoor neighborhood playground.

Valentines
Putnams 2 W 45th St., N. Y.
just west of 5th Ave.

ROOSEVELT'S LIFE PLEDGE.

Will H. Hays Quotes It at Indiana Memorial Meeting.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 7.—Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, paid a tribute to Theodore Roosevelt at the memorial session of the Indiana Legislature here today. "The lesson of patriotism of Theodore Roosevelt," said Mr. Hays, "is his monument.

"He was for peace when peace was right, but if to win right for right's sake war was necessary, then he was for war or whatever else was needed; and above all, he was for America eternally, and there he was the severest partisan.

"'I have kept the promise that I made to myself when I was 21. That promise was to live my life to the hilt until I was 60, and I have kept that promise.'

"These words Theodore Roosevelt said to his sister a few days before he died," Mr. Hays said. "And this, indeed, he did."

ARMY TO HONOR ROOSEVELT

Exercises to be Held by Men Abroad as Well as in Home Camps.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—American soldiers abroad, as well as those in military camps in this country, will join in the memorial exercises for Theodore Roosevelt next Sunday, the date fixed by Congress for the ceremonies. Secretary Baker, in a letter today to Representative McCormick, said he had cabled General Pershing asking that general orders be issued for observance of the day by the army in Europe.

In response to an inquiry from the Illinois Representative, Mr. Baker wrote:

"From some source, which I cannot now recall, I noticed that General Pershing had on his own motion arranged military services for ex-President Roosevelt among the men of the American Expeditionary Forces. On receipt of your letter, however, I felt it wiser to cable him directly on the subject, and have asked him by general orders to call attention to the fact that the Senate and House of Representatives have set aside the 9th day of February for such services in Washington, that similar services are being held throughout the military camps in this country, and that such services should be organized as fully as possible for the benefit of the men in the American Expeditionary Forces."

The birthday of Theodore Roosevelt, Oct. 27, would be set aside as a national holiday by a bill introduced today by Representative Edmonds of Pennsylvania.

MEMORIAL TO ROOSEVELT.

Trinity Hall Recreation Centre Is Opened at Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—A recreation house for sailors, soldiers, and marines, dedicated as a memorial to Theodore Roosevelt, was opened today at Trinity Parish Hall. Invitations to the opening exercises were issued in the name of the Bishop of Washington, Chairman of the Social Service Conference, and the Navy League. Recreation rooms, a library, and a dormitory are available for the use of any sailor, soldier, or marine visiting the capital.

It is probable Trinity Parish Hall will be maintained as a permanent recreation centre.

RICHARD CROKER BETTER.

Ex-Tammany Leader, 76, Was Seriously Ill at Palm Beach.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 7.—Richard Croker, former Tammany chieftian, who has been seriously ill at his home, The Wigwam, is well on the road to recovery.

Mrs. Croker said that she expected her husband, who is 76 years old, to be up in a week's time. He has been suffering from congestion of the liver, and Mrs. Croker said that they had been worried over his condition until a few days ago. Dr. Noah Jackson of West Palm Beach, his physician, said that Mr. Croker had some digestive disorders that might develop trouble later, but that he was well on the road to recovery from the present attack.

Mr. Croker has not been in New York since last October, having spent most of his time since he left his estate in Ireland, just after the war started, at his country estate near Palm Beach.

MISS ASQUITH ENGAGED.

Ex-Premier's Daughter to Wed Prince Bibesco of Rumania.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The engagement of Miss Elizabeth Asquith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Asquith, to Prince Antoine Bibesco, Councillor at the Rumanian Legation, has been announced, according to The Daily Mirror. Prince Bibesco was formerly First Secretary at the Rumanian Legation at Washington.

It was rumored in September of last year that the announcement of the engagement of Miss Asquith and Stephen McKenna, the novelist, would shortly be made. Miss Asquith is about 22 years old, and like her mother, who was Miss Margot Tennant, is a brilliant woman. She is distinguished as an amateur actress and has appeared at many performances for war charities. She is also a fine linguist and a good golfer and skater.

TO STUDY PORT AGREEMENT

Gov. Edge Selects Committee to Represent New Jersey.

TRENTON, Feb. 7.—Governor Edge today invited a committee of State officials to serve with him on the committee which is to represent New Jersey in a study of the proposed joint agreement governing the Port of New York. The committee will co-operate with a similar body appointed by the Legislature of New York.

Those invited to consider the question are William N. Runyon, Clarence E. Case, Henry R. Ackerson, Edward I. Edwards, and Arthur Whitney of the Senate; Arthur N. Pierson, Ralph N. Kellam, Hugh C. Barrett, Walter G. Winne, representing the House, and Attorney General McCran, Controller Bugbee and Treasurer Read.

New Hampshire Society Dinner.

The New Hampshire Society of New York held its annual dinner and dance at the Hotel McAlpin last night, about seventy-five persons being present. William B. Greeley, President of the society, was toastmaster, and the speakers included Henry C. Quinby and Mrs. A. L. Livermore. The society took under consideration the question of admitting women to full membership.

Ford Loses Dividend Suit.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 7.—The State Supreme Court today sustained a decision of the Circuit Court in the case of John F. and Horace E. Dodge, minority stockholders of the Ford Motor Company, versus the Ford Company, that the company must pay a special dividend of $19,275,385 as demanded by the plaintiffs.

CHARITY BALL IS GAYLY REVIVED

3,000, Including Many Officers from Overseas, Dance Newest Steps at the Waldorf.

MRS. BERWIND THE LEADER

Succeeds Mrs. Algernon S. Sullivan, Who Headed the Grand March for 38 Years.

The Charity Ball, which has been a social institution in New York for more than half a century, had a brilliant revival last night at the Waldorf-Astoria after its abandonment last season on account of the war. Something of the spirit of victory prevailed last night with the grand ballroom entirely massed with the Stars and Stripes and the three tiers of boxes crowded with officers of the army and navy, allied officials, and wounded soldiers and sailors.

Sweeping aside the curtains of the past, a similar occasion, after the close of the civil war, was when the ball was staged in the Academy of Music. Then all the dowagers and misses came in quaint crinoline gowns, in horse-drawn carriages, and danced the stately quadrille with the officers in blue. Last night society was whirled to the hotel in their limousines and danced the newfangled steps with officers in khaki just back from overseas, with three orchestras playing continuously.

Every room large enough for dancing on the entire second floor of the hotel was utilized, and at times more than 3,000 dancers were on the floor. Officially the ball began with the time-honored grand march, which started at 10:30 o'clock in the Astor Gallery, proceeding under huge canopies of smilax to the ballroom, up to the crimson velvet dais, over which "1862-1919" blazed out in electric numbers.

Mrs. Edward J. Berwind, President of the Ball Committee, led the procession, escorted by Dr. Edward L. Partridge. For thirty-eight years Mrs. Algernon Sydney Sullivan headed the grand march, but retired from the Presidency, becoming the Honorary President, two years ago.

More than a hundred were in the grand march, which the Charity Ball has never abandoned with the advent of informality and the fox trot. The Floor Committee was composed of seventy members, of which Major Henry Gansevoort Sanford is Chairman, and Major James C. McGuire, Major Thomas Denny, Major Edward C. Delafield, and Edward C. Paris, the Vice Chairman.

After Mrs. Berwind and Dr. Partridge came Vice Admiral Gleaves with his staff and Mrs. James W. Gerard, then Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, with Mrs. Charles F. Roe, while Rear Admiral Usher walked with Mrs. Charles F. Hoffman, with their attending staff. Military and naval escorts came next with Mrs. Lawrence L. Gillespie, Miss Lena R. Curtis, and members of the Ball Committee, including Mrs. Daniel C. Adams, Mrs. Vernon C. Brown, Mrs. Henry G. Sanford, Mrs. John M. Bowers, Mrs. Ashton C. Clarkson, Mrs. Charles D. Miller, Mrs. Robert Oliphant, and Mrs. Robert L. Gerry.

Major Gen. C. F. Roe escorted Mrs. Gleaves, while E. de P. Livingston walked with Mrs. Barry, and Mrs. Usher was escorted by Benjamin Welles. After them walked the Directors of the New York Nursery and Child's Hospital, in aid of which the ball is given annually, and the patrons.

Twelve of the boxes last night were donated for the use of the Brooklyn Naval Hospital, the officers at the Navy Yard, Governors Island, and Marine Headquarters, the Pershing Club, Lafayette House, and the 305th Infantry Auxiliary. The donators were T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Lispenard Stewart, John M. Bowers, Henry M. Tilford, Edward J. Berwind, and Edward S. Harkness.

Many of the boxholders entertained at dinner at their residences, bringing their guests afterward to the ball. Among those who entertained box parties were Mrs. Berwind, Mrs. E. R. Stettinius, Mrs. Charles F. Hoffman, Mrs. Robert Gerry, Mrs. Paul G. Thebaud, Mrs. Thomas F. Ryan, Mrs. Frank Sullivan Smith, Mrs. Frederick Pearson, Mrs. James B. Haggin, Mrs. F. Ashton De Peyster, Mrs. W. J. Curtis, Mrs. Le Roy Baldwin, Mrs. H. Hartley Jenkins, Mrs. Edward Peaslee, Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee, and Joseph Eastman.

TROOPS WANT HOME FOOD.

Chief Demand of Men Visiting Paris, Boomer Reports.

Lucius M. Boomer, manager of the Waldorf-Astoria and McAlpin Hotels, returned yesterday from France where he spent three months as a Major in the American Red Cross, operating hotels for the officers and men of the American Army and Navy in that country. Before leaving Paris he had obtained accommodations for 2,000 men a night. Mr. Boomer said that American food cooked by Americans was the chief demand of the fighting men when on furlough in Paris, and this he was able to arrange for them.

"The Hotel du Louvre was opened in Paris on Dec. 20 for American officers, resident or on leave of absence to the city," Mr. Bloomer said. "It had been equipped with many American hotel devices and comforts, with many bathrooms and all rooms having running hot and cold water, while a large restaurant is operated by American coooks. Buses from the hotel meet the incoming trains, conveying the men and their baggage free of charge; banking facilities are provided; an information and amusement bureau, American news stand, barber's shop, medical service, and such 'home comforts' are everywhere in evidence."

Mr. Boomer said that Paris was preparing to receive a great influx of American tourists soon after the conclusion of the Peace Conference.

TO COVER MEN IN SERVICE.

Civil Service Commission's Rules Amended to Favor Veterans.

At a meeting of the Civil Service Commission yesterday the regulations of the commission were amended so as to give soldiers, sailors, and marines substantial recognition for the training, discipline, and experience they have had while serving under the Government. The additional ratings given are based on the length of time the candidate has served, and the highest number of points given cannot exceed more than two, so that a candidate will not have in his favor a handicap that cannot be overcome by civilian competitors. According to the plan of the commission women are to be recognized also for their war work.

In addition the commission also adopted a regulation which practically opens the doors for all injured soldiers and sailors to enter the examinations, and they are not to be disqualified by reason of their injuries, unless it is impossible for them to fill the place which they are seeking. The commission directed the establishment of a special preferred list upon which are placed the names of those who were unable to accept civil employment by reason of absence at war work, so that upon their return from war activities they shall be restored to the same position on the eligible list which they held prior to their entrance into service.

Propose Suffrage in Luxemburg.

PARIS, Feb. 7, (Havas.)—The Luxemburg Chamber of Deputies today adopted tentatively a bill granting women the right to vote and to be elected to office.

WOULD LIMIT SIZE OF GERMANY'S ARMY

This, with Curb on Arms Manufacture, Military Men Argue, Would Be Big Help to Peace.

Copyright, 1919, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—That no nation in the future will dare to declare war against another through fear that all members of the League of Nations will declare war against her, is the belief of supporters of President Wilson's plan. They declare that Germany would never have declared war against France if she had thought that Great Britain would enter the conflict. They believed that Wilhelmstrasse expected that England would sit by and watch while Belgium was overrun, France was crushed, Russia beaten, and the world's balance of power destroyed.

Military opinion differs, however, inclining toward the opinion that Germany would have forced the war, even if the United States sided at once with the Allies, as the Central Powers had planned a rapid campaign to win the war before any one could come to France's aid, and then divert there strength eastward to finish Russia.

The military critics insist that adequate strategic frontiers must be established against the future Teutonic aggression, and also demand strictest limitation of the size of the German Army and armament manufacture.

Military experts urge that large armed forces among the principal members of the Hague must always be in readiness to take the field and that transports must be kept available to concentrate them wherever trouble breaks out. Superfically, it appears that France needs a larger army for protection than does any other nation and England needs a larger navy, but the question comes up, if France maintains the largest army and Great Britain the largest navy for preserving world peace, as their forces would be at the disposition of the League of Nations, must they single-handedly keep up their large army and navy respectively?

The logical answer seems to be that the league should contribute pro rata toward sustaining these forces. However, it is realized that it would be a difficult matter to induce the United States, for example, to contribute largely toward supporting the French Army, or for Japan to subscribe heavily toward keeping up the British Navy.

The alternate plan is for the great powers to maintain forces in Europe and an international fleet. A composite army of Japanese, British and Americans in France or an army of occupation in Germany would be an unattractive proposition, it is feared, both for the nations maintaining the contingents overseas and for the countries where the troops would be quartered.

Buffer States on the left bank of the Rhine to curb German aggression are not regarded favorably in many quarters and will not be indorsed by the league, as it is generally believed that the development of the methods of warfare will nullify the value of a narrow strip of territory. Cannon hurling shells seventy-five miles, speedier tanks and more effective airplanes make the question of future war more and more a question of which nation strikes the first blow.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES DAWE, for twenty-five years employed as a machinist by the Robins Dry Dock and Repair Company, died at his home, 110 Pioneer Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday, aged 65 years.

RICHARD SAMUEL VANDERBILT, a retired police patrolman, for twenty-seven years a member of the Brooklyn force, died of pneumonia on Thursday at his home, 28 Hubbard Street, Gravesend Beach, in his sixty-second year. He was a Past Noble Grand of The Woods Lodge, 121, I. O. O. F., of Bath Beach.

MOSES NIAS, 82 years old, a retired cigar manufacturer, died at his home in Coney Island on Thursday. He was a native of Amsterdam, Holland, and had lived in Brooklyn for thirty-five years.

PETER LENZ, a member of the firm of Lenz & Janssen, photographers, in Manhattan, died on Thursday at his home, 391 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, aged 48 years.

Mrs. AGNES L. LOCKHART, widow of Jeremiah Lockhart, a Brooklyn shoe merchant, died on Wednesday of pneumonia.

WALTER COLFAX ARCHBOLD, for twenty years a police patrolman and in recent years attached to the Brooklyn Health Squad, died from heart disease on Wednesday at his home, 529 Monroe Street, Brooklyn.

RICHARD CORNELIUS TUCKER, Postmaster of West Sayville, L. I., for eighteen years, where he also conducted a confectionery store, died on Thursday, at the age of 57 years.

Miss ELLA MAYER, 77 years old, of Maplewood, N. J., died yesterday as the result of injuries received Thursday afternoon when she was struck by a trolley car in that place.

MICHAEL J. MURRAY, an officer of the Consolidated Dental Manufacturing Company of this city, died a few days ago at his home in Orange, N. J. He was 73 years old.

JAMES L. BOOTH, 92 years old, President of the Monroe County Savings Bank, Rochester, N. Y., since 1891, said to be the oldest bank President in the United States, died yesterday at his home in that city. He attended to his duties at the bank until Monday.

Lieutenant THOMAS M. BROGAN of Yonkers, N. Y., died in France Oct. 6 of wounds received in the Argonne. He was 26 years old.

JOHN BOWMAN, 55 years old, for twenty-five years foreman at the Niles-Bement-Pond plant in Plainfield, N. J., died there last night of pneumonia.

GEORGE CARRINGTON TAYLOR of Montclair, N. J., a retired jeweler, died Thursday night at Mountainside Hospital. He was 78 years old.

The Rev. SOLOMON CHARLES BRODY, 79 years old, a Jewish rabbi, died Wednesday at his home, 61 South Fourth Street, Brooklyn. He had been engaged in teaching children.

Mrs. LOUISE GLEN McINTYRE, wife of George K. McIntyre, a newspaper man, died Thursday at her home in this city. Mrs. McIntyre was at one time religious editor of The New York Herald.

The Rev. EDWIN A. GERMANT, M. A., rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, East Chester, N. Y., died yesterday morning of an acute attack of heart and kidney disease at his home in Mount Vernon, N. Y. He was 63 years old.

The DUKE OF SANTO MAURO, Master of the Queen's Household, is dead, according to an announcement made in Madrid yesterday.

GEORGE A. KNOETHE, Superintendent for the Prudential Insurance Company in Troy, N. Y., is dead at his home in that city.

WILLIAM OSBORNE, for fourteen years employed by the Prudential Life Insurance Company of Newark, N. J., died suddenly Tuesday at his home, 11 Slocum Place, Brooklyn. He was 73 years old.

GEORGE FRANKENSTEIN, lawyer, of Weehawken, N. J., died suddenly yesterday of acute indigestion in the Lincoln Theatre, Union Hill, N. J. He was 44 years old.

The Rev. ROBERT F. HAYES, who formerly was pastor of the Montgomery Street Methodist Episcopal Church, Newark, N. J., was found dead in bed yesterday at his home at 311 Chestnut Street, Roselle Park, N. J.

Mrs. MINERVA ELIZABETH WATERBURY SMITH, 52 years old, wife of the Rev. Dr. Arthur J. Smith, pastor of the Astoria Methodist Episcopal Church at Long Island City, died Thursday at her home in that place.

FREDERICK MEISCHNER, 63 years old, was found dead from heart disease Thursday evening in the rear of his home at Lindenhurst, L. I. He was a mason and builder.

WILLIAM D. HENRY, President of the National Fireproofing Company, and breeder of hackney ponies, died Wednesday at his home, in Sewickley, Penn., at the age of 60 years.

Lieutenant MATHEW G. REYNOLDS of 230 West Eleventh Street died Wednesday of pneumonia in a base hospital in France.

Lieutenant GIOVANNI PIRELLI, an Italian aviator, who was killed Tuesday at the Wilbur Wright Flying Field, Dayton, Ohio, was a son of Senator G. B. Pirelli of Milan.

HENRY KROOSS, 68 years old, died suddenly yesterday of heart disease at his home in Mount Vernon. He was a Director of the Willow Brook Dairy Corporation.

Mrs. ISABELLA BLACK, 73 years old, mother of three clergymen and six other children, died yesterday at her home in Upper Montclair, N. J.

RICHARD CORNELIUS TUCKER, 57 years old, for the last eighteen years Postmaster of West Sayville, L. I., died Thursday.

JAMES F. CROOKER, State Commissioner of Education from 1892 to 1895, and for twelve years previous to that Superintendent of Schools of Buffalo, N. Y., died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. A. I. Acton, 400 West 118th Street. Mr. Crooker was in the eighty-first year of his age. Interment will take place in Buffalo Sunday.

FRANCIS EUSTACE GALVIN, for six years attendant at Superior Court of the First Judicial District, and before that engaged for a number of years in the Tenement House Department of the city government, died Wednesday at St. Lawrence Hospital following an operation for appendicitis. He was 36 years old.

WOMEN VOTE TO STOP EXTREMES IN DRESS

New York City Federation Says Evening Gowns Are Demoralizing Youth of Land.

TO ASK SHOPS TO BAR THEM

Mrs. Lilly Elected President at Hotel Astor Meeting—Medal for Miss Smalley.

At a meeting of the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs, held in the ballroom of the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon, these resolutions were adopted:

> Whereas, The designers of women's evening gowns have led fashion to the extreme limit of indecency, and this is having a most demoralizing effect upon the youth of the country, therefore, be it
>
> Resolved, That we women of New York do all in our power to urge women to dress modestly, and that we, through a committee appointed by the President of the City Federation, seek to control indecency in dress by appealing to designers of women's fashions and the leading shops and by a public appeal to women.

Members of the federation in discussing the resolutions declared the gowns objected to were low-cut evening frocks and those without corsages. It was declared that if the designers and shopkeepers continued to handle dresses of this sort, members of the federation should "set their hearts like flint and refuse to wear the gowns, no matter how becoming they are.

A few other things that the Federation resolved upon were to do away with lynching, to have a model playground in New York as a memorial to the late Colonel Roosevelt, and to recommend the adoption of the rainbow flag by the League of Nations. They wish to have the subway ticket sellers protected from cold, so that their health and lives may not be endangered. In the appointment of school attendance officers, they do not wish the names of women skipped because of their sex; they also want a new high school for Washington Heights and the Bronx. Last but not least, they are going to "stand by President Wilson in his demand for a League of Nations."

It looked as if all the women in New York had come to the Federation meeting, filling not only the main floor, but also the two galleries. The only men admitted were on the platform and they were there as speakers and honored guests. Health Commissioner Copeland was one of these, though not announced on the program.

Ex-Senator George H. Whitney, who was one of the principal speakers of the afternoon, also talked to the women on "Drug and Narcotic Control." Senator Whitney told the women that drugs were more dangerous than liquor, though in the drug business he had never known it until he had made a special investigation.

Commissioner of Health Copeland, who followed, gave statistics on the subject from all walks in life.

"I should not be surprised," he said, "if even among ladies of the estimable character of those here there were not a few addicts to drugs in the room."

The audience rose to its feet when Miss Mary Garrett Hay congratulated the retiring President, Mrs. John Francis Yawger, upon her successful administration, and the federation for having her for President. Mrs. Yawger received also a laurel-wreath brooch as the federation's gift. Last year the organization started the practice of presenting a medal of honor to a woman who had been distinguished by some noble act, the recipient then being Lady Paget. This year the federation awarded its medal to Miss Evelyn Smalley, who received the Croix de Guerre with the start for distinguished service and bravery at Bouey, where she worked with the Y. M. C. A. under the direction of the French Government. The federation medal is of gold, properly inscribed, and with a diamond in the centre. It was presented by Mrs. Belle de Rivera, Honorary President of the federation, and formally accepted by Miss Persis M. Pomeroy, who will take it to Miss Smalley in France.

The election which followed was a close one, and it was not until 11 P. M. that the tellers announced the successful ticket, which was as follows: President, Mrs. Harry Lilly; First Vice President, Mrs. R. Percy Chittenden; Second Vice President, Mrs. William D. Sporborg; Third Vice President, Mrs. Louis Ralston; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Carroll L. Nichols; Corresponding Secretary, Miss Genevieve K. B. Andrews; Treasurer, Mrs. Henry G. Hughes; Historian, Mrs. Otto Hahn.

WILL RUSH SHIPBUILDING.

Submarine Boat Corporation Plans to Launch 12 Ships a Month.

The launching of the Nesco and the Jekyll today at the Port Newark Shipyard, Newark, will mark the beginning of a period of intensive construction at the yard until the present contract is completed. According to a statement of Henry R. Carse, President of the Submarine Boat Corporation, the new launching schedule will be twelve ships a month.

In view of the fact that the yard's basin is already full of ships, held up by difficulty over turbine reduction gears, Mr. Carse said these ships would be staked out in the bay around the yard, because the yard could not defer launchings any longer on account of the difficulties with machinery.

700 School Pupils Strike.

Seven hundred pupils of the Rhoades Preparatory School, 14 West 125th Street, struck last night because Leo Freedman, the Principal, raised the fee in the laboratory course from $2.50 to $5 a term. A delegation called on the Principal last night, and he told them the expenditure of $10,000 for new laboratory equipment had made it necessary to increase the rate. Pickets stood in front of the school last night asking pupils to join the strike.

Frederick L. Jenkins.

Frederick L. Jenkins, formerly for twenty-seven years Secretary to the Police Department of the old City of Brooklyn, died from heart disease on Thursday at his residence, 121 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, in his seventy-fifth year. Mr. Jenkins was born in this city and was serving in the transport service of the Government when the civil war began. In 1870 he was appointed clerk in the Brooklyn Police Department, where he remained until the consolidation of the boroughs. In 1900 he became head of the security department of the National Bank of Commerce in Manhattan. Mr. Jenkins was a former Secretary of the Brooklyn Masonic Veterans' Association.

Miss Haley, 80, Left Her Obituary.

Miss Anna M. Haley, the last of her family, died yesterday at her home. 81 Roseville Avenue, Newark, N. J., in her eighty-first year. She had lived alone since the death of her brother, the Rev. Dr. Charles T. Haley, sixteen years ago. Dr. Haley was for forty years pastor of Roseville Avenue Presbyterian Church. Miss Haley wrote her obituary four years ago. It contains a little more than 200 words, and in it is recounted the fact that she had been a great sufferer for many years of spinal trouble, and with her brother had traveled extensively for her health, having in 1879-1880 traveled around the world.

Alexandria Viarda, Tragedienne.

Alexandria Viarda, at one time well-known as a Polish tragedienne, died in a sanatarium in Liberty, N. Y., on Jan. 7, according to information which reached here yesterday. Mme. Viarda appeared as a star at the Fifth Avenue Theatre in 1897, at which time she played in several of the tragedy classics.

Sidney Dickinson Dies of Injuries.

OBERLIN, Ohio, Feb. 7.—Sidney Dickinson, 68 years old, traveler, magazine writer and newspaper correspondent, died here today of injuries suffered Tuesday night, when he was run down by an interurban car. He never regained consciousness.

JEROME SOUNDS WARNING.

Tells Colgate Alumni to Beware of Bolshevist Agitators.

The New York Alumni Association of Colgate University at their annual dinner in the McAlpin last night heard an address by William Travers Jerome, former District Attorney, in which the speaker denounced the present day tendency to cultivate class feeling, asserting that the laboring man of today was living under conditions which in the time of his grandfather would have been real luxury. The utterances of men and women of Bolshevist tendencies and of many labor agitators are the merest claptrap, Mr. Jerome said, but none the less it was claptrap with a reaction, and society needed to beware of that reaction.

The Rev. Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin, talking on the "Test of a Permanent Civilization," said he feared a spirit of indulgence and luxury might undermine Western civilization, and that he feared those tendencies more among the masses of today than among the classes. Some sober minded men who are not dreamers or fault finders, he explained, were beginning to question the Christian religion, and he himself had come to believe that if there were in fact a yellow peril it lay in the possibility that an older civilization would some day engulf that of newer worlds.

George W. Cobb, President of the association, presided. President Elmer R. Bryan of Colgate lauded the university's part in the war, and John W. Peddie told of football of other days.

NEW POST FOR J. A. LONG.

Ex-Senator Appointed Deputy State Superintendent of Prisons.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 7.—Former State Senator James A. Long of Oyster Bay was named Deputy State Superintendent of Prisons today by Supt. Charles F. Rattigan. Mr. Long will succeed George W. Franklin of Troy. He will take office Feb. 16. The salary is $4,000 a year. Mr. Long was in the Senate in 1911 and 1912, and then was in the Internal Revenue Service. He was a close friend of Theodore Roosevelt.

Today it was predicted that one of the results of the proposed investigation of penal institutions would be the removal of the Wardens of the various State prisons with the possible exception of Warden John B. Twombly of Clinton, whose place will remain untouched if efforts of former Lieutenant Governor Thomas F. Conway prove availing.

This would mean that Warden William H. Moyer of Sing Sing would go. It was said today that the Westchester Democratic organization did not want Moyer retained, and that Michael J. Walsh, now State Tax Commissioner by appointment of Governor Smith and leader of Westchester's Democracy, would have the naming of Moyer's successor.

SIR HORACE PLUNKETT ILL.

Irish Leader at Battle Creek—May Be Unable to See Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Feb. 7.—Sir Horace Plunkett, Chairman of the late Irish Convention, who has come to America on a mission to arouse interest in Home Rule for Ireland, finds his health impaired to such an extent that he cannot proceed. He arrived here yesterday and will probably rest several weeks.

Sir Horace has not been in good health in years and is now troubled with insomnia.

"I am not feeling a bit well," he said, "and I have been ordered to shun visitors and interviews and to forget every care. I am trying to obey."

It was said that he may not be able to proceed to Washington when President Wilson returns and ask to have the President's peace principles applied to Ireland, as was planned.

Born.

HYMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Hyman (nee Maud New) announce the birth of a daughter, Feb. 7, at 1,254 Central Av., Far Rockaway, N. Y.

Died.

ALTHAUSE.—On Friday, Feb. 7, Jane Elizabeth, daughter of the late Samuel Birdsall and Helen W. Althause, in her 91st year. Funeral from her late residence, 677 Madison Av., Monday morning at 10:30.

ARCHBOLD.—Walter Colfax, son of the late Joseph Archbold and Sarah Patterson, in his 50th year. Funeral from his late residence, 529 Monroe St., Brooklyn, 2 P. M., Sunday, Feb. 9.

BABCOCK.—Entered into rest on Feb. 6, 1919, Walter Holt Babcock, only son of Walter H. and Lou Holt Babcock, in the 29th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,436 President St., Brooklyn, on Saturday evening, Feb. 8, at 8 o'clock.

BAEHR.—Emil. Brethren of Mount Neboh Lodge No. 257, F. and A. M., are summoned to attend Masonic funeral services at late residence, 408 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Feb. 9, at 2 P. M.
FRED HERRMANN, Master

BAKER.—On Wednesday, Feb. 5, 1919, Jeanne H., wife of Wendell Baker. Funeral service will be held at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St., New York City, at 10 o'clock Saturday morning, Feb. 8. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery.

BALDWIN.—At St. Petersburg, Fla., Jan. 27, of bronchial pneumonia, William Bolles Baldwin. Funeral to be held in Newark, N. J., early in May. Friends will be notified.

BARNES.—At Paterson, N. J., on Friday, Feb. 7, 1919, Mahalia J. Barnes, in her 93d year. Funeral services on Monday, Feb. 10, at the home of Mr. J. W. Rusling, corner of Market St. and Vreeland Av., Paterson, at 2:30 o'clock P. M.

BLACK.—At Upper Montclair, N. J., Thursday, Feb. 6, 1919, Isabella Black, mother of Dr. Hugh Black. Funeral private.

BLOCH.—Rose, dearly beloved wife of Henry Bloch, of pneumonia, at her residence, 490 Riverside Drive. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BOYD.—Feb. 6, at St. Elizabeth Hospital, Amelia Boyd, sister of the late Annie J. Hilton. Remains lying in state at National Funeral Parlors, 14 East 39th St. Services Monday, Feb. 10, at 10 A. M.

BRENNER.—On Feb. 7, Isaac, beloved husband of Lena (nee Ahrens) and brother of Samuel. Funeral private, 130 West 117th.

BREWSTER.—At Aiken, S. C., on Feb. 6, Harriet H. Brewster of Summit, N. J. Funeral at Chester, N. J., on Monday morning, Feb. 10.

CAMPBELL.—On Feb. 5, Bridget M. Campbell, (nee Saxon,) dearly beloved wife of the late John P. Campbell and mother of John F., Mary Agnes and Kathryn Gertrude Campbell. Funeral from her late residence, 240 East 32d, on Monday, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Stephen's Church, 28th St., near 3d Av., where solemn high mass will be offered for the repose of her soul.

CARD.—At Elmhurst, N. Y., Feb. 6, 1919, Isaac P., son of the late Clark and Elizabeth Prankard Card. Funeral service at the family plot, Cedar Grove Cemetery, on Sunday afternoon, Feb. 9, at 2 o'clock.

CROOKER.—James F., former Commissioner of Education, in his eighty-fifth year, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. A. I. Acton, 400 West 118th St. Interment Buffalo, N. Y., on Sunday.

FINK.—Anna M., dearly beloved wife of Henry J. Fink and mother of Clara E. Mead and Charles R. Fink, on Friday, Feb. 7, after a short illness. Funeral service at her late residence, 34 West 88th St., Monday evening, Feb. 10, at 8:30 P. M. Interment private.

FULTON.—Louis M. Fulton, suddenly, February 4, 1918, at his office, No. 31 Nassau Street, New York City, in the 66th year of his age. Funeral at 2 P. M., February 8, 1918, from Mortuary Chapel, Stephen Merritt Burial Company, 161 Eighth Avenue, corner Eighteenth Street, New York City. Interment in Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn.

GERNANT.—At Mt. Vernon, N. Y., Feb. 7, 1919, Rev. Edwin A. Gernant, M. A., in his 63d year. Funeral services at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Eastchester, N. Y., Feb. 9. Interment at Leesport, Penn., Tuesday.

GREEN.—Adrian Elston, beloved nephew of Mary E. and George H. Miner, Feb. 7, 1919. Funeral services at J. W. Lyons's funeral establishment, 69 East 125th St., Sunday, Feb. 9, 1919, at 2 P. M.

GREENBERGER.—Feb. 6, Rosa, wife of Samuel Greenberger, mother of Clara and Sidney. Funeral Sunday at 10 A. M., from her late residence, 65 West 127th St.

GRIMES.—On Feb. 7, 1919, Irene L., beloved wife of Alfred H. Grimes. Funeral service at the Lyon Funeral Parlor, 69 East 125th St., on Monday, Feb. 10, at 2 P. M. Boston (Mass.) papers please copy.

HALLIDAY.—Suddenly, Thursday, Feb. 6, 1919, Robert A. Halliday. Funeral services at his late residence, 189 St. James Place, Brooklyn, Saturday, Feb. 8, at 8 P. M.

HALSEY.—At Newark, N. J., entered into rest Feb. 5, 1919, Gertrude Cornelia, daughter of the late Rev. John Taylor and Margaret Oakley Halsey. Funeral services at the residence of her nephew, William Halsey Peck, 81 North 6th St., Newark, Saturday, Feb. 8, at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

HANFIELD.—At West Orange, N. J., Feb. 7, 1919, Maria Cooper, widow of Henry Hanfield, in her 91st year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. J. Johnson, 65 Weeler St., Sunday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers. Interment Halsey Valley, N. Y.

HERZOG.—Entered into rest Friday, Feb. 7, at her residence, 41 West 68th St., Elsie Louise, dearly beloved wife of Paul M. Herzog. Funeral private.

HOWE.—On Feb. 7, 1919, at her residence, 223 West 21st St., Huldah E. Howe. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Sunday afternoon, 2 o'clock.

INGHAM.—Schuyler R., on Thursday, Feb. 6, at St. Petersburg, Fla., in the 90th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter. Des Moines, Iowa, and Little Falls, N. Y., papers please copy.

JAMES.—On Feb. 6, 1919, at his residence, 172 Rodney St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Elvira Anna, widow of the late John Edward James and daughter of the late George Wightman Belyea. Funeral service private. St. John (N. B.) papers please copy.

JANTZEN.—On Friday, Feb. 7, Adolph J. Jantzen. Requiem mass at St. Michael's Church, 420 West 34th St., Monday, Feb. 10, at 10 A. M. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

JOHNSTON.—At Basking Ridge, N. J., Feb. 6, 1919, Anna L., widow of the late James P. Johnston, in her 74th year. Funeral private.

JOHNSTONE.—On Wednesday, Feb. 5, 1919, at her residence, 356 Wadsworth Av., New York City, Ethel Johnstone. Funeral services at the Chapel, 14A East 39th St., New York City, on Saturday, Feb. 8, at 1:30 P. M. Interment private.

KETCHAM.—On Wednesday, Feb. 5, 1919, George W. Ketcham of Dover Plains, Dutchess County, New York, in the eighty-first year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Second Baptist Church, at Dover Plains, N. Y., on Saturday, Feb. 8, at 1 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Terminal, Harlem Division, at 8:50 A. M.

KOVAR.—In the service of his country in France, of grippe, on Jan. 18, 1919, Albert Frank Kovar, in his 23d year, of Battery F, 105th Field Artillery, 27th Division, formerly of Bogota, N. J., beloved brother of Katharine E. Kovar and grandson of Mrs. Rosina Ehrich.

KROOSS.—On Friday, Feb. 7, 1919, Henry Krooss, beloved husband of Anna Krooss, (nee Karsten,) and father of Bertha H., Martin and Henry Krooss, Jr. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 119 North Fulton Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., Sunday evening, Feb. 9, at 8 o'clock.

LANDWEHR.—Augusta A., beloved sister of Harry C. and Mrs. E. R. Dreyer, after a short illness, on Feb. 6, 1919. Funeral services at her former residence, 623 Walton Av., Saturday, Feb. 8, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

LAWRENCE.—On Feb. 5, Libbie E. Lawrence. Services Feb. 8, at 8 P. M., 61 Lamont Av., Elmhurst, L. I.

LECHER.—Fannie F., idolized wife of Emil C. Lecher, and dearly beloved sister of Isidor, Ralph, Joe, Sallie, David, Eva Friedman, and Rae Myers, a native of California. Members of Washington Lodge 21, U. O. T. S., are requested to attend funeral services at Sam Rothschild's Funeral Chapel, 208 Lenox Av., at 120th St., Sunday, Feb. 9, 10:30 A. M. San Francisco papers please copy.

LEDYARD.—At Cazenovia, on Feb. 6, 1919, in the 87th year of her age, Anne Fitz Hugh, daughter of Richard Potts and Mary J. Fitz Hugh of Sonyea, Livingston County, N. Y., and wife of the late George Strawbridge Ledyard.

LITTMAN.—Suddenly, Feb. 6, 1919, Ralph S., dearly beloved son of Arthur and Hattie Littman, (nee Asch.) Funeral Sunday, 11 A. M., from 146 West 117th St.

MACKEY.—At Babylon, L. I., on Friday, Feb. 7, James, beloved husband of Julia Mackey, in his 88th year. Requiem mass at St. Joseph's R. C. Church, Babylon, Monday morning, Feb. 10, at 9:30 o'clock.

MEYER.—At her residence, 77 Albion Place, Port Richmond, S. I., on Friday, Feb. 7, 1919, Anna H. Meyer, beloved wife of Herman Meyer. Funeral services on Sunday, Feb. 9, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Moravian Cemetery.

MEYERS.—Robert O., suddenly, Feb. 6, at Chicago. Interment Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MOFFATT.—At Mamaroneck, N. Y., Feb. 7, 1919, Matilda L., wife of the late Lawrence Moffatt. Services private.

MORTON.—Robert M., on Feb. 7, 1919, at his residence, 4 Erwin Park, Montclair, N. J. Funeral services on Sunday, Feb. 9, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private.

NIAS.—On Feb. 6, in his 83d year, Moses, beloved husband of Betsy. Funeral from his late residence, Neptune Av., Sea Gate, on Sunday, Feb. 9, at 10 A. M.

NOAH.—Feb. 6, in his 79th year, David G., husband of late Wilhelmina, and devoted father of Amy Mertens, Lillie Schlesner, and Harry A. Noah. Funeral private from Chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 2,003 7th Av., Sunday, Feb. 9, 10 A. M.

O'HALLORAN.—At Memphis, on the 5th inst., William, husband of Mary Flaherty and son of Abbie and the late Thomas O'Halloran. Funeral from St. Patrick's Church, Huntington, Saturday morning.

PRICE.—Suddenly, on Feb. 7, 1919, at 865 Kenmore Place, Brooklyn, Anna Cornelia, daughter of Eugene S. and Lillian H. Price and twin sister of Ruth Elizabeth Price and granddaughter of the Rev. William H. Hendrickson. Funeral private, Sunday, Feb. 9, at 4 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

ROBINSON.—At Elmhurst, L. I., on Feb. 6, 1919, Mary Robinson, daughter of the late Joseph and Elizabeth Stackhouse Robinson. Funeral service at St. James Episcopal Church, Broadway, Elmhurst, on Sunday, Feb. 9, at 3:30 P. M.

SEAVER.—Suddenly, Friday, Feb. 7, 1919, Statira Blanchard, widow of Joseph A. Seaver, in her 78th year, at the residence of her daughter, 106 North Maple Av., East Orange, N. J. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

SHEPARD.—On Dec. 16, 1918, at Camp Hospital No. 53, Marseilles, France, Captain Francis Burritt Shepard, Field Artillery, A. E. F., son of the late Francis Norsworthy Shepard of New York City and Mrs. Herman Vogel of Tuxedo Park, and husband of Ethel Guernsey Shepard of South Orange, N. J. A memorial service will be held at the Church of the Holy Communion at South Orange on Sunday, Feb. 9, 1919, at 11 o'clock A. M.

SHIRLEY.—On Feb. 7, at her residence, 958 8th Av., of pneumonia, Ada Evelyn, beloved wife of Kenneth W. Shirley. Funeral services at Church of Zion and St. Timothy, 334 West 57th St., Sunday, Feb. 9, at 2:30.

SIEGELSTEIN.—George D., at Cleveland, Ohio, on Feb. 7, 1919, son of Dr. Pierre A. Siegelstein, brother of Dr. Maxwell J. Siegelstein of this city. Funeral Sunday afternoon from his late residence at Cleveland.

STRAUSS.—Selma, after a short illness, in her 24th year, beloved wife of Moritz and loving mother of Melville and dear daughter of Herman and Thekla Strauss. Funeral from her late residence, 86 West 119th St., Sunday, Feb. 9, at 10 A. M.

STYLES.—On Feb. 6, Walter Emory, Jr., son of Walter Emory and Florence Chesterman Styles, at 864 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn. Funeral private. Newark News and Montclair, N. J., papers please copy.

TANENBAUM.—Solomon, suddenly, Feb. 6, in his 59th year. Funeral at 10 A. M., Sunday, Feb. 9, from 125 Grove St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

TEASDALE.—Feb. 7, Roland Teasdale, aged 19. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem chapel, 304 West 126th St., Saturday, 1:30.

VALENTINE.—John C., age 78, at Hartsdale, N. Y., Feb. 6, 1919. Funeral from his late home Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Carriages will meet 1:35 and 1:48 trains from Grand Central.

VAN TASSELL.—On Friday, Feb. 7, 1919, Francis Coleman, beloved husband of Lucretia M. Jordan, in his 71st year. Services at his late residence, 264 18th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Sunday, Feb. 9, 1919, at 5 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

WAYCOTT.—Anna F., at Crestwood, N. Y., on Feb. 7, in her 52d year. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, the home of her daughter, Mrs. Karl Wenk, Chittenden Av., Crestwood, N. Y., at 1:30 P. M., Feb. 8. Train 12:30 Grand Central Station.

WHITLOCK.—Abner, aged 68, on Feb. 6, 1919. Services at his late residence, 2,617 Newkirk Av., Brooklyn, Feb. 8, at 8 P. M.

WHITMAN.—Friday morning, Feb. 7, at her residence, 381 Central Park West, of pneumonia, Florence L. Whitman, daughter of Edmund S. Whitman. Services Sunday, 3 P. M., at 381 Central Park West.

WRIGHT.—Alice Wright, beloved wife of Edward Wright, 15 Hawthorne St., Brooklyn, suddenly from heart attack, Feb. 5, 1919. Interment private, Evergreens Cemetery.

YOUNG.—Feb. 7, 1919, Julia Frances, wife of Thomas Young, in her 69th year. Funeral services will be held at her residence, 216 Inwood Av., Upper Montclair, N. J., Sunday afternoon at 2:30. Interment Mt. Hebron Cemetery, at the convenience of the family.

In Memoriam.

GOLDSTON.—In memory of Rebecca Goldston, died Feb. 8, 1905.

MILLER.—In loving memory of our dearly beloved brother, Oscar F. Miller, died Feb. 8, 1917.

Unveiling.

FISHER.—Harriet; unveiling of monument will take place Sunday, Feb. 9, 3 P. M., at Mt. Carmel Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited. If weather unfavorable will take place following Sunday.

Willis T. Mead Undertaker
The House of Mead is just as near to you as your telephone, and just as convenient. In an emergency all you need remember is "Harlem 3715." Call it day or night. 1939 Madison Av.

JACOB HERRLICH'S SONS,
Funeral Directors—Chapel
332 East 86th St. Lenox 6652
1963 Concourse, nr. 179th. Tel. 2626 Tremont

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley
Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.
Lots of small size for sale.

FLORAL DESIGNS
a specialty; moderately priced at $1.00 and up. BLOOMINGDALE BROS., 59th St. and 3d Av.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

"Sickness, disease, sorrow, misery, unhappiness, poverty and lack of all kinds of luxuries, not necessities."—SEARS.

Sears Philosophy

teaches
- a religious interpretation of religion.
- a philosophic interpretation of philosophy.
- a scientific interpretation of science.
- a common-sense interpretation of everything.

and makes life livable here and hereafter.

Sunday, February 9, 1919, at 11 a. m.

SUBJECT:

"Psychology of Healing"

F. W. SEARS, M. P., Orator.

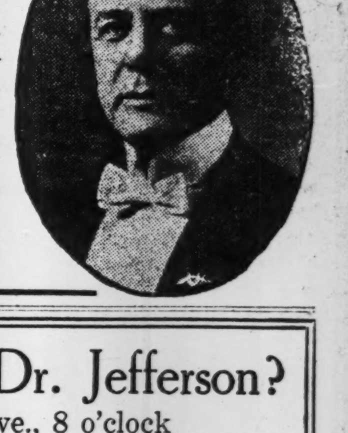
Mrs. F. B. Sonntag, Soloist. Mrs. C. E. Manierre, Pianist

Nothing like it anywhere.

Not better—not worse—but *different*.

Criterion Theatre Broadway at 44th Street.

A BIG lecture by a wonderful man.



Have You Heard Dr. Jefferson?
Hear Him Sunday Eve., 8 o'clock
ON
"What the War Has Taught Us"
BROADWAY TABERNACLE
Broadway & 56th St.
Soldiers and Sailors Especially Invited
SPECIAL MUSIC.

Free Synagogue
CARNEGIE HALL
57th Street and 7th Avenue
Sunday Morning, February 9th, at 10:45
Dr. WISE
Will Preach on
"HAS THE WORLD FOUND ITS SOUL?"
ALL ARE WELCOME

Dr. ROYAL S. COPELAND,
Health Commissioner,
Will Deliver an Address on
"Reconstruction and the Public Health"
at the
Public Forum,
CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street
Sunday, February 9th, at 8 P. M.
The Public Is Invited.

DR. NATHAN KRASS
Lectures Sunday Mornings at 11 Promptly
at CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE
Lexington Avenue at Fifty-fifth Street
Subject, February 9th:
"Lessons from the Life of a Great American."
A FEATURE:
Questions submitted in writing will be answered by Dr. Krass.
FINE MUSICAL PROGRAM

A-H

Consider Your Bonds

Do the earnings of the companies reflect decreasing operating costs, fair margin of profit and steady growth of new business?

Ask us to send you our Booklet T-200, containing a list of selected Bonds and Notes of this character, yielding

5¾ to 7¾%

A.H.Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway N.Y.

WE WILL BUY
Stan. Gas. & Elec. Co.
Common & Preferred.

Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston.

Mercantile Bank of the Americas
An American Bank for Foreign Trade
New York, 44 Pine Street
Paris, 11 Blvd. Haussmann
Barcelona, Canuda 2
Capital and Surplus $4,900,000.

SMALL BANK ACCOUNTS INVITED
Write or call for booklet
BIGELOW & COMPANY
BANKERS
25 PINE STREET NEW YORK

We Will Sell & Buy
Liberty Bonds
FOR CASH
At prevailing market prices.
FRIEDMAN & CO.
67 Exchange Pl., N.Y. Phone Rector 834
UPTOWN OFFICE
Longacre Bldg. (Room 1009) 42d & B'way
Philadelphia Boston Chicago

LIBERTY BONDS
BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR CASH
At Stock Exchange Prices and Accrued Interest
Call or send by registered mail
PURDY & CO.
Successors to
DIDRICHSEN & CO.
Tel. John 3174-5-6-7. 34 Pine St., N. Y.

Definite Suggestions For Investors

Our Investors' Service Department has arranged for a special page each week in The Financial Age which will contain descriptions of several of the bonds, notes or stocks we consider the most attractive at current prices. Subscription price $5 per year.

THE FINANCIAL AGE
2 Rector Street

FINANCIAL NOTICE.

TEMPLE COAL CO. First and Collateral Trust Mtge. 5% Sinking Fund Bonds.—Under provisions of the mortgage proposals for the account of the sinking fund will be received until 3 o'clock P. M. on February 10, 1919, at the office of The Pennsylvania Company for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities, Trustee, for the sale to it at the lowest price not exceeding 101 and accrued interest, of as many bonds as $123,829.74 will purchase. All tenders should be addressed to the undersigned.
THE PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY FOR INSURANCES ON LIVES AND GRANTING ANNUITIES,
Tenders for Sinking Fund Temple Coal Co., 517 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Penn.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK of Cordele, located at Cordele, in the State of Georgia, is closing its affairs. All note-holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
J. W. CANNON, Cashier,
Liquidating Agent.
Dated Jan. 27, 1919.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

DIVIDENDS.

The Crescent Pipe Line Company,
323 Fourth Avenue,
Pittsburgh, Pa., February 5th, 1919.
A dividend of Seventy-five cents (.75) per share has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable Saturday, March 15th, 1919, to stockholders of Record at the close of business Thursday, February 20th, 1919.

For purpose of this dividend the transfer books will be closed from 3 P. M., Thursday, February 20th, to 9 A. M., Monday, March 17th.

All communications regarding payment or change of address should be sent to this office not later than Thursday, February 20th.
J. A. TOOMEY, Secretary.

DAYTON COAL, IRON & RAILWAY CO.
Dayton, Tennessee.
The Board of Directors of Dayton Coal, Iron & Railway Company have this day declared a dividend of one per cent. upon the outstanding Preferred Stock of the Company, payable on the 15th day of March, 1919, to shareholders of record at close of business February 20th, 1919.

Checks will be mailed through the Corporation Trust Company, 37 Wall Street, New York.
WM. F. HOWELL, Secretary.
New York, Feby. 4th, 1919.

NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.
February 7th, 1919.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 19.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share on the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company was declared, payable on March 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 21st, 1919. Transfer books will not be closed.
WILLIAM ROSENBAUM, Treasurer.

ARTHUR D. LITTLE, INC.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 36.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors of Arthur D. Little, Incorporated, the regular quarterly dividend of $2.00 a share was declared payable February 15th on the outstanding preferred stock of the Corporation. This dividend is payable to stockholders of record as of the close of business February 11th, 1919.
WILLIAM W. CASWELL, Treasurer.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Selling Pressure on Stocks Relaxes as Trading Atmosphere Clears—Russian Bonds Gain.

While the stock market lost further ground yesterday, the downward movement was moderate in practically all directions among the prominent issues, and speculative sentiment had a more pronounced tinge of confidence than of depression. The readjustment of the copper metal market on a new basis was generally considered as a development worthy of favorable comment, marking progress toward the point where a transition to active business could be expected. The copper stocks displayed a firm tone after an early dip, being in demand for the covering of short sales made earlier in the week. Brokerage house discussion also indicated purchases of these issues, and of some of the industrial stocks, by forward-looking traders who seek to accumulate holdings on a scaledown after substantial reactions occur. The latter class of purchases have been reported on the increase since the trend of commodity prices began a fortnight ago to denote a distinct tendency toward lower levels.

A significant feature of the day's dealings in stocks was the broad recovery from bottom prices which occurred in the afternoon. It was during the last hour that covering operations appeared most in evidence, and an explanation was found in the fact that earlier pressure had not been able to cause a really marked decline. The railroad equipment issues stood forth as the subject of attack, a process induced apparently by reference to the quarterly statement issued the day before by the American Steel Foundries Company. This report reflected large adjustments in behalf of inventories, and it is likely that many other corporations will show in their statements for the last quarter of 1918 the effect of a similar procedure which first came to light in the Steel Corporation's report. Until a number of these records of final war business appear it would not be surprising if stocks of manufacturing concerns displayed a highly nervous front. Attention was drawn to international political matters once again by the sharp upward movement of Russian bonds. Overnight news of an intention on the part of Bolshevist leaders to assume, in return for recognition in peace discussions, the outstanding obligations of the country, payment to be made in raw materials, stimulated buying. The 5½ per cent. issue, which closed at 56 on Thursday, opened 4 points higher, and at one time stood 9 points above the preceding day's final quotation. The 6½s scored an initial rise of 7 points at 69, and later moved 3 points higher. The first-named issue left off with a net gain of 5 points and the latter of 7 points. The Russian currency also moved up rapidly. Liberty bonds were soft, the fourth 4¼s, at 94, equalling the minimum price of last year. The Government bond market promises to be a study of much interest from now on as terms are brought forward for the forthcoming Victory Loan. In framing the new issue the Treasury will, of course, have regard to its effect on the existing bonds, and terms will be weighed and measured with all the skill the experts possess. Secretary of the Treasury Glass, who is expected to go over the situation with bankers here next week, and at that time some concrete information on the issue should be available.

The mercantile agencies continue to report hesitation on the part of buyers and gradual price alterations for various lines of goods. In this connection interest was displayed in the financial district yesterday in the recommendation by Secretary of Commerce Redfield that a commission be appointed to work out a schedule for reducing prices for various commodities with the purpose of promoting buying. Commercial borrowings continue light. The call money rates yesterday were about the same as the day before, reflecting hardly at all the announcement that $600,000,000 Treasury certificates of indebtedness would be offered next week.

Prices Firm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 65f for cash; exchange on London, 25f 98c; 5 per cent. loan, 92f.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	5	High	5½
Low	4½	Low	5
Renewals	5	Renewals	5½
Last	4½	Last	5

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....4½

Time Loans.

ALL INDUSTRIALS.		MIXED COLLAT'LS.	
Sixty days	5½	Sixty days	5
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5¼
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5¼
Five months	5¼@5½	Five months	5¼
Six months	5½	Six months	5¼

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4⅝@4¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5¼@5

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months....5 @5¼
Other Names.
4 to 6 months....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75.82½	$4.7582½	$4.8582½	+.00025
Cables	4.7655	4.7655	4.7655	—.000125
Francs—				
Demand	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	..
Cables	5.45	5.45	5.45	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7582½	$4.7655
5.1813	Paris	5.45⅝	5.45
5.1813	Belgium	5.63	5.63¼
	China—		
	Hongkong	77.00	77.25
	Peking	129.00	129.25
	Shanghai	120.50	123.00
40.29	Holland	41.25	41.50
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.36¼	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.25	51.50
	Yokohama	51.25	51.50
19.30	Spain	20.10	20.18
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.05	28.30
	Copenhagen	25.80	26.05
	Christiania	27.20	27.45
	South America—		
42.64	Buenos Aires	44.85	45.00
34.42	Rio	25.85	26.00
5.1813	Switzerland	4.94	4.90¼
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	17.25	17.65
	500 rubles	17.20	17.60

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.73¾	$4.71⅝	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $563,496,942; balances, $52,098,784; Treasury debit balance, $994,939; Federal Reserve credit balance, $41,273,286.

Domestic Exchange.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.3125 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48⅞d; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Brown Shoe	$1.50	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 20
Cent.Ark. R.&L. pf.	1¾	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Crescent Pipe Line	75c	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 20
Electric Inv. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 21	Feb. 11
Fed. Utilities pf.	1½	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Manate Sugar	2½	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Sharp Mfg.	2½	Q	Feb. 21	Feb. 4
Standard Oil N. Y.	$4	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 21
West Penn. Ry. pf.	1½	Q	Mar. 15	Mar. 1

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, FEB. 7, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	329,220	462,787	431,473
Year to date	13,574,224	16,855,433	24,725,430

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
42	45	100	Adams Express	42½	42½	42½	42½	—5½
21	22	200	Advance Rumely	21½	21½	21¼	21½	— ⅝
58½	59¼	200	Advance Rumely pf.	59	59	59	59	— ½
3½	3¾	600	Alaska Gold Mines	3½	3½	3⅛	3½	— ⅛
1⅞	2	200	Alaska Juneau	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	...
31	31½	900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	30½	31¼	30½	31¼	+ ¼
84¼	84¾	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	84⅜	84¾	84⅜	84¾	+ ¼
100½	100½	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	100½	100½	100½	100½	+ ⅝
66¾	67½	1,300	Am. Beet Sugar	67¼	67¼	66½	67	— ⅛
45⅞	46¼	1,200	Am. Can	46½	46½	45⅞	46	— ⅜
100	102	200	Am. Can pf.	101¼	101¼	101	101	— ⅞
85¾	86	5,500	Am. Car & Fdry.	87	87	85½	86	—1½
42½	43	200	Am. Cotton Oil	42½	42⅞	42½	42⅞	+ ⅜
11½	11⅝	1,200	Am. Druggists	11⅝	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	— ⅜
84½	89	100	Am. Express	89	89	89	89	—1
16¼	16½	3,100	Am. H. & Leather	16⅝	16⅝	16⅛	16¼	— ½
86	86½	5,600	Am. H. & L. pf.	86½	87	85⅝	86⅛	— ⅝
39¾	40	500	Am. Ice	40⅛	40⅛	39¾	39¾	— ¾
56	57	100	Am. Ice pf.	57	57	57	57	...
52¾	53	400	Am. International	52⅞	52⅞	52⅝	52¾	...
47	47½	500	Am. Linseed	47	47	46¾	46¾	— ½
87	88½	200	Am. Linseed pf.	87½	87½	87½	87½	—1½
1¼	1½	200	Am. Malting	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ½
46	47½	100	Am. M.1st pf.c.of d.	46½	46½	46½	46½	...
63¼	63⅜	3,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	63	63⅝	62⅞	63¼	—1¼
103½	105	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	104	104	104	104	+ ⅝
91½	95¼	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A.	93	93	93	93	...
71½	71⅞	7,000	Am. Steel F'dries	74	74½	70	71½	—2
114½	115	700	Am. Sugar Ref.	114	114½	114	114½	—2¾
101⅝	102	3,200	Am. Sumatra Tob.	102	102½	101¼	101¼	— ¼
100½	101	1,100	Am. Tel. & Tel.	100⅝	101	100⅝	101	— ⅛
197½	198	1,100	Am. Tobacco	195	198	195	198	+ ⅝
46	47	300	Am. Woolen	46	46⅛	46	46⅛	+ ½
32¾	33	500	Am. Writing P. pf.	33¼	33¾	32¾	32¾	+ ⅛
56⅞	57	4,400	Anaconda Copper	56⅝	57	56½	57	+ ¼
19½	20	100	Asso. Dry Goods	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	+ ⅛
71½	73	200	Associated Oil	72½	72½	72⅛	72⅛	— ⅝
90½	91¼	200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	91¼	91¼	91	91	— ⅜
86	87	100	Atch., T. & S. F.pf.	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	— ½
96	97	1,000	At. Gulf & West I.	97	97	96¼	96⅛	— ½
66½	66¾	4,700	Baldwin Loco.	66¼	66⅞	65⅝	66⅝	—1¼
45½	45½	1,600	Baltimore & Ohio	46⅛	46⅛	45	45⅝	— ⅛
114	114½	200	Barrett Co.	114	114	114	114	— ⅞
1¾	1⅝	200	Batopilas Mining	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+1
58⅞	59¾	200	Bethlehem Steel	59½	59½	58½	58½	...
59½	59¼	6,900	Beth. Steel, class B.	59	59½	58¾	59	— ⅞
18¾	19	700	Booth Fisheries	18¼	19	18¼	19	— ⅛
21½	22¼	1,200	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	21⅞	22⅝	21⅞	22	+ ¾
8¾	9½	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S.	8⅝	8⅝	8¾	8¾	— ¼
141	142½	600	Burns Brothers	142½	142½	142	142	— ⅛
5⅝	6	100	Butte Cop. & Zinc.	5⅞	5⅞	5¾	5¾	+ ⅛

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
8	8¼	100	Wabash					
31	31⅝	600	Wabash pf. A.	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	— ½
10½	10⅝	800	Western Maryland	10½	10⅝	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
16½	17½	600	Western Pacific	17	17	17	17	— ⅛
86½	88	100	Western Union Tel.	87	87	87	87	...
41½	41¾	800	Westingh. E. & M.	41½	41½	41⅛	41¼	+ ⅛
16½	17½	100	Wheel. & L. E. pf.	17	17	17	17	— ½
68	69	500	Wilson & Co.	69¼	69¼	69¼	69¼	— ⅝
24½	25	1,800	Willys-Overland	24⅝	25	24⅝	24⅝	— ½
30	33	100	Wisconsin Central	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	—3¼
121⅝	122	2,800	Woolw. (F. W.) Co.	124⅛	124⅛	120	122	—4½
51½	53	100	Worthington Pump	52	52	52	52	— ⅝

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Wall Street Dilemma.

Traders in stocks are busy just now trying to figure out just what will be the result of the reduction in prices generally which has hastened along for several days past. The reduction in the price of copper brought the first stimulation that an almost dead market has seen since the signing of the armistice. One of the interesting questions is whether this stimulation can be considered as indicative of a revival of business, and if so whether the same condition will prevail in other lines where prices are touching new low levels for the last several years. The question has been raised not once but many times as to whether earnings can be held up with reduced prices in the face of high production costs and high wages. At least one controversial point has been decided; prices are falling before wage reductions appear, but in the case of copper the one is following fast on the heels of the other and it may be so in other industries.

To Plant Less Cotton This Year.

In view of the steady decline which has been apparent in the cotton market for some time there is special significance in the telegram which the Memphis Cotton Exchange has sent to the Governors of all of the cotton growing States urging that a campaign be undertaken to acquaint farmers, merchants, and bankers with the advisability of reducing the cotton acreage this year. It is being argued in some of the cotton-growing districts that the price of cotton now is below the cost of production, and the Memphis Cotton Exchange apparently believes that overproduction is a possibility which threatens serious consequences.

Price of Lead Reduced.

Another reduction in metal prices was made yesterday when the American Smelting and Refining Company announced that the price of lead had been cut to 5 cents, as compared with 5¼ cents, which has been prevailing. The market for this metal continues to be dull.

The Government Metal Supplies.

There is some anxiety in metal market circles as to the large stocks which are being held by the Government. It was said some time ago that there would be no disposal of these supplies for some time and that even when sold they would be parceled out slowly so as not to directly affect the price of metal in the open market. There are reports now that the Government has already begun disposing of its supplies.

Copper at 18 Cents.

The intimation by one of the outside producers of copper on Thursday that the price of 18¼ cents a pound would be shaded was fulfilled yesterday when one of the smaller producing companies admitted that it had made some sales of the metal at 18 cents. There was a belief among traders that if a reduction of 5 cents a pound had occurred in the last seven or eight days there might be a decline from the 18-cent level, although it was pointed out that at 18 cents the selling price was closely approaching cost.

The Union Railroad Plan.

Bankers and railroad men were not inclined to comment on the publication of the railroad employes' plan for the solution of the transportation problem of the United States yesterday, but it was talked over in financial circles, and there were a variety of private opinions expressed. The plan as presented called for the running of the railroads of the country on a co-operative basis by the employes, the Government to issue bonds for the securities now held by the investors, and while there were some who admitted that it was a carefully thought out idea, they maintained its application now or even within the next ten years would not be practicable.

Another Railroad Plan.

A railroad man who has been associated with some of the most successful of the railroads in this country suggested yesterday that it might not be a bad plan for the Boards of Directors of the different railroads to discuss the return of the carriers to a modified form of private ownership under responsible Government regulation, with their stockholders. He said that he believed it would do no harm for directors to talk over the general situation with their stockholders and that a great deal of good might come of it.

Release Ships Steadily.

The United States Shipping Board is steadily releasing vessels from Government service and placing them back in trade service again and this, coupled with the recent cutting of ocean freight rates, is expected in some quarters to revive exporting remarkably. There is still some confusion being reported in connection with chartering and freights and there has been considerable criticism of the cut in the rates to some French ports when there is no American tonnage available to those ports.

A Forecast of Prosperity.

The increase of $1 a share in the quarterly dividend declared yesterday by the Standard Oil Company of New York was interpreted in the financial district to mean that the Directors of the company were confident of an increase in the company's business and continued prosperity in the future. The company had paid $3 a share in each quarter since June, 1917. Attention was drawn yesterday to the fact that while the company enjoyed large earnings during the war the "gasless" edict of the Fuel Administration about a year ago and lack of bottoms for the transportation of oil to the Far East were difficulties which had to be met. With the Government releasing tankers and tonnage coming into the market again the outlook for the company's future is believed to be bright.

Financing the Railroads.

It is believed likely that a good deal of railroad financing will be attempted between now and the floating of the new Government Victory Loan, notwithstanding that the loan is generally expected to have right of way in the credit market. The reason for this, say bankers, is that the revolving fund of the Railroad Administration is exhausted and until some of the advances it has made are returned no new advances can be made. Obviously, the administration wants to recover what funds it can. Equally obviously, only those railroads which have credit and collateral—both are said to be essential—can raise in the open market what the Railroad Administration wants them to return. Now there is the suggestion that roads which have credit, even if it is not first class, may go to the War Finance Corporation for assistance, provided the open market can do something for them, too.

Home Life Assets Increase.

The Home Life Insurance Company reports in its fifty-ninth annual statement that more than $4,000,000 was paid to policy holders in 1918, of which more than $700,000 was in dividends. Despite the heavy mortality caused by the influenza and pneumonia epidemic, the company was able to increase its assets 4 per cent. during the year, the total on Dec. 31 being in excess of $36,000,000. Insurance in force was expanded 8.6 per cent. during the twelve months. At the end of the year outstanding insurance was nearly $159,000,000.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

The price readjustments which are going on in many lines are considered by the mercantile agencies to be of a healthy order, promoting the ultimate improvement of business when buyer and seller can get together on a satisfactory basis. The easier conditions of money and the decline of ocean freight rates are mentioned as factors working to the same end.

"Of disquieting features," says Dun's Review, "the existing labor troubles, notably those in Eastern textile centres, are conspicuous, and the percentage of idle machinery has steadily risen, either because of strikes or from the slow development of new orders to replace the expired or canceled Government contracts.

"Very heavy payments through the banks, as reflected in Clearing House transactions at the principal cities in the United States, continue the rule, total exchanges this week amounting to $6,255,465,712, an increase of 23.3 per cent., as compared with this week last year, and of 0.2 per cent., as contrasted with the corresponding week in 1917."

"Some important branches of the woolen industry," says Bradstreet's, "are reported firmly established on the newer basis of time run. Overtime in industry and on the railroads has definitely ended, but reports from steel mills, particularly at the West, is that the wheels are beginning to turn faster in answer to calls from new domestic business. Export trade has livened up a little in lumber, leather, and provisions, but iron and steel are declared to still lag in this respect. In distributive trade, while the general report is that affairs as a whole are still at a waiting stage, there are signs that Spring distribution, especially at the West, is a trifle more active, not so much in textiles as in shoes, millinery, hardware, agricultural implements, and building materials."

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Airplane	70	80	Homa Oil	30	31
Am. Oil	5	5½	Iron Bloss.	45	55
B. S. Gas	6	8	Iron Cap.	14¼	14½
Boston Ariz.	..	1⅛	Jerome V.	35	44
Boston Ely.	89	95	La Rose	30	40
Boston Mon.	47	48	Majestic	19	22
Begole	..	50	Mex. Metals	22	24
Bohemia	75	85	Moj. Tung.	4	7
Butte London	11	14	New Baltic	75	1⅛
Calaveras	1⅛	1¼	Nat. Z. & L.	9	10
Champ., old	3	3¼	Nixon Nev.	40	42
Chief Con.	3¼	3⅝	Nev. Doug.	15	20
Con. Cop.	5¼	5⅜	Oneco	20	45
Con. Ariz.	1¼	1⅝	Onondaga	12	15
Cortez	13	15	Pilgrim	56	58
Crystal	19	21	Itanier	60	62
Crown Res.	52	55	Seven Metals	35	36
Denbigh	50	52	S. W. Miami, full paid	75	1⅛
Earl-Eagle	..	2	Texana	12	14
Eagle B. B.	2¼	2⅝	U. V. Ext.	31¼	32¼
Fortuna	2	5	Vic. Mines	..	80
Gold Lake	2	5	Yukon Gold	70	80
Houghton	30	60			

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, FEB. 7, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$14,778,000	$4,405,500	$3,817,000
Year to date	344,546,000	133,366,500	161,984,800

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

OFFER BRITISH BONDS.

J. P. Morgan & Co. Lead Syndicate Tendering $28,179,000 Issue.

A syndicate headed by J. P. Morgan & Co. is offering $28,179,000 United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland twenty-year 5½ per cent. gold bonds, due Feb. 1, 1937, which were previously reserved for the conversion of a part of the $142,906,000 two-year 5½ per cent. notes which matured Feb. 1. The offering price is 101 and interest.

It was reported yesterday that the underwriting syndicate was forming a distributing syndicate and that all sales would be made for a syndicate account. Subscription books will be opened Feb. 13 at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. Among the other members of the syndicate are the First National Bank, the National City Company, Harris, Forbes & Co., Brown Brothers & Co., William A. Read & Co., the Guaranty Trust Company, the Bankers Trust Company, and the Continental and Commercial Trust Company of Chicago.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$2,592,960	$91,877,063
Internal revenue— Income and excess profits taxes	2,549,263	731,161,299
Miscellaneous	28,646,426	730,353,359
Miscellaneous rev.	4,215,906	289,032,656
Total receipts	$38,101,562	$1,842,424,378
Excess of ord. dis. over ord. receipts	174,944,627	8,589,956,361
Excess of total rcts. over tot. disburse	231,889,849	......
Excess of total dis. over total receipts	......	23,375,873
Total expend'es	$213,046,190	$10,432,380,740

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	60.73	60.47	60.56	— .30
25 industrials	81.41	80.44	80.97	— .30
50 stocks	71.07	70.45	70.76	— .30

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Feb. 6	71.81	70.94	71.06	— .61
Feb. 5	71.95	71.32	71.67	+ .03
Feb. 4	71.94	71.28	71.64	+ .38
Feb. 3	71.34	70.76	71.26	+ .25
Feb. 1	71.15	70.90	71.01	— .14
Jan. 31	71.56	71.01	71.15	— .20

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Feb.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	71.95	Feb. 5	70.45	Feb. 7	70.76
1918	70.95	Feb. 19	67.19	Feb. 7	69.00
1917	83.46	Feb. 21	77.24	Feb. 3	80.65
1916	98.06	Feb. 10	84.16	Feb. 28	85.02
1915	62.78	Feb. 11	58.99	Feb. 24	60.02

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	74.99	Jan. 3	69.73	Jan. 21	70.76
†1918	69.48	Feb. 1	64.42	Jan. 15	67.83
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.20	— .08	—1.78	+1.01

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Feb. 6	78.28	+.06	Jan. 29	77.91	—.14
Feb. 5	78.22	+.04	Jan. 28	78.02	+.02
Feb. 4	78.18	+.09	Jan. 27	78.00	..
Feb. 3	78.09	+.10	Jan. 25	78.00	+.24
Feb. 1	77.99	—.03	Jan. 24	77.76	—.07
Jan. 31	78.02	+.02	Jan. 23	76.83	+.05
Jan. 30	78.00	+.09	Jan. 22	77.78	—.15

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	77.76	Jan. 24	78.20
†1918	77.43	Jan. 31	70.64	Jan. 24	77.19
Full Years.					
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

COTTON AGAIN DECLINES.

Active Months Sell at New Low Figures for Calendar Year.

There was no change of consequence in yesterday's cotton market, and prices again broke badly, most active months selling at new low figures for the calendar year. Local traders sold early in the day, while the South and Liverpool sold consistently throughout the session. In the afternoon the ring bought, presumably to cover some of its shorts, and this buying was about the best to materialize, which is not saying very much for the quality of the support the market is receiving these days. At the extreme low levels of the day March was down to 21.40, a full cent a pound under Thursday's closing, while May was down about 85 points and July was about the same. October was down only a little over a half cent a pound, but it should be remembered that the new crop months are working from a generally lower scale than the old crop options.

Spots were also weak here and at Liverpool and New Orleans. There was a break of 90 points in the local market, while New Orleans was down 75 points and Liverpool was off 23 English points, equal to about a half cent a pound here. This persistent fall in spot prices is not the least cause for apprehension.

The trade reports from New England and the South were again poor, and advices concerning the labor situation in both districts were far from reassuring. There were no further reports of new strike troubles, but, on the other hand, no impovement was noted. The fear of a further reduction in all commodity prices also played a part in shaping sentiment, and if there is to be any bullish incentive in the campaign to reduce acreage, a campaign which came into new notice yesterday because of the activity of several Southern Governors, it was not evident in the New York market yesterday.

After reaching the low levels early in the afternoon, the market rallied 10 to 30 points, and at the close there was a level 50 to 90 points under that of the previous day.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev's Day.
Feb.	..	..	..	21.85@21.60	22.25
March	22.00	22.30	21.40	21.47@21.55	22.40
April	..	..	..	20.90@21.05	21.50
May	20.95	21.06	20.25	20.50@20.58	21.10
July	20.29	20.35	19.50	19.85@19.88	20.32
Aug.	..	..	..	19.15	19.50
Sept.	..	18.75	18.65	18.90	19.25
Oct.	19.05	19.08	18.49	18.76@18.77	19.03
Dec.	..	18.88	18.29	18.50@18.58	18.80

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 90 points to 25.00c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.25c; New Orleans, 27.00c; Savannah, 29.00c; Augusta, 24.50c; Memphis, 27.50c; Houston, 27.50c; Little Rock, 26.25c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last W'k.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	15,909	27,461	21,083
Exports	18,228	46,183	15,401
Exports, season	2,548,984	2,472,102	2,491,169
New York stocks	89,199	87,710	153,347
Port stocks	1,381,498	1,364,593	1,454,433
N. Y. arrivals	3,589	1,971	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 17.05d for middling, and 18.99d for good middling. Sales, 2,000 bales, of which 1,000 American. Imports, 20,000 bales, all American. Futures opened quiet and steady, 14 to 29 points down, and closed steady, 29 to 51 points lower on the day. Prices: February, 16.65d; March, 15.07d; April, 13.86d; May, 12.51d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths dull and irregular.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Lead	...	5.00	...	5.25
Spelter	...	6.80	...	6.70
Antimony	...	7.25	...	7.25
Quicksilver	$95.00	...	$95.00	...
Aluminium	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, No. 2X silicon	...	36.55	..	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 18¼c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	83	0	0	83@85		0
Copper, futures	75	0	0	76 10@77	10	
Tin, spot	233	0	0	239	10	0
Tin, futures	230	0	0	236	15	0
Spelter, spot	48	0	0	48	0	0
Spelter, futures	40	0	0	40	0	0
Lead, spot	29	10	0	29	10	0
Lead, futures	26	0	0	26	0	0

FINANCES OF CITY.

Controller's Statement as of Jan. 25, 1919

Cash action	Corporate Stock Notes.	Rev. Bonds and bills.	Special Rev. bonds.
Outstanding Jan. 18	$48,905,000	$46,750,000	$12,450,000
Net Increase	155,000	3,900,000	....
Outstanding Jan. 25	$49,060,000	$50,650,000	$12,450,000
Cash balance	5,371,541		
Net obligation	$43,688,458		

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—Weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	3,246,757
Silver in hand decreased	657,985
Circulation increased	383,965,290
Treasury deposits decreased	2,215,088
General deposits decreased	30,694,299
Bills discounted decreased	49,364,798
Advances increased	31,257,757

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the VIKING SIGN COMPANY, INC., will be held on twenty-fourth day of February, 1919, at 5 o'clock P. M., at the office of the company at 527 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its preferred stock from $5,000, consisting of 500 shares of the par value of $10 each, to $17,000, to consist of 1,700 shares of the par value of $10 each, and by increasing its common stock from 500 shares of no par value to 1,700 shares of no par value.
Dated New York, N. Y., February 6, 1919.
P. SCHUYLER VAN BLOEM, President.
F. E. d'HUMY, Secretary-Treasurer.
Sworn to before me this 6th day of Feb., 1919.
N. F. SAUER,
Notary Public, Bronx Co., N. Y.
Cert. filed New York Co.
Commission expires March 30th, 1919.

MORE PHILADELPHIA BONDS.

City to Open Bids for New $8,000,000 Issue on March 3.

The City of Philadelphia will receive bids in the Mayor's Office in that city at noon March 3 for a new municipal bond issue amounting to $8,000,000. The bonds will mature in thirty years and will bear interest at the rate of 4½ per cent.

The issue will be free from all taxes in Pennsylvania and free from taxes under the Income Tax act of Congress. The bonds will be dated March 1, 1919, and interest will be payable semi-annually July 1 and Jan. 1. In November the City of Philadelphia sold $7,000,000 worth of 4½ per cents, which were all taken by one New York firm at 102.858.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security. Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt..6	May15,'20	98¾	99¼	6.50
Dom. of Can..5	Aug. 1919	99⅝	99¾	5.50
Gov. of N. F..5	July, 1919	99½	100	5.00
Norweg. Gov..6	Feb., 1923	99	100	6.00
Prov. of Que.5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Gov..6½	June, 1919	68	69	..
Do. rubles...5½	Feb.14,'26	157	164	..
Russian Gov..5½	Dec., 1921	60	62	..
Swiss Govt...5	Mar., 1920	99½	100	5.00

Company Issues.

Am. Bosch M. Corp. 7	Jan. 15,'20	99½	100½	6.45
A. B. Mag. C.7	Jan. 15,'21	99½	100½	6.70
A. B. Mag. C.7	Jan. 15,'22	99½	100½	6.80
Am. Cot. Oil..7	Sep., 1919	100⅝	101	5.40
Am. Cot. Oil.5	Sep., 1919	99⅝	100	5.00
Am. P. & L..6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.00
Am. Thread..6	Dec., 1928	100¾	101¾	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.7	Nov., 1919	101¼	101¾	5.05
Am. Tob. Co.7	Nov., 1920	102	102½	5.60
Am. Tob. Co.7	Nov., 1921	102¾	103¼	5.70
Am. Tob. Co.7	Nov., 1922	103¼	103¾	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	Nov., 1923	104⅛	104½	5.90
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.....6	July, 1919	96½	99½	7.00
B. & O. R. R.5	July, 1919	99½	99¾	5.70
Beth. S. Corp.7	July 15,'19	100⅝	101⅛	5.00
Beth. S. Corp.7	July 15,'20	101	101⅜	6.05
Beth. S. Corp.7	July 15,'21	101¼	101⅝	..
Beth. S. Corp.7	July 15,'22	101⅛	101½	..
Beth. S. Corp.7	July 15,'23	101¼	101⅝	..
Can. Pac. Ry.6	Mar. 2,'24	100¾	101⅛	5.70
Cen. Arg. Rys.6	Feb., 1927	88	91	7.85
Chi. Pn. Tool.6	Oct., 1920	98½	99½	6.30
Chi. Pn. Tool.6	Oct., 1921	98	99	6.45
Chi., B. & Q..4	July, 1921	95¾	96	5.70
C., R.I.&P.R..6	Feb., 1922	97½	98½	6.55
Cub.-Am. Sug.6	Jan., 1920	100	100¾	5.20
Cub.-Am. Sug.6	Jan., 1921	100	100¾	5.60
Cud'y P. Co..7	July 15,'23	102¼	102⅝	6.30
Del. & Hud..5	Aug., 1920	98¾	99⅛	5.60
Duq. Lt. Co..6	July, 1921	97½	98¼	6.50
Erie R. R....5	Apr., 1919	90	92½	..
Fed. Sug. R..5	Jan., 1920	98½	99½	5.60
Gen. Electric..6	July, 1919	100¾	100¾	5.30
Gen. Elec....6	July, 1920	100½	100¾	5.50
Gt. A. & P....6	June, 1921	98	99½	6.30
Gt. Nor. Ry..5	Sep., 1920	98⅞	99¼	5.75
L. G. & E....7	Sep., 1920	97	99¾	7.50
Mont. T. & P.6	Apr., 1919	99¼	100	6.00
Met. Ed. 6	Dec., 1920	93	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent..5	Sept., 1919	99⅝	100	5.00
Okl. G. & E..6	June, 1919	98	99⅝	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
P. S. C., N.J.5	Mar., 1919	99¼	100	5.00
Pitt. & S.S.R.6	Mar., 1920	100	100¾	5.25
Proc. & Gam.7	Mar., 1919	100	100¼	..
Proc. & Gam.7	Mar., 1920	101¼	102	5.00
Proc. & Gam.7	Mar., 1921	102¼	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.7	Mar., 1922	103	103¾	5.60
Proc. & Gam.7	Mar., 1923	104	104½	5.65
San Diego C. G. E. E....6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W..6	Dec., 1919	101¼	102¼	..
St.G. & E.sec.7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry..5	Mar. 2,'19	99¾	100	5.00
Stude. Corp...7	Jan., 1921	99½	100¼	6.80
Stude. Corp...7	Jan., 1929	95½	96½	7.50
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.....6	May, 1920	95	98½	8.00
U.L.& Ry.sec.7	Apr., 1923	94	98½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.6	Sep.15,'22	88	89½	9.40
West. E. & M.6	Feb., 1920	99⅞	100⅛	5.85
Wir R. A...7	Mar., 1919	99¾	100	7.00

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
February..	$1.25	$1.21¾	$1.23¾	$1.22¾	..
March	1.21½	1.17	1.19¾	1.18½	1.27⅜
May	1.14⅜	1.10½	1.12¾	1.12	1.25¼
July	1.10½	1.07	1.08¾	1.08⅝	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
February	.57	55½	56	55⅝	83
March	.56¾	55⅛	56⅜	55¼	83
May	.57	55	56⅜	55⅜	80
July	.54¾	53⅛	54⅜	53⅝	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 67@67½c; No. 2 white, 67½c; No. 3 white, 66½@67c; No. 4 white, 66@66½c; ordinary clipped, 66@67c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Yr.
Lard— May	$22.80	$22.52	$22.80	$22.30	$25.52
July	22.10	21.72	21.95	21.72	25.57
Ribs— May	20.90	20.62	20.82	20.50	24.65
Pork— May	37.00	36.40	36.90	36.50	46.77

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	14.30	14.05	14.06	14.41
July	13.95	13.75	13.75	14.05
September	13.60	13.50	13.45	13.75
December	13.52	13.25	13.20	13.53

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
February	$1.34	$1.29	$1.29½
May	1.34	1.31½	1.33

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday 6,598 pkgs. Market cleaned up quite closely of fancy fresh butter the day before. Yesterday, however, feeling weaker, and top quotations more extreme on high grades. More pressure to sell medium grades, and most of the day before advance is lost on these. Cheaper sorts of butter less active. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 50@50½c; extras, 92 score, 49@49½c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 45½@48c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 41@41½c; lower grades, 38@40c; unsalted, higher than extras, 51½@52c; extras, 50½@51c; firsts, 46@49c; seconds, 42@48½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 47½@48½c; good to prime, 43@47c; common to fair, 36@41c; renovated, extras, 43c; firsts, 40@41½c; lower grades, 33@39c; imitation creamery, firsts, 38@39c; ladies, current make, firsts, 37c; seconds, 35@36c; lower grades, 32@33c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 34½@35c; No 2, 33@34c; lower grades, 29@32c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 12,733 cases. The active trading of the day before seemed to give trade a pretty good supply of eggs, and the buying is less active. On the Mercantile Exchange, after one opening sale of Northern Ohio firsts at 47c, prices declined to 45½@46c, at which there are more than ample offerings at the close to supply all present demands, the market closing weak. Advices indicate large supplies in transit, and stock is freely offered at country points considerably below a parity with prices ruling here. White eggs also easier.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The income account of the Washington Water Power Company for the year ended with last December shows a gross revenue of $2,927,379, operating expenses and taxes amounting to $1,472,477, and net income from operation amounting to $1,454,902. After deductions of interest and other charges, net earnings carried to surplus were $610,209, while the balance surplus as of Dec. 31, after payment of dividends, was $931,319.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the National City Company are offering at 97½ to yield 5¾ per cent., if held to maturity and 6¼ per cent. if taken up at the earliest redemption date, $16,000,000 Illinois Central Railroad fifteen-year 5½ per cent. bonds.

Liggett & Drexel have prepared a special review of the financial position of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

The Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway Company reports gross earnings for the fourth week in January of $519,328, an increase of $134,685 over the corresponding week in 1918, while the earnings for the month were $1,385,951, an increase of $193,560 over January, 1918.

The American Cotton Oil Company has announced the election of Lyman N. Hine as First Vice President and a Director of the company.

The Inspiration Consolidated Copper Company produced 6,500,000 pounds in January. A year ago the production was 5,000,000, and in 1917 totaled 11,600,000 pounds.

TO THE HOLDERS OF EASTERN PETROLEUM COMPANY PAYS ISSUE FIRST LIEN COLLATERAL TRUST 10-YEAR 7% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS, DUE SEPTEMBER 1, 1928:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with the provisions of the Mortgage and Deed of Trust given to secure the above described issue of bonds, the undersigned will receive on February 17th, 1919, sealed tenders or proposals of said bonds to be surrendered for redemption on March 1st, 1919, upon the best and most advantageous terms at which the same shall be obtained, at prices not exceeding one hundred and two percentum (102%) of par plus accrued interest, out of moneys in the Sinking Fund amounting to Thirty-seven thousand nine hundred eighty-six dollars and six cents ($37,986.06). The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN, Vice President.

Dated, February 6th, 1919.

BROOKLYN EDISON REPORT.

Shows Surplus of $1,593,559 After Interest Charges and Taxes.

The Brooklyn Edison Company in its report for the year ended Dec. 30, 1918, shows a surplus of $1,593,559 after interest charges and taxes, which is equal to $9.24 a share earned on the outstanding capital stock, compared with $8.56 a share earned on the same stock in the preceding year. The company was known until recently as the Kings County Electric Light and Power Company. The earnings of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn are included in the income account.

The report shows that the gross revenue was $8,768,037, compared with $8,304,412 in 1917. The net after expenses and taxes was $2,605,592, a decrease of approximately $187,000 from the year before. The total income was $2,691,856, compared with $2,869,072 in 1917. The fact that surplus for the year just passed, which was available for dividends, was larger than in 1917 was due to the setting aside of only $199,620 as contingency reserve, whereas in 1917 the amount was $596,704. After dividend allowances and appropriations and employes' dividends the surplus for the year was $97,809, whereas in 1917 it was $44,135. The total profit and loss balance is now $3,365,225.

EARNINGS.

Railroad.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Dec. gross....	$1,856,535	$1,636,903	*$219,632
Bal. aft. taxes.	455,245	657,561	202,316
Net. op. income	487,109	659,591	172,482
12 mo. gross..	20,647,382	16,024,537	*4,622,845
Bal. aft. taxes	3,891,051	4,200,739	309,688
Net op. income	3,905,339	4,586,662	681,323

*Increase.

Public Utilities.

BROOKLYN EDISON CO., formerly the Kings County Electric Light and Power Co., for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Gross rev....	$8,768,037	$8,304,412	$8,130,199
Net af.ex.&txs.	2,605,592	2,792,420	3,116,149
Total inc.....	2,691,856	2,869,072	3,109,758
Surplus.......	1,593,559	1,469,658	1,850,955
Dividends....,	1,374,216	1,334,716	1,202,564
Approp., &c..	121,534	90,806	90,946
Surplus.......	97,809	44,136	566,445

NEW ENGLAND CO. POWER SYSTEM—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Dec. gross.......	$376,741	$267,515	$109,226
Net after taxes..	162,063	108,435	53,628
Sur. after charges.	97,377	59,048	38,328
12 mos. gross....	3,557,281	2,645,973	911,307
Net after taxes..	1,322,880	1,144,195	178,685
Sur. after charges	658,211	546,450	111,760

WASHINGTON WATER POWER CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Gross rev....	$2,927,378	$2,856,213	$2,685,024
Net aft. tax..	1,472,476	1,405,321	1,356,355
Bal. aft. chg.	610,209	636,041	586,963
Dividends.....	619,600	619,600	658,325
Deficit.........	9,391	*16,441	71,362

*Surplus.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99
2s, coupon, '30.........	97½	99
2s, Panama, '38, reg...	97½	98½
2s, Panama, '38, coup..	97¾	98¾
3s, registered, 1946....	88	92
3s, coupon, 1946........	88	92
3s, conversion, 1947....	88	92
3s, Panama, '61, reg...	89	92
3s, Panama, '61, coup..	89	92
5s, Fed Land Bk, '38...	101¾	103½
4½s, Fed Land Bank..	100	100¾
4s, registered, 1925.....	104¼	105¼
4s, coupon, 1925.........	104¾	105¾

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
4½s July,	1967....	101	101½	101⅛
4½s June,	1965....	101	101½	101⅛
4½s Mar.,	1963....	101	101½	101⅛
4½s Nov.,	1957....	101	101½	101⅛
4½s May,	1957....	101	101½	101⅛
4¼s Mar.,	1960-30.	96⅞	97½	96⅞
4¼s Mar.,	1964....	96⅞	97½	96⅞
4¼s Mar.,	1962....	96⅞	97½	96⅞
4¼s Apr.,	1966....	96⅞	97½	96⅞
4¼s Sept.,	1960....	96⅞	97½	96⅞
4s May,	1959....	91	92	91
4s Nov.,	1958....	91	92	91
4s Nov.,	1957....	91	92	91
4s Nov.,	1956....	90½	91½	90½
4s Nov.,	1955....	90½	91½	90½
4s Nov.,	1956....	92	94	92
4s May,	1919....	99½	..	99½
3½s Nov.,	1955....	81	..	81
3½s Nov.,	1954....	81¾	83	81¾
3½s May,	1954....	81¾	..	81¾

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4¼s	1924-1931.....	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s	1921-1923.....	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s	1919-1920.....	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s	1919-1923.....	4.55	4.30	4.55
4½s	1924-1932.....	4.55	4.30	4.55
3½s	1940-1953.....	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s	1930-1939.....	4.65	4.40	4.65
5½s	1922-1929.....	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s	1919-1921.....	4.65	4.40	4.65
3s	1940-1958.....	4.65	4.40	4.65
3s	1926-1930.....	4.65	4.40	4.65

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
755	Cities Service..............	316	312	314	317
1,820	Cities Service pf..........	81	80½	80½	81½
$49,500	Cities Service deb. B 7s..	128	126	126	130
93,000	Cities Service deb. C 7s..	103	101½	101½	103

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow......	12	14
Adiron Elec Power pf.	71	74
Am Gas & Electric.....	99½	102
Am Gas & Electric pf..	42½	44
Am Light & Traction..	230	234
Am Light & Trac pf..	98	99
Am Power & Light....	57	60
Am Power & Light pf..	76	79
Am Public Utilities....	..	25
Am Public Utilities pf.	35	38
Am W W & Elec......	5	6
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	64	68
Am W W & E partic..	10	13
Carolina Power & Lt..	30	32
Colorado Power	24	27
Colorado Power pf.....	96	100
Columbus Electric pf..	72	76
Com Power, Ry & L...	19	21
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf.	40	43
Conn Power pf.........	73	78
Consumers' Power pf..	75	85
Eastern Texas Elec....	52½	55
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	73	77
El Paso Electric.......	82	86
Electric B & S pf......	92	95
Empire Dist Elec pf....	70	75
Federal Light & Trac..	8	11
Federal Lt & Trac pf..	40	45
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65
Gas & Elec Securities.	250	275
Gas & Elec Secur pf...	80	85
Miss River Power......	10	12
Miss River Power pf...	38	40
Northern Ohio Electric.	10	15½
Northern Ohio Elec pf.	56	58½
Northern Ont L & P..	11	15
Northern Ont L & P pf	51	55
Northern States Power.	64	66
Northern States P pf...	90	92
Northern Texas Elec...	51	56
Northern Tex Elec pf.	70	75
Pacific Gas & Electric.	48	49
Pacific Gas & Elec pf..	86	88
Puget Sd Trac, L & P..	15	18
Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf.	52	55
Ry & Light Sec pf.....	75	80
Republic Ry & Light..	16	18
Republic Ry & Lt pf...	53	55
Southern Cal Edison...	81	83
Southern Cal Edison pf	97	102
Standard Gas & Elec...	18	..
Standard Gas & Elec pf	36	..
Tampa Electric	100	112
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power..	2½	3½
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf.	13	15
United Light & Rys....	36½	38
United Light & Rys pf.	68	71½
Western Power	18½	19½
Western Power pf......	66	67
West, Church & Kerr..	63	66
West Church & K pf..	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20.	97½	98½
Am W W & E col 5s..	68½	70½
Appalach Power 1st 5s	68	75
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56.	91	95
Cities Fuel & Pow 7s.	99	100
Col G & E deb 5s, '27..	77	80
Com L & P 6s, 1947....	..	93½
Conn Power 5s, 1963..	85	90
Dallas Electric 5s, '22..	90	93
East Tex Elec col 5s..	85	88
East Tex Elec 7s, '21..	98	99
El Paso Elec col 5s....	82	90
Empire Gas & F 6s...	97½	100
Empire Refining 6s....	94	97
Gt West Power 5s, '46.	84½	87
Gt West Power 6s, '25.	89	92
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s...	78	80
Nor States Pow 6s, '26.	92	96
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	88	91
Nor Tex Elec col 5s...	80	85
Omaha & C B 5s, '28..	75	80
Puget Sd Tr, Lt & P 7s.	98	99½
Roanoke W W 5s, '19..	96½	97⅝
So Cal Edison 5s, '39..	88	92
Twin S G & E 5s, '53..	74	78
Un L & R 1st 5s, '32..	88	90
Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
Un Util cv 6s, '43...	86	92
Utah Securities 6s....	88	89

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	ArundelSand	35½	35½	35½
320	Atlantic Pet.	2½	2½	2½
250	Cosden	7	7	7
20	Md Casualty	94	94	94
420	Houston Oil.	80	79½	80
250	United Rys..	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
120	NewAmsterdam	46	46	46
5	U S Fidelity.	124	124	124
100	Wayland Oil.	3½	3½	3½

Bonds.

$2,000	Cosden 6s, B	91	91	91
17,000	Con Power 5s	98	98	98
1,000	UnitedRys 4s	73½	73½	73½
6,000	Elkhorn 6s..	98½	98½	98½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
11	Am Zinc	11	11	11
35	Ahmeek	68¾	68¼	68¼
100	Algomah	30c	30c	30c
45	Allouez	42½	42	42
130	Anaconda	57	56½	57
210	Ariz Com'l..	11½	11½	11½
218	Cal & Ariz..	57½	57¼	57½
3	Cal & Hecla.	425	425	425
720	Cop Range..	41⅛	40¼	40¼
50	Daly-West ..	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
600	Davis-Daly..	5	5	5
45	East Butte..	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
30	Inspiration..	42½	42½	42½
50	Island Creek	42½	42½	42½
70	Isle Royale..	24¾	24½	24¾
100	Lake Cop....	3	3	3
50	La Salle	2½	2½	2½
60	Mass Con....	4⅛	4	4
415	Mayflower ..	3¼	3	3¼
150	Michigan ...	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
135	Mohawk	50½	49½	49½
50	New Arc	1½	1½	1½
50	Nipissing ...	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
77	New Cornelia	15½	15½	15½
90	North Butte.	10	9⅞	9⅞
12	Old Dom	34½	34	34
35	Pond Creek.	12½	12¼	12¼
63	Ray Con	20	20	20
95	Shannon	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
5	St Mary's....	42	42	42
130	Sup & Bos..	2⅛	2 1/16	2 1/16
90	U S Smelt...	44¼	43½	43½
20	Do pf......	45⅝	45¼	45¼
105	Utah Metal..	1½	1½	1½
50	Utah Copper	66	66	66
50	Victoria	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
25	Wolverine ..	18½	18	18

Railroads.

37	Bos & Alb...	136	135¼	135¼
110	Bos Elev....	68½	68½	68½
11	Do pf......	95	95	95
50	Bos & Me....	28¾	28¾	28¾
12	Bos & Prov..	167	167	167
50	Bos&WElecpf	30¼	30	30¼
430	Mass Elec pf	14½	13¾	14⅜
75	NY, NH & H	28⅜	28¼	28⅜
5	Old Colony..	100	99½	100

Miscellaneous.

20	Am Agricul.	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
130	Do pf......	99	98⅞	98⅞
1	Amoskeag ..	83	82	82
90	Do pf......	81	80	80
110	Am P Svc...	1½	1¼	1½
12	Am Sugar...	114¾	114½	114½
352	Am T & T..	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
23	Am Wool pf	94⅞	94⅜	94⅜
15	A, G & W I.	65	65	65
270	Booth	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞
78	Century	14⅜	14	14¼
125	Cuban Port..	12⅝	12½	12½
3	Edison	169	169	169
830	Fairbanks ...	55⅜	54⅛	55½
100	Gorton	30	30	30
70	Gen Elec	147	146⅞	146⅞
160	Island Oil...	7 1/16	7⅜	7 1/16
15	Mass Gas ..	83¼	83¼	83¼
3	Mass Gas pf	70	70	70
14	N E Tel.....	92	91	91
2,340	Stewart W...	37⅜	35½	37⅜
127	Swift	121½	121¼	121½
201	Un Fruit	161½	161	161¼
265	Un Shoe	44¾	44¾	44¾
73	Do pf......	28	27½	27½
1,420	U S Steel...	89⅜	88½	89
285	Ventura	8⅜	8⅝	8⅝
100	Warren Bros	17	17	17
10	Do 1st pf...	51¼	51¼	51¼

Bonds.

$1,000	Am Ag 5s...	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
1,000	Chi June 5s..	93¾	93¾	93¾
$2,000	N E Tel 5s..	93	93	93

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am Shipb'g..	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
590	Armour pf..	101½	101⅜	101½
245	Booth Fish..	18½	18¼	18¼
100	C C & C Rys	¾	¾	¾
130	Do pf......	9	8⅞	8⅞
10	Com Edison..	113	113	113
10	Dia Match..	109½	109½	109½
50	H, S & M...	72	72	72
181	L, McN & L	21	20⅞	20⅞
60	Lindsay L...	13	13	13
70	Pub Service.	89½	88½	88½
20	People's Gas	47	47	47
915	Sears-Roe ..	176⅛	174½	175
220	Stewart-W ..	84¾	84½	84¾
487	Swift Inter'l	43	42⅜	43
450	Swift & Co..	121⅜	121	121¼
949	Un Carbide.	57	55⅝	56⅞
35	Un Paper'd..	21	21	21

Bonds.

$2,000	Booth F 6s.	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
1,000	Chi R 1st 5s	79	79	79
2,000	Chi Ry, Ser B 5s..	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜
20,000	Com Ed 5s.	94¼	94¼	94¼
$2,000	Com El 5s..	92½	92½	92½
3,000	Pub Serv (N Ill) 5s....	87½	87½	87½
6,000	Swift 1st 5s.	96¼	96¼	96¼

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Buff&Sus pf	50	50	50
780	Elec Storage	55	54¾	55
179	Ins of N A..	28	28	28
300	Gen Asphalt.	65	64¼	65
15	Do pf	98½	98½	98½
275	Lake Super..	19¾	19¼	19¾
23	Lehigh Nav.	71	70	70
73	Lehigh Val..	55	55	55
309	Pennsylvania	44¾	44½	44¾
15	Penn Salt ..	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜
475	Phila Elec..	25¼	25	25¼
206	Phila Trac..	69¼	69¼	69¼
25	P R T........	24½	24½	24½
260	Reading	77½	77	77
175	Tono Belm't.	3⅜	3 3/16	3⅜
250	Tono Mining.	3 1/16	3	3 1/16
121	U G I........	72	72	72
30	Union Trac..	37¼	37¼	37¼

Bonds.

$2,000	NorthPenn 6s	36	36	36
$1,000	LehighVal 6s.	102	102	102

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	17	17½	17¼
Atlantic Refining.	1260	1285	1290
Borne-Scrymser	490	510	490
Buckeye Pipe Line.	94	96	94
Chesebrough Mfg.	310	325	310
Continental Oil	550	570	565
Crescent Pipe Line.	38	40	38
Cumberland P L....	180	190	180
Eureka Pipe Line..	170	180	174
Galena Signal Oil..	90	92	90
Do pf, new........	100	105	100
Do pf, old.........	120	140	120
Illinois Pipe Line..	163	167	165
Indiana Pipe Line.	100	105	100
Int'l Petrol Co, Ltd	20¼	21	21
National Transit..	16½	17½	16½
N Y Transit	195	205	195
Northern Pipe L....	110	115	110
Ohio Oil	324	328	325
Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	53	56	53
Prairie Oil & Gas.	665	675	670
Prairie Pipe Line..	266	270	270
Solar Refining	360	370	360
Southern Pipe L....	175	180	177
South Penn Oil....	300	310	305
S W Penn	98	102	98
Stand Oil of Cal...	273	277	275
Stand Oil of Ind...	770	780	775
Stand Oil of Kan...	555	565	555
Stand Oil of Ky....	395	405	400
Stand Oil of Neb...	545	560	545
Stand Oil of N J..	695	698	698
Stand Oil of N Y..	323	327	324
Stand Oil of Ohio..	460	480	460
Swan & Finch........	98	102	98
Union Tank	116	118	116
Vacuum Oil	405	415	415
Washington Oil ...	36	40	36

IRVING BANK'S REPORT.

Total Deposits of the Institution Now $127,000,000.

The annual report of the Irving National Bank to stockholders, which has just been made public, shows total resources of $148,452,549. Deposits have grown to $127,000,000 from about $55,000,000 in August, 1914. Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the board, in summarizing the report, said in part:

"The increase in the volume of business in the Foreign Department and the extension of the foreign relations of this department have been highly satisfactory.

"The profit-sharing plan put in operation two years ago was continued throughout the year. At present a committee of Directors is studying its operations, with the intention of making such changes as will develop even closer co-ordination and efficiency throughout the organization.

"After full provision for bad debts and depreciation of securities to present market values, the profits of the bank for the year 1918 amounted to $2,527,518.96."

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Prices were steady at the close of a moderately active market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, Values responded to a sustained demand during the afternoon session and final quotations showed fractional net gains in a majority of the active issues, while those which had losses closes at quotations substantially better than previous low levels. The recovery from the selling pressure of the opening hour, when the entire list sold off, came after midday and was gradual in movement, interrupted by occasional reactions.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Alaska Jun.	2	2	2
50	Allis-Chalm..	31½	30⅝	31½
20	Am B Sugar	67⅛	67	67⅛
100	Am Can.....	46⅝	45⅞	46
240	Am C & F..	87¼	85	85⅝
10	Am Cot Oil.	42⅜	42⅜	42⅜
50	AmDruggists	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
50	Am H & L.	16⅝	16⅜	16⅜
400	Do pf......	86⅞	85½	86½
10	Am Ice.....	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜
20	Am Malt....	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,020	Am S & R..	63⅝	62¾	63⅛
60	Am St Fdrs.	71¼	70⅝	70⅝
160	Am Su Tob.	102¼	101½	101½
20	Am T & T..	100½	100½	100½
520	Anac Cop...	57	56½	56⅞
1,190	Bald Loco..	66⅝	65½	66⅝
20	Balt & Ohio	45⅝	45⅜	45⅜
220	Beth St'l B.	59⅝	58⅜	59⅜
310	B'klyn R T.	22¼	21⅞	22¼
10	Burns Bros.	142⅞	142⅞	142⅞
340	Cen Leather	58½	56½	56⅝
20	Ches & Ohio	54⅜	54⅜	54⅜
80	C, M & St P	36⅝	36¼	36½
10	C, R I & P.	23	23	23
90	Corn Prod..	47⅝	47⅛	47⅜
180	Crucible St'l	52⅞	52⅛	52⅞
120	Cuba Cane S	22¼	21⅜	22⅛
70	Dist Secur..	53	52⅜	53
230	Dome Mines.	13	12⅝	13
40	Erie	16	16	16
20	Gas W & W	26½	26½	26½
90	Gen Motors.	131⅜	130½	131
50	Goodrich Co	58¼	58¼	58¼
10	Gt Nor pf..	92	92	92
50	Gt Nor Ore.	38	37¼	37⅜
80	Inspir Cop..	43	42⅞	43
30	Int Mer Ma	22	22	22
530	Do pf......	96½	95¾	96⅜
350	Int Paper...	39⅝	38⅜	39
150	Interb Cons.	5⅝	5½	5½
40	Do pf......	20	19¼	19¼
100	Kelly-S Tire	78⅝	76⅞	76⅞
210	Kenne Cop..	30½	30⅛	30¼
10	Lack Steel..	63⅜	63⅜	63⅜
40	Lee R & T.	23⅜	23	23
60	Lehigh Val..	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞
2,860	Mex Petrol..	167⅛	164⅞	166
30	Miami Cop..	22	21⅞	21⅞
335	Midvale Steel	40⅝	40¼	40½
60	Mo Pacific..	23⅜	23⅜	23¾
140	Nat E & S.	47	46	46
10	Nat Lead...	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞
28	N Y Central	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝
60	NY, NH & H	28½	27⅞	27⅞
20	Nor Pac....	90	90	90
43	Ohio C Gas.	39¾	39½	39⅝
375	Okla Oil....	8½	8¼	8¼
30	P A P & T.	68¼	67⅞	68¼
10	Pac Mail....	39½	39½	39½
30	Phila Co....	31¼	31¼	31¼
30	Pierce-Arrow	39½	39½	39½
280	Pierce Oil...	17	16⅜	16⅝
260	Ry St'l Spgs	70⅝	69⅝	70
860	Reading	77⅝	76⅝	77⅜
40	Rep I & S..	72¼	71½	72¼
70	Sinclair Gulf	34¼	34	34¼
110	South Pac...	97⅞	97⅛	97⅞
880	Studebaker..	51	49⅝	49⅞
280	Stutz Motor.	44⅜	43	43
10	Tenn Cop...	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞
70	Texas Co....	186¾	186¼	186¾
150	Texas & Pac	31⅜	31½	31¾
740	Tob Prod....	79⅜	78¼	79⅜
260	Union Pac..	126⅝	126	126⅝
50	Un Cig St..	114¼	113¾	113¾
40	U S Ind Al.	100⅜	100	100
70	U S Rubber	75¼	74½	74½
24,505	U S Steel...	89¼	88½	88⅞
210	Utah Copper	66	65⅛	66
40	Va-Car Ch..	52¼	52	52¼
30	Wilson & Co	69½	69½	69½
10	Westing El..	41¼	41¼	41¼
70	Willys-Over.	24¾	24¾	24¾
50	Woolwth Co.	120¼	120¼	120¼

*LIBERTY BONDS.

$3,950	Lib 3½s...	99.54	99.34	99.42
1,800	1st 4¼s..	95.74	95.66	95.70
6,050	2d 4¼s..	95.20	94.92	95.02
12,050	3d 4¼s..	96.74	96.66	96.74
12,500	4th 4¼s..	95.34	95.16	95.28

*Prices include interest.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	‡Aetna Expl	7½	7¼	7½
700	‡Am B Mag	65	64¼	64½
100	Brit-Am Tob, registered..	24⅝	24⅜	24⅜
1,700	Do coupon.	25	24⅞	24⅞
600	Chev Motor..	165	160	165
3,500	‡Dicto Prod.	11½	10⅜	11½
2,000	‡Emer Phon.	2⅛	2	2⅛
1,000	‡Gen Asph..	66	64½	65
300	‡ Do pf....	99	99	99
500	‡Gen Mot 6s, deb. w i..	84½	84	84
850	‡Gillette S R.	135	132	135
250	‡Hav Tob...	2¼	2	2¼
5,000	Hupp Mot C.	6½	6¼	6⅜
100	‡Imp Tob of Gt Br & I	16½	16½	16½
2,800	Inter Rub...	*18¼	17¼	17¼
3,100	Key T & R.	60⅞	59⅝	60
1,000	‡Lack Cty C	11½	11¼	11½
1,300	‡Lake Tor B	3	2¾	2¾
100	Marc of Am	4¼	4⅛	4⅛
16,000	N A P & P..	3⅞	3⅜	3½
300	Pa. Seab St, v t ctfs...	38	37	37
400	Peer T & M	20	19	20
2,500	Submar Bt, v t ctfs...	11½	10¼	11¼
3,500	‡Un Motors.	39⅜	39⅛	39¼
15,000	Un Prof Sh	1 1/16	1⅛	1 1/16
1,000	U S St'ship.	3⅞	3½	3⅝
300	Wayne Coal	4	4	4
1,000	‡Wright-Mar Aircraft ..	3⅝	3½	3⅝

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

25	‡Ill Pipe L..	165	165	165
10	‡North P L..	111	111	111
41	‡Ohio O Co..	327	323	323
20	‡Pr'e O & G.	676	670	670
160	‡S Oil Co of NY..	331	325	326

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

12,000	‡Allen Oil...	1⅛	1 1/16	1⅛
500	‡Atlantic Pet	2¾	2½	2½
1,900	‡Bar O & G.	¼	3/16	¼
11,350	‡Boone Oil..	4⅝	4¼	4⅜
25,000	†‡B-Wyo Oil.	29	27	28
1,500	‡Cosden	7⅛	7	7
10	‡Crystal Oil.	1½	1½	1½
200	‡Curman Pet	1¼	1¼	1¼
5,200	†‡Esm O Cp.	5	4⅛	5
8,000	‡Federal Oil.	3½	3¼	3¼
5,300	‡Glenr'k Oil.	4	3⅝	3⅞
100	‡Houston Oil	81¼	81¼	81¼
3,900	‡Int Pet.....	21½	20½	20⅝
4,000	‡I O & Tran.	7½	7⅜	7½
2,600	†‡Kenova Oil	11	10	10
2,500	†‡Kinney O.	75	72	72
15,000	‡La O & R..	36⅜	35	36⅛
1,500	‡Mer O Cp..	23⅜	23	23
7,500	Met Pet.....	3 1/16	3⅛	3⅜
100	‡Do f p ctfs	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
500	†‡Mex G Oil.	30	30	30
3,500	†‡Midw't Oil.	143	137	140
3,500	‡Midwest R.	147	142	145
500	†‡N W Oil..	50	50	50
1,000	‡Okla P & R rights	3/16	½	3/16
8,000	†Omar O & G	33	31	33
4,000	‡Pennok Oil.	11⅞	11¼	11⅞
20,000	†‡Queen Oil.	16	15	15
700	‡Roy D, new	73½	72½	73
1,200	‡Sap O & R.	7⅝	7¼	7⅝
600	‡Sin G Cp...	24½	24	24
1,800	‡Stanton Oil	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
3,000	†‡Tex O & R	13	13	13
900	‡Tyopa Oil..	2¾	2½	2½
2,000	‡Un West O, new	1½	1 7/16	1⅜
700	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	2½	2⅜	2½
100	Way O & G	3½	3½	3½

MINING STOCKS.

2,000	†Alas-BCMet	38	35	37
100	†Am Mines..	1	1	1
900	Ariz Bing C.	1 1/16	1	1 1/16
100	‡Ariz Butte..	49	49	49
1,200	†‡Atlanta ..	5	5	5
2,800	Big L Cop..	¾	11/16	¾
10,000	†Bos & Mon.	48	46	47
2,500	†‡Caledonia..	30	29	30
1,000	‡Cal&Jerome.	7/16	⅜	7/16
3,300	†‡Candel Sil.	59	57	58
500	Cres Con G..	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝
500	‡Eu Croes M	1½	1½	1½
500	†‡Fortuna C.	35	35	35
2,600	†‡Florence S	75	71	73
8,600	‡Gadsden ...	3⅛	3	3⅛
1,400	†‡Gold R M.	⅝	½	⅝
500	†Goldf Cons.	20	20	20
2,000	†‡Goldf Merg	6	6	6
1,000	†‡HamM&S,p	60	60	60
3,000	†‡Hat G M, p	37	35	37
300	Hecla Min...	4 7/16	4 7/16	4½
1,500	†‡Jim Butler	43	42	42
200	La Cons	¼	¼	¼
60,000	†‡Lone Star.	6	5	5¼
6,000	†Nixon Nev..	42	37	40
500	‡Onondaga M	3¼	3¼	3¼
300	Pinar Cop, p	2½	2¼	2½
300	‡Ray Herc M	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
3,500	†Roch Mines.	30	27	30
600	†Sil Can M..	84	83	84
3,000	Sil K of Ar	13/16	13/16	13/16
300	Std Sil-Ld..	7/16	7/16	7/16
500	Ton Exten..	2⅜	2 3/16	2 3/16
500	Tuolumne C.	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,200	†‡Tuo Riv P	80	70	75
2,700	Un M of Ar	¼	¼	¼
2,000	†‡U S C M.	9	9	9
2,200	‡Un Sul Min	13/16	¾	13/16
4,500	†‡W M & M.	30	25	27
2,250	†Wh Caps M	16	15	15

BONDS.

$25,000	‡AmT&T 6s.	99½	99⅜	99½
10,000	‡Am Tob 7s, 1923	104¼	104¼	104¼
9,000	‡Anacon 6s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
5,000	‡Can Gov 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
2,000	‡C, M & S P 4½s....	99½	99½	99½
10,000	‡C & N W g mtg 5s....	100	99¾	100
1,000	‡Int R T 7s	88½	88½	88½
750,000	‡Ital lire gd 5s, 1918..	144	141	141
$10,000	‡LacledeGas Light 7s..	100½	100⅜	100½
3,000	‡Liggett& M 6s, 1921..	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
10,000	‡N Y Tel Co deb 6s....	100¼	100⅛	100⅛
150,000	‡Russ Govt 5½s	65	59	61
250,000	‡ Do 6½s..	72	67	69
100,000	‡So R 6s, wi	99¼	99⅛	99⅛
10,000	‡Wilson&Co conv 6s...	93⅝	93½	93½

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

⁂

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Thursday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Ask.
Air Reduction	50	60	50	60
Am-Br Mfg..	2	5	2	5
Am W Paper.	3	3½	3	3½
Carbon Steel.	90	96	90	96
Car L & P...	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11⅜	11¼	11⅜
Curtiss Aero.	11½	12	11½	12
Do pf.......	45	55	45	55
Edmund & J.	20	22	20	22
Free Texas...	33	34	33	34
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½
Hav Tob pf..	3	3½	3	3½
Kirby Lum...	23	25	24	25
Lake Tor B't 1st pf.......	2½	5	2½	5
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88
Lib,McN&Lib.	20	21½	20¼	21½
Lima Loco...	28	30	28	30
Man Transit..	½	⅝	½	⅝
Mitchell Mot..	20	25	20	25
Nat Coal & I.	51	55	52	54½
Nat Fireproof	7½	8½	7½	8½
Do pf......	15	16	15	16
N Y Shipb'g.	34	37	34	37
N Y Transp..	14¼	17	14¼	17
Pearson Coal.	3	3⅛	3	3⅛
Penn C & C..	22	24	22	24
PennSeaboard Steel rights	1/16	3/16	1/16	3/16
P'lsenWireless	7	7½	7	7½
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38
St Jos Lead.	12	13	12	13
Smith M T...	1/16	⅛	1/16	⅛
Stand Motors.	7½	8½	7½	8½
Steel Alloys..	7½	8½	7½	8½
St L,R M & P	40	..	40	..
Swift Int.....	42½	43½	42½	43½
Todd Shipyd..	107	108½	107	108½
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½
U S Lt & H..	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
U S Lt&H pf.	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
World Film..	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Wright-M pf.	62	65	62	65
OIL STOCKS.				
Cos & Co pf..	4	4⅛	4	4⅛
Crown Oil	14	15	14	15
Elk Basin....	6	6⅛	6	6⅛
Globe Oil.....	15/16	1	15/16	1
Hudson Oil....	60	65	60	65
Midw Oil pf..	1 1/16	1 3/16	1 1/16	1 3/16
OkmulgeeP&R	1⅜	2	1⅜	2
Pitts O & G...	8	8½	8	8½
Royal Oil	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Savoy Oil....	6¾	7¼	6¾	7¼
Sincl Oil war	38	40	38	40
So Oil Transp	3	4	3	4
S W Oil......	35	45	35	45
MINING STOCKS.				
Austin-Am'n .	1/16	⅜	1/16	⅜
Booth	13	15	13	15
Canada Cop..	2	2 1/16	2 1/16	2⅛
Cashboy	7	8	7	8
Cerbat Sil....	1	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Cerro Gordo..	½	1	½	1
Con Cop M..	5⅜	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝
El Sal Sil....	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
First Nat C..	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
Great Bend..	3	4	3	4
Kerr Lake...	5⅜	5½	5⅜	5½
Kewanus	5	6	5	6
Magma Cop..	25	25½	25	25½
Marsh Min...	3	4	3	4
McKin-Dar ..	45	47	45	47
Mex Lead ...	6	6¼	6	6¼
Stewart	15	17	15	17

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Am Cigar..........	118	122	118
Do pf	85	90	85
Conley Foil	190	200	190
J S Young.........	125	150	125
Do pf	98	105	98
MacA & Forbes....	195	200	195
Do pf	85	95	85
P R-Am Tobacco..	130	136	130
R J Reynolds, A...	375	400	375
Do B	300	320	300
Do pf.	107	109	107
Weyman-Bruton ..	170	180	170
Do pf	105	110	105

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid
Am Brass	198	205	195
Atlas Powder......	153	158	153
Do pf.............	90	93	90
Babcock & Wilcox.	106	108¼	106
Bliss	250	350	250
Do pf	60	80	60
Colt's Arms........	37	43	37
Du Pont	270	273	268
Du Pont debs, pf..	91	92	91
Hercules	205	210	205
Do pf.	105	109	106
Niles-Bem't-Pond..	104	107	104
Do pf............	95	100	95
Scovill Mfg.........	360	380	360
Standard Screw...	250	260	250

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC FINANCES OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

CITY HALL.

New Orleans, Feb. 3rd, 1919.

The City of New Orleans, acting under authority of Act 179 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana for the year 1908, ratified by Constitutional Amendment, and now a part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, will receive sealed proposals at the office of the Commissioner of Public Finances of the City of New Orleans up to twelve (12) o'clock noon on the 6th day of March, 1919, for the purchase of $600,000.00 in face value of Public Belt Railroad Bonds of the City of New Orleans, authorized by the Act aforementioned, and the constitutional amendment ratifying same, and of the numbers, denominations and maturities of the authorized issue of $2,000,000.00, and in the form of and in accordance with the bond schedule of the maturities of the entire authorized issue, as prescribed by an ordinance of the City of New Orleans, being No. 8628, N. C. S., approved May 14, 1912, and Ordinance No. 5316, Commission Council Series, approved January 28th., 1919, of said city, authorizing the present offering.

Said proposals shall be received under and subject to the following conditions, to-wit:

Proposals must be in writing, sealed, and marked on the outside of the envelope "Proposals for the purchase of $600,000.00 of Public Belt Railroad Bonds of the City of New Orleans," and shall be accompanied by a certified check on some chartered bank in the City of New Orleans, for an amount equal to one per cent. of the aggregate amount of the bid, which said check of the successful bidder or bidders shall be cashed and the proceeds retained by the City of New Orleans as a guarantee that the successful bidder or bidders will comply with its or their bids, and the said proceeds shall be applied to the payment of the bonds last delivered to the successful bidder or bidders, respectively. In case of the neglect or refusal to comply with any bid, the proceeds of said check shall be forfeited to the Public Belt Railroad Commission of the City of New Orleans.

No sale shall be made unless the aggregate of the bids received equals the full amount of the present offering of $600,000.00 in face value, and the adjudication shall be made to the highest bidder, provided, however, that no adjudication shall take place for less than par and accrued interest. All matured interest coupons shall be cut from said bonds and cancelled, and the successful bidder shall pay the interest which may have accrued on said bonds up to the date of delivery. The bonds shall be paid for in cash as fast as said bonds can be signed and delivered. All bonds will be delivered within thirty days from the opening of said bids. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Further particulars and information will be furnished on application to the Public Belt Railroad Commission or the undersigned. The final opinion of Wood & Oakley, lawyers, Chicago, Ill., as to the legality of this issue will be furnished to the successful bidder if so desired.

A. G. RICKS,
Commissioner of Public Finances of the City of New Orleans.

PROPOSALS FOR SALVAGE.—OFFICE OF Quartermaster, Camp Crane, Allentown, Penn.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 11 A. M., February 10th, 1919, and then opened for removal of all buildings, heating apparatus, etc., erected by the U. S. Government at Camp Crane, Allentown, Penn. Further information on application.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING.—U S. Engineer Office, Philadelphia, Pa.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 noon, March 11, 1919, and then opened, for dredging in Delaware River, in Philadelphia Harbor and on New Castle, Reedy Island, Baker and Liston Lighthouse Ranges. Further information on application.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

Dated December 16, 1918.

CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of ATLANTIC TERRA COTTA COMPANY for the election of directors and inspectors of election for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, 1,170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 11 A. M., Thursday, February 20th, 1919.

GEORGE P. PUTNAM, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of ANDREW H. KELLOGG COMPANY for the election of Directors and such other business as shall come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company, 141 East 25th Street, Manhattan, New York City, on Thursday, February 20th, 1919, at 3 o'clock P. M.

GRIFFITH C. LITTLE, Secretary.

$16,000,000

Illinois Central Railroad Company

Fifteen-Year Five and One-Half Per Cent. Secured Gold Bonds

Due January 1, 1934

Interest payable January 1 and July 1

Charles A. Peabody, Esq., President of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, in a letter dated February 5, 1919, writes in part as follows:

"The Bonds will be the direct obligation of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, and will be secured by the deposit with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as Trustee, of the following securities, having a present market value of about $20,000,000:

$17,350,000 face value Illinois Central Railroad Company and Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railroad Co. Joint First Refunding Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds, Series A, due December 1, 1963, and

$4,550,000 face value Illinois Central Railroad Company Western Lines First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds, due August 1, 1951.

Pending the pledge of the above bonds, or any of them, cash is to be deposited in accordance with provisions to be contained in the Indenture.

The Trust Indenture is to contain provisions satisfactory to you that any of the pledged bonds may be released upon the deposit of Fifteen-Year Bonds or cash to be applied toward the purchase or redemption of Fifteen-Year Bonds.

The present issue of Bonds is being sold to discharge obligations incurred on account of expedintures for additions and betterments to its railroad, terminals, equipment and other facilities.

The Illinois Central Railroad Company has paid dividends on its capital stock uninterruptedly since 1863. It has now outstanding $109,296,000 capital stock, having a present market value of approximately $106,000,000, and on which dividends are being paid at the rate of 7% per annum.

An agreement between the Director General of Railroads and this Company defining the terms and conditions upon which Federal control shall be exercised and fixing the compensation to be paid by the Director General is being negotiated, and will, it is anticipated, be executed shortly.

Under this agreement, the compensation payable to the Illinois Central Railroad Company proper is expected to be not less than $16,282,000 per annum, and in addition thereto the Company will be in receipt of other income estimated at about $6,602,000 per annum, making available for fixed charges, taxes, dividends, etc., the sum of about $22,884,000. All fixed charges of the Company (including interest on the present issue of bonds), taxes, rentals, sinking fund payments, etc., are estimated at $12,220,000, leaving a balance of $10,664,000 in excess of all fixed charges.

The present issue of bonds will mature on January 1, 1934, and will bear interest from January 1, 1919, at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum, payable January 1 and July 1. They will be issued as coupon bonds in denomination of $1,000 and will be redeemable in whole or in part at the option of the Illinois Central Railroad Company at 101 per cent. and accrued interest on any interest date on or after January 1, 1924, upon sixty days' previous notice. Coupon bonds will have the privilege of registration as to principal and will be exchangeable for bonds registered as to both principal and interest, which latter will be re-exchangeable for coupon bonds under the conditions provided in the Indenture. Both principal and interest of the bonds will be payable in gold coin of the United States of America, of or equal to the present standard of weight and fineness, and without deduction for any tax or taxes (other than Federal income taxes in excess of two per cent. per annum) which the Railroad Company or the Trustee may be required to pay or to retain therefrom under any present or future law of the United States of America, or of any State, County, Municipality or other taxing authority therein.

The issuance of these bonds has been approved by the Director General, United States Railroad Administration, and application for approval thereof is about to be made to the State Public Utilities Commission of Illinois. Application will be made in due course to list the Bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

Pending the engraving of the definitive bonds, temporary certificates will be issued."

The undersigned will receive subscriptions for the above bonds at 97½ per cent. and accrued interest to date of delivery, temporary certificates deliverable if, when and as issued. At this price the bonds will yield 5¾ per cent. if held to maturity and 6¼ per cent. if redeemed at the earliest redemption date.

A first payment of $50 per $1,000 bond subscribed for should accompany all subscriptions. The balance of the amount due on bonds allotted upon subscriptions will be payable at the offices of either of the undersigned on five days' previous notice from them.

The right is reserved to close the subscription at any time without notice, to reject any application and to allot a smaller amount than applied for.

KUHN, LOEB & CO.
THE NATIONAL CITY CO.

New York, February 7, 1919.

NEW BOOKLET

"War Loans, Resources & Progress of Canada"

INTERESTING THINGS ABOUT THEM

Financial position of Canada and details of her Loans. Security behind Canada's Bonds including Canada's Resources and Progress in all fundamental directions, covering brief statistics 1911 to 1918, about Agriculture, Fisheries, Forests, Mines, Trade, Railways, Banking, etc.

We shall be glad to send a copy on request.

Investment Securities
A. E. AMES & CO.
74 Broadway, NEW YORK
Toronto - Montreal
Established 1889

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
At Forty-first Street
New York

London Paris

Foreign Exchange

Administrator Guardian

Member Federal Reserve Bank and New York Clearing House

Stern Bros.
Preferred
Offerings Wanted

Eric & Dreyfus
Members New York Stock Exchange
25 Broad St., New York
Telephone Broad 6195

TO ALL HOLDERS OF 5-6% Collateral Trust Gold Bonds OF THE AMERICAN CITIES COMPANY

The undersigned Trustee has in its possession a majority of the stock, both preferred and common, of the following companies:

New Orleans Railway & Light Company,
The Memphis Street Railway Company,
Knoxville Railway & Light Company,
Birmingham Railway, Light & Power Company,
Houston Lighting & Power Company,
Little Rock Railway and Electric Company.

This stock is pledged and is being held to secure the payment of the 5-6% Collateral Trust Gold Bonds of the American Cities Company.

Several of the above-named companies have sent out notices of annual meetings of stockholders to be held in the near future. Until an event of default happened under the Indenture securing said bonds the American Cities Company had the right to demand the voting of this stock at such meetings, but said right has been forfeited by the happening of an event of default as defined in Section 3 of Article Six of said Indenture. Therefore, notice is given to the bondholders that any suggestions from them relative to the voting of said stock will be considered by the Trustee, and such action will be taken by the Trustee upon demand of the requisite number of bondholders, as is authorized under the Indenture, upon such bondholders complying with the terms and conditions thereof. Prompt action on the part of the bondholders is necessary, as time presses.

WHITNEY-CENTRAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK,
Trustee under Indenture American Cities Company of July 1, 1911.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY
Phillipstown, Putnam County, N. Y.

To Stockholders:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders will be held at the Company's chief office at Phillipstown, Putnam County, New York, (Station of Manitou, on the N. Y. Central R. R.) on Thursday, the 20th day of February, 1919, at one-thirty o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and an Audit Company or Chartered Accountants, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all the acts of the Board of Directors, the Executive Committee and the Officers of the Company since the last annual meeting of the stockholders.

The stock and transfer books will be closed against the transfer of stock on Saturday, February 8th, at 12 o'clock noon, and will be reopened on February 21st, at 10 o'clock A. M.

January 31, 1919.

JAMES L. MORGAN, Secretary.

MANHATTAN MOTORS CORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of Manhattan Motors Corporation for the election of Directors and Inspectors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at twelve o'clock noon, Monday, February 10th, 1919, at the offices of Gaston, Williams & Wigmore, Inc., 39 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

R. H. LEE MARTIN, Secretary.

Dated, New York, January 31, 1919.

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO. will be held at the office of the company, 115 Fifth Avenue, New York City, on Monday, February 24, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of directors and for such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

JOHN HIGGINS, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

EMERGENCY UMBRELLA COMPANY, INC.
STOCKHOLDERS' ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of the EMERGENCY UMBRELLA COMPANY, INC., will be held at the office of the company, 507 Fifth Ave., New York City, on the 18th day of February, 1919, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing four Class A and three Class B directors for the ensuing year, and two inspectors of election to serve at the said annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Polls will remain open from two o'clock P. M. to three o'clock P. M. Transfer books will be closed for transfers at the close of business on February 8th, 1919, and will reopen on February 19th, 1919.

Dated New York, February 7th, 1919.

G. SHANLEY BERMAN, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF PEERLESS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of PEERLESS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION will be held at the office of the company, 233 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of February, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated January 24th, 1919.

FREDERICK A. BEARDSLEY, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE B. F. GOODRICH COMPANY.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held on January 30, 1919, a dividend of 3½ per cent. on the outstanding Preferred Capital Stock of this Company was declared, 1¾ per cent. payable on April 1, 1919, to holders of record at the close of business March 21, 1919; and 1¾ per cent. payable on July 1, 1919, to holders of record at the close of business June 20, 1919.

At the same meeting a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent. was declared on the outstanding Common Capital Stock of this Company, payable on May 15, 1919, to holders of record at the close of business May 5, 1919.

F. C. VAN CLEEF, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co.

New York, January 30th, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders for the election of Managers and Officers of this Company and for the transaction of such other business as may come before such meeting will be held at No. 90 West Street, New York City, on Tuesday, February 25th, 1919.

The polls will open at ten o'clock and close at eleven o'clock A. M.

The transfer books will close February 14th and reopen on February 26th.

P. J. FLYNN, Secretary and Treasurer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of M. Booth Co., Inc., will be held at the office of Newman & Butler, its attorneys, at No. 116 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of February, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that said corporation be forthwith dissolved, pursuant to Section 221 of the General Corporation Law.

Dated New York, January 24, 1919.

M. BOOTH COMPANY, INC.,
By MOSES BOOTH, President.

NEWMAN & BUTLER, Attorneys for M. Booth Co., Inc., 116 Nassau Street, N. Y. C.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

VACUUM OIL COMPANY.
Notice of Annual Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of Vacuum Oil Company will be held at the offices of the Company, 61 Broadway, in the City of New York, N. Y., on the 28th day of February, 1919, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of eight directors for the ensuing year; to appoint two inspectors of election to act at said meeting; to amend the By-Laws to conform to the changed status of the Company and changes in the law; to confirm employees' annuity and death benefit plan; and to transact such other business as may properly be brought before said meeting.

Transfer books will close at the close of business on January 28th, 1919, and will open March 1st, 1919. Only whole shares can be voted at the said meeting.

Dated at New York, January 13, 1919.

By order of the Board of Directors.

WENDELL M. SMITH, Secretary.

WAR BABY AND PARENTS.

American father and English mother with the first war baby born of such a marriage, forms an interesting portrait group in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

SQUIRREL SKINS IN DEMAND.

Lively Bidding at Fur Auction—Day's Sales $750,000.

There was lively bidding for squirrel skins yesterday at the sale of the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation, in the Masonic Temple, Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street. Australian opossum was also in great demand. There was a sharp decline in a number of offerings. The sales yesterday amounted to $750,000, making the total for the week $4,750,000. The sale will end this afternoon.

The attendance was large and the bidding brisk. Advances or declines recorded yesterday in comparison with prices obtained in October were officially reported as follows:

Chinese civet cat, no change; Australian rabbit, 30 per cent. down; squirrel, 20 per cent. up; wildcat, northern, 20 per cent. down; wildcat, southwestern, 30 per cent. down; ringtail cat, no change; lynx, 15 per cent. down; American opossum, 7½ per cent. down; Australian and Tasmanian opossum, 10 per cent. up; ringtail opossum, 10 per cent. up; wolf, northern, 30 per cent. higher, and southwestern, 40 per cent. down.

The range of prices for the day was: Chinese civet cat, $1.66 to $1.84; Chinese weasel, 37 to 42 cents; Chinese raccoon, 75 cents to $2.60; rabbit, 25 cents to $2.05 a pound; squirrel, 32 to 82 cents; wildcat, $1 to $12.10; ringtail cat, $1.30; lynx, $10.50 to $38.50; American opossum, 60 cents to $2.04; Australian and Tasmanian opossum, 65 cents to $2.70.

The Speer Fur Corporation purchased a timber wolf skin for $50, which is said to be the highest price ever paid for this fur.

SHOE EMBARGO AGREEMENT.

British and American Interests Adopt Tentative Plan in London.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—It developed today that the conference of representatives of British and American boot and shoe interests, called to discuss the proposed reimposition by Great Britain of the embargo on American boots and shoes, reached an agreement that Great Britain should admit American shoes in the same proportion that it proposes to admit American leather for manufacture here. The quantities to be admitted in each case would be in proportion to the quantities admitted in 1913 and 1916, taken together.

This agreement, which was reached by representatives of the British Association of Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, the British Association of Distributers of Boots and Shoes, and the London trade groups of importers of American boots and shoes, will be submitted to the respective organizations for ratification. If it is ratified, which the representatves believe it will be, it will be submtted to the British Government, and that Government has intimated that it will give the agreement full consideration.

WOOL SALE IMPROVES.

Opening of Auction Affected by Lawrence Strike.

BOSTON, Feb. 7.—The Commercial Bulletin tomorrow will say:

"The opening sale of the Government wool auctions this week was affected by the strike of the operatives in Lawrence and prices ruled barely above the Government withdrawal limits, with withdrawals totaling about 80 per cent. The tone of the second day's sale was better. Foreign markets are practically unchanged."

The prices follow:

Ohio and Pennsylvania Fleeces.—Delaine washed, 67@68c.; delaine unwashed, 61@63c.; ½-blood combing, 65@67c; ⅜-blood combing, 64@66c.

Michigan and New York Fleeces.—Fine unwashed, 55c.; delaine unwashed, 60@61c.; ½-blood unwashed, 64@65c.; ⅜-blood unwashed, 64@65c.

Wisconsin, Missouri and Average New England.—½-blood, 63@64c.; ⅜-blood, 64@65c.; ¼-blood, 60@61c.

Virginia, Kentucky and Similar.—½-blood unwashed, 65@66c; ⅜-blood unwashed, 66@68c.

SCOURED BASIS.

Texas.—Fine 12 months, $1.40@1.45; fine 8 months, $1.25@1.30.

California.—Northern, $1.38@1.42; middle county, $1.38@1.40; southern, $1.30@1.32.

Oregon.—Eastern No 1 staple, $1.45@1.50; eastern clothing, $1.39@1.40; valley No. 1, $1.40.

Territory.—Fine staple, $1.50&1.52; ½-blood combing, $1.40@1.42; ⅜-blood combing, $1.20@1.22; fine clothing, $1.40@1.42; fine medium clothing, $1.38@1.40.

Pulled.—Extra, $1.55; AA, $1.50@1.55; A supers, $1.25@1.30.

Mohair.—Domestic, best combing, 70@75c.; best carding, 65@70c.

Weekly Review of Dry Goods Trade.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—Marshall Field & Co. in their weekly review of the dry goods trade say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods is running somewhat less than for the corresponding week of 1918. Road sales for immediate delivery were about the same, compared with the corresponding period a year ago. Our salesmen are not offering Fall lines as yet. Many more merchants are in the market at this time than in recent years, replenishing stocks depleted by excellent retail business. Collections continue excellent."

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT — Criminal Calendar—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. For sentence: Bertram Barker et al.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, P. O. Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. For sentence: Rumsey Paddock. John Savage.

STATE COURTS.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

Re Pollack for writ of habeas corpus &c. —Motion by Abraham Pollack for leave to appeal denied, without costs.

McKinney, respt., v. New York Consolidated R. Co., aplts.—Motion for leave to appeal granted.

People ex rel. President &c. Village of Walton &c., aplts., v. Public Service Commission and ano., respts.—Motion for leave to appeal denied, with $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Shields, respt., v. Vankelton Amusement Corp., aplt.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, $10 costs.

Re application Goldberg for admission to bar.—Motion for leave to appeal denied, without costs.

Morgan and ano., aplts., v. Sanborn, as exr. &c, respt., Waller and others, aplts.—Judgment reversed, new trial granted, costs to abide event.

Ritzwoller, aplt., v. Lurie and others, respts.—Judgment so far as same sustains demurrer of defendant, Lurie, and dismiss complaint as to him affirmed, with costs, and so far as same sustains demurrer of corporation reversed and judgment of special term affirmed, with costs in this Court and in Appellate Division.

Huggins Lumber Co., aplt., v. Phelps and ano., respts., Mohawk Improvement Co., Inc., respt., Evrest and ano., aplts. Mohawk Hydro Electric Co., respt., v. Everest and ano., aplts, McDonald, respt., v. Mohawk Gas Co. of Schenectady, aplt., Johnson, respt., v. Syracuse Dry Goods Co. and ano., aplts. Chapman, deft., Kilmer, aplt., v. Dr. Kilmer Co., respt., Dollard and ano., respts., v. Whowell, Jr., aplt., Peterson, respt., v. M. K. & T. Ry. Co., aplt., Kutner, respt., v. M. K. & T. Ry. Co., aplt.—Judgments affirmed, with costs.

Appellate Division, Supreme Court, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

Percival Wilds, as Trustee, &c., applt., vs. The Board of Education of the City of New York, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinions by Laughlin and Shearn, JJ. (Page and Shearn, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

Harriet B. Lanier, plff., vs. Moses Taylor et al., defts.—Submission dismissed. Opinion by Smith, J. (Dowling, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

The People, &c., respt., vs. John J. Johnston, applt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered. Opinions by Page and Smith, JJ.. (Smith, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

John E. Gerlach, Realty Co., respt., vs. Placid Realty Co., applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

Calumet & Hecla Mining Co., applt., vs. Equitable Trust Co. et al., Acme Steamship Co., respt.—Order reversed, without costs, motions denied, without costs, and the name "Acme Steamship Company" stricken from title of cause. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Same vs. same, Robert E. Miller et al., respts.—Order reversed, without costs, demurrer on the ground of improper joinder of causes of action overruled and motion to sustain demurrer on that ground denied; plaintiff's motion in other respects denied, with costs, and defendants' motion in other respects granted, with $10 costs, with leave to plaintiff to amend on payment of costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Michael J. Leahy, respt., vs. Lucius Engineering Co., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.

George Lagois et al., as admrs., &c., applts., vs. Max Preuss, respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Merrell, J. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Raymond Hadley Corporation, respt.-applt., vs. Boston & Maine R. R. et al. ,applt.-respt. —Judgment modified as stated in opinion and as modified affirmed, with costs to plaintiff-appellant. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

Henry Sadacca, respt., v. New York Rys. Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Merrell, J., and Clarke, P. J. (Clarke, P. J., and Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

In the matter of Quicksilver Mining Co.—Order reversed, without costs, and motion for dissolution denied, without costs, with leave to respondents to renew as stated in opinion. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

William J. Dempsey, plff., v. Mt. Sinai Hospital et al., defts., impld. with Thompson-Starrett Co., applt., and William Nutley et al., respts.—Judgment in so far as appealed from reversed, with costs, and liens of the respondents dismissed, with costs. Opinions by Laughlin and Dowling, JJ. (Dowling and Merrell, JJ., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

Harry C. Williams, indiv., &c., et al., applts., v. William A. F. Alt, respt.—Determination affirmed, with costs. Opinions by Merrell and Laughlin, JJ. (Laughlin J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Patrick Ryan, applt., v. Carnegie Trust Co., respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Annie Rappaport, respt., v. Lena Williamson, impld., &c., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, on the ground that the verdict is against the weight of the evidence. Order filed.

Fannie Miller, as admx., &c., respt., v. Charles A. Weigle et al., impld., &c., applts. —Judgments and orders affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

J. Terry West et al., applts., v. Sterling S. Beardsley, respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellants to abide event. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Thomas McI. Turner, applt., v. Margaret V. Turner, respt.—Judgment so far as appealed from affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Perry Weinstein et al, respts, v Hyman Leibowitz et al, applts—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to defendants to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of said costs and $10 costs of motion at Special Term No opinion Order filed

Levant American Commercial Co., Inc., respt., v. W. Wells & Co., Inc., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Letizia Quasquarello, respt., v. Charles [illegible]msen, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Charles E. Quincey et al., as exrs., &c., applts., v. Joseph H. Emery, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Indelli & Conferti Co., respt., v. Hudson Realty Co., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Gustave Leventhal, respt., v. Leo Levy, applt.—Order in so far as it denies in part defendant's motion for judgment on the pleadings reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted in its entirety. Opinion by Dowling, J. Order filed.

Same, respt., v. North British and Mercantile Ins. Co., impld., &c., applt.—Order in so far as it denies in part defendant's motion for judgment on the pleadings reversed with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted in its entirety. Opinion by Dowling, J. Order filed.

In the matter of Catherine A. Tone, decd.—Decree affirmed, with costs to proponent, and special guardian, payable out of the estate. Opinions by Page and Smith, JJ., (Smith, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Morris Sotsky, respt., v. the 48th Street Co., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Clarke, P. J., and Smith, J., dissenting and voting for affirmance and new trial on the ground that the verdict is against the weight of the evidence.) Order filed.

Frederick W. Branch et al., as exrs., &c., respts., v. Robert C. Latham, applt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Dowling, J. Order filed.

People ex rel. Richard W. Dunne, Jr., rel., v. Alfred Ludwig, as Supt., &c., respt. —Writ dismissed and proceedings affirmed, with $50 costs and disbursements, to respondent. No opinion. Order filed.

Mary Loosy, respt., v. Black and White Cab Co., Inc., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Isidor Schwartz, respt., v. Aldebaran Co., Inc., impld., &c., applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

United Shoe Repairing Machine Company, applt., v. Dochtermann Storage Warehouse Co., respt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.

Matter of Maurice S. Hyman, an attorney.—Respondent disbarred. Opinion by Clarke, P. J. Settle order on notice.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex-parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Wills for probate. Ida Gumpert, Celina Dietrich.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex-parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—American Church Building Fund Com.<Gay—James A. Lynch. Daly<Fiat Film Corp.—Max J. Kohler.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department DECISIONS.

L. E. Gilmore, respt., v. S. Hirschman, aplt., et al., defts., P. A. Ljams, respt.—Motion to resettle order granted to the extent of inserting the words "and interest" after the sum therein specified. Otherwise motion denied, without costs.

In re probate of heirship of J. Butler, decd., William Butler, aplt., J. J. Butler and C. H. Banks, special guardian, &c., respts.—Motion denied, without costs.

In re acquiring title by the C. N. Y. to certain lands and premises on Driggs Avenue, North Fourth St., Roebling and North Fifth Sts., Brooklyn, as a site for school purposes.—Motion granted, without costs.

L. Collins, &c., respt., v. Shore Acres Realty Co., defts., The Mutual Life Ins. Co. of N. Y., aplt.—Orden reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs.

J. F. Couch, as sole surviving excr., &c., of W. J. Krausl, decd., aplt., E. J. Young et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

G. Hermann, aplt., v. K. Ludwig et al., respts., and J. C. Goetz, deft.—Judgment dismissing complaint reversed and judgment directed for the plaintiff.

R. Howard, an infant, &c., aplt., v. F. G. and D. Robinson, respts., C. Howard, aplt., v same respts.—Order in the two motions affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

In re petition of O. Herborn to render and settle his accounts as surviving excr. of L. Schultz, decd.—Decree of the Surrogate's Court of Kings County reversed in so far as it finds that the legacies are chargeable upon the real property, and directs distribution accordingly, with costs, and case remitted for further proceedings.

In re general guardianship of the person and estate of R. Lonergan, an infant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

C. F. Lawler, pltf., v. Sheffield Const. Co. et al., defts., W. J. Dilthey, aplt., Sound Holding Co., purchaser-respt.—Order of the County Court of Kings County modified, and as so modified affirmed, with costs.

J. Polly., respt., v. B. H. R. R., aplt.—Order affirmed, with costs.

People, &c., respts., v. K. Keller, aplt.—Judgment of conviction affirmed.

People, &c., respts., v. H. Meyer, aplt.—Judgment of conviction reversed and new trial ordered.

People, &c., ex rel. W. A. Jones, respt., v. R. E. Enright, as Comr., &c., aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

People, &c., ex rel. W. E. Sexton, rel., v. E. J. West et al., constituting the Board of Water Comrs. of the Port Washington Water District of the Town of North Hempstead, County of Nassau, &c.—Determination confirmed, writ annulled, and proceedings dismissed, with $50 costs and disbursements.

H. C. Reffelt, aplt., v. Brooklyn Daily Times, respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

M. G. Rudolph, respt., v. E. Rudolph, aplt. —Order modified and, as so modified, affirmed, without costs.

E. I. Smith, aplt., v. M. Furst et al., respts. — Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

T. C. Strong, aplt., v. G. E. Dutcher, &c., et al., respts.—Order sustaining demurrer, denying plaintiff's motion for judgment on the pleadings, and granting defendant's similar motion reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements The demurrer interposed by the defendant Dutcher, as trustee, is overruled and his motion denied and plaintiff's motion for judgment is granted, with $10 costs.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 7.—Forty-five new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,223,200, were chartered today. They include:

Jamestown Boiler Works, Inc., Jamestown, $50,000; G. W. Edwards, A. S. and G. O'Brien, Jamestown.

Nassau Electric Mfg. Co., Inc., Brooklyn, make electrical supplies and metal products, $10,000; L. Lindauer, S. Doynow, H. H. Waller, 32 Court St., Brooklyn.

Emkay Restaurant Co., Inc., Manhattan, $20,000; A. I. Solomon, E. H. Pearlman, E. L. Adams, 1,030 Park Av.

Globe Chartering Corp., Manhattan, forwarding agents and freight brokers, $28,000; J. Bensaude, Jr., V. J. Ajello, D. Freiberger, 32 Broadway.

Homer Milk Products Co., Inc., Homer, $10,000; T. H. Moore, E. Foster, R. Butler, Homer.

The Globe Teddy Bear Co., Inc., Brooklyn, stuffed toys, $11,200; J. Levine, M. Tretykoff, S. Riner, 1,586 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

Kiddie Underwear Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; W. Ehrenpreis, J. Braude, A. Newmark, 970 Riverside Drive.

The General Player Action Co., Inc., Manhattan, make player pianos, $300,000; A. A. Fraser, B. and W. B. Ellison, 251 West 104th St.

A. T. Demarest & Co., Inc., Manhattan, auto business, $50,000; F. Neubauer, W. Farrell, A. Cordes, 471 Jackson Av., Bronx.

Morris Glasser, Inc., Manhattan, plate and window glass, $5,000; P. Montrose, B. and M. Glasser, 51 Chambers St.

Alhambra Lunch Co., Inc., Manhattan, $9,000; D. Kleckner, H. Migden, M. Shertzer, 562 Fox St., Bronx.

Roche & Banas Electric Co., Inc., Buffalo, $25,000; A. Banas, M. G. and D. Roche, Buffalo.

Halsen Lunch, Inc., Brooklyn, $10,000; S. Senter, I. Halpert, H. Lenitz, 27 Cedar St.

Grippin Mfg. Co., Inc., Newark, make paints and oils, $15,000; T. N. Kennedy, E. M. and W. H. Grippin, Newark.

Grand Cotton Mill Corp., Manhattan, make shoddy and product, $6,200; K. Zimmerman, I. Deutsche, L. Reiser, 246 Tompkins St.

Petroleum Export and Marine Corp., Manhattan, 100 shares common stock, no par value; A. S. Britton, S. S. Howard, P. S. Smith, 65 Cedar St.

The Intercontinental Exporting Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; L. Palmer, D. Holzer, M. Fisher, 7,402 5th Av., Brooklyn.

Priclona Corp., Manhattan, make the chemical preparation priclona, $20,000; W. B. Phyfe, W. L. Cellert, W. B. Price, Poughkeepsie.

Higgins Storage and Trucking Co., Inc., Syracuse, $9,000; J. H. and T. A. and J. B. Higgins, 1,055 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

The Hawk Paper Box Mfg. Co., Inc., Rochester, $15,000; T. A. Knights, J. and A. W. Ott, Rochester.

Atlas Thread Mills, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; S. Somberg, I. Belkin, N. Honig, 60 Morton St., Brooklyn.

Tyrad Pictures, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Zauderer, D. B. Kaminsky, S. Wacht, Jr., 170 Broadway.

Emil Sparfeld, Inc., Buffalo, wall papers and molding, $14,000; C. W. Chester, E. and L. J. Sparfeld, Buffalo.

Moselle Hat Co., Inc., Manhattan, millinery, $10,000; S. S. Leff, J. Warren, M. Shenker, 200 5th Av.

Thirty-nine East Sixty-first Street Co., Inc., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; T. F. V. Graesee, A. H. McLaren, D. Henschel, 717 Burke Av.

Metal-I-Let Mfg. Co., Inc., Manhattan, make tags and checks, $50,000; G. A. Walker, F. W. Suydam, E. P. Gaillard, 220 West 58th St.

Wolins Merchandise Co., Inc., Manhattan, stocks, bonds, and personal property, $10,000; M. and J. and I. Wolins, 346 Canal St.

Adams Securities Corp., Peekskill, stocks and bonds, $100,000; E. M. Rabenold, C. E. Scribner, S. Miller, 61 Broadway.

Public Butter and Egg Market, Brooklyn, $5,000; M. Berenson, W. Siegel, H. Krafman, 194 Stockton St., Brooklyn.

Ko-Ko-K Mfg. Co., Inc., Manhattan, make confectionery, $12,000; J. L. Marx, F. and S. Gunz, 221 Sherman Av.

The Meachem Gear Corp., Syracuse, $300,000; J. F. Sabine, T. W. and T. G. Meachem, Syracuse.

Ackerman Bros. Co., Inc., Manhattan, mills, factory, and railroad supplies, $20,000; H. McInnes, E. L. Weller, R. G. Ackerman, 95 Liberty St.

Shippers' Trucking Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; A. G. Sherrer, W. Greene, E. M. Richman, 85 Liberty St.

Jaffray & Briggs, Inc., Rochester, make autos, motor cycles, and conduct general garage, $10,000; G. F. Hixson, J. Jaffray, C. H. Briggs, Rochester.

Argentine Navigation Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; W. H. Knox, F. J. Lovatt, E. C. Rouse, no address given.

Atlantic Automatic Sprinkler Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; E. F. Shipman, F. L. Driscoll, W. H. Brady, 141 Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

The Paul Delaney Co., Inc., Brocton, $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

Manufacturing Jewelers Export Co., Inc., Manhattan, $40,000 to $100,000.

Snyder & Bryan, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $100,000.

J. W. Levy Corp., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

Herman Homes Co., Inc., Jamaica, $20,000 to $50,000.

I. Novick & Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Harvest Milling Co., Inc., Syracuse, $10,000 to $50,000.

Houpert Machine Co., Long Island City, $100,000 to $500,000.

Brooklyn Commercial Body Co., Inc., Brooklyn, $1,000 to $20,000.

Heneph Co., Inc., Manhattan, $3,000 to $15,000.

Level Furniture Co., Jamestown, $75,000 to $200,000.

Alfred Kramer & Co., Inc., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

The Encyclopaedia Britannica Corp., Manhattan, $3,200,000 to $3,079,600.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Stevens & King, Inc., Manhattan, to Prudden, King & Prudden, Inc.

AUTHORIZATION.

The H. & W. Co., Inc., New Jersey, corsets and underwaists and brassieres, $50,000; representative, A. Conyes, Saugerties.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Majestic Overall Co., Inc., Manhattan.

Mandells, Inc., Manhattan.

Bland Adjustable Display Frame Co., Inc., Schenectady.

Allegany Valley Brick Co., Olean.

Harris Miller & Co., Inc., Manhattan.

M. J. Kane & Co., Inc., Manhattan.

National Bathrobe and Slipper Co., Manhattan.

Terminal House Co., Inc., Manhattan.

Adolph Rosenberg & Co., Inc., Manhattan.

Clarence L. Smith, Inc., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 7.—Charters filed: Power Machinery Exchange, Inc., Jersey City, to manufacture and deal in machinery, &c., $25,000; E. C. Randall of Jersey City, and D. J. Dowling, and C. S. Ashley of New York.

Victory Auto Service, Inc., Trenton, to deal in motor cars, &c., $125,000; Milton Antonedes of Trenton, and P. Antonedes, and V. Tallos, both of Philadelphia.

Hayden Investigating Corp., Westfield, to make and sell machines, &c., $10,000; J. M. Hayden, I. H. Mason, and Roger Mason, all of Westfield.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Feb. 7.—Charters filed: Inter-Ocean Export Corp., to do a general import and export business, $5,000,000; A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, Philip S. Neisser, all of New York.

Mountain Biloop Radiator Co., to manufacture boilers, radiators, valves, &c., $2,500,000; V. B. Vaux, J. B. Stauffer, V. B. Stauffer, Clayton S. Billinger, all of Lancaster, Penn.

Camergraph Co., to manufacture photographic machines of all kinds, $2,500,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey, local Wilmington, Del., inc.

Gilchrist Drug Co., to engage in a general wholesale and retail drug and chemical business, $2,000,000; Frank Jackson, Charles H. Jones, W. I. N. Lofland, local Dover, Del., inc.

Atlanta Engineering Manufacturing Co., Inc., to carry on a general salvage of sunken and stranded vessels, $2,000,000; Hundi De Graft, Justin H. Caine, New York; Benjamin H. Caine, Belle Harbor, N. Y.

Keeley Tire and Rubber Co., to manufacture tires for automobiles, &c., $1,000,000; Edward J. Keeley, Charles H. Bortell, Jr., New Haven, Conn.; Harry F. Gilg, Washington, D. C.

Odorless Incinerator Co., to manufacture and sell incinerators of all types, $350,000; George L. Campbell, Harry S. McCartney, James F. Bolin, local Philadelphia inc.

Union Bond and Investment Co., to deal in and with bonds, securities, &c., $250,000; Charles D. Allee, E. B. Thomas, L. B. Phillips, local Dover, Del., inc.

The Acme Food Products Corp., to manufacture all kinds of food products, $200,000; Leo H. Baker, New York; Jack R. Pleasant, Erie, Penn.; Samuel Cross, Brooklyn, N. Y.

American Export Lumber Corp., to deal in and with lumber and food products, $990,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey, local Wilmington, Del., inc.

Webb Tester, Inc., to manufacture and sell for testing fibre board or paper, $25,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, local Wilmington, Del., inc.

Iron City Realty Co., to deal in and with real estate of all kinds, $25,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, local Wilmington, Del., inc.

INCREASES IN CAPITAL STOCK.

The Chicago Sanitarium, Inc., from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

Surburg Chocolate Corp., N. Y., from $200,000 to $250,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Cumberland Clay Products Co., to Pine Products Co. and increasing from $200,000 to $500,000.

The International Fireproofing Paint Corp. to Pyro Non-Paint Co., Inc.

POEM BY SWINBURNE.

Unpublished verses on the ex-Kaiser by the great English poet, in facsimile handwriting, appears in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open for Fall and Spring shades. Shapiro, 11th floor, 244 5th Av. Madison Square 3609.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.— Juilliard's 110, brown and taupe, for spot cash; must be cheap. Chelsea 8246.

COTTONS Wanted.—Large quantity ginghams, percales for cash. Stuyvesant 1784.

COVERTS Wanted.—Clarke & Bana 6250 or Deering, Milliken, and covert tricotine; Bahnsen, or any other make; 3 pieces of each. Madison Square 10280.

CRYSTAL CLOTH and Crystal Cord Wanted in all shades. Haber, Greeley 4695.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on snappy models in satins, taffetas, and jerseys. Call with samples, 9-12 A. M., 510 6th Av., 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on taffetas, crepe de chines, foulards, to union contractors. 141 West 29th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serges, taffetas, satins, cash, any quantity; jobs only. Farragut 5154.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—F. & H. E 526 Lapin, E 803 chinchilla, B 742 Santiago; quantity no object; lowest prices. Phone Greeley 5290.

DUVET DE LAINES Wanted.—F. and H. shades 803, 701, 966. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Garfield 4666, all colors; also Poiret Twills, Garfields 4976, all colors. Madison Square 2196.

GABARDINE Wanted.—4666 Garfield, all colors. M. R. Silverman, Farragut 3290.

GABARDINE Wanted.—Tricotine, Copen, Rookie. Madison Square 6375.

GROS DE LONDRES Wanted.—All colors for immediate delivery. Phone Spring 3493.

POPLINS Wanted.—High shades, American, for cash. Madison Square 8160.

POPLIN Wanted.—Pekin, tan, Copen, American. Chelsea 9955.

SATINS Wanted.—Open for satins, charmeuse and messalines; must be cheap. Phone Gramercy 3445.

SERGE Wanted.—Lawrence's 33½-inch cotton warp; Fall plaids, printed designs for export; any quantity taken. Bowling Green 7656, Extension 3, Mr. Horn.

SERGES Wanted—1464 navy, 0936 black, tan tricotine 4718, 5782, or similar, and B. & W. worsted checks. Madison Square 10170.

SERGES Wanted.—Black American 09070; will pay spot cash. Silverstein & Schlossberg, 4 South Howard St., Baltimore, Md.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, navy, clay, and khaki; any quantity. Greeley 2030.

SERGE Wanted.—7120. I. Novick, 45 West 27th St. Farragut 9644.

SERGE (French) Wanted.—40, 44, 48 inch, cream color only. Franklin 1774.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy and black; will pay cash. Phone Perling & Maer, Mad. Sq. 8102.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy, Botany 11433, for cash; also black serge. Gramercy 1899-6726.

SERGES Wanted.—0696, 99, and 0936. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman 9, navy, or will exchange for black. Farragut 9339.

SERGES Wanted.—09070, 0936, 1464, 99, Gramercy 4356.

SERGES Wanted.—519 or 11433 rookie. Phone Greeley 306.

SILKS Wanted.—Job of fancy linings at a price. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors; also Garfield 4718 tricotines. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Pekin, tan, and taupe; cash. Chelsea 9955.

SUITS, JOBS Wanted.—Women's Fall suits, coats, dresses, at a price, for basement sale; write particulars. I. Sondheim, Room 301, 1,182 Broadway.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Navy; open for quantity, 90c. 1,133 Broadway, Room 425.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Rookie and tan, any make; open for large quantity at a price. Joseph Seditz & Co., 1,107 Broadway.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—All colors; Reald's, Forstman & Huffman; also Garfield. Rosenberg Bros., 8 West 30th.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Any quantity, Garfield's 4718, navy, rookie, and tan, for cash. Farragut 4870.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield 4718, all colors; will pay cash. Farragut 2616.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield's or Lorraine, black and tan. Chelsea 590.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield 4718, black and navy. Greeley 3142.

VELOURS Wanted.—032, taupe, unsponged; must be cheap, for export. Gramercy 6934.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. and H., shades 803, 526. Pasternack, 819 5th Av.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

CAPES, Dolmans' Coats.—All fabrics, $6.75 up; suits, $12.75 up; manufactured on premises. Blumenson & Co., 56 West 22d St.

COATS.—High-grade Bolivia and silvertone, fur trimmed, to close. Potter & Schattman, 31 West 31st.

COATS.—Plush, velour, broadcloth, silvertones; best styles; 50 cents on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS, Dolmans, Capes, Suits.—Showing beautiful Spring line. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

CRYSTAL CORDS.—Holden Leonard, Spring shades. Rosenberg Bros., 8 West 30th.

DRESSES.—All wool Jersal dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas, and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere; in spite of the strike, we have large quantities for immediate delivery. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—100 serge dresses and 200 party dresses, nifty styles, to close out at sacrifice prices. S. R. Kahn, 1,123 Broadway, N.Y.

DRESSES.—Susquehanna poplin dresses to close out at $3.75. L. Wiesen & Co., 1,123 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

DRESSES.—Thousands serges, satins, taffetas, poplins; immediate delivery. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES, serges, Panamas, taffetas, $7 up; immediate delivery. Chauser, 137 West 27th.

DRESSES.—1,000 serges for immediate disposal at a price. Princess, 25 West 31st.

KHAKI PANTS, at right prices; better than others. J. Berger, 74 Richmond St., Newark, N. J.

KHAKI DRILL for sale; 17,000 yards; below market price. Phone Farragut 4770.

PANTS.—Lot working pants, knee pants. Inquire 10-12, Friedman, 70 Lenox Av., Apartment 56.

POIRET TWILL.—Loraine 3667, seventy-two pieces, navy, five black. Cortland 6482, Ext. 2.

POIRET TWILLS.—Gera 50236 navy and colors; Lorraine 3666 black. Madison Square 5466.

POPLINS.—4860 Brightwood, all shades; also Meyer Joleshes, cheap. Gramercy 1899-6726.

POPLINS.—American 06077, Brightwood 4768 navy and black. Madison Square 5466.

[illegible]S.—11433 navy, tan 6120, 7120, 3665, black, navy, copen, fastolite, navy, Greer, Poiret twill, navy and black, tartan plaid. for Joe. Greeley 824.

SERGES.—7120 black and navy 54289 tans, poplin, navy 774, 6009, 503, and 639 gera. Herman Bruner, Gramercy 4264.

SERGES, Poplins, Velours. — Cutting-up trade; quick delivery. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—All makes, all numbers, any quantity; immediate. United States Textile Co., Gramercy 1337.

SERGE.—U. S. 235, 0936, 09070; Gilbert's 8200, 0609, 7512; poplins. Madison Square 9887.

SERGES.—Gera 9056, Spring shades, copen, Delphine, gray, tan. Greeley 1544.

SILKS.—25 pieces best quality navy taffetas to sell at price. Mad. Sq. 1682.

SILVERTONES. — All the Spring shades. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTS.—To close out at a sacrifice balance of 1,000 novelty serge, wool poplin, and silk skirts. S. Pace, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 4781.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplin, $1.75; also silks, satins, and serges, cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SUITS, DOLMANS AND CAPES in a variety of styles and cloths, for immediate delivery, $6.75 to $27.50. F. J. Gelfond & Co., 141-143 West 28th St.

SUITS.—Serge and taffetta, best models, $12.75 up; manufactured by Blumenson & Co., 56 West 22d St.

SWEATER COATS.—Fiber and mercerized sweater coats in large varieties; perfect merchandise in good assortments; big opportunity for large operators. Spring 6197.

TAFFETAS.—Chiffon finish, all colors; also georgette. B. & R. Dress Co., 2 West 33d.

TRICOLETTE.—Pure fibre silk, four, five inches wide, all desirable colors, $3.75 per yard. Mad. Sq. 5373.

TRICOLETTE. — Perfect merchandise in colors, low prices. Address A. 407 Times Downtown.

TRICOTINES.—Navies only; Saxonias 962; also high shade poplin. Gramercy 1899-6726.

TRICOTINE.—Navy, Arthur Joel, and Saxonia 962. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINE.—Taupe 4718, very cheap. Shapiro, Madison Square 3608.

VELOUR.—American 0360, Spring shades, gray, tan, rookie, Pekin. Greeley 1544.

WAISTS.—Cottons, $6.50 a dozen; crepe de chine, Georgettes and Jap silks; will close out very cheap. Seventh floor, 48 W. 25th.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS on georgette waists, out of town factory; state where plant is located. B 54 Times.

CONTRACTORS wanted on fine georgette dresses. Albert Harris, 16 East 32d.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS on ladies' and misses' dresses in silk and all kinds of cotton materials; bring samples with you; only contractors that have settled with the union will be interviewed. HUGO H. LEVY & BROS., 29 West 36th St.

Allied Industries.

BUTTONHOLE MACHINE to work buttonholes up to 3 inches in length; send sample of work and quote lowest cash price. Chattanooga Button and Badge Mfg Co.

CAMERON cutting machines for sale, 42-inch, model 24, nearly new, cheap. Guthman Solomons Co., 100 West 31st.

CHEVRONS.—Gold, silver, 100 gross, close out, $6 per gross. Pennant Novelty, 332 Broadway.

JOBS Wanted.—Campaign hats and military goods. Wolf & Co., 30 West 18th.

KHAKI HANDKERCHIEFS Wanted.—Will pay cash for large quantity at a price. Stern Publishing and Novelty Co., 149 West 36th St., New York City.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN for cloak and suit house; city line; salary or commission. Leibowitz, 131 West 28th St.

Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Fur coat lines to sell jobbers and early retailers on commission basis. Z 252 Times Annex.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.5@5¼ per cent. for the best names

Thursday.5@5¼ per cent. for the best names

The quotations are for six months' paper.

⁂

Annual Toy Fair Here.

At the annual Toy Fair now being held at the Hotel Imperial, eighty-four leading toy manufacturers of the United States are represented. The exhibit will continue for the next six weeks. During the period of exhibition some of the manufacturers sell their entire output for the year. Mechanical toys are meeting with much success. One of the firms making these has received an order that amounts to over $184,000.

⁂

More Calls for Dress Trimmings.

The demand for high grade dress trimmings is steadily increasing. During the week some very substantial duplicate orders have been received from the out-of-town trade for immediate delivery. In the city the department stores and costumers are buying very freely, especially in the lines of colored wool and silk embroideries. Floral applique effects and spangles are being used more largely. In the lines of fringes, the four and six inch materials are meeting with much success.

⁂

Silk Underwear Selling.

The conditions that now exist in the silk industry have to some extent stimulated the sale of silk underwear. Several of the out-of-town buyers who are in town came here with the expectation of buying very conservatively. Upon learning of the conditions in the trade many of them bought more liberally than they intended. Some of the firms selling both silk and muslin underwear find that many of the buyers are more favorably disposed to the silk garments.

⁂

Still Canceling Orders.

Some of the manufacturers of children's and infants' dresses have reduced the prices on the medium-priced gingham and colored garments 25 per cent. There is an unusual number of buyers in the city interested in these goods and many of them are placing orders for immediate delivery. Owing to the labor troubles the stocks in the hands of the manufacturers are very low, and the question of delivery is a very serious one. Even though it is almost impossible to obtain this merchandise, some of the smaller retailers are still canceling orders.

⁂

Two French Model Hats.

In a rather large hat of the flapper type alternate rows of hair braid and ribbon are sewed over a straw foundation to make the brim. The crown is made of lace, on which are laid rather large French flowers. To give the hat a finish a long velvet streamer is made to hang smartly over the left shoulder of the wearer. Another large pink taffeta model has a soft cushion brim, with two taffeta quills drawn through a soft knot of the same material. The crown is draped to one side.

⁂

Gray Goods Market Listless.

There was little change yesterday in the listless character of the local gray goods market. What business there is passing is of a filling-in nature, and at what are very low prices when compared with those set by the Government as maximum ones a few months ago. In printcloths there were rales yesterday of 39-inch 68-72s for this month's delivery at 10¾ cents, and of 38½-inch 64-60s for this and next month's delivery at 9 cents. These were from first hands. Sales were also reported of 36-inch four-yard sheeetings at 8½ cents and of 6.15-yard goods at 8 cents, as well as of 37-inch 3.50-yard drills at 14 cents, all for February delivery.

⁂

Now Using Wax Figures.

Those amusing and piquant wooden forms used during war times for displaying different lines of women's wear in the shops have dropped entirely out of existence. They were quaint figures with bizarre expressions, with hair often of a lively shade, and with names—Nina, Bianca, Liane, Lucille. They were a war economy, and are now entirely replaced by waxfigures which are more elaborate and more costly than ever, ranging from $150 to $200. The foundations of these figures are usually made from casts, the smiles and expressions put on by hand in the wax, and the complexions are also hand work. Each hair in the coiffure, the eyebrows, and the eyelashes is set in separately. American wax figures now rival the best French ones, which have been superior. Men's figures were used for patriotic purposes during the war, and are now being used, as they never have been before, for regular commercial display. They are less costly than the women's, the best of the men selling for $100, and they may be had as low as $25 or $50.

⁂

Rag Carpets Being Bought.

With the greatly increased price of pile fabrics since the war the old time rag carpet has come into its own. There began to be a more or less general use of the rag carpet some ten or fifteen years ago with a constantly increasing popularity, but within the last two years it has come up with leaps and bounds. It has been the only carpet many people have felt able to buy and it was the cheapest and most practical thing on the market. It increased some 75 per cent. in price and has only now dropped a third of that. It is made by small country manufacturers, both old and new rags being used. A few large manufacturers make it as a side line. Previous to war times it was most used in Colonial and old-time houses for decorative and period effect. The braided rug, which is associated with the rag carpet, has not shared its increase in popularity. It is always hand-made and consequently more expensive. Before wartimes great braided rugs to cover the entire centre of a floor ran up as high as $100 apece at retail. Both braided mats and rag carpet are now regular staples in the retail carpet trade.

⁂

Coal Trade Situation.

The possibility of anthracite mines being obliged to go on part time in midwinter owing to depressed market conditions, Saward's Weekly will say today, became an actuality last week, when many of the independent operators took such action. In some cases the shutdowns began Feb. 1, coincident with the dropping of price control by the Fuel Administration. The whole question of anthracite prices is very much up in the air just now. Briefly, the situation is that mining costs justify an increase, but market conditions do not. Many retail dealers and consumers not only refuse to give serious heed to the possibility of higher prices, but are convinced that the next change will be downward. They are bent on reducing their stocks rather than increasing them, the result being that business is on a strictly hand-to-mouth basis. In bituminous there has been no very marked slump in tonnage movement in recent weeks. The coal people are cautious about making quotations for the coming year, feeling that the wisest course is to play a waiting game and see what develops in the next few weeks.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga.—H. J. Bruton, china, glassware; Aberdeen.

BIG SPRING, Texas—J. & W. Fisher; A. M. Fisher, general mdse.; Pennsylvania.

BILLINGS, Mon.—Hart-Albin Co.; B. R. Albin, R. M. Hart, representing; 120 W. 32d.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Drennen Co.; L. Ackerman, mdse. manager; 1,150 B'way.

BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss S. Wolfson, skirts; Miss R. Romanow, muslin underwear; 244 5th Av.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss Kane, women's suits; 25 W. 33d.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; G. F. Johnson, furs; 230 5th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—John Jones, men's furn. goods; Room 801, 1,133 Broadway.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wilder's; S. S. Wilder, women's ready-to-wear; Room 801, 1,133 Broadway.

BURLINGTON, Vt.—F. D. Abernathy; Miss C. E. Enright, millinery; Commodore.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; S. A. Gaylord, basement, waists, skirts; 470 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; M. C. Goldman, waists, dresses, skirts, coats, suits; M. L. Kahn, mdse. mgr.; 368 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; E. B. Alcombrack, notions, art needlework; 309 6th Av.

CHICAGO — Carson-Pirie-Scott Co.; F. F. Foote, knit underwear; 404 4th Av.

CINCINNATI — Robert Mitchell Furniture Co.; H. A. Redfield, lace curtains; Navarre.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Hanke Bros. Co.; George C. Bauer, gift novelties; Penn.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va.—D. M. Ogden Co.; D. M. Ogden, piece goods, floor coverings; Miss H. M. Cobun, women's ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

CLEVELAND—Enterprise Credit Clothing Co.; M. Rosenblum, men's, women's clothing; McAlpin.

CLEVELAND—William Taylor, Son & Co.; W. W. Wentworth, house furn. goods, toys, china, glassware; 470 4th Av.

COLUMBIA, Tenn.—Maury D. G. Co.; J. T. Wooten, general mdse.; Imperial.

CORNING, N. Y.—Julia T. Hart; Mrs. F. H. Suats, women's wear; McAlpin.

CRISFIELD, Md.—M. H. Douglas & Co.; M. H. Douglas, men's furn. goods, hats, boots, shoes; Broadway Central.

DAVENPORT, Iowa—B. & H. Abrahams; Mr. Abrahams, dresses; 303 5th Av.

DAWSON, Ga.—T. S. & G. B. Martin; T. S. Martin, dry goods, women's ready-to-wear; Grand.

DAYTON, Ohio — Rike-Kumler Co.; Mr. Bourne, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

DAYTON, Ohio—Elders & Johnson Co.; C. H. Reiling, general mdse.; 230 5th Av.; St. Andrew.

DENVER, Col.—Wilson & Wylie Mfg. Co.; J. C. Wilson, men's furn. goods, hosiery; Albert.

DETROIT—Jennings & Hager; J. S. Jennings, woolens; Commodore.

DULUTH, Minn.—I. Freimuth; S. T. Robinson, silks, dress goods; J. D. Loewus, hosiery, underwear; 1,170 B'way.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.—B. Fleishman & Bros.; H. Fleishman, men's, women's clothing; S. M. Fleishman; 1,161 B'way, Breslin.

GAINESVILLE, Texas—J. R. M. Patterson, ready-to-wear; 25 W. 33d; Bristol.

GAINESVILLE, Ga.—Newman, Frierson, McEver Co.; H. M. Newman, clothing, furn. goods, shoes; Herald Square.

GOLDSBORO, N. C.—Royall & Borden Furniture and Carpet Co.; G. C. Royall, furniture and mfrs'. mattresses; Gregorian.

GREENVILLE, Ohio—Ohio D. G. Co.; F. A. Stecke, ready-to-wear, linens, laces, embroideries, Pennsylvania.

HARTFORD, Conn.—C. Dillon & Co.; C. Dillon, millinery, gloves, waists, cloaks, suits; Belmont.

[illegible]A, Ark.—Ware & Solomon; J. N. Ware, garments, millinery, dry goods, laces; 1,150 Broadway; Hargrave.

HOLDREDGE, Neb.—Golden Rule Store; E. E. Brown, dry goods, men's clothing, women's ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Cohen Bros.; S. Goldberg, notions, hosiery, gloves, leather goods; 225 5th Av.; Cumberland.

JOPLIN, Mo.—Newman Mercantile Co.; E. Falk, furn. goods; 1,133 Broadway.

KALAMAZOO, Mich.—Streng-Zinn Co.; H. P. Streng, blankets, domestics, flannels, dress goods, silks, linens, merchandise manager; Breslin.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Herzfeld's; Miss A. Johnson, millinery goods; 303 5th Av.

LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; H. A. Koll, housefurn. goods; 225 5th Av.; Flanders.

LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; Miss S. Gettelson, infants', children's wear; 225 5th Av.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—J. R. Millner Co.; B. K. Merryman, infants' wear, ready-to-wear; R. Owen, dry goods; 1,150 B'way; Penn.

MADISON, Ind.—N. Horuff & Sons; J. A. Horuff, coats, suits, waists; Latham.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—J. Rosenfield & Co.; J. Rosenfield, ready-to-wear; 212 5th Av.

MERIDIAN, Miss.—Winner-Klein Co.; S. A. Klein, notions, furn. goods; 116 W. 32d.

MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; Miss McNamee, art goods; 230 5th Av.

MONTREAL—Saba & Shattila Bros.; A. S. Shatilla, fancy goods, jewelery, leather goods; 1,364 Broadway.

MONTREAL—Dupuis Freres, Ltd.; O. Leveille, dress goods, silks, velvets; L. S. C. Policain, cottons, linens, flannelettes; 116 West 32d; Breslin.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va.—The Quality Shop; S. Finn, women's, misses' ready-to-wear, furs, millinery; Herald Square.

NEW ALBANY, Ind.—J. Sapinsky & Son; J. Sapinsky, men's, boys' clothing; 1,133 Broadway.

NEW ORLEANS — Maison Blanche; N. H. Murphy, coats, suits, waists; 116 W. 32d; Broztell.

NEW ORLEANS — Silverstein Dept. Store; Mrs. Silverstein, dry goods, ready-to-wear; Hargrave.

NORFOLK, Va.—Mansbach Bros.; L. Mansbach, clothing, furn. goods; Penn.

OTTAWA, Ill.—W. F. Stanton Co.; W. F. Stanton, Jr., ready-to-wear; Somerset.

PARIS, Tenn.—Johnson & Von Cleve Co.; F. M. Von Cleve, dry goods, notions, men's, women's clothing; Imperial.

PARSONS, Kan.—A. A. Nusbaum, infants', children's wear; McAlpin.

PHILADELPHIA—Wolin & Small; S. Wolin, women's suitings; Aberdeen.

PINE BLUFF, Ark.—Isaac Dreyfuss Co.; H. C. Dreyfuss, D. S. Dreyfuss, notions, furn. goods; 43 Leonard.

PITTSBURG, Kan.—Israel Bros.; D. Israel, dry goods, carpets, rugs, clothing, general merchandise; Imperial.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Mrs. H. Block, Miss E. G. Posenbach, corsets, underwear, infants' wear; Mrs. R. Graastenfield, misses', juniors' suits; 116 West 32d.

PORT HURON, Mich.—L. Higer & Son; P. Higer, ladies' suits, coats; McAlpin.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Coopey Woolen Mills Co.; C. Coopey, clothing, woolens; Navarre.

PORTLAND, Ore.—J. C. Penny Co.; A. D. Frost, general mdse.; 354 4th Av.; Breslin.

PORTLAND, Ore.—M. Sellers & Co.; J. Loeb, notions, hosiery, fancy goods, toys; 43 Leonard.

PORT ARTHUR, Texas—A. Goldberg & Bro.; A. Goldberg, women's ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

READING, Penn.—McCloud & Spannuth; H. F. McCloud, notions, hosiery, gloves, embroideries, ribbons, fancy goods; Grand.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—W. W. Roberts & Co.; C. P. Schlegel, dry goods; Commodore.

ROME, Ga.—Lanham & Sons Co.; J. H. Lanham, cloaks, suits, clothing, waists, jewelry; Bristol.

SALINA, Kan.—Stiefel Bros. Co.; Miss Hinnenkamp, women's, infants' ready-to-wear; Breslin.

SALT LAKE CITY—Cohn's; Mr. Wertner, cotton petticoats; 20th floor, 212 5th Av.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex.—Wolff & Marx Co.; M. Smith, notions, fancy goods, laces; 141 Madison Av.; Hargrave.

SEATTLE, Wash.—M. Seller & Co.; H. B. Morris, china, pottery; 43 Leonard.

SEATTLE, Wash.—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; A. J. Jones, men's furn., leather goods; 23 E. 26th.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Pellitier Co.; Miss A. Cain, art goods; Prince George; 116 W. 32d.

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—John Chess Ellsworth; Miss A. Krueger, coats, suits, waists; 404 4th Av.; Imperial.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo. — J. T. Freyman, toys, millinery; Aberdeen.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—New Model Dry Goods Co.; Mrs. A. Berger, women's, men's, children's ready-to-wear; 1,161 Broadway; Breslin.

ST. LOUIS—Wilandy Co.; P. J. Wilandy, millinery; Latham.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Miss M. Kearney, Miss M. Nolte, infants' wear; sweaters; 116 West 32d.

TACOMA, Wash.—S. B. Asia Co.; S. B. Asia, millinery, suits, cloaks, manufacturers women's garments; 1,270 Broadway.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Lion D. G. Co.; O. A. Baker, women's apparel; 28 E. 26th; Wallick.

TRINIDAD, Col.—R. Hamerslough Merc. Co.; W. Freirich, georgette waists; 15 East 26th.

WAXAHACHIE, Texas—Cheeves Bros. & Co.; F. C. Rogers, carpets; Imperial.

PROVIDENC, R. I.—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; Miss M. E. Cole, millinery; 230 5th Av.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

ROBERT HILL, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Robert Hill, Inc., 248 West 52d St., by the following creditors: The Procter & Gamble Distributing Co., $871; Seaboard Rice Milling Co., $64, and Thomas J. Lipton, Inc., $107. Liabilities said to be $22,000 and assets $15,000.

FRANK McGARRY, at 660 Burke St., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $46 271 and assets of $100. Among the largest creditors are: William H. Taylor, $1,500; Lion Brewery of New York, $890, and Bronx Borough Bank, $750.

WARREN W. WESEMAN, salesman, at 519 East 197th St., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,650 and assets of $938, of which $911 are accounts due.

NATE MORRIS, shoes, 125th St. and 7th Av., has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $28,499 and no assets. Among the largest creditors are: Morris Packing Co., $2,264; Moyse Bros., $3,000, and United Stores Realty Co., $2,250.

EASTERN ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING CO., William Grebler and Louis Sussman, trading as Eastern Electrical Contracting Co., at 56 East 59th St., have assigned to Rudolph Deibel.

TREE & CO., INC.—Justice Bijur of the Supreme Court has appointed Charles Dougherty temporary receiver of the assets and effects of Tree & Co., Inc., manufacturing jewelers at 6 East Forty-sixth Street, on application of Maxwell T. Tree, John W. Salter and Thomas Adam, directors, for a voluntary dissolution of the corporation. Charles E. Heydt has been named as referee in the proceedings and an order to show cause was set down for April 7. The company has a capital stock of $10,000.

OILS AND OIL SEEDS ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA, INC.—Application has been made to the Supreme Court for the voluntary dissolution of the Oils and Oil Seeds Association of America, Inc., by Walter T. Hathaway, Joseph R. Collingwood, Frank H. Colladay and Thomas G. Cooper, directors. Justice Platzek set down the order to show cause for March 24. The association is solvent. There are no liabilities.

Out of Town.

PHILIP A. LASHER, merchant, at 614 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,234 and assets of $6,150, consisting of real estate, in which an equity of $5,150 is claimed, and stock of groceries, &c., $1,000. Among the largest creditors are Morris & Co., $811; Jacobina Forst, $799, and Abraham B. Schreckinger, $402.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 7.—Bankruptcy petition filed by Frank J. Vebber Motor Sales Company, with liabilities of $6,402.50 and assets of $5,103.49.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 7. — An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed today against M. H. Cutter, the La Salle Street bond broker who confessed to forging bonds amounting to $675,000 and is now in Joliet penitentiary. The petition is signed by the Chicago Title and Trust Company, with claims of $164,988; the J. M. Appel Company of Chicago, with claims of $3,909, of which $2,019 is unsecured, and the R. M. Grant Company of New York, with claims of $95,765, all unsecured. Assets are not computed, but are of doubtful value.

Business Failures.

Bradstreet's reports 114 failures in the United States for the week ending Feb. 6, against 140 for the previous week and 233, 301, 363, and 435 for the corresponding weeks 1918 to 1915. The New England States had 12; Middle, 26; Western, 31; Northwestern, 12; Southern, 18, and Far Western, 15. Canada had 17, against 15 for the previous week. In the United States about 82.4 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 15.7 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Brooks, Joseph—Maxwell Motor Sales Corp.	$489.33
Ball, Bert C.—R. A. Gold	25,132.95
Benyon, George W.—G. Schirmer, Inc.	268.45
Bisgone, Fedele—N. Y. Rys. Co., costs	108.05
Bisgone, Fidele, gdn—Same, costs	115.95
Cohen, Louis—E. Kirschbaum, et al.	359.71
Caruso, Joseph—Lehn & Fink	634.30
Dunfee, Charles W.—Moore Bros., Inc.	249.54
Dordwin, Gustave—E. Glecker	863.25
De Peralto, Pedro G.—Marlborough Corp.	1,187.03
Evers, Joseph H.—G. Lindenmeyer, et al.	194.55
Finck, Jacob K. or Tichebovo—B. Rosenfeld	112.15
Frankenthaler, Louis—B. Walsh	3,975.60
Grosso, Joseph—City of N. Y., costs	105.00
Groll, Charles W. and Adolph Smith—B. Smith	113.70
Goodfin, Harry—H. Lewy	390.86
Green, Grace, and H. Winter — People, &c.	500.00
Hecht, Isidore—M. Feld	866.47
Heye, Blanche A. W.—J. Willett	6,410.96
Hills, William, Jr.—Trustees of Stevens Institute of Technology	310.45
Heatherhome Seed & Nursery Co., Inc.—F. H. Henry	1,406.45
Herrick, Charles E.—Frank Gilman Co., Inc.	271.45
Inga, Joseph—M. Wasserman	2,088.28
J. R. Building Co., Inc., and Jacob Reich—Kertscher & Co.	1,700.68
Kip, George G.—T. Berman	356.64
Kalbach, Andrew E, rec'r—R. Janov	176.65
Levy, Gustave—M. Cohen	286.66
La Salle, Richard—Michaud Bros., Inc	107.34
Lippner, Frances—J. D. Lowden	362.50
Linden, Rose—Lawyers Mortgage Co.	6,264.18
Mayer, Eugene—M. Summers	201.75
Mandeville, Harry L.—G. V. Heldt	1,024.76
Same—Same	1,025.43
Morven, James—N. Y. Hippodrome Corp., Inc., costs	116.95
Norwich & N. Y. Propeller Co.—B. Olshansky	152.65
Oshinsky, Israel M.—A. Goodman	1,263.72
Pintilano, Andrew and Samuel Orenstein (Andy Paper Box Co.)—Arabol Mfg. Co.	109.06
Piscitello, Bartolo, adm.—City of N. Y.	120.56
Redlich, Samuel—S. Manick et al.	108.20
Spiegel, Louis and Anne—National Surety Co.	312.95
Sternberger, Alfred L.—R. Arib	434.68
Sidoroff, Sarah—Tinker Realty Corp., costs	108.95
Sidoroff, Samuel—Same, costs	108.95
Simons, Maurice (H. Simons & Co.)—B. Hamburger et al.	347.17
Streit. Louis—P. M. Archdeacon, costs	110.20
Slattery, Edward—Limerick Men's Benevolent and Social Association	637.28
Thiele, Gustave—E. Toussaint, Jr.	168.86
Terker, Sander & Terker Iron Works, Inc.—Travelers Ins. Co.	331.58
Weisswange, Otto P.—E. A. Leitz, Inc.	336.73
Winston, Estelle G.—M. C. Offinger	3,215.48
Same—Same	3,215.47
Same—Same	3,215.47
Wachtel, Valentine, and Joseph W. Schuh—H. G. Rabinwotz	781.40
Werner, Benjamin T.—N. Y. Rys. Co., costs	108.92
Werner, Florence D.—Same, costs	114.95
Warner Sugar Refining Co.—B. Rossler	2,630.95

In Bronx County.

Beers, Andrew E.—B. Beers	$59.30
Fliegel, Morris—L. Hittelman	$120.72
Goetz, Albert — Six Point Garage and Service Station, Inc.	120.72
Hattan, James E.—S. Fleischman	67.72
Israel, David—H. G. Guttman	203.32
Kantor, Samuel—E. H. Sayre et al.	186.98
Leff, Benjamin—H. Cohen	227.87
Marx, Morris — Six Point Garage and Service Station, Inc.	25.22
Neumark, Jacob — Commercial Advertiser Association	78.20
Palmeri, Michael—Demarest-Mable Co., Inc	139.09
Schweit, Harry—I. A. Edgar	172.91
Stewart, Arthur—J. J. Binder	107.47
Santoro, Michael, and Mauro Pizzutiello—Epstein Wrecking Co.. Inc.	540.20
Tasher, Clarence E.—W. F. Wund	115.47

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Black and White Cab Co., Inc.—E. Nepel, Oct. 30, 1918	$2,639.84
Same—A. Nepel, Oct. 30, 1918	500.00
Danish, Max—Coleman Tailoring Co., Inc., Oct. 30, 1918	142.16
Stewart, Arthur—M. L. Ahrens, July 12, 1918	348.20
Stewart, Arthur—M. M. Harding, Feb. 1, 1919	343.82
Same—same, Oct. 19, 1918	845.09
Same—Fowler & Sellers Co., July 13, 1918	373.25
Stewart, Arthur and Clara W.—Gerlach-Barklow Co., Dec. 26, 1918	12,088.59
Watson & Flag Engineering Co.—J. W. Hooley, April 19, 1918	1,891.11
Clancy, Frank J.—City of N. Y., June 11 1917, (vacated)	256.49
Gidden, Herman M.—First National Bank of Seattle, Jan. 12, 1917	5,001.49
Greenpoint Contracting Co.—Wm. A. Thomas Co., May 9, 1917	525.73

BUSINESS NOTES.

Commissioner Louis Wiard of the New York State Industrial Commission will on March 1 assume the duties of representative of the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association.

Max Goodman of 1,270 Broadway will represent in the Southern territory the Carl Gutmann & Co. lines of imported Swan and domestic Viola brands of ladies' knit undergarments.

Nearlinen
British Manufacture
THE PERFECT LINEN SUBSTITUTE
SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO. New York.

Wormser & Co.
Commercial Bankers
95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuy. 3360
Accounts Financed.
Advances on Merchandise.

AN AMERICAN FIRM

acting as sole American agent for French manufacturers and distributing their products in the United States from coast to coast, desires to act as agent in France and Belgium for an American manufacturer. Commission basis. Three trips abroad annually are made. Highest references.

Address FOREIGN AGENTS,
Post Office Box 67, New York City.

BAHNSEN'S
FINE
JERSEY CLOTHS
In New Spring Shades Now Ready.

C. Bahnsen & Co.
257 4th Ave., Cor. 21st St.

SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & COMPANY,
Auctioneers, 1519-21 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Penna.
TRUSTEE'S SALE IN BANKRUPTCY
In the matter of Philadelphia Brass Works, Bankrupt. No. 6876.

Valuable Plant, Real Estate & Machinery
OF THE
PHILADELPHIA BRASS WORKS
EAST DOWNINGTOWN, PENNA.
Monday, February 17, 1919, at 11 A. M.
ON THE PREMISES

REAL ESTATE—Comprising nearly 17 acres on Chestnut St. and the Pennsylvania Railroad in East Downingtown, Pa., with Stone Foundry Buildings, Railroad Sidings, etc.

MACHINERY—The machinery comprises the completely equipped Brass Rod Mill, including 1,000-Ton 4-Column Hydraulic Press with Air Compressor and Accumulator, Dean Duplex Pump, and 200 H. P. Motor, 2 Rod Straightening Machines, 2-3 inch Hydraulic Cold Drawing Presses, Drop Hammers, Air Compressors, Wire Drawing Machine, Band and Circular Saws, Engine Lathes, Drill Presses, Grinding Machines, Wood-working Machines, Engines, Boilers, Brass Melting Furnaces, Cranes, Hoists, Laboratory Outfit, Motors, Small Tools, Shafting, Belting, Piping, Wiring, Brass and Scrap Iron, etc.

By order of PHILIP F. STOEVER, Trustee.
JACOB I. WEINSTEIN, Esq., ALFRED AARONS, Esq., Pennsylvania Bldg., Phila., Pa.
Attorneys for Trustee
Catalogues mailed upon application to
SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & COMPANY, Auctioneers,
1519-21 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Penna.

Auctions.

PUBLIC SALE.

The assets of Newark Bay Smelting and Refining Company, foot of Plum Point Lane and Avenue R, Newark, N. J., (meadows,) will be offered at public sale to the highest bidder on Friday, February 14, 1919, at 2:00 P. M., at the plant of the Company, located as above.

The assets consist of 13 acres of land with buildings, machinery, and personal property used in the smelting and refining of base metals.

The assets will be sold in whole or in parcels as may seem best on the day of sale.

The sale will be subject to confirmation by the Chancellor at the Chancery Chambers, (Prudential Building,) Newark, N. J., on Monday, February 17, 1919, at 10 A. M.

In the meantime the Receivers, at their office, 790 Broad Street, Newark, N. J., will receive private bids for the whole or part of the said assets as may be deemed best. These bids are also subject to the confirmation by the Chancellor at the Chancery Chambers in Newark on Tuesday, February 11, 1919, at 10 A. M., or later, if the hearing be adjourned. They shall remain acceptable by the receivers until Monday, Feb. 17, 1919, the time when bids at public sale will be subject to confirmation, as before stated.

Creditors and stockholders and others interested shall have the right to submit bids to the receivers either on February 11th or February 17, 1919, or at any time befor the court shall have ordered the receivers to transfer the property to be sold. The property may be inspected at 10 A. M. on the day of sale.

CHARLES C. PILGRIM,
THOMAS C. MOFFATT,
Receivers,
790 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.
SAMUEL VAN POZNACK, Auctioneer.
Newark, N. J., February 6, 1919.

Clarke's
5 West 44th St.
Opposite Sherry's
Sale This Day
At 2:30 P. M.
Closing Session
Very valuable assemblage of rare textiles, Persian Potteries, Ancient Rugs and tapestries from the gallery of a well-known French Connoisseur.
Sale conducted by
MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
WEST 57TH ST., BET. 6TH AND 7TH AVS.
Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D. D.
10:30—"THE VISION AND VICTORY OF LOVE."
8—"THEODORE ROOSEVELT—A MODEL MAN."
AT 3 P. M. DR. STRATON WILL DELIVER AN ADDRESS AT THE HARRIS THEATRE, 42D ST., WEST OF BROADWAY, ON THE SUBJECT: "WHAT DID JESUS TEACH ABOUT IMMORTALITY?"

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"SAINTLINESS AMID DIFFICULTIES."
8—"THEODORE ROOSEVELT, AMERICAN."
Roosevelt's favorite hymn will be sung.
A souvenir portrait of Roosevelt will be given to each person present.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.

11 A. M.—"Pearl of Great Price; or, What Is the True Church of Christ?"
Fifth exposition of Matthew 13, attracting great attention.

8 P. M.—"SIGNS OF THE TIMES; OR, THE FALLACIOUS ATTEMPT OF THE PROPOSED LEAGUE OF NATIONS TO BRING IN THE MILLENIUM BEFORE THE COMING OF CHRIST."

Dr. Haldeman has been warning against the League of Nations, testifying that, according to the Word of God, the United States have no part in it, and will enter it at unspeakable peril and woe to the people. THE LEAGUE IS GETTING THE WORLD READY FOR THE COMING OF ANTI-CHRIST. This is a sermon every lover of his country and every prophetic student should hear.

Friday Night, Feb. 14, 8 o'clock.—"The Antichrist."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th St.
Dr. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN at 11.
Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.
Mr. Geo. N. Sage, Leader, Men's Class, 9:40.
Mrs. Merrett, Leader, Women's Class, 10.

HARRIS THEATRE, WEST 42D ST.,
SUNDAY, AT 3 P. M.,
Public Debate on Spirit Phenomena.
REV. JOHN R. STRATON, D. D.,
Pastor of Calvary Baptist Church,
will reply to
LIEUT. STEPHEN AUSTIN, U. S. A.,
author of
PRINCIPALS OF DRAMA THERAPY,
who will open the discussion.
THOMAS DIXON, producer of
"THE INVISIBLE FOE," will preside.
Seats Free.

JUDSON CHURCH, Washington Square.
11 A. M., A. RAY PETTY, Pastor—"THEODORE ROOSEVELT, AMERICAN." 8 P. M., LESLIE WILLIS SPRAGUE, "DEMOCRACY IN THE RECONSTRUCTION."

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST ST.
DR. CHARLES A. EATON, PASTOR,
WILL PREACH AT 11 A. M. on
"THEODORE ROOSEVELT'S AMERICA."
8 P. M., REV. CLINTON WUNDER,
"A LIFE OR A LIVING?"
Eaton Class for Men, 10 A. M., led by Mr. Wunder. Women's Bible Class, 10 A. M.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
11 A. M.—"Theodore Roosevelt."
8 P. M.—"The Problem of Protectionism," in series "Building the New World."

NORTH ORANGE BAPTIST CHURCH,
Main and Hickory Sts., Orange, N. J.
Rev. ARTHUR T. FOWLER, D. D., Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Pastor will preach in the morning. In the evening Arthur J. Baldwin will speak on The Battlefields of France. Illustrated by stereopticon pictures. Community singing, choir orchestra.

WADSWORTH AV. BAPTIST CHURCH,
179-180th Sts., Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY.
11—"THE GOLDEN AGE."
8—"JESUS CHRIST HUMAN OR DIVINE—MAN OR GOD."

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av.
Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.
11 A. M.—"Meaning of Theodore Roosevelt."
8 P. M.—"Reminiscences of Theodore Roosevelt."

Christian Science

Services are held in the following
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES.
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church—Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church—Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church—125th St. & Madison Av.
Fourth Church—178th St. & Ft. Wash. Av.
Fifth Church—Aeolian C. Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church—1,935 Anthony Av., Bronx.
Seventh Church—260 W. 82d St. 11 A. M. only.
Eighth Church—Subway Bldg., 86th & Lex. Av.
Bedford Park Society—2,562 Briggs Av., on Sunday, 11 A. M. only.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
BROADWAY AND 56TH ST.
Dr. Jefferson preaches 11 and 8.

MANHATTAN CHURCH,
Broadway, near 76th St.
Dr. McELVEEN at 11 and 8.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH.	142 West 81st St. Dr. Finis Idleman, Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M.

6-8 P. M., Soldiers' Supper and Social.

Divine Science

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE,
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
Service Sunday, 11 A. M. Speaker,
Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Subject: "PREDESTINATION."
Adult Bible Class, 10 A. M.

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE of New York. Founded 1876.
CENTRAL PARK WEST AND 64TH ST.
Sunday morning, Feb. 9, at 11 o'clock.

SPEAKER: Dr. DAVID SAVILLE MUZZEY
Subject: "THEODORE ROOSEVELT."
Sunday Evening, Feb. 9, at 8 o'clock.
Speaker: Mr. ALFRED W. MARTIN.
Subject: "THE EXILIAN ISAIAH AND THE COMMONWEALTH OF MAN."

Interdenominational

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Very Rev. HUGHELL E. W. FOSBROKE, D. D., Dean of the General Theological Seminary.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Historic Organ Recitals in the Chapel, Claremont Avenue, between 120th and 122d Streets, by Dr CLARENCE DICKINSON, Director of Music, on Tuesday afternoons in February at 4 o'clock. The public is invited.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE,
44TH ST. AND 8TH AV.
Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor.
Services 10:45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.
Dr. C. A. Blanchard, Pres.
of Wheaton College, Wheaton, Ill.,
will preach in the morning.
Subject, "PROPHETS AND PROPHECY."
Rev. E. B. Fitch, Assistant Pastor,
will preach in the evening.
Subject, "WATCH and be READY."

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
Corner 104th St. and Broadway.
11 and 8, Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP.
Evening subject: "The Eternal Springs of Revival."
Tues., Bible Training Classes, 7:30 to 9:30.
Thurs., 8 P. M., Midweek Bible Study.

NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE,
214 West 35th St.,
DON O. SHELTON, President.
4:15 P. M., "CHAOS OR CHRIST."

Jewish

ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL SERVICE
will be held at the JEWISH CENTRE,
131 West 86th Street,
Sunday morning, Feb. 9, at 10:15 o'clock.
Speakers: Judge OTTO ROSALSKY and Colonel HARRY CUTLER.
ALL ARE WELCOME.

BETH-EL TEMPLE,
FIFTH AV., AT 76TH STREET.
Rev. Dr. SAMUEL SCHULMAN.
SATURDAY MORNING (Sermon) 10:15.
SUNDAY MORNING AT 11,
HISTORIC JUDAISM AND ADLER'S ETHICAL PHILOSOPHY.

FREE SYNAGOGUE
CARNEGIE HALL, SUNDAY, AT 10:45 A.M.
DR. WISE
WILL PREACH ON
"HAS THE WORLD FOUND ITS SOUL?"
ALL ARE WELCOME.

Jewish

INSTITUTIONAL SYNAGOGUE, Mt. Morris Theatre, (116th St. & 5th Av.)—Sun., 10:45 A. M., ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL SERVICE. Speakers: Miss Lillian D. Wald, Mr. Joseph Levenson.

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE, Lexington Av. and 55th St.—Dr. KRASS lectures today, 10 A. M. Sunday, 11 promptly. Subject, "LESSONS FROM THE LIFE OF A GREAT AMERICAN."

MEMORIAL SERVICES in honor of the late Theodore Roosevelt will be held at the Synagogue of Cong. Kehilath Jeshurun, 117 E. 85th St., on Sunday, Feb. 9, at 5 P. M. Rabbis M. S. Margolis and E. L. Solomon will address the Congregation. All are cordially invited to attend.

Lutheran

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT,
Broadway at 93d St.
Rev. A. Steimle, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Sermon. Subject—Transfigured.
8. P. M.—Theodore Roosevelt Memorial Service.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
65th St. and Central Park West.
Rev. M. G. G. SCHERER, D.D., preaches.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 73d St.—Dr. Remensnyder at 11.

Methodist Episcopal

GRACE, WEST 104TH, NEAR COLUMBUS.
11—Dr. Harris: "Roosevelt a Fighting Saint." Benziger's great painting of Roosevelt exhibited. 7:45—Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis: "Roosevelt Greatest American Since Lincoln." Motion picture, "The Fighting Roosevelts."

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH,
Sunday 11 A. M., 7:30 P. M.
Thursday, 1 P. M., (Feb. 13,) address, Rev. Edgar Blake, D. D. of Chicago. Topic: "New Day Worldwide Plans of the Churches."

MADISON AVENUE CHURCH, 60TH ST.
Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph. D., Pastor.
11—DR. SOCKMAN. "The Rights of God."
8—HAMLIN GARLAND,
"My Neighbor, Theodore Roosevelt."
6—Social Tea, Soldiers and Sailors.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. & 7th Av.
Rev. Joseph W. Chasey, B. D., Minister.
"An Historic Church That Has Come Back."
COME BACK AND SEE!

ST. ANDREW'S METHODIST CHURCH,
76th St., near Columbus Av.
11 A. M.—Dr. ALLAN MacROSSIE.
8 P. M.—Hon. FRANK MOSS,
"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Avenue and 86th Street,
Rev. RAYMOND L. FORMAN, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Theodore Roosevelt—the American Type."
8 P. M.—"God's Third Act."
10 A. M.—Men's Bible Class.
Soldiers and Sailors welcome at all services.

ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL
UNION M. E. CHURCH,
48TH ST., WEST OF BROADWAY.
10 A. M.—Sunday School.
Preaching by Rev. HALFORD E. LUCCOCK.
11 A. M.—The Americanism of Roosevelt
8 P. M.—The Might of a Minority.

New Church
(Swedenborgian)

NEW CHURCH,
35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs.
Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Sunday School, 10:15 A. M.
MEMORIAL SERVICE, 11.
The Pastor will preach. Subject:
"THE SOUL OF COURAGE."
At the close of the service the Rev. B. K. Apelian will make a brief address on
"THE CRY OF ARMENIA."
All in U. S. service especially welcome.

New Thought

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE,
222 WEST 72D STREET.
Sunday, 11:15 A. M., EDITH A. MARTIN.
3:30 P. M.—Lecture and Open Forum:
"Subconscious Mind," ANNA C. NOLLE.
Sun., 8 P. M.—UNION MEETING,
CHALIF'S HALL, 163-165 West 57th St.:
O. E. MILLER, Ph. D., of London;
WALTER NEWELL WESTON,
ANNA W. MILLS, EDWIN MARKHAM;
Music by Mrs. O. S. MARDEN;
GEORGINA H. MANDIOLA presiding.
Monday, 8:15 P. M.—EDITH A. MARTIN.
8:15 P. M.—"The Lifted Christ";
HELEN VAN ANDERSON-GORDON.
Tuesday, 8 P. M.—Miss JULIE M. COOKE.
8:15 P. M.—HARRY GAZE.
8:15 P. M.—LAURA G. CANNON.
Wed., 3 P. M.—"Healing," Mrs. CANNON.
8:15 P. M.—Miss MARY ALLEN.
8:15 P. M.—Mrs. VANCE CHENEY.
Thur., 3 P. M.—Healing, Mrs. Anna MacDaniels.
8:15 P. M.—LAURA G. CANNON.
8:15 P. M.—EUGENE DEL MAR.
Fri., 8 P. M.—"Healing," Mrs. CANNON.
8:15 P. M.—Dr. O. S. MARDEN.
8:15 P. M.—Mrs. ANNA MacDANIELS.
Saturday, 8:15 P. M.—SUCCESS FORUM.

SOCIETY OF THE INNER LIFE
AND UNITY CENTER.
28 West 72d St.—Sunday, 9:30 A. M., Sabbath School. 11:15 A. M., WALTER NEWELL WESTON. Subject: "The Supply Source." Soloist, Mme. BETTENETTI. 3:30 P. M., PAULA VERDU. 8:15 P. M., JULIE M. COOKE. Mondays and Fridays, 8:15 P. M., ADA RAINEY, "Principles of Truth." Tuesday, 3 P. M., Mrs. ADDIELEEN STEVENS, Good Words Club. Wednesday, 3 P. M., JULIE M. COOKE. Meetings at 3 P. M. daily, except Saturday.
WALTER NEWELL WESTON, Advanced Lectures, Thursday, 3 and 8:15 P. M.

"THE FIRST CHURCH OF
LIFE AND JOY."
HARRY GAZE, SPEAKER.
Gold Room of Chalif Studios.
Opposite Carnegie Hall, 163 West 57th St.
Sunday Morning at Eleven.
"HOW TO CULTIVATE
SPIRITUAL POWER AND GENIUS."
Original Piano Composition by Prof. Platon Brounoff, "Concerpt of Spiritual Messages."

Mrs. MARY CHAPIN,
Mehlin Hall, 4 East 43d, Cor. 5th Av.
Services, Sunday, 11 A. M. Subject:
"ARE WE DOWNHEARTED? NO!"
Mrs. Chapin will pay tribute to Mr. ROOSEVELT'S courage, initiative, and inspiration. Patriotic Music. "How Firm a Foundation" will be sung. New series of Lessons.
Mon. Eve. Class, 8:15, Biltmore, R. 641.

SEARS PHILOSOPHY
makes life livable here and hereafter.
Nothing like it anywhere.
Not better—not worse—but DIFFERENT.
CRITERION THEATRE, B'way at 44th St.
Sunday 11 a. m. F. W. Sears, M. P., Orator.
Subject: PSYCHOLOGY OF HEALING.
A big lecture by a wonderful man.

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE,
Fellowship of the Life More Abundant.
Every Sunday, 11 A. M.
Brooklyn Masonic Temple, cor. Clermont and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Subject, Feb. 9, "Enthusiasm—How to Arouse and Maintain It." Music. All welcome.

CHURCH OF SILENT DEMAND,
Hotel McAlpin, (Green Room,) 11:15.
THEODORE G. NORTHRUP.
4th lesson, "Faith." Don't fail to hear it.
Thursday Eve. meeting, 8:15, same hotel.
GOOD MUSIC—ALL WELCOME.

UNITY SOCIETY OF PRACTICAL
CHRISTIANITY,
163 West 57th, opp. Carnegie Hall.
Sunday, 4 P. M. Monday, 3 P. M.
KATHARINE EGGLESTON, Speaker.

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers { William Pierson Merrill. Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
THEODORE ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL DAY
Mr. GREENE preaches at 11.
Dr. MERRILL preaches at 4.
Bible School at 9:40.
Men's Bible Class at 10.
At 4 P. M., oratorio "Elijah," Mendelssohn. Soloists Inez Barbour, Rose Bryant, Lambert Murphy, Frank Croxton. Chorus Choir. Clarence Dickinson, Organist and Director.
NOONDAY SERVICE DAILY (except Wednesday) at 12:30.

BROADWAY
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 114th Street,
Rev. W. Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister,
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Communion at the morning service.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 57th St.,
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor.
10 A. M.—Men's Bible Class.
11 A. M.—Rev. Wilton Merle-Smith, D. D.
4:30 P. M.—DR. JOSEPH H. O'DELL.
Famous Newspaper Correspondent—Subject:
"OUR SOLDIERS AS I SAW THEM."

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St.
Rev. James Palmer, Ph.D., Associate Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
REV. GEORGE F. PENTECOST, D. D.,
will preach at both services.
Offering for Assembly's Board of Ministerial Relief.
Bible School at 9:30. Men's Class at 10.
Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. in the Chapel.
Rev. HARRY EMERSON FOSDICK, D. D.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Founded 1716.
Old First, University Place, Madison Square Foundation,
FIFTH AVENUE, 11TH TO 12TH STREET.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
REV. DR. GEORGE ALEXANDER.

Presbyterian

FORT WASHINGTON,
Broadway, at 174th St.
Rev. Daniel Hoffman Martin, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"WHAT JESUS DOES."
7:45 P. M.—"DOES THE BIBLE SAY ONE THING AND TEACH ANOTHER?"

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Work preaches at both services.
11 A. M.—ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL SERVICE.
8 P. M.—"THE GLORY OF CONCEALMENT."

HARLEM-NEW YORK. 11 and 8.
122d St. and Mount Morris Park West.
Rev. SAMUEL CHARLES BLACK, D. D., will preach.
11 A. M.—"ROOSEVELT, THE AMERICAN."
8 P. M.—"MILITARY AND CIVILIAN MORALE."

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D.,
Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
4:30, Roosevelt Memorial Service.
REV. LYMAN ABBOTT, D. D.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
525 West 155th St.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Dr. Mackay.

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Park Av. and 85th St.
TERTIUS VAN DYKE at 11.
WARREN DANIEL HALL at 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.
Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. HARLAN G. MENDENHALL, D. D.,
preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN, Amsterdam, cor. 105th.—Dr. A. Edwin Keigwin preaches 11 and 8. 11—"What Is Democracy?" 8—"The Vigor of Life," (Roosevelt Memorial.)

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. EVANS will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE.
Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
8 and 10 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—The Holy Communion, (Japanese.)
11 A. M.—Address in memory of Theodore Roosevelt by Rev. Dr. Henry B. Washburn.
4 P. M.—Service for College Students. (Preacher, Rev. J. Howard Melish.)
Daily Services, 7:30 A. M., 5 P. M., (choral except Monday and Saturday.)

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH,
West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Roosevelt Memorial Service.
(Rector).............................11 A. M.
Evensong, (Rev. W. J. D. Thomas).. 4 P. M.

ASCENSION, 5TH AV. AND 10TH ST.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11—"Health of Soul and Body," (Rector.)
4—Music: Gounod's "Redemption."
"Music and Health," DR. THOMAS.
8—Forum: DR. ROYAL S. COPELAND, Health Commissioner, "Reconstruction and the Public Health."

CALVARY CHURCH,
4th Av. and 21st St.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Services 8, 10:15 and 11 A. M., (Mr. Guy Emerson.) 8 P. M., Musical Service and Sermon by the Rector.

CHRIST CHURCH, Broadway at 71st St.
The Rev. JOHN R. ATKINSON, B.D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Confirmation.
8:00 P. M.—"Is There Any Good?"
9:00 P. M.—A Talk About Our Affairs—by the Rector.

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE,
89th St., near Madison Avenue.
Rev. HENRY M. BARBOUR, D.D., Rector.
Services at 7:30, 10, 11 A. M. (Rector).
4 P. M. (Rector).
VIOLIN, 'CELLO, HARP, and ORGAN.
Sermon in morning and address in afternoon in commemoration of the life and work of THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

GRACE CHURCH,
Broadway and 10th Street
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion.................... 8 A. M.
Service and Sermon, (The Rector)..11 A. M.
Later Evensong, (Rev. C. C. Bentley) 8 P.M.
Daily Noon-day Service at 12:30.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY APOSTLES,
9th Av. and 28th St.
Services 8, 11 A. M. 8 P. M., Boy Scout Rally. Speaker, Com. E. L. Paugh, chaplain, U. S. N.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
Sixth Avenue and 20th Street.
Always Open and Free to All.
11 A. M.—Roosevelt Memorial Service.
Address, Lawrence F. Abbott.

CHAPLAIN THOMAS E. SWAN,
125th Inf., just back from France,
Will preach at 11 o'clock service.
CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST,
Fifth Av., above 45th St.
Rev. HERBERT SHIPMAN, B. D., Rector.
Other Services 8 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
The Rev. HORACE PERCY SILVER, Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer. Sermon, Rector.
4 P. M.—Choral Evensong.
ADDRESS BY RECTOR.
SPECIAL MUSIC—VIOLIN AND ORGAN.
Prayers and intercession, with address, daily except Saturday, 12:20 to 12:40.
Sunday School at 9:45 A. M.

CHAPEL OF THE INCARNATION,
240 East 31st St.
Rev. E. M. H. KNAPP, Vicar.
Holy Communion every Sunday at 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer and Sermon at 11 A. M.
Service and Address, (in Italian,) 4 P. M.
Evensong and Sermon at 8 P. M.
Sunday school every Sunday, 9:30 A. M.
Intercessions Friday evenings, 8 o'clock.

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION, (Trinity Parish,) Broadway and 155th St.—Rev. M. H. Gates, D. D., Vicar. 8, 8:45, 9:45, 11 A. M.; 4, 8 P. M. Popular Vespers, (4 P. M.) Leo Riggs, Recital Organist. Hans Kronold, 'cellist.

ST. ANDREW'S,
Corner 5th Av. and 127th St.
Rev. GEO. R. VAN DE WATER, D. D., RECTOR,
Preaches at 11 A. M. on
"REMINISCENCES OF THEODORE ROOSEVELT FOR 42 YEARS."
Other services: 8, Holy Communion; 4 Vespers, address by Rev. CHARLES J. MASON; Organ Recital by Wm. A. Goldsworthy.

ST. ANN'S,
St. Ann's Ave. and 140th St.
REV. HAROLD G. WILLIS, Rector.
11 A. M., Roosevelt Memorial Service.
Special Speaker, HON. JOB E. HEDGES.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Park Av. and 51st St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D.D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
Dr Leighton Parks will preach.
3 P. M.—Sunday School.
4:30 P. M.—Evening prayer and Address. Rev. Paul G. Favor.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
is on 16th St., East of 3d Av.
ALL SEATS ARE FREE.
Rev. KARL REILAND, D. D., Rector.
SUNDAY SERVICES.
8, 11, and 8.
11 O'CLOCK,
ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL SERVICE,
Rector preaches.
8 o'clock,
SPECIAL MUSIC,
EXCERPTS FROM "HOLY CITY."
H. T. BURLEIGH, Soloist.

ST. IGNATIUS'S CHURCH,
West End Av. and 87th St.
Rev. WILLIAM PITT McCUNE, Rector.
Masses—7, 8, 9:30, 11.
Vespers and Benediction, 4.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 71st Street,
Rev. FRANK WARFIELD CROWDER, Rector.
8 A. M., 11 A. M., (Rector); 4 P. M., (Rev. J. M. NEIFERT.)

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
Convent Av. and West 141st St.
Rev. WM. T. WALSH, Rector.
8. Rector preaches 11 and 8.

ST. MARK'S-IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
Tenth Street, west of Second Avenue.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11 A. M.—Sermon by the Rector.
"The League of Nations."
4 P. M. Swami Paramananda and others on the Art and Poetry of the East.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St.—Low Masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn Mass and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.) 10:45. Evensong and Sermon, (Rev. H. S. Whitehead.) 4.

ST. MARY'S, Lawrence St., (128th and Amsterdam.)—Rev. FREDERIC W. GOODMAN, Rector. 8 and 11 A. M., 7:30 P. M.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 28 W. 84th St.
Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, D. D., Rector.
Services, 8, 11, and 8.

ST. MICHAEL'S CHURCH,
Amsterdam Ave. and 99th St.
Roosevelt Memorial Service, 11 A. M.
Tribute by Major George Haven Putnam.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th, near Broadway.
Rev. NATHAN A. SEAGLE, D. D., Rector.
SERVICES, 8, 11, and 4 o'clock.

Protestant Episcopal

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL,
Broadway and Fulton St.
Services 8, 10:30, and 5; also
A PREACHING SERVICE, 8 P. M.,
During February—Society St. John Evangelist, (Cowley Fathers.)
Father Campbell, S. S. J. E.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
FIFTH AV. AND 53D ST.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Sermon, Rev. Frederick W. Beekman, Rector American Church of the Holy Trinity, Paris.
4 P. M.—Address, Rev. Floyd S. Leach, Pd.D.
8 P. M.—Hour of Organ Music.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION,
1 East 29th St.—DR. HOUGHTON, Rector.
Services—7, 8, 9, 10:30 A. M.; 4 and 8 P. M.
SERMON and TOURS' MASS, 10:30 A. M.

TRINITY CHURCH,
Broadway and Wall St.
Services in memory of Theodore Roosevelt at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. The service at 4 P. M. will be under the auspices of the American Defense Society. At each service there will be special music and an address by the Rector.

TRINITY CHAPEL,
West 25th St., near Broadway.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Holy Communion, and Sermon.
4 P. M.—Evening Prayer.
4:45 P. M.—Instruction on Christian Doctrine.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th St.
Rev. FREDERICK BURGESS, JR., Rector.
8, 11, (Rector,) and 8, (Rector.)

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK.

THE MIDDLE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. EDGAR FRANKLIN ROMIG, Minister.
11 A.M., Rev. GEO. STEININGER will preach.
8 P. M., Rev. JOHN J. DE BOER will preach.

THE MARBLE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister.
Rev. CHAS. CARROLL ALBERTSON, D. D., of Brooklyn, will preach.
11 A. M., "Great Men a Nation's Best Asset: A Tribute to Theodore Roosevelt."
8 P. M., "A Flashlight Picture of a Day in Jesus' Life."

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
MALCOLM J. MacLEOD, } Ministers.
ROBERT W. COURTNEY, }
11 A. M., Dr. MacLeod on "Theodore Roosevelt."
8 P. M., Rev. R. W. COURTNEY on "Our Great American."

THE WEST END CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister.
11 A. M., Rev. EDGAR FRANKLIN ROMIG will preach.
4:30 P. M., Rev. Thomas McBride Nichols will preach. Special Music—Cantata, "The Woman of Samaria," by W. Sterndale Bennett.

THE FORT WASHINGTON CHURCH,
Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.
Rev. IRVING H. BERG, D. D., Minister, will preach.
11 A. M., "Roosevelt, the Man and His Message."
8 P. M., "What Shall We Do with the Boys?"
Sunday School at 9:55 A. M.
All Seats Free.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St. Professor J. H. RAVEN, D. D., will officiate. Services 11 o'clock.

HAMILTON GRANGE,
Convent and 149th, near Amsterdam Av.
Rev. John A. Dykstra, Minister. 11 and 8.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., Manhattan; Lafayette & Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., B'klyn.

Spiritualist

FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH,
Pabst Grand Circle, 59th St. and 8th Av.
Sundays at Eight P. M. Sharp.
LEARN THAT SPIRIT
COMMUNION IS TRUE.
Mrs. M. E. Williams, Inspirational Speaker, will lecture. Messages given.

CHURCH OF DIVINE INSPIRATION,
Genealogical Hall,
226 West 58th St.
Services—Sunday at 8 P. M.,
Fridays, 2:30 P. M.
Speaker next Sunday,
Mr. Michael J. Whittey.
Messages, Miss Beulah Thompson.

Theosophy

AT 2,228 BROADWAY.
N. Y. LODGE, THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY,
FOUNDED 1897.
Internat'l President, Mrs. ANNIE BESANT.
Series of Three Lectures by
MAJOR R. T. M. SCOTT,
Reserve of Officers of the
Canadian Expeditionary Force.
Sunday, Feb. 9, 8:15 P. M.,
"WHERE ARE OUR BOYS WHO DIED ON THE BATTLEFIELDS OF FRANCE."
Feb. 16, "Reconstruction—Fallacies and Facts."
Feb. 23, "Prohibition in the Army and in Civilian Life."
FREE PUBLIC CLASSES.
Lending Library. Public Cordially Invited.

AT HOTEL MARIE ANTOINETTE,
Broadway, 67th St.
Central Lodge Theosophical Society.
International President, Mrs. Annie Besant.
SUNDAY, Feb. 9, 8:15 P. M.,
Mrs. MAUDE LAMBART-TAYLOR.
"Ceremonial Magic of the Sacraments."
Wednesday, 8:15 P. M., Class in "The Secret Doctrine." Friday, 8:15 P. M.,
STUDY IN ANCIENT WISDOM.
Public Cordially Invited.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, (Independent,) 25 West 45th St.—Public lecture Sun. Eve., 8:15, "The Ghosts That Live in Us." Benoni B. Gattell.

Unitarian

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
Corner 121st St. Services at 11.
"THE POETRY OF THE WAR."
(Roosevelt Memorial Day.)
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister.
Forum 8 P. M. Rev. Wm. L. Sullivan,
"OUR CHANGING POLICY IN IMMIGRATION."

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, Park Av. and 34th St.—11 A. M., JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, "ABRAHAM LINCOLN, RADICAL." 8:15 P. M., "FREEDOM FOR POLITICAL OFFENDERS." Speakers: Norman Thomas, John Lovejoy Elliott, Evan Thomas, Mr. Holmes.

ALL SOULS, 4th Av. at 20th St.
WILLIAM L. SULLIVAN, Minister.
11 A. M.—"Can Religion Grow with Our Growing Life?"
A Sermon for Seekers.
A CORDIAL WELCOME TO ALL.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,)
Pierrepont St. and Monroe Pl., Brooklyn.
11 A. M., Rev. AMBROSE W. VERNON, D.D.

Universalist

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY,
Central Park West and 76th St.
FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor,
will preach at 11 A. M.
"LINCOLN and ROOSEVELT COMPARED."

Y. M. C. A.

"ANTI-AMERICAN INFLUENCES,"
By Dr. GEORGE CLARKE COX.
Dr. ROYAL S. COPELAND, Health Commissioner of New York City, will preside and give a short talk on "The Gospel of Health." Men only. 4 P. M., West Side Y. M. C. A.

3 P. M., Concert of 25 Voices.
KASTALSKY RUSSIAN CHORUS.
Full Afternoon Program. Public Welcome.
EAST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 153 East 86th St.
Lexington Av. Express Subway stop.

DR. WILLIAM H. MORGAN, "The Greatest American of All." Special music, 4:30 P. M. Washington Heights Y. M. C. A., 531 West 155th St., near Broadway.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT—AMERICAN."
Address by Hon. FRANK MOSS,
Sunday, 4 P. M.,
Harlem Y. M. C. A., 5 West 125th St.

Memorial Service for Theodore Roosevelt,
CHAUNCY M. DEPEW, Orator,
23d St. Y.M.C.A., Sun., 3:45, (Ladies invited).

Y. M. C. A.

Dr. Karl Reiland, Sun., Feb. 9, 3:30 P. M. Bronx Union Y. M. C. A., 470 East 161st St., "Reconstruction." Public invited.

Y. W. C. A.

CENTRAL BRANCH, Lexington Av. (53d St.)
4:30—ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL SERVICE.
DR. ROBERT MACKENZIE, Speaker.
Metropolitan Branches Invited.
7:30—MR. R. H. ROBINSON, Speaker.

STUDIO CLUB, 35 East 62d Street.
MISS MAUDE E. MINER, Girls' Protective League, Speaker.
Address at 5 P. M. Tea served, 4 to 5.

Other Services

Tomorrow at 4 P. M.
VIZUALIZING IS THE WAY TO MAKE YOUR INNERMOST DESIRE BECOME AN OUTWARD REALITY.
By MRS. GENEVIEVE BEHREND,
(Only personal pupil of the late Judge Troward.)
AT COHAN THEATRE,
Broadway and 43d Street.
Doors open at 3:30 P. M.
SCHOOL OF THE BUILDERS, INC.
FREE DAILY LECTURES,
Bretton Hall, 86th Street and Broadway,
every morning at 11 o'clock,
(except Saturdays and Sundays.)
Friday Evenings at 8:30 o'clock,
At Bretton Hall.
Subject Free Friday Evening Lecture,
"DREAMS, WHY THEY COME, WHAT THEY MEAN."

MEMORIAL SERVICES
IN HONOR OF THEODORE ROOSEVELT
to be held at
B. F. KEITH'S PALACE THEATRE,
Broadway and 47th St.
SUNDAY (TOMORROW) MORNING
AT 11 O'CLOCK.
Addresses by prominent church and lay men.
Singing by GEORGE MACFARLANE,
LEOLA LUCEY, and others.
THE PUBLIC IS INVITED.
ADMISSION FREE.
Ceremonies directed by Mr. Edwards Davis and Rev. Dr. James Bishop Thomas.

LABOR TEMPLE,
Fourteenth Street and Second Avenue.
OPEN FORUM—8 P. M.
THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.
2. "The League and the Russian Soviet."
Speaker, Major Thomas D. Thacher of the Red Cross with Raymond Robbins in Russia.
FELLOWSHIP CLASS—4 P. M.
"A SURVEY OF WORLD CONDITIONS."
2. CHINA.
Speaker, Prof. D. J. Fleming.
LECTURE—5 P. M.
"CARLYLE: THE PHILOSOPHER."
Dr. Will Durant.

HAS CHRIST'S MISSION FAILED?
Lecturer: R. E. STREETER
of
Providence, R. I.
Sunday, 3 P. M.—Berean Bible Class.
Carnegie Hall, Studio 61,
154 West 57th St., New York City.
All welcome. Seats free. No collection.

DO THE DEAD COMMUNICATE?
SPIRITISM EXPOSED!
Giving the devil the 3d degree!
SUNDAY EVE., FEB. 9, 8 O'CLOCK,
BROADHURST THEATRE, 44TH ST.,
West of Broadway.
PASTOR E. E. FRANKE.
Doors open 7:15. Seats free.

SEARS PHILOSOPHY
makes life livable here and hereafter.
Nothing like it anywhere.
Not better—not worse—but DIFFERENT.
CRITERION THEATRE, B'way at 44th St.
Sunday 11 a. m. F. W. Sears, M. P., Orator.
Subject: PSYCHOLOGY OF HEALING.
A big lecture by a wonderful man.

"THE MAN OF DESTINY RULING THE WORLD WITH A ROD OF IRON: SOON TO APPEAR," Sun., 8 P. M., Casino Thr., 39th and Broadway. Prof. C. T. Everson, Lecturer. Good Musical Program. Free.

DR. AND MRS. JAMES PORTER MILLS hold meetings Sundays at 11, 305 Lexington Av., near 38th St. Subject "The Divine Birthright of Health and Intuitional Knowledge to be Realized Through a New Order of Meditation."

SCHOOL OF CO-OPERATIVE
INDIVIDUALISM,
Genealogical Hall, 226 West 58th St.
Lecture discussion, "Principles of World Peace," WILLIAM H. ROYSTONE, leader, Sunday afternoon, 3. COME.

ORDER OF CHRISTIAN MYSTICS.
Dr. F. Homer Curtis, Secretary.
Sun., 11 A. M., "Noah and the Ark."
Wed., 8 P. M., "The Twelve Thrones."
Public Healing Service Daily at Noon.
208 West End Av., cor. 74th St.

A. A. LINDSAY, M. D., Psychologist.
Lecture at Hotel Ansonia, Sunday, 8:15.
Seats free. Subject:
"EVERY ONE A PROPHET; OR, 'THE EYES OF YOUTH.'"

DOYERS STREET
5-7. RESCUE SOCIETY, Old Chinese Theatre.
Great Gospel Service Every Night 10 P. M.
T. J. NOONAN, Superintendent.

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 50 WEST 67TH ST.
Founded by Swami Vivekananda.
Lecture by Swami Bodhananda,
"Seat of Authority," 3 P. M.

BROOKLYN

Congregational

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,
Hancock Street, between Bedford and Franklin Avenues. (Take Fulton Street "L" or surface car to Franklin Avenue.)
Pastor, Rev. S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D.
11 A. M., Rev. Dr. Griffith Jones of England preaches—"An Englishman's Tribute to Mr. Roosevelt."
7:45 P. M., Rev. Geo. W. Ray—"Side Tracked Americans."

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS, Remsen and Henry Sts., (near Borough Hall Subway.)—REV. RICHARD ROBERTS will preach at 11 A. M. 7:45 P. M., "Home Time." Mr. GEORGE M. CLARK will tell of his experiences with the Y. M. C. A. in Italy.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street.
Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor.
11:00 A. M.—"Washington, Lincoln, and Roosevelt; A Memorial Sermon."
7:45 P. M.—Addresses in Memory of Theodore Roosevelt, by Rev. Frederick F. Shannon, D. D., Judge Edwin L. Garvin, Drs Hillis.

Ethical Culture

SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE,
Brooklyn Academy of Music, 11 A. M.
Dr. HENRY NEUMANN,
"John Ruskin, Prophet, 1819-1919."

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Corner South Oxford St.
The Rev. Dr. Robert Marshall Blackburn of Reading, Penn., will preach at 10:30 and 7:45.
Morning—"The Appeal of the Gospel—Is It Selfish?"
Evening—"Theodore Roosevelt, the Man."

Protestant Episcopal

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
Clinton and Montague Streets,
near Borough Hall.
Morning Prayer and Sermon, (Mr. Melish,) 11.
Memorial Service to Theodore Roosevelt, Rev. Henry Washburn, D. D., 8.

Y. M. C. A.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT"
Address by DR. J. F. CARSON.
15th Regiment Artillery Band.
Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., 1121 Bedford Ave.
Sunday, 3 P. M. Men only. Free.
Greatest Men's Meeting in Greater New York

MEN'S ASSEMBLY.
Central Branch Y.M.C.A., 55 Hanson Place.
8:30 P. M.—Dr. RICHARD ROBERTS on
"OUR UNFINISHED FREEDOM."
Motion Pictures at 3 P. M.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Alteration.

5th Av, 581 and 583, to a five-story loft and store; A. Colgate, owner; A. Freeman, 20 West 34th St, architect; cost, $6,000.

White St, 81, to a five-story store and loft; U. T. Hungerford Brass and Copper Co., 80 Lafayette St, owner; W. E. Austin, 46 West 24th St, architect; cost, $15,000.

Front St, 50, to a five-story storage; Stock Quotation Telegraph Co., 26 Beaver St, owner; G. A. Fitting, 225 5th Av., architect; cost, $10,000.

Items under $3,000 omitted.

3d Av, n e corner of 168th St, one-story brick garage, 175.10¼x125; Abraham Ruth, 46 Audubon Av, owner; Sommerfeld & Steckler, 31 Union Square, architects; cost, $40,000.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

The revival of speculative buying in the old retail shopping district was given new impetus yesterday in the sale of two modern loft buildings valued at about $1,200,000 by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company to Bing & Bing, operators and builders.

The transaction involved the twelve-story store and loft structure at 15 and 17 West Twenty-first Street and a lot, 58 feet wide, running through to 16 and 18 West Twenty-second Street. It was built a few years ago by Henry Corn.

The other property is also a twelve-story structure at 37 to 45 West Twentieth Street on a plot 106 by 92 feet, adjoining the Church of the Holy Communion at the corner of Sixth Avenue. Brady, Adler & Koch erected the building in 1910. The J. Romaine Brown Company negotiated the entire transaction.

Henry Clay Frick Negotiating for the Bryce Estate, Held at $550,000.

Negotiations have practically been closed for the sale of the estate of the late Lloyd S. Bryce at Roslyn, L. I., to Henry Clay Frick, whose mansion occupies the site of the old Lenox Library on Fifth Avenue, between Seventieth and Seventy-first Streets. The Bryce estate, which was formerly the home of William Cullen Bryant, is valued at about $550,000. It consists of about 200 acres of land improved with a large brick mansion and numerous outbuildings. The house is from plans by Ogden Codman, who has designed many notable country homes. Mr. Frick now has an estate in Massachusetts. William J. Roome & Co. are the brokers in the transaction.

Jesup House Bought by Improvement Corporation.

The Barstun Realty Company, represented by Rose & Paskus, attorneys, sold the former residence of Mrs. Morris K. Jesup, on plot 49.5 by 100, at 195 and 197 Madison Avenue, southeast corner of Thirty-fifth Street, to the Commercial Improvement Corporation of Madison Avenue, Inc.

The property, which is opposite B. Altman & Co., will eventually be improved by the purchasers, though no definite plans for the work have yet been made.

The Tacoma Sold to Operator.

The Tacoma, a six-story elevator apartment house, consisting of seven stores and thirty-two apartments, located on plot 100 by 100 at 1,364-1,370 St. Nicholas Avenue, was sold by the Allenel Construction Company (Heitner Wolf and Benjamin Mordecai) to the Nason Realty Co. (Max N. Natanson.) The property, situated near 179th Street, rents for $30,000 and was held at $250,000. Byrne & Bowman were the brokers in the transaction, which was for cash.

Charles S. Kohler, Inc., resold for Ennis & Sinnot to an investor the five-story new-law apartment at 595 West 178th Street, on lot 25 by 100, adjoining the northeast corner of St. Nicholas Avenue. It was held at $32,000.

Isear Realty Corporation bought 267 and 269 West 14th Street, a six-story apartment, 41 by 100, through Louis Weitzer, from the 365 West Forty-eighth Street Corporation, controlled by Holtzman Bros., for $50,000.

Spring Street Property Sold.

Edward M. Browning, an investor, purchased from the Empire Mortgage Company the three six-story lofts at 238 Lafayette Street and 67 to 73 Spring Street, the northwest corner of Spring and Lafayette Streets. The buildings occupy a total area 109 by 125 and the assessed valuation is $120,000. William White & Son, in conjunction with F. M. Wells and Thomas G. Prioleau, made the sale.

Mr. Browning also leased the two six-story flats at 15 to 21 West 133d Street for ten years to the I. & M. Realty Company and the apartment at 318 West 134th Street to A. Plotkin for a number of years.

Private Dwelling Buyers.

The three-story and basement brown stone two-family dwelling on plot 18 by 100.11 at 104 West 120th Street was sold by the estate of S. S. Delano, represented by David Lion, to the Merit Realty Corporation of which Marcus L. Osk is President. The property has been held by the sellers for thirty years.

A. B. Carrington sold the five-story American basement dwelling at 308 West 106th Street, on a lot 20 by 100.11, between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive, to an investor.

Tenement Transactions.

James H. Cruikshank has resold to A. Levin 333 East Ninety-fifth Street, a six-story tenement on plot 35 by 100 between First and Second Avenues, assessed at $31,000. M. L. Rosenfeld was the broker.

Benenson Realty Company sold 1,363 Avenue A, a five-story tenement, 25 by 100, in part payment for 939 Dawson Street, southwest corner of 156th Street, 100 by 72.10.

William C. Schmidt sold 1,255 St. Nicholas Avenue, a six-story apartment, 75 by 100, adjoining the southwest corner of 173d Street, to Charles Wynne, through Byrne & Bowman.

Isidore Teitelbaum has purchased the five-story tenement, 470 East Houston Street, on lot 25 by 68, from a client of David Lion.

The Washington Irving Apartment, a six-story elevator structure on a plot 50 by 100 at 203 to 205 West 112th Street, adjoining the corner of Seventh Avenue, was purchased from the Central Savings Bank by Charles Galewski, Inc. The house, now sold for the first time since it was built by F. M. Mertens ten years ago, shows an annual rental of $12,000 and was held at $85,000. C. J. Elgar was the broker.

Big Deal in Bronx.

The Grand Concourse Realty Company, Michael Kaufman president, closed a deal said to involve nearly $300,000 by the sale of two five-story buildings at 80 and 90 Edgecombe Avenue to Ellen E. Wall, between 138th and 139th Streets. The corner house is 72.11 by 85 and the inside building 95 by 85, with a total annual rental of about $30,000. As part payment the purchaser gave 556 and 558 West 188th Street, a six-story modern building, 50 by 100, rental about $12,000, and two buildings 50 by 100 each, 552 and 560 West 148th Street, having a rental of $20,000.

The Grand Concourse Realty Company has already resold the property on 188th Street to Frederick Brown. The brokers in the transaction were O'Reilly & Blumenthal.

Site of Famous Blacksmith's Shop Sold.

The site of Cole's blacksmith shop, a landmark of old Fordham Village, where Edgar Allan Poe and other celebrities used to meet, was sold by Susan V. Snedeker to William Smith of Smith & Phelps. The property is a vacant plot on the east side of Kingsbridge Road and runs through to Briggs Avenue about 200 feet from the junction of Fordham Road. McLernon Brothers negotiated the deal.

New Investing Corporation Makes Its First Purchase.

Samuel D. Mooney, President of a new corporation formed for the purpose of purchasing new-law tenement property for investment, closed its first deal yesterday with the purchase of 1,702 Clay Avenue, a five-story apartment on a plot 61 by 95. The property is fully rented, shows an annual rent roll of $9,000, and was held at $61,000. Charles Berlin negotiated the sale.

The Bronx Market.

Charles Siegel Levy sold to the Isear Realty Corporation 692 East 142d Street, southeast corner of Powers Avenue, a six-story apartment house, arranged for thirty-six families, on a plot 50 by 100. It was a cash transaction. Mr. Levy recently purchased the house from the Benenson Realty Company. It is close to the Hunts Point subway extension.

Alexander Selkin sold for Louis E. Kleban 2,130 Tiebout Avenue, a five-story twenty-five family apartment house, on a plot 85 by 164 by irregular, arranged in suites of three and four rooms and bringing an annual return of $12,500. The new owner is an investor.

Benenson Realty Company purchased two fifty-foot six-story apartment houses on the west side of Webster Avenue, 100 feet south of 169th Street, from the Grand Terrace Construction Company. The buyer gave in part payment the vacant plot 50 by 100 on Crotona Park North, near Marmion Avenue. S. Rosen negotiated the exchange.

T. J. Skelly has sold for Helen Munt to James T. P. Ryan the two frame buildings at 160 and 162 West 188th Street, on a plot 50 by 50, located near the Grand Concourse.

Sound Property Bought by Heckscher.

G. Morris Heckscher has purchased from Timothy Loughlin, Grove Island, off Riverside, Conn., for a consideration of approximately $100,000. The property consists of five acres with a twenty-room house, formerly the home of John A. Topping, which was towed to the Island on two barges from Belle Haven, Conn., last May. Mr. Loughlin has purchased the estate of Col. Richard T. Wainwright at Harrison, consisting of 137 acres and residence. The property, one of the finest in Westchester County, was held at $300,000.

Long Island Sales.

A. M. Kelley, of Manhattan has purchased a plot 400 by 200 located next to the railroad station at Bay Shore on which he will erect a modern raw water ice plant and a 5,000 ton ice storage house. The property, held at $30,000, was sold through Bagley Brewster.

The house and garage on the west side of Cedar Avenue, Far Rockaway, known as the Solomon property, has been sold by the S. & L. Construction Co. to Moe Roth, who will remodel the dwelling for all-year occupancy. Herman Frankfort negotiated the deal.

Charles W. Erskine of Manhattan purchased the Charles Herbert Covell property at Bay Shore. The sale of the residence and grounds, held at $40,000, was made by E. E. Slocum in association with H. E. Watts of Bay Shore.

John Oderwald, now residing at 253 Chestnut Street, Flushing, has bought and will occupy the dwelling on plot 40 by 48 at 238 Madison Avenue, Flushing. The sale was made by J. Albert Johntra, and the property was bought from the Flushing National Bank.

Terrence Doran of Elmhurst has sold the seven-room one family dwelling on plot 75 by 175 at 77 West Twentieth Street, Whitestone, to Michael Rooney, of Whitestone, an investing client of J. Albert Johntra.

New Jersey Sale.

The estate of five acres with a fifteen-room residence fully furnished located on Norwood Avenue, Long Branch, formerly owned by James M. Craig, actuary of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., was resold to the Ilwood Realty Co. by J. L. Van Sant. The property, held at $25,000, was acquired about two months ago by the seller in an exchange for Crotona Hall at Crotona Parkway and 176th Street. J. A. Clarke was the broker.

William B. Haight sold to Mrs. Mabel D. Hollister a residential plot 100 by 256 feet at the northwest corner Woodland and Sunset Avenues, "The Heights," Ridgewood, through S. S. Walstrum, Gordon & Forman.

Louisa G. Fisher sold her residence and quarter acre on Hutton Place, Hutton Park, West Orange, to Mildred B. Randolph. Edward P. Hamilton & Co. made the sale.

Commercial Leases.

The Reformed Church of Harlem rented the store and basement of 2,239 Third Avenue to Fritzer Brothers for a term of years. The transaction was made by A. D. Rockwell, Jr.

In the Grand Central zone Cushman & Wakefield leased for August Heckscher in the 50 East Forty-second Street Building the entire basement to the Horn & Hardart Company, operators of the Automat restaurants, represented by Samuel J. Tankoos. The contract is for a long term at rentals aggregating about $250,000.

Walter J. Salmon has leased for a term of twenty years from May 1 the four-story building 1,679 Broadway, on the west side, between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth Streets, 25.2 by 33.8, from the Lawyers Title and Trust Company, trustee. The lease was recorded yesterday and carries an option of renewal for another period of twenty years.

Realty Notes.

William B. May & Co. negotiated the sale of the dwelling at 20 East Ninety-fourth Street to Senator Pell.

The New York Building Managers' Association will hold a dinner meeting at the Park Avenue Hotel next Tuesday evening. Robert Grier Cooke of the Fifth Avenue Association will address the meeting on organization.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

8th Av, 2,266, e s, 75 ft s of 122d St, 25x100, five-story brick tenement and stores; Mary H. Tompkins against George Kitt et al.; Frederick de P. Foster, attorney; due, $25,071.44; taxes, &c., $651.20; to the plaintiff for $23,000.

163d St, 311 East, n s, 44.3 ft e of College Av, 38x85, four-story brick tenement; Adeline V. Shaw against Magnus G. Misch et al.; Shaw, F. & S., attorneys; due, $3,214.70; taxes, &c., $18,350; to the plaintiff for $22,000.

By Henry Brady.

Allen St, 188, e s, 123.4 ft n of Stanton St, 27.1x87.6x23x87.6, five-story tenement and stores; N. Y. Savings Bank against Samuel Talkeff et al.; John A. Dutton, attorney; due, $19,630.45; taxes, &c., $424.60; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, s w corner of 178th St, 94.11 x100; Harlem Savings Bank to Union Chemical Glassware Co., 206 Broadway, all liens, Feb. 6; attorney, E. S. Clinch, 41 Park Row $100

BRADHURST AV, 16, s e corner of 143d St, (314 West,) 25x70.8x24.11x67.11; Claus C. Rehmke to Charles Wanninger, 114 East 95th St, b. and s., May 8, 1917..........$1

FORT WASHINGTON AV, 66-72, begins 162d St, s s, 175 w of Broadway, 102.2x130.4x 99.1x151.11; Chambold Court Realty Co. to Snavoj Realties, 217 West 111th St, mtgs $215,750; attorney, J. G. Abramson, 30 Church St...........................—

PEARL ST, 269, n s, 17.4x61.7, with all right, title and interest to land adj. n e corner of foregoing, 11x17.3; Jacob Lorillard to Jere F. Donovan, 128 South Oxford St, Brooklyn, Jan. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...................$14,000

SAME PROPERTY; Jere F. Donovan to the Kabee Realty Co., 55 Liberty St, mtg $10,000 Feb. 6; attorney, same.........$100

PLEASANT AV, 375-7, w s, 20.5 ft s of 120th St, 40x85, foreclosure Feb. 4, 1919; Charles S. Guggenheimer ref., to Farmers Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, trustee, Feb. 6; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place $32,000

SPRING ST, 270, s s, 25x100; Jennie I. Ryan to Joseph Rovegno, 466 Manor Road, Borough of Queens, and Joseph C. Vialotti, 59 Downing St, N. Y. City, mtg $19,500, Feb. 6; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

2D AV, 1,883, w s, 24.11 ft n of 97th St, 25x 100; Leybuck Co. to Pocomo Realty Corp., 68 Broad St, b. and s., all liens, Dec. 9; attorney, D. G. Gregory, 68 Broad St.....$1

4TH ST, 74 East, s s, 150 ft w of 2d Av, 25x 93.1; Frederick P. Koppel to Standard Provision Co., 102 Rivington St, Jan. 31; attorneys Koppelman & W., 144 Rivington St. $1

7TH AV, 2,363, e s, 50 ft n of 138th St, 25x100; Leybuck Co. to Pocomo Realty Corporation, 68 Broad St, mtg $25,000, all liens, Dec. 9; attorney, D. G. Gregory, 68 Broad St...$1

10TH AV, 550, e s, 88.5 ft s of 41st St, 19.4x 64; Patrick Kenly to Anna, his wife, 467 West 40th St, all liens, May 21, 1915; address 550 10th Av...........................$100

18TH ST, 220 West, n s, 25x92; Leybuck Co. to Pocomo Realty Corp., 68 Broad St, b. and s., all liens, Dec. 9; attorney, G. D. Gregory, 68 Broad St...........................$1

27TH ST, 40-42 West, s s, 177.7 ft e of 6th Av, runs s 5x w 0.½x599.9x e 45.6x n 98.9 to street x w 45.4 to beginning; District Holding Corporation to Marrow Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, mtg $235,000; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway...$100

46TH ST, 29 West, n s, 341.8 ft west of 5th Av, 20.10x100.5; Ellay Realty Co. to L. Abraham, 29 West 46th St, all liens, Feb. 6, attorney, I. H. Kramer, 115 B'way....$1

80TH ST, 218-220 East, s s, 250 ft e of 3d Av, 50x102.2; James Beaver to Vermilyea Realty Co., 3,879 10th Av, mtg $37,750, Jan. 31; attorney, Lewis S. Marx, 42 Broadway $100

114th St, 47 West, n s, 620 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.11, foreclosure Feb. 4, 1919; Charles G. F. Wahle, referee, to an Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females in City of N. Y., Feb. 7; attorney, F. de P. Foster, 44 Wall St....$10,000

118TH ST, 58 East, s s, 120 ft e of Madison Av. 20x100.11; Jacob Kaucher & Charles J. Schoener to Joseph Kahaner, 12 East 113th St. mgt $8,750, Feb. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 B'way..........$100

159TH ST, 543 West, n s, 390.3 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 14.9x99.11, foreclosure Nov. 21, 1918; John R. McMullen, ref., to Katherine Rainsford, Rye, N. Y., Nov. 27, 1918; attorneys, Speir & B., 52 Wall St......$10,000

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, 1,804 to 1,808, e s, 95x170x 98.10x142.6; Henry K. Davis, referee, to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, Feb. 3; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & S., 40 Wall St $18,000

CROTONA AV, w s, 231.10 ft s of 182d St, 30x210.4x30.11x225.3; Guaranty Trust Co., trustee, to Denwood Realty Co., 159 Willis Av, Feb. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.............$19,000

DALY AV, 1,987, s w corner of 178th St, 50x 80; Jay A. Levey to Albert Goldberg, 1,415 Stebbins Av, mtg $29,000, Feb. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

EAGLE AV, 660, e s, 25x115.1; Robert J. H. Powel, referee, to Adolph G. Furthman, 2,064 Valentine Av, Feb. 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. $5,000

FULTON AV, 1,330, e s, runs n 24x e 208x s 23.4x w — to beginning; Charles May and another to Patrick J. Dunn, 1,326 Fulton Av, mtg $3,000, Feb. 6; attorney, Patrick J. Dunn, 1,326 Fulton Av..............$100

HOE AV, w s, 94 ft s of Aldus St, runs w 111x s 21x w 39x s 21x e 15x n 42; Louisa H. Jackson to Edith Witt, 299 Howe Av, Passaic, N. J., mtg $32,500, N. J.; attorney, Samuel Krona, 55 Liberty St....$100

KELLY ST, w s, 253.11 ft s of Westchester Av, 87.6x100; Jacob Sanders to Regina Slutnik, 879 Elsmere Place, and another, mtgs 75,250, Feb. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

KINGSBRIDGE AV, e s, 287 ft n from point in curve opposite monument, Long Island, 124 ft, runs s e 100 x n 28.9 x w 98.5 x n 26.7; Evert B. Snedeker et al to William F. Smith, 964 East 181st St, Feb. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...............$100

LOT 52, map of Macley Avenue Realty Co.; Arthur B. Kelly, referee, to Francis S. Phraner, trustee, Summit, N. J., Feb. 3; attorney, F. D. Arthur, Cotton Exchange Building.....................$4,000

PROSPECT AV, 970, e s, 75x irregular; 210 West 58th St Co. to Harris Mandelbaum, 12 West 87th St, and another, mtg $117,000, Jan. 31; attorney, Eisman, L. C. & L., 135 Broadway $100

SHEIL ST, n s, being Lots 705 to 711, map of Laconia Park, 175x100; Marcella M. Oakes et al. to Charles W. Oakes, 3,731 White Plains Road, mtg $2,700, Jan. 27; attorney, Charles W. Oakes, 3,731 White Plains Road........................Omitted

SHEIL ST, n w corner of 5th Av, 125x100; same to same, Jan. 27, mtg $3,000; same attorney $100

TOPPING AV, e s, 55 ft s of 174th St, 25x 95; Anna Roth to John Wade, 1,702 Topping Av, mtg $6,500, Oct. 18, 1900; attorney, John Wade, 1,702 Topping Av....$100

W'SHINGTON AV, e s, 135.1 ft s of 174th St, 41.3x109.9x irreg; Abraham Eisenberg to Louis Edzant, 233 Madison St, mtg $28,300, Feb. 4; attorney, A. Cohen, 111 Broadway...$100

136TH ST, 591 East, n s, 25x100; Max Notes to Louis L. Vlass, 1,234 Intervale Av, mtg $12,000, Feb. 6; attorney, E. L. Busach, 391 East 149th St.......$100

138TH ST, 572 East, s s, 24.3x100; also, 136th St, 731 East, n s, 47x100; also, Longwood Av, 920, s s, 47x100; Louis F. Neuhaus to John W. Seekamp, 773 Caldwell Av, Jan. 31; attorney, F. S. Rauber, 145 Nassau St $100

174TH ST, 457 East, n s, 50x100; Louis Bandes et al. to Harris Ratner, 1,816 Crotona Park East, ½ part, mtg $45,000, Feb. 1; attorneys, Davis & D., 31 Chambers St $100

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 103-5, mtg $20,000; Edmund Schwarz to Tobias Shapiro, 69 Avenue C; attorneys, Ginsburg & Packer, 116 Nassau St.................................$1

GREENWICH AV, 15; Francis H. Zabriskie to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.......$11,500

NAGLE AV, 114-116, mtg $6,000; Ida A. Decker to J. Romaine Brown, 79 Fanshawe Av, Yonkers, N. Y.; attorney, same, 299 Madison Av..............................$6,000

8TH AV, 2,074; 7th Av, 751; 48th St, 230 West; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Douglas Merritt, Rhinebeck, N. Y., and another, trustees for Julia D. Dawson, St. David's, Penn.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, 3 assignments $71,000

SAME PROPERTY; Douglas Merritt and another, trustees, to Julia Dawson Brown, St. David's, Penn; attorney, same, 3 assignments $66,000

85TH ST, 74-76 West, mtg $8,000; Hortense Levine to Abel King, 148 East 65th St, and another; attorney, Frederick Lese, 35 Nassau St...................................$100

163D ST, 459 West, mtg $3,500; 163d St, 461 West, mtg $3,500; Abraham Davis and another to Joseph Alexander, 222 West 110th St, and Jacob A. Cohen, 131 West 110th St, 2 assignments, each...............$100

116TH ST, 52 West, mtg $6,000; Philip Rothenberg to Louis Kassin, 842 5th Av, and another; attorney, Simon Berg, 714 Broadway, Brooklyn........................$1

Bronx.

BAINBRIDGE AV, 2,796; John P. Dauth to Corn Exchange Bank, 13 William St; attorneys, Scott, G. & B., 46 Cedar St; other considerations and.................$1,000

BECK ST, w s, 510 ft n of Longwood Av, 40x100; Cooper Union for the Advancement of Science and Art to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co.............................$5,000

CROTONA PARKWAY, e s, 39.9 ft s of 182d St, 39.11x69.3x35x80; William E. Smith to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.......................................$20,000

CROTONA AV, 2,157; Martin J. Grossman to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.........$17,000

FORDHAM ROAD, s s, 61.11 ft e of Tiebout Av, 37.4x33.11x36.2x67; George Heban to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........................$10,000

SAME PROPERTY; Lawyers Title and Trust Co. to Otto W. Wuertz, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.; attorney, same...................$10,000

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, e s, 239.2 ft n of 172d St, 71.6x95.11x irreg; Tillie Wacht to New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St; attorney, New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St.............................$5,000

HARRISON AV, 2,109; Agreeable Realty Co. to Emanuel Hanarvogel, 838 East 9th St; attorney, Frederick Lese, 35 Nassau St. $100

SAME PROPERTY; Emanuel Kavarvogel to Abel King, 148 East 65th St, and another; attorney, same.........................$100

HOE AV, w s, 126 ft s of Aldus St, 42.6x100; Ludwig Ulman to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St..............$7,000

LOTS 39 to 42, 180 to 192, and 195 to 197, map Broadway-City Line property; Edwin Wolf to Steinway Park Realty Co., 200 Broadway; attorney, Steinway Park Realty Co., 200 Broadway.......................$18,000

MARIAN AV, 2,282, n e s, 244 ft n of John, 50x171x50x171; National Savings Bany of City of Albany to John P. Dauth, 1,970 University Av; attorney, John P. Dauth, 1,970 University Av................$33,000

MARMION AV, w s, 140 ft s of 176th St, 50x147; William E. Smith to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorneys, Mackellar & G., 43 Cedar St........$12,500

SAME PROPERTY; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,737 3d Av; attorneys, same.................................$12,500

TINTON AV, 719; William Rankin to Margaret Rankin, 364 Riverside Drive; attorney, A. Rankin, 364 Riverside Drive. $100

TINTON AV, 1,117; Olds Holding Corp. to Lizzie Cohen, 11 East 119th St; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway.........$1

TRINITY AV, s w s, 828; George E. Roman to Rosa Nathan; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$2,000

3D AV, s e corner of Grove St, 26.3x91.9x irreg; Lawyers Title and Trust Co., trustee, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.....................................$4,000

179TH ST, s s, 215.7 ft e of Vyse Av, 39x 115; James Ulman to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorneys, Mackellar & G., 43 Cedar St........................$25,000

SAME PROPERTY; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,737 3d Av; attorney, same..............................$25,000

179TH ST, s s, 176.3 ft e of Vyse Av, 39x 115; Ludwig Ulman et al., executors, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorneys, Mackellar & G., 43 Cedar St......$25,000

182D ST, s s, 148.10 ft e of Crotona Parkway, 40x67.1x40x67.8; William E. Smith to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.......................................$10,000

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner 187th St, 107.5x100; Lawyers' Title and Trust Co. against Euneva Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Dean, Tracy & Stanfield.

EDGECOMBE AV, n w corner 139th St, 99.11x121.5xirregular, to St. Nicholas Av; Glenbrook Co., Inc., against Treblig Realty and Construction Co., Inc. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs.

MAIDEN LANE, 51 and 53; Edw. A. Schmidt against 51-53 Maiden Lane, Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. J. Meehan.

PEARL ST, s w corner Vandewater St, 33.8x 68.5xirregular; Helen S. Ogilvie against Jane V. Farley et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, [illegible]

[illegible] ST, 321 and 323; Masonic Board of Relief against [illegible], foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, [illegible]

48TH ST, 404 East; Henrietta P. Stromberg against Margaret Mullen et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

Bronx.

FRISBY AV, n e corner St. Peters Av, 50x 100; Louise Kuster et al. against Josie Kuhlke et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Knox & [illegible]

[illegible]OOD ST, e s, 66.8 ft s of 243d St, 33.4x 100; Jeanne Marie Eugenie Viala against Sarah E. Mapes et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, S. Williamson.

WALNUT AV, n w corner 135th St, 101.4x 350; also 134th St, n e corner Walnut Av, 207.9x350; Edgar S. Appleby against John T. L. Doughty et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cannon & Cannon.

173D ST, n e corner Bryant Av, 24.7x100; Charles Juster against Joseph Billy et al., action for specific performance of contract; attorney, M. S. Hoffman.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,137 and 1,139, and 6th Av, 502 and 504; McNulty Brothers, Inc., against Walter F. Hopper and Hopaltrum Realty Co., owners; Isaac A. Hopper, Inc., contractors; Feinberg & Feinburg, Inc., subcontractors, renewal.......................$141.20

31ST ST, 58 West; Samuel Greenhouse against Henry Goldstein, owner; Harry Lipner, contractor.....................$131.20

28TH ST, 238 to 250 West, and 27th St, 251 West; Potteron Brothers, Inc., against M. Groh's Sons Inc., owner and contractor $26,051.67

Bronx.

EASTCHESTER ROAD, n e corner of Boston Road, 108.4x132.4; Charles Kling against William Greenfield and Samuel Sennett, lessees and contractors, renewal....$141.34

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

SOUTH ST, Front St, Fulton St, and Beekman St, block &c; Globe Sash & Door Co., Inc., against Fulton Market Realty Corporation et al; Aug. 30, 1918...........$584.03

7TH AV, e s, whole front, 32d to 33d Sts; Fuller Brothers & Co. against Pennsylvania Railroad Co. et al; Feb. 4, 1919 ....$419.00

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

3D AV, 2,113, all; Adelaide R. Henry to Martin Kullmann, on the premises, 6 years, from May 1, 1917; attorneys, Grossfield Bros., 116 Nassau St. $2,040

SAME PROPERTY, all; Martin Kullmann to Frank Dumovitch, 2,113 3d Av, 4 3-12 years, from Feb. 1, 1919; attorneys, same $2,040

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of Cathedral Parkway, 95.11x125, Jan. 28; Winter & Wildes, Inc., to Rose Soroch at Waterbury, Conn., due and interest as per bond; attorney, M. E. Gossett, 261 Broadway. $22,000

AUDUBON AV, 248-54, s w corner of 178th St, 94.11x100, P. M. Jan. 31; Union Chemical Glassware Co. to Gott-More Holding Co., 299 Broadway, due Feb. 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; prior mtg $120,000; attorney, Herman Gottlieb, 299 Broadway $12,000

AUDUBON AV, s w corner of 178th St, 94.11x100, P. M. Feb. 6; Union Chemical Glassware Co. to Harlem Savings Bank, 124 East 125th St, due and interest as per bond; attorney, E. S. Clinch, 41 Park Row $120,000

CHARLTON ST, s w corner of Greenwich St, 19.4x51.10, Dec. 3; Katherine C. Mead et al. to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway, due Feb. 6, 1922, 6 p. c. $4,500

FORT WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 162d St, 102.2x130.4x99.11x151.11, P. M. Feb. 7; Snavoy Realties to Chamboid Court Realty Co., Tarrytown, N. Y., 5 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $200,000; attorney, Frederick Lese, 35 Nassau St. $15,750

LENOX AV, n e corner of 141st St, (79-81 West,) 49.11x100, Jan. 29; State Leasing Co. to the State Bank, 378 Grand St, due July 28, 1926, 6 p. c. $1,250

PEARL ST, 269, n s, 17.4x61.7, with all right, title, and interest to land adjoining on n e corner, 11x17.3, P. M. Feb. 6; Jere F. Donovan to Jacob Lorillard, 6,017 Columbus Av, Philadelphia, Penn., 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $10,000

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, e s, 106.10 ft s of 99th St, 106.5 to n s 98th St x 96.11x100.11x 130.11, Jan. 27; Winter & Wildes, Inc., to Jonas Kolb, 112 Cathedral Parkway, due and interest as per bond; attorney, M. E. Gossett, 261 Broadway $22,250

4TH ST, 74 East, s s, 150 ft w of 2d Av, 25x93.1, P. M. Feb. 7; Standard Provision Co. to F. P. Koppel at Montrose, Westchester Co., N. Y., 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank H. Twyeffort, 128 Broadway $13,300

24TH ST, s w s, 152 ft n w of 9th Av, 23x 80, all title leasehold, P. M. Feb. 6; George A. Lerys to Michael Lakner, 2,850 West 22d St, Coney Island, Brooklyn, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. P. Wilkes, 63 Park Row $1,500

117TH ST, 318 East, s s, 250 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.10, Feb 6; Thomas J. and Anna M. Neacy to American Trust Co., 135 Broadway, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $2,000

118TH ST, 58 East, s s, 120 ft e of Madison Av, 20x100.11, P. M. Feb. 1; J. Kahaner to Jacob Kaveher, 151 West 231st St, and Charles J. Schoener, 102 4th Av, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $8,750

Bronx.

CROTONA AV, w s, 231.10 ft s of 182d St, 30x219.4x39.11x225.3; Denwood Realty Co. to Guaranty Trust Co, 140 Broadway, Feb. 1, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $15,000

DALY AV, 1,987, s w corner of 178th St, 50x 80; Albert Goldberg to Jay A Levey, 829 Beck St, prior mtg $29,000, Feb 6, 2 years, 6 p c; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $2,000

KELLY ST, w s, 252.11 ft s of Westchester Av, 87.6x100; Regina Slutnik to Jacob Sanders, 950 Avenue St. John, prior mtg $58,-000, Feb. 1, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $17,250

For Sale at Woodmere

SIX HOUSES

These homes were built as an investment—to lease—and have never been unoccupied since their completion. They are in good condition and could not be built today at within 50% of the cost of construction. To close the affairs of the builders and owners, the Frank Cotter Co., the houses will be sold on very reasonable terms for delivery May 1st, when present leases expire.

For prices, plans, etc., apply to

WM. K. MACDONALD,
Woodmere, L. I.
Tel. 3128 Woodmere.

MOORE & WYCKOFF,
403 Madison Ave., N. Y. City.
Tel. 3535 Vanderbilt.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Look Everywhere But don't buy until you have seen our California Comfort Homes. Garage, sleeping porch, etc. Beautiful street; two minutes west of Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. (Pamphlet.) JOHN F. CHURLO, 1,778 West 11th St., Brooklyn.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kew Gardens
Long Island.
16 Minutes from Penn. Station.
Kew Gardens Construction Co. is
Now Building Houses
for sale or on order
from plans of distinction
Edgeworth Smith, *Sales Manager.*
1 W. 34th St. *Greeley 5250.*

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER, NEARBY CONNECTICUT AND NORTH SHORE, L. I., PROPERTIES—INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

ALONG THE SOUND
Westchester County and Connecticut.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St. Murray Hill—6441.

IN ONE OF NEW ROCHELLE'S best residential sections. House, 2 years old, 8 rooms, 2 baths; open fireplace, hot water heat; bargain at $9,800.
H. M. OLCOTT 51 East 42d St., N. Y. Tel. Mur. Hill 2326

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AT GREENWICH, CONN.

A piece of ground of about 2½ acres, two modern houses, each containing six master's bedrooms, two baths, three servants' rooms, and bath, all modern improvements, hot water heat, two garages, each with an accommodation for three cars, with rooms above, offered at an attractive figure, closing the estate. Price $32,000.

This is an unusual opportunity to secure a piece of property of this kind, with two attractive houses, in a residential community, at a bargain.

Apply to THOMAS N. COOKE,
Smith Bldg. Tel. 430. Greenwich, Conn.
Office open on Sundays & Holidays.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES
For Rent.
Possession May 1st.
Park Row Bldg.
Carstein & Linnekin, Inc.,
15 Park Row.

Vacated Jan. 31, 1919,
SEMI-COMMERCIAL
STORE and BASEMENT
23rd St., Near 3rd Ave.
202-8 E. 23d St., with "L" into 3d Ave.
18,000 SQUARE FEET
Rent All or Part.
Your own broker, or Fred. W. Seybel, owner.
280 Madison Ave. Tel. 2062 Murray Hill.

Store and Basement
at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
46x96; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators; immediate possession. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

309 WEST 86th ST.
2 ROOMS WITH BATH
ELEGANTLY FURNISHED.
Maid Service. $160 per Month.
RESTAURANT IN BUILDING.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan.

185 East 71st.—Suitable for one or more dentists or medical men; formerly occupied by N. Y. surgeon; remodeled for his use; four floors, all modern improvements. Inquire G, Box 237, Amityville, N. Y.

Private home, 14 rooms and 2 baths, arranged for two families, to lease; $80 per month; completely renovated. FRANKLIN—PHONE 4295 VANDERBILT.

Brooklyn.

7 rooms, up to date stucco house; steam heat, electric light, latest plumbing, parquet floors, tiled bath room, cement block, garage, and is in beautiful location; price $7,550; will also sell furniture. Harris, 1,731 Bay 16th St., Brooklyn. Phone Bath Beach 5941.

Newly completed one-family stucco semi-detached houses with garages for sale; best residential section of Bensonhurst; 7 or 8 rooms, tiled bath and kitchen; every modern improvement. Call at 22 Bay 35th St., Bensonhurst, Brooklyn.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

A WELL-BUILT HOME FOR SALE.

Constructed of soft-toned tapestry brick; elegantly appointed interior; seven bedrooms, three bathrooms, shower baths, tiled kitchen, breakfast porch, sun parlor; finest floors and woodwork; large garage; plot contains 7 city lots; Chester Hill Park, Mount Vernon.

ANDERSON REALTY CO.,
near New Haven Sta., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Now is the time to select your suburban home; if interested in purchasing a choice, high-grade proposition within 35 minutes of Grand Central Station, write for particulars. Box W 209 Times.

Long Island.

Bayside and Broadway, Flushing.—For sale, attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms; near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6896.

Long Beach West cottage; improvements; five rooms, $1,500; $600 cash, balance mortgage; title guaranteed. Call on Thomas Walsh.

TO LET, furnished, to April 25th; exceptional opportunity, exceptional location; $125. Bayside 2540-J.

New Jersey.

To Rent at Norwood, N. J.—Gentleman's country home; 3 acres; located on a high elevation; beautiful view; house 12 rooms, all improvements, garage, fruit, shade; rent $50. Fred Otterstedt, Hillsdale, N. J.

Disposing Hackensack splendid house; bargain; monthly payments. Boundary Realty Co., 30 Church, N. Y.

Westfield.—If buying at $8,000 or less it will pay you to see Morehouse, Sylvania Place, Westfield, N. J.

Houses Wanted.

Small unfurnished house, 8 rooms or less; desirable neighborhood; not above 90th St.; moderate rent. H Davenport, 341 West 45th.

Wanted to rent, with option of buying, up-to-date seven-room house, New Jersey hills. H 694 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Immediately $4,000, first mortgage $18,000, Jersey home; state terms. Mortgage, R 94 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Extraordinary Sacrifice.—Full commission to brokers; property costing owner to date $165,000; slaughter price $6,000; other bargains, quarter price. Browning, 110 W. 40th.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Brick house, with spacious garage, for sale; 2,015 Grand Concourse, Tremont section Bronx; 11 large rooms and 2 baths. Apply R. Moller, 316 East 65th. Phone Plaza 526 for particulars.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

New semi-detached house, all improvements; can be seen Saturday, Sunday. 620 East 8th St., near Ditmas Av.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

Seven room, two baths, house; four sleeping rooms; corner plot; $13,000. Box 12, Forest Hills. Tel. F. H. 6524.

Great Neck, L. I.—Improved property; houses for sale or rent; exceptional homes, Elm Point section. George Guthell, Phone 128M.

BIG SACRIFICE.

Ten acres, Hollis L. I.; 10 minutes' walk to station; $30 per acre; accept bonds in payment. L. Jensen, Hollis, L. I.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8c. commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors; beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, paneled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047

Phone 3652 Cortlandt for appointment to inspect lovely new 7-room home, with every improvement; 8c. commutation; $350 initial payment, low price, easy terms, to quick buyer. Henschel, 89 6th St., Ridgefield Park, N. J.

BARGAIN!—Six-room-bath hollow tile stucco dwelling, steam heat, all improvements; large plot; near station half hour out, Erie, $3,750, easy terms. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau. Telephone 3806 Beekman.

Haworth, N. J.—Handsome residence, newly decorated; 10 rooms, 2 baths, parquet floors hot water heat, gas, electricity; plot 100x120; golf course 2 minutes; station 6 minutes; rent $85. Owner, Box W 97 Times.

Real Estate Wanted.

WANTED TO PURCHASE OR RENT, HEAVILY CONSTRUCTED BUILDING ON LOWER WEST SIDE, AT LEAST 50 BY 100. A. J. ROBERTSON, 542 5TH AV.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Modern hotel apartment in operation and earning over $15,000 clear yearly; subject to small first mortgage; owner will exchange equity of $100,000 for good N. Y. realty; great opportunity; state what you have to offer, giving full particulars. A. J. Sanders, Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia.

FARMS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—150-acre dairy farm, near City of Fall River; can be divided. Address Box 184, Fall River, Mass.

Montana—For Sale or To Let.

OWNER OF 2,045-ACRE WHEAT FARM

located in the heart of the Judith Basin, Montana, now in New York City for a short stay, wishes to sell. Wheat usually yields 30 to 50 bushels annually in this locality. Adjoins town on Milwaukee Ry. and only two miles from another town on Great Northern Ry.; 2,000 acres will be growing in wheat this year. Price $150,000, on easy terms. Purchaser gets 1-3 the crop delivered in elevator without any trouble or expense to him, if place is sold soon. Milton R. Wise, owner, Hotel Ansonia, New York City.

FARMS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

86 acres, (land only), on Croton Lake; fine stone for buildings; choice piece of property; send for description and price. Jacob Erlich, 100 William St., Country Homes.

100-acre farm; 8-room house; 2 barns; 100 fruit trees; 1½ miles Lake Mahopac; $7,500; description. Jacob Erlich, 100 William St. Country Homes.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

FLOORS FOR RENT.

No. 224 5th Av., size 28x65, immediate poss.; also top floor with skylights. Apply Daniel Birdsall & Co., Inc., 425 5th Av., phone Vanderbilt 4281, or your own broker.

LARGE CORNER STORE, FACING GRAND CENTRAL STATION, 98x102; RENT $18,-000; LONG LEASE; PRINCIPALS ONLY. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

Factory space for rent; 2,600 square feet; first floor, all conveniences; heat, light and power; 3 minutes from Queens Plaza station. F. S., 810 Times Downtown.

Factory, (frame building,) Jersey City; railroad siding; two floors; no posts; 45x82; rent about $75. Farrier, 30 Church St.

Factory site with railroad siding; will erect building to suit your requirements. Weiss, 1 Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

Mail privilege, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Large office, all or part, furnished or unfurnished, Woolworth Building; fine for sales organization. H 688 Times Downtown.

109 Broad.—Large and small light offices; low rent. Apply on premises.

For Rent—Desirable studios; rents $65 up; can be divided. Slater Buildings, 7 West 42d.

Offices and salesrooms in modern building. 110 East 23d St., near 4th Av.

37TH, 32 WEST.—Large light parlor; suitable any light business. Marston.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED, BY A RESPONSIBLE FIRM, A SMALL BUILDING, LOWER DOWNTOWN DISTRICT; BUSINESS PURPOSES, SUITABLE FOR OFFICES, WAREHOUSE AND LIGHT MANUFACTURING. WRITE ONLY, SUITE 408, 90 WEST ST., NEW YORK.

An enterprising painting and decorating concern is desirous of renting space in a real estate office. What have you to offer? Seklir & Light, 591 Coney Island Av., Brooklyn.

Desk room wanted, in Hudson Terminal, 30 or 50 Church St., by responsible firm. L 290 Times.

Garage wanted; about 10,000 feet, preferably new; state price, location. L 293 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

78TH, 42 EAST.—3 rooms and bath; well-furnished, high-class apartment house; to lease until Oct. 1; rent $135. Murray.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

Furnished—West Side.

16TH, 125 WEST, (near 6th Av.)—4 rooms, housekeeping apartment; complete lease; elevator; piano. 6600 Chelsea. Baker, Apartment 140.

32D, 9 WEST.—2 rooms, bath, service; period furniture. Steigelman.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $30 per week; full hotel service.

44TH, 236 WEST.—Three large, light connecting rooms, kitchenette; elevator apartment. Kenzel.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

48TH ST., 49 WEST.
LARGE BEDROOM, SITTING ROOM, KITCHENETTE, BATH; SEEN 1-4. INQUIRE BURRETT.

55TH, 70 WEST, (at Hotel Devon.)—To sublet until June, two handsomely furnished suites; southern exposure; can be seen afternoons after 2. Telephone Circle 290, Apt. 612.

59TH, 38 WEST, between 5th and 6th Avs., facing Central Park, one of the most desirable locations in the city, three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, completely furnished, to sublet until Oct. 1. Apply present occupants, 10th floor, front.

59TH, 24 WEST. — Handsomely furnished housekeeping apartment, 3 sunny rooms; restaurant. Mason.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the New West End.) —Two, three-room apartments; $70-$90; latest improvements; completely furnished.

70S, WEST SIDE.—THREE SPLENDID SUITES, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED; EXCELLENT SERVICE; $325, $225, $125 PER MONTH. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 8055.

72D, 166 WEST.—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, and fine bathroom; exceptionally large rooms; handsomely furnished; $125; all appointments are of highest standard; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Tel. Columbus 7640.

77TH ST., 233 WEST.—To sublet until May 1, 7 rooms, comfortably furnished, ground floor apartment, facing Broadway and 77th St.; rent $175 per month. Telephone Schuyler 9719.

89TH, 322 WEST.—Magnificent suite, two adjoining, maid service; leaving for Europe; sacrifice.

93D, 270 WEST.—Top floor; large room, bath, kitchenette, service, telephone, $45, furnished, unfurnished; artist's studio available. Opper.

137TH, 601 WEST.—Elegantly furnished 3 or 4 room apt. 26E.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice furnished apartment, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

BROADWAY, 2,333, (85th.)—Three-four room kitchenette apartment; adults, preferably men. Apartment 2.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS. 162 WEST 72D ST

SUBLET, furnished, seven rooms, three baths, west side and 80th St.; March to October, $300 per month. Phone Farragut 8887.

THE REGAL APARTMENTS,
55th St. and 7th Av. New fireproof apartment house; elaborately furnished suites of 1 room and bath, $75 to $80; 2 rooms, bath, $100 to $150; every modern improvement, including maid and valet service; reduction on unfurnished apartments. Ownership management.

TO SUBLET.—Tastefully furnished apartment four rooms and bath, until October; $150. L. B. Ball, 82 West 12th St.

Unfurnished—East Side.

33D, 141 EAST, (Near Lexington Av.)—Five-room apartment, private; latest improvements; steam heat, hot water supply, electricity, bath; rent $55. Ring basement bell.

50S.—In the 50s, near Park Av., two rooms and bath; $70 to $80; large living rooms. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 296.—Ground floor, corner modern suites, suitable physician or private.

ONE of the most desirable simplex apartments to sublease, unfurnished, on Park Av. in the Sixty's, having five master's and seven servants' rooms, six baths. Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., 10 East 45th St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

8TH ST., 11 WEST.—2 rooms and bath; steamheat and electricity; Washington Square section; $40.
FRANKLIN, PHONE VANDERBILT 4295.

72D, 322 WEST.—Two and three elegant large rooms, baths; entire floor private residences; rent $110-$125 monthly.

83D ST., 4 WEST.—3 rooms, kitchenette with bath; immediate possession; apply premises 9 to 12.

94TH ST., 276, (nr. West End Av.)—Two spacious rooms and bath, just completed; $1,100 and $1,200. Tel. Morning, 1114.

WEST END AV., 312.—KITCHENETTE; 2 ROOMS; 2D FLOOR; YR. LEASE ONLY. $100, ELEC. AND GAS INCLUDED.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

WANTED, FOR THREE MONTHS, FURNISHED APARTMENT ON DRIVE OR PARK; MUST HAVE TWO OR THREE BEDROOMS, ONE MAID'S ROOM; WILL PAY $200-$300 MONTH; PLEASE DESCRIBE FULLY; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION WANTED. L 321 TIMES.

Apartments Wanted, Furnished.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Four rooms, bath, kitchen to June 1; $150 a month; east, below, 70th; east or west, below 59th. 103 Waverley Place, Room 301.

Unfurnished.

Three large rooms and kitchenette; must be modern; Greenwich Village or anywhere in Manhattan below 96th St.; rent from $50 to $75 a month; will sublet or take new lease; possession immediate or Feb. 15. Address N. N., 269 Times Downtown.

Uptown, west side, 4-5 rooms; modern apartment; not to exceed $55; $10 bonus. J. H. Schrader, 354 Bergen Av., Jersey City. Phone Bergen 5109, Apt. 8.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

68TH, 232 EAST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; very private; all conveniences; gentlemen; references.

86TH, 58 EAST.—2 very desirable medium-sized rooms.

West Side.

11TH ST., 237 WEST.—Sunny, dainty single room; modern apartment; kitchen privileges. Henry.

50TH ST., 79 WEST.—Nicely furnished 2d story sunny room, bath connecting; references.

72D, 120 WEST.—Beautiful furnished, clean, light rooms; entire new management.

73D, 103 WEST.—Large front room; lavatory, hot and cold water.

76TH, 42 WEST.—Handsomely decorated front parlor, private bath; select house; references.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Perfectly appointed, large room, private bath; electricity; parquetry; gentlemen; exclusive.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Desirable large and small room; all conveniences.

77TH, 128 WEST.—Attractively furnished double rooms; twin beds; gentlemen preferred.

78TH, 260 WEST.—Large room, all conveniences; phone, electricity. Phone Schuyler 3553.

82D, 155 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor, three rooms and bath; piano; telephone, electricity.

90TH, 102 WEST.—Large, beautiful, clean front room; refined French family. Delorme.

92D, 121 WEST.—Warm, pleasant, well-furnished room for one; hot water.

105TH, 28 WEST.—Large front room, private house; gentlemen. Phone 1090 Academy.

113TH, 517 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room; conveniences; high-class; Apt. 21.

115TH, 620 WEST.—Attractive suite, one or two rooms, bath adjoining, overlooking Riverside, Hudson; homelike. Apt. 22. Morningside 380.

118TH ST., 400 WEST, (Corner Morningside Drive.)—Attractive, sunny suite, overlooking park. Harmon.

118TH, 40 WEST.—Warm, quiet, cheerful room; closet; select apt. Dickson.

119TH ST., 124 WEST.—Desirable small room, private house; electricity, telephone, bath; references.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Attractively furnished double room; western exposure; opposite Teachers College, between Morningside-Riverside Drives; $10. Mrs. Finch.

140TH, 503 WEST.—Nicely furnished room for business lady; $5. Reid, Audubon 1211.

143D, 501 WEST.—Beautiful large front sunny room, plenty heat, phone, electricity; refined home; $12 per week. Apartment 1.

BROADWAY, 2,880.—Exclusive home for one desiring comfort and refinement. Phone Cathedral 7980. Apartment 20.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46, (THE GEYMORE.) — ATTRACTIVE ROOMS WITH BOARD; EXCEPTIONAL TABLE. SCHUYLER 4306.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Near 115th.)—Large rooms, overlooking Hudson; suitable for two gentlemen; refined private family; moderate; telephone bet. 4-6, Morningside 1339.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Two large connecting rooms overlooking Drive; $90 monthly. Payne.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Wanted—By gentleman, a sunny, warm, well-furnished room; running water, closet; use of telephone; one flight up; near west side elevated or subway, between 50th St. and 100th St.; preferably with meals; price moderate; give full particulars and telephone number. H 707 Times Downtown.

Refined couple, with nine-year daughter, desires two rooms, with bath, in private family with no other guests; location north of 72d St., west side; breakfast and dinner preferred, but not essential; possession Feb. 12 to 15; references exchanged. B 66 Times.

Refined gentleman, middle age, desires by Feb. 15, furnished room with private bath, southern exposure; would prefer private family and location between 72d and 86th, west side; please state particulars and price. H 698 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN, SINGLE, AGE 28, SEEKS OPPORTUNITY TO SHARE SM. APARTMENT WITH REFINED GENTLEMAN, BETWEEN 72D AND 96TH STS., WEST SIDE. J. S., 195 TIMES.

Business woman, Christian, wants outside, well-furnished room, with refined family; about West 160th St.; $3.50 to $4.50. Telephone St. Nicholas 180.

Single room, between 23d-33d Sts., on Madison Av.; 1st or 2d floor; rates. B. M., 88 East 111th St.

Business man desires small furnished room with private family; location near 110th, West; price limit $5. W 205 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

68TH ST., (Central Park West.)—Refined Christian family; high-class elevator apartment; 1 room, running water; also meals to gentleman appreciating real home. 6279 Columbus.

75TH, 161 WEST.—Lovely, large room, private bath; gentlemen or business couple.

75TH, 56 WEST.—Attractive room with bath, southern exposure, electricity; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Medium and small rooms, running water, electricity; French cuisine.

79TH, 218 WEST.—Small, light room, adjoining bath; electricity; excellent table; $11.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Medium second front single room, electricity, good table; references.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Superior accommodations, first class board; modern improvements; small private family of refinement. Jay.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Lady owning handsome home offers second floor with private bath.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Front room for two; table guest; refined Jewish home.

94TH, 38 WEST.—Front room for gentleman; all improvements; table guest; Jewish.

102D, 305 WEST. — Opportunity for two adults in private Christian American family; front room, 4 southern windows; 2d floor.

102D, 244 WEST.—Second floor, private bath; other rooms; references; table guests.

107TH, 322 WEST (Riverside, Broadway).— Luxurious private residence, three spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; modern.

110TH, 501 WEST.—Two large, sunny rooms, attractively furnished, in high-class apartment overlooking Cathedral Park; convenient subway, elevated; excellent board in house; also large, light bed-living room, with lavatory; $9 and $15; references; Apartment 29.

135TH, 229 WEST.—Refined family will take 1 or 2 children to board; excellent care. Moore.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard;
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $11-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 676, (93d.)—Two large rooms, bath adjoining; home cooking; exclusive married couple or gentlemen.

BOARD WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Foreign family, couple, two children, 4, 5 years, and maid, want two front bedrooms and private bath, excellent cooking, between 72d and 116th, West. Mrs. Leal, Room 105, Belleclaire Hotel.

College-bred young man desires sunny room; breakfast and dinner optional; private family or small boarding house, not above 110th; moderate; references; full particulars. W 185 Times.

Couple wishes two connecting rooms and board near Columbia University; state full particulars. G 390 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165 White Plains

ROCKLEDGE MANOR FAMILY HOTEL, 124 Bruce Av. Tel. 3344 Yonkers.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"30 Minutes from Broadway."

A parlor, bedroom, and private bath in a delightful family hotel, together with excellent meals for two persons, from $30 to $60 per week; situated in beautiful East Orange; 150 trains a day. Take Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from East Orange station. Write for Booklet.
W. T. READE, Resident Prop.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, office details; capable, efficient; nine years' experience; references. W 206 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Experience 4 years controlling accounts, trial balance; $18. A 1042 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, and stenographer; 6 years' experience; salary $20. G 382 Times.

BUYER'S ASSISTANT.—Capable business woman wants position; knows the market and understands merchandise; specialty shop and years of mail order experience. K 640 Times Downtown.

COMPANION to lady; refined middle-aged widow; could supervise household; references. Z 270 Times Annex.

FILE CLERK.
Refined Christian, familiar with various systems of filing, desires position; 4 years' experience; excellent references; salary, $20. A 767 Times Downtown.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER desires position in private family 2 to 6 days week. Mrs. Arlington, 2,179 5th Av.

GOVERNESS, French, visiting, wishes more pupils mornings and evenings; reasonable terms. Miss B. Javy, 225 East 53d.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Good references; middle-aged woman. 348 East 58th St. McDermott.

MAID.—Refined woman wishes position as lady's maid; understands facial and scalp work, also manicuring; will make herself useful. L 499 Times Downtown.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, general. Richmond, 129 New St., Newark, opposite tubes.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th St. Riverside 3329.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, refined, educated, highly capable, desires position; excellent references. A 1041 Times Harlem.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—(36;) knowledge stenography; refined, conscientious; $20. Loonis, 97 Times Brooklyn.

SALESWOMAN.—Lady in touch with well-dressed women wishes to sell for first-class city house ladies' stylish day and evening gowns, also hats, on her own private premises, west side. Phone Schuyler 8250.

SEWING.—Lady do plain sewing at home, children's. Write Evans, 496 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—(17,) neat, competent; references. Telephone May Smith, 6265 Tremont. Address, 453 Tremont Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady desires position downtown; refined, capable; $20. H 720 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST.—Neat, accurate; $10. Esther Fishman, 200 West 116th. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST.—Experienced, accurate. Adeline Precker, 202 West 116th. Morningside 1480.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly; service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst, phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, New York University graduate, 6 years public accounting, corporation auditing experience, seeks C. P. A. or managerial connection. G 331 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 34, high grade, late in charge of accounting dept. large corporation; statements, tax reports, systematizing. W 204 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high grade executive, record of achievement, seeks position, controller or executive large corporation. H 726 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, 25 years public experience, systematizing, opening, closing, writing books, statements, &c.; day, week, month. G 550 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 17 years' general and cost good executive; capable of making revisions if necessary; excellent references. W 181 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT. — Expert; prepares income tax return and gives advice. K 664 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; middle age; thoroughly efficient, accurate, temperate, and reliable; can take full charge, controlling, cost, manufacturing and commercial experience; trial balances, financial statements; salary $25; excellent references. B 27 Times.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, 20, controlling accounts, trial balances, N. Y. U. accounting student experience. Write H. A., 14 Avenue A.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (36,) executive ability, take charge; modern methods, controlling accounts, financial statements, corporation accounting; $35. G 352 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 22, college education, three years' experience, will exchange services for advancement and reasonable salary. L 522 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typewriter, reliable, American boy; beginner; good penman; $10. K 639 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS MAN, 15 years' experience South America, open for representation. R 81 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR looking for job with his own car; light trucking delivery. P. Fessia, 222 W. st 30th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, fourteen years' experience; can drive any car; references. W 220 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 8 years' experienced driver, wishes position with private family. Andrew Kossar, 1,001 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC wishes position on commercial car; first-class references. Niessner, 62 East End Av.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced; do night driving use of automobile; best references. R 85 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, late Motor Transport Corps, wants steady work; married. Ward, 416 East 52d St.

CHAUFFEUR, good mechanic, position. Belz, P. O. Box 441, White Plains, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, careful driver; good references. 2454 Harlem. Smith.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, graduate from Rensselaer, desires position with any chemistry firm; salary to start reasonable. G 574 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN will rent for business or educational purposes his mind, trained in philosophy and the arts, practiced in general advertising; moderate rental. Alv., 145 West 76th St., New York.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical, technical education; board and shop experience; layout, detail; automobile and general machinery. G 386 Times.

EDITOR wishes connection with technical or general publication. W 198 Times.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER DRAFTSMAN.— Young, technical graduate, 5 years' experience on power plants and industrial mill buildings, steam piping, machinery, electric power, and lighting layouts; handled important war jobs; available at once. G 361 Times.

ELECTRICAL APPRENTICE, student at N. Y. E. school evenings, willing worker, seeking employment with a future. W 782 Times Downtown.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.

Exceptional ability and business training; long experience manufacturing plants, hiring and handling help in various lines; strong personality; modern methods; housing, safety, and welfare activities; no theorist; desires position of responsibility; highest references H 734 Times Downtown

ENGINEER, Russian, age 26, speaks, reads, and writes English, college man, desires permanent connection with progressive concern, especially one having interests in Russia in future needing representative over there; can refer to prominent American engineers; willing to make moderate start if future is assured. Z 249 Times Annex.

ENGINEER, technical graduate, honorably discharged, seeks position engineering or manufacturing concern; best references; future main object. G 370 Times.

FARM MANAGER.—Wanted, March 1, position as farm manager or manager poultry plant; will guarantee results. Z 257 Times Annex.

FORESTER and shade tree expert, several years' experience, desires position supervising tree work on estates; references. G 291 Times.

FRENCH COUPLE, man with many years' experience in hotel business, wish to take charge as manager of country club all year round; best references. E. Dussien, 474 3d Av., City.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Experienced; Japanese student; part time; near Columbia. Shiomi, 17 East 83d.

MANUFACTURING, exporting. Progressive? Seeking a progressive man? College graduate, 22, naval discharge, seeks position with good future; will start from bottom; alert, adaptable, energetic, refined, tactful; salary secondary. L 495 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, 34, married, with world-wide experience, perfect in English, French, Italian, Hungarian and German, wishes export position as manager, correspondent or foreign representative. Z 256 Times Annex.

OFFICE OR EXPORT department; a young Spanish man would like to find a position. L 523 Times Downtown.

REPORTER, educated, energetic young man, with limited experience but ability to write, wishes position on reportorial staff of newspaper or trade journal. Box A 403 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, civil engineer, 15 years' experience; mechanically inclined; best reference. L 301 Times.

SALESMAN, highest qualifications and references, with established 5th Av. office and showroom, looking for representations of reliable manufacturers for following lines: Fancy goods, leather goods, ladies' bags, toys and novelties, embroidered specialties, and kindred lines, to cover New York, eventually Eastern territory. G 224 Times.

SALESMAN. — Mechanical engineer, selling experience, ability, desires connection reliable firm. G 387 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, desires position with reliable concern as to travel the New England States or elsewhere. G 362 Times.

SALESMAN.—Fur coat lines to sell jobbers and early retailers on commission basis. Z 252 Times Annex.

SECRETARY.—Young naval officer, highly educated, versatile, familiar with accounting, finance, contemplating resigning from service, wishes connection with party in the capacity of confidential secretary. P. O. Box 533, Annapolis, Md.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPEWRITER, experienced, rapid, accurate operator, desires position; $20-$25. G 338 Times

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, 5 years' experience, highest credentials, desires evening employment. R 99 Times.

STENOG., Eng.-Spanish, expert translator both languages; $25. G 341 Times.

TRANSLATIONS of catalogues, &c., from English to Portuguese and French accurately by civil engineer. G 311 Times.

TYPIST desires work evenings; has typewriter and does work home. R 106 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 29, desires position of trust and responsibility as purchasing agent or assistant; thoroughly experienced and expert in all technical matters pertaining to electrical apparatus, machinery, tools, &c.; is practical mechanic and thoroughly familiar with prices and market conditions. L 515 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, ex-Lieutenant, good education, seeks job; salesmanship ability; any capacity; aggressive, competent, reliable. W 171 Times.

YOUNG MAN, graduating from college, ambitious, willing, desires position with opportunity for advancement with reliable firm. A 1046 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 18, ambitious, wants clerical work; knowledge of typewriting. G 358 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, ex-Lieutenant, good education, desires position offering possibility of advancement. Y. M., 1,775 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) high school graduate, knowledge of stenography, bookkeeping. A 1044 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 22, honorably discharged from army; high school graduate; experienced in exporting office. Herman, 740 Hegney Place.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

SPANISH CORRESPONDENT and bookkeeper, knowing English, open for engagement; $18-$20. The Beers Agency, Flatiron Bldg. Gramercy 5030.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

AIRBRUSH WORKER on post cards; steady work; pleasant surroundings. Albertype Co., 250 Adams St., Brooklyn.

ALTERATION HAND.—First-class alteration hand for dresses in exclusive specialty shop; reference required. Call in morning. Harrison, 3,675 Broadway, at 152d St. Phone Aud. 3564.

AUDITOR.—Experienced young lady to audit restaurant checks. Call Lussier, restaurant, 147 West 43d St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; must be capable of taking entire charge of books and a rapid typist; only those with experience need apply; interview by appointment; a good position for the right party. P. J. Durham Co., Inc., 244 West 49th St. Telephone Bryant 4263.

BOOKKEEPER, BETWEEN 25 AND 30 YEARS; MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; FOR HIGH-CLASS DRESSMAKING HOUSE; MUST HAVE BEST OF REFERENCES. APPLY AFTER 10 A. M., CARMICHAEL, 12 EAST 55TH ST.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady experienced, quick and accurate; full charge of books; good permanent position with chance for advancement. Apply in person with written application, G. B. Herzig Co., Inc., 41 West 29th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in double entry, trial balance, and general office work of manufacturer; permanent position; state former employer and salary expected. H 705 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT AND STENOGRAPHER; MANUFACTURING EXPERIENCE PREFERRED. WRITE TO SAM SAMUELS, 31 WEST 27TH.

CASHIER—Experienced hotel dining room; only those with experience in hotel dining rooms need answer; state experience, age, and salary. A 405 Times Downtown.

COMPANION, South American lady or one who can speak Spanish, to accompany lady to South America; Spanish or South American birth preferred. Apply Miss Conkling, 65 West 55th St.

CORSET FORELADY.—Large corset manufacturer, within commuting distance of New York, requires services of experienced corset forelady; state age, experience, salary required and full particulars; exceptional opportunity; strictly confidential. K 615 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR wanted, with knowledge of stenography; preferably one familiar with metal and electrical terms; state experience, nationality, and salary. H 724 Times Downtown.

GIRL.—WANTED BY PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL PUBLICATION, GIRL 18-20, FOR CLERICAL WORK; SOME KNOWLEDGE OF TYPEWRITING DESIRABLE; IDEAL WORKING CONDITIONS; SALARY $12. APPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING. B 16 TIMES

GIRL, general housework, with or without laundry; small family; room, private bath; attractive wages. Telephone South Orange 1245.

GIRL wanted; general housework afternoons; good wages. Phone Audubon 1910. Apt. 28.

HOUSEWORK.—First class maid wanted; family 3; $40. Telephone Riverside 8387, 645 West End Av., Apt 11A.

LACE SALESWOMEN.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., BROOKLYN, REQUIRE EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN FOR PERMANENT POSITIONS IN THEIR LACE DEPARTMENT. APPLY ANY HOUR OF THE DAY TO SUPERINTENDENT, FOURTH FLOOR.

MILLINERY preparers and saleladies wanted. Selmark Co., 122 West 34th St.

MODELS.
STYLISH,
ATTRACTIVE;
MISSES'
SIZE,
16;
PERMANENT
POSITIONS;
HIGHEST
SALARIES.
C. KENYON CO.,
200 5TH AV.,
ROOM 526.

MODELS, (SIZE 18.)
ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES;
HIGH CLASS DRESSES.
MACK KANNER & MILIUS,
136 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 36,
STYLISH, ATTRACTIVE;
HIGHEST SALARIES.
C. KENYON CO.,
200 5TH AV., ROOM 526.

MODELS—SIZE 16.
Attractive young ladies
for showroom.
M. ALTMAN & CO.,
29 West 30th St.

MODELS, perfect, 16 and 36 size, experienced, for showroom cloak and suit house. Sperber, Frank & Engel, 27 West 33d.

NURSERY MAID.—Trained or practically experienced; reliable; care of infant and assist with care of a 2-year-old boy. Call Sunday afternoon or write giving references, experience, &c., to E. O. H., 722 Westminster Road, Flatbush; take Brighton "L" to Newkirk Av. Telephone Kenmore 2578M.

NURSE, French or Swiss, for ten-year-old girl; family live in New York during Winter and in country home on Long Island in Summer; would prefer young woman between the age of 19 and 30; must come well recommended as to character, &c.; state full particulars, age, experience, and salary expected. A 423 Times Downtown.

NURSE for seven months old baby; only child. Apartment 31, 523 West 112th St. Telephone Cathedral 7474.

NURSE, graduate, needed for regular ward duty. Tarrytown Hospital, Tarrytown, N. Y.

OFFICE NURSE for nose and throat office; must live in; 2 nurses kept; give experience and salary expected. Doctor, B 63 Times.

SALESWOMEN
possessing ability may secure remunerative positions in petticoat department with best stores out of town. Wm. Epstein & Bro., 1,230 Broadway.

SALESWOMEN, experienced on gowns and suits; position permanent; good salary. Bernard, 531 6th Av.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, IN OFFICE OF LARGE BROOKLYN MANUFACTURING CONCERN; MUST POSSESS TACT, INITIATIVE AND SEVERAL YEARS COMMERCIAL TRAINING; GOOD EDUCATION ESSENTIAL; IN REPLY GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. Z 263 TIMES ANNEX.

STENOGRAPHER for stenographical department of large publishing house; must be steady worker and have at least four years of business experience, preferably along advertising or editorial lines; Underwood machine. Address S. Schloss, P. O. Box 30, Station D, New York.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER.—Must be absolutely accurate at figures, take charge paper stock book, experienced at figuring monthly paper requirements for magazines preferred; position permanent; prospects exceptional; state experience, references, salary. Address "Reliable," 188 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — ASSISTANT STENOGRAPHER AND GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT; GOOD FUTURE WITH HIGH SALARY FOR A BRIGHT WOMAN OF PLEASING PERSONALITY; $18 TO START. APPLY MARCEAU STUDIO, 624 5TH AV., 3D FLOOR.

STENOGRAPHER—Bright, neat, capable, experienced in double entry bookkeeping; must be able to operate Elliott Fisher billing machine; permanent position; high school graduate preferred; $18. Apply Harris & Tipograph, 15 West 4th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman of good education in downtown office; some experience or training in keeping simple books; state age, education, and experience. Address W 778 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; permanent and attractive position with leading magazine; accuracy, intelligence essential; for make-up advertising department; state experience and salary. Brains, 214 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced; familiar with office detail; permanent position to right party; state salary desired and phone number. K 652 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of general office details; one who has initiative and confidence in her ability. Hollander, 3 Howard St.

STENOGRAPHER thoroughly familiar with legal forms wanted; state salary expected. A 408 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced; salary $20 a week. Call Manhattan Storage and Warehouse Co., Lexington Av. and 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, and assist bookkeeper; must be experienced and accurate. Lieberman & Dorf, 48 West 25th St.

STENOGRAPHER by an old established firm; state age, experience, and salary; Protestant firm. H 713 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable of taking dictation in French Address W 177 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, legal experience. Call today, 2 o'clock, Room 1304, 256 Broadway.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, experienced, intelligent, young woman who is also stenog and typist; good opportunity for right person; no beginners need apply; state full particulars. H 702 Times Downtown.

TEACHER, high school graduate preferred, for primary subjects. Apply Hebrew National Orphanage House, 62 St. Mark's Place, New York, all day.

TEACHER of bookkeeping, commercial English, Pitmanic shorthand; small business school; half hour New York. Address Confidential, Z 232 Times Annex.

TEACHER.—Grades; not in city; immediate; good salary. R 50 Times.

TYPIST.—Must be rapid and some experience in billing. Call Republic Textile Co., 244 5th Av.

TYPIST.—Young lady, neat, accurate, experienced in billing, for export department. Davis & Lawrence Co., 10 Christopher St.

WOMEN.—Dining room and kitchen help wanted; high-class hotel. Apply 11 A. M., Miss Saunders, 143 East 39th St.

YOUNG WOMAN, thoroughly competent to take complete charge of order department, wanted by Brooklyn shoe factory; reply by letter only, stating fully age, experience, &c. T. W., 416 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

YOUNG WOMAN of good appearance for our reception room; experience in meeting people; good references essential. Campbell, 1970 Broadway.

YOUNG LADY to do typing, figure invoices, &c., capable of making herself useful and agreeable to other employes; salary $15 to start; hours 9-5, Saturday half day. Apply Room 907, 10 East 43d St.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED
in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. Proper training is discussed in our free booklet "Opportunities for Women." Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for complimentary copy of this booklet and for details of training classes now forming.
PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

EDUCATED YOUNG WOMEN
fitted for excellent positions as secretaries, stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, file clerks, [illegible]
Y. W. C. A. COMMERCIAL SCHOOL.
Write or telephone for Commercial Folder of courses to begin February 17. Education Secretary, 376 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. Telephone Main 7046.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.
Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors; every-day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured; registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 92, Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS. — Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

COMPETENT SECRETARIES ARE IN DEMAND.—By study and training in Secretarial Practice you can qualify for desirable secretarial positions. Write for booklet No. 51, describing classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

WOMEN.—Get U. S. Government permanent positions; $1,100 first year; write for list positions. Franklin Institute, Dept. 675 M, Rochester, N. Y.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Vanderbilt 3639. 40th St.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU; FREE REGISTRATION.
STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS,
CLERKS, BOOKKEEPERS.
Excellent positions for high-class applicants.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY,
93 Nassau St. 489 5th Av.
Stenographers, (Christian firms,) $15-$20.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors, N. Y. University men, with at least 2 or 3 years' accounting experience, are needed for Government work at Washington. See Mr. Duggan at the Efficiency Bureau.

ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly experienced and capable, to take full charge of adults. Call 9-10 A. M., Herman Miller, 1,133 Broadway.

ADVERTISING AGENCY OPENINGS.

A rapidly growing, well-equipped, and fully recognized advertising agency, located in an unusually attractive residential city, which is also one of the largest manufacturing cities in the East—less than 500 miles from New York City—offers the following opportunities to two young men who can qualify:

LAYOUT MAN.

He must have the ability to design attractive advertising circulars and magazine pages for big national advertisers; he must know paper stocks and engraving processes; he must know type and how to lay it out for a compositor, and be a careful proofreader; ability to draw a little would also be of value.

COPY WRITER.

Young man of proved success as a writer of copy for big national advertising accounts; he must be creative, resourceful, and have the ability to write interesting, sales-producing copy.

Write, stating age, education, experience, accounts worked on, and initial salary desired; unless capable of meeting requirements do not reply; experienced men wanted, not beginners.

CONFIDENTIAL,
Z 262 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN, signs, displays, and service; permanent position, unlimited opportunity; commission. Binger Co., 5 West 23d.

AN experienced valet who can cook and take charge of a bachelor's apartment; only those having city references need apply. Z 273 Times Annex.

ARE YOU A SALESMAN?

The manufacturer of a high-grade light six motor car is reorganizing his sales department, and widening the scope of his efforts.

If you possess real sales and executive ability, with broad experience, perseverance, initiative, and unalterable determination to succeed, there is an opportunity to secure a permanent position carrying with it a very substantial income and an uncommonly attractive future.

Automobile experience is not essential to qualify. In reply give full details of past experience and references; salary and commission. Sales Manager, Y 361 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BILL CLERK.—One who understands entering of bills; $65 month, with meals. Hotel Plaza, 58th St. and 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accurate, systematic; general hustler; help manage egg jobbing business, selling stores, hospitals; moderate salary start; good opportunity, right qualifications. Apply letter, stating experience, references, salary willing start. Collins & Barnard, 20 Harrison St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, must have experience; state references and salary. B 73 Times.

BOYS

For mail and messenger service, good opportunity for advancement, along engineering lines; $9 to start.

Employment office open 9 to 4.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOYS, BRIGHT, WANTED
for stock departments by large wholesale cotton converting house; excellent opportunity to become salesmen; permanent positions; state age, references, and salary expected. Converter, Box 1, Station A, N. Y. C.

BOY wanted in office of woolen commission house. Address, giving age and references, B 20 Times.

BOY wanted in office of large manufacturing concern; no experience necessary. L 514 Times Downtown.

BOY for office of Christian manufacturers; $8 per week. Apply Fox Co., 240 East 136th St.

BOY, bright, active, for broker's office. Apply in own handwriting, A 418 Times Downtown.

CARPENTERS WANTED
CONCRETE FORM WORK
WAGES, $5.50 FOR 8 HOURS.

Report with tools on Monday morning, Feb. 10th.

Apply at
UNITED STATES ARMY SUPPLY BASE,
59th St. and Second Av., Brooklyn.

CASHIER
LIFE INSURANCE.
A life insurance office in New York City has opportunity open for experienced cashier or accountant; preference will be given to man with life insurance cashier experience; give full facts and salary desired. Address L 425 Times Downtown.

CHEF wanted; high-class hotel. Apply, 10-12 A. M., Miss Saunders, 143 East 39th.

CLERK for auditing dept. of a large publishing concern; familiar with modern methods of accounting; state age, experience and salary expected. C 846 Times Annex.

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER AND BILLING CLERK; SPEED AND ACCURACY ESSENTIAL; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR BRIGHT YOUNG MAN. L 503 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CORSET DESIGNER, experienced on high-grade corsets; exceptional opportunity; give full particulars. K 617 Times Downtown.

COUPLE to do all house and grounds work of small place at 231st St., Riverdale-on-Hudson; family of 3. Telephone Mrs. Lessile, 183 Kingsbridge.

DEMONSTRATOR, oxy-acetylene apparatus; American; must speak Spanish fluently and be familiar with repair shop practice; give full details, age, experience, salary expected. Z 265 Times Annex.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT WANTED, FOR LARGE MANUFACTURER; MUST LIVE IN STAMFORD, CONN.; MAN CAPABLE OF TAKING CHARGE OF OFFICE ACCOUNTING, SYSTEMATIZING, COST ACCOUNTING. W 776 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GLASS BLOWER on vacuum bottles. Simplex Vacuum Mfg. Co., Philadelphia, Penn.

ICE SKATING INSTRUCTORS
at Brooklyn Ice Palace, Bedford and Atlantic Avs.; good salary to competent men. Apply at once.

MANUFACTURER TO MANAGE FACTORY IN HIGH CLASS WAIST HOUSE; KNOWLEDGE OF PATTERN MAKING NECESSARY; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; WRITE IMMEDIATELY. B 69 TIMES.

MAN WANTED. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN wanted as assistant in experimental shop with engineering firm in Passaic, N. J.; should have knowledge of physics, applied mechanics, and mechanical movements; should also be good machinist. Z 222 Times Annex.

MAN.—Wanted, a man familiar with all forms of insurance in a broker's office to take charge and produce and increase business; state salary, reference, and experience. Z 261 Times Annex.

MAN wanted with mechanical knowledge and machinist experience to assist inspection of finished machines by engineering concern in Passaic, N. J. Z 223 Times Annex.

MEN.—Dining-room and kitchen help wanted; high-class hotel. Apply, 11 A. M., Miss Saunders, 143 East 39th St.

MEN wanted (2) to take course of instruction to fit them for field service; men with millwright or machinist experience for erecting and inspecting in field. Z 221 Times Annex.

MODEL.—Young man as model for large Philadelphia clothing manufacturer; must be perfect 36 size; permanent position; opportunity for advancement. Apply Saturday morning only, between 10 and 12 o'clock, Room 505, No. 2 East 23d St.

OFFICE BOYS.—Large insurance company; advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

ORDERLY and night watchman. Apply all day, Hebrew National Orphanage House, 62 St. Mark's Place, New York.

SALESMAN.

Feb. 15 we will have open a traveling position; the man we want must be a high-class, successful salesman, capable of meeting big men; this is unusual, and offers from $7,500 yearly up in commissions; we sell advertising service to bankers and investment houses; state age. Sales Manager, A 780 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN MOTOR TRUCKS.

Complete line 1 to 5 ton worm drive trucks; old-established company, but new truck in this territory; will be at the show; fine support; leads furnished; commission basis; only high-grade men considered; give past records in full with remuneration expected, with references, which will be treated confidentially and no inquiries made until after interview. Box W 230 Times.

SALESMAN.—Attractive offer to young man to cover Middle West territory calling on automobile accessories and supply dealers and service stations; prefer man with experience in ignition parts, although not essential; a liberal salary and commission offered to right man. Address, stating past experience, R 105 Times.

SALESMAN, traveling, to cover broken-in field for New England territory for wholesale stationery and toy house; only experienced men with highest references need apply; splendid opportunity for good man on commission basis. Write A 402 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, first-class, thoroughly acquainted in drill and reamer line, (high speed and carbon,) to assist in cleaning up excess stock of a national concern; work on commission basis. Write, stating qualifications, Z 233 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, first-class, thoroughly acquainted in tool steel line (high speed and carbon,) to assist in cleaning up excess stock of a national concern; work on commission basis. Write, stating qualifications, Z 234 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Capable, experienced, well acquainted with the manufacturing pharmaceutical, chemical, and perfumers' trade, in New York, New England, and Central States; salary basis. Address, giving full particulars, Seal, G 319 Times.

SALESMEN and agent wanted to sell our tea, coffee, spices, and extracts to our old customers on established routes on commission and salary; write for our proposition and samples. C. L. Staples & Co., Dept. 19, Clinton, Iowa.

SALESMAN.—Young man, preferably with office experience, and preference will be given to one discharged from military service; $20 to $25 week salary to start, with good prospects for the future. Textile, B 39 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED.
ONE WELL ACQUAINTED WITH THE FLANNEL SHIRT MANUFACTURING TRADE; COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT. K 656 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN wanted by cotton goods converter to sell to the retail trade in N. Y. State, Penn., and the South; could be handled as side line; straight commission preferred. B 61 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced shirt man for New York, Pennsylvania, and New England States; commission basis. Draw & Liphs, 808 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Experienced retail shoe salesman; good salary; steady employment; references required. Troll Bros., 400 Central Av., Jersey City, N. J.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN.—Real live proposition to those who can sell association membership to food merchants; commission. Apply Mr. Carpenter, Room 1316, Sun Building, 150 Nassau St.

SALESMAN to carry as side line high grade men's soft collars and novelties in collars; shirt or neckwear salesman preferred; must be live wire; on commission basis. Jefferson Collar Co., 491 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted every county New York, New Jersey to sell low-priced fire extinguishers; commission basis; answer must give experience and territory desired. A 797 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, whisky, with established trade; state where territory is located, character of goods sold, salary expected, age, and references. Write P. O. Box 28, Station D, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SALESMEN to carry side line of novelties for the Northwest and the Coast; commission; those carrying a similar line. B 41 Times.

SALESMAN, good appearance and recommendations, to sell leading line of soda fountains; salary and commission. Call after 10 A. M., M. H. Petigor, 216 East 42d St.

SALESMAN for New York State as a side line; commission basis only; well established muslin underwear house. B 52 Times.

SALESMAN for cloak and suit house; city line; salary or commission. Leibowitz, 131 West 28th St.

SALESMAN.—Meritorious proposition, commission advances, for man with automobile. G 345 Times.

SAMPLE DEPARTMENT CHIEF.
Man to take charge of sample department in large cotton goods converting house; must have experience. Answer, stating age, references, and salary expected, B 72 Times.

SOLDIERS, SAILORS, MARINES,
Seeking advice, assistance, or employment should call at our office.
AMERICAN SOLDIERS AND SAILORS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION,
1,440 Broadway, corner 40th St.

STENOGRAPHER and general correspondent, experienced, preferably in buying materials; permanent position to man of ability, with good prospect of advancement; applicant will please furnish full details as to experience, age, nationality. Reply H 717 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN
with some experience; fine chance to advance. Apply.
DAVIDSON TOOL MFG. CORP.,
60 N. 6th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; aggressive, clean-cut young man, over 21, by old-established building specialty house; state salary. B 61 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—One with shipping department experience preferred. M. W. Kellogg Co., 117 West Side Av., Jersey City.

STENOGRAPHER for general office work electrical manufacturing concern; Underwood machine. 290 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; salary $20 a week. Call, Manhattan Storage and Warehouse Co., Lexington Av. and 42d St.

STOCK SALESMAN,
a permanent position for you; rapid advancement and splendid return for your labor; we give you this opportunity; you can earn from $50 to $250 weekly; (commission.) If you want to succeed call at Room 813, 50 Broad St.

STOCK SALESMAN.
GOING SOAP CONCERN; EASY TO SELL; LIBERAL COMMISSIONS PAID PROMPTLY. H. EDWIN MARKS & SON, 22 EAST 34TH ST., 2D FLOOR.

TEACHER.—Mechanical drawing, athletics, manual training; excellent private school. G 364 Times.

TIMEKEEPER, must be experienced, sober, reliable and able to furnish bond; good salary to right man. Apply, 11 A. M., Timekeeper, Hotel Great Northern.

TOOL FITTER AND SAW FILER for wood mill; must be A1 man. Apply, or write, Curtiss Engineering Corp., Garden City, New York.

WAREHOUSE MANAGER, experienced, with first-class references, to take complete charge cold storage plant; only those with such references need apply; answer, by letter, stating experience, references, salary expected; answers considered confidential. B 51 Times.

WAREHOUSE MAN wanted to take charge of small warehouse; experience in this line and knowledge of shipping desirable. A 787 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, clean cut, active, of some sales experience or the necessary physical and mental makeup to be trained for the sale of high grade suburban properties; compensation at outset based upon commission and expenses; in addition to practical work in the field during the day successful applicants will be required to attend sales school classes two evenings a week. Mr. Mullaly, 12 East 44th St., between 8:30 and [illegible]

YOUNG MAN, over 18, to learn photography; a genteel, high-salaried business; must be of good personal appearance; bright future for a snappy young man; $10 paid while learning; increase as you progress. Apply Otto Sarony Co., 470 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Apply Friday, before 10 A. M.

YOUNG MAN thoroughly competent, to take complete charge of order department wanted by Brooklyn shoe factory. Reply by letter only, stating fully age, experience, &c., T. W., 416 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN for foreign field; experienced in general hardware, plumbing goods, sanitary ware, and floor tiling; also experienced as buyer in building construction work. A 718 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, not over 22, for office work; knowledge of stenography and typewriting; state salary, experience. C 399 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in purchase and sale of photographic supplies; state full age, past experience, and salary expected. A 422 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN able to operate Underwood machine for general office assistant; wages $15. Call Fried, 7 West 45th St.

YOUNG MAN, switchboard, stenographer, and typist. Apply 55 West 27th St.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

DO YOU WANT to get a license as a marine engineer? If you do, you can get free instruction in the United States Shipping Board's schools. No enlistment is required. Course from four to eight weeks. Day and night classes are held, so you can support yourself while at school. You can get in if you have had two years' experience as oiler or water tender of ocean or coastwise steam vessels; if you are a graduate of a nautical school ship, or a mechanical engineer from a recognized school of technology; or if you have been a stationary engineer for one year; or a locomotive engineer for one year; or a journeyman machinist engaged in the construction or repair of marine, locomotive, or stationary engines for one year; or an apprentice to the machinist trade with three years' experience engaged in the repair or construction of stationary locomotive, or marine engines; or if you are an engineer of lake, bay, sound, or river steamers; or have had three years' experience as a fireman on ocean or coastwise steam vessels. Knowledge of the plain rules of arithmetic is necessary. Applicants must be American citizens over nineteen years of age. Apply to Principal Spaulding at the Dickinson High School, Jersey City, or to Principal Kottcamp at the Pratt Institute, Brooklyn.
JOHN F. LEWIS,
Chief of Section No. 2, 108 South Fourth St., Philadelphia, Penn.

LEARN MECHANICAL DENTISTRY. Men wanted to become specialists. Practice from the start. Individual instruction in laboratory work by competent expert mechanics under graduate dental surgeons. Fully equipped laboratories. Day or evening. Porcelain casting included in the course. West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B, 25 West 45th St., New York.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.
Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors. Every day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured. Registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 91. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BUSINESS EXPANSION
YOUR OPPORTUNITY.
Salesmanship and advertising open the way to unlimited possibilities in many fields. Training groups, under guidance of experts, now forming—evenings. It will pay you to investigate. Write for Bulletin T, Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A., 55 Hanson Place.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained men; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English," will enable you to determine; write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

SALESMEN.—We can increase your income; what we have done for others we can do for you; many highest paid sales managers among our graduates; investigate; new group forming Feb. 13; a postcard will bring you complete details. Ask for Booklet T, 23d St. Y. M. C. A., 215 West 23d St., N. Y.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

COMPETENT SECRETARIES ARE IN DEMAND.—By study and training in Secretarial Practice you can qualify for desirable secretarial positions. Write for Booklet No. 50, describing classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenographer, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858) Broadway at 72d St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

MOVING PICTURE operating taught; positions free; day or evening. 644 8th Av.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 09 NASSAU. FREE REGISTRATION
Bookkeeper, $25. Office boys.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
CADILLAC 1918 7-pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
DANIELS 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster and Speedster.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO., INC.,
1,778 Broadway, (one flight.) Circle 1417.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN, $900.
1917 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN, $1,050.
1917 BUICK SEDAN, $1,350.
1917 HUDSON SEDAN, Model J, $1,650.
1916 CADILLAC SEDAN, $1,500.
1917 CHANDLER SEDAN, $850.
1915 CADILLAC LIMOUSINE, $750.
YOU MUST ACT TODAY!!!

A MID-SEASON OPPORTUNITY.
1918 BUICK 7-Pass. Touring.
1917 CADILLAC 7-Pass. Touring.
1917 FRANKLIN 5-Pass Touring.
1918 HUDSON 4-Pass. Sport.
1917 HUDSON 4-Pass. Sport.
1916 LANCIA Sport Roadster.
1917 STUTZ 6-Pass. Touring.
1917 PACKARD 7-Pass Touring.
1918 PIERCE-ARROW Vestibule Subur.
1917 LOCOMOBILE LIM., like new.
FIAT Foreign Fleetwood Landau.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC., Est. 1902,
1,676 Broadway. Circle 65.
Open evenings. Time payments.

BUICK, 1917, 6 cylinder Sedan, paint and condition almost new; slip covers; bumper; oversized shoes; an excellent bargain; $1,150.
REO MOTOR CO.,
1,380 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

BUICK late 1916 "Big 6" runabout, perfect condition, $650. Morningside 7770, Ben Jones.

BUICK 1918 ROADSTER, BARGAIN.
20th Century, 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK, 1917, little-6, with Winter top. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight.

CADILLAC 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING, 7-PASS.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER, seating 4.
CADILLAC 1918 Amesbury Suburban Sedan.
MERCER 1917 SPEEDSTER, like new.
OWEN MAGNETIC 1917 LANDAULET.
MURRAY "8" 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
Practically new; 40 per cent. off list.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
Special Herzman & Spielman, 90 H P Motor.
HUPMOBILE 1917 LANDAULET Brougham.
Snappiest Hupmobile ever built.
ISOTTA FRASCHINI SEDAN.
Latest importation; steel demountable wheels, starter, lights, generator.
D. C. BURRELLE,
1,700 Broadway, 4th floor, Circle 153.

CADILLAC cabriolet; late 1917 model; full leather back; perfect condition; wire wheels; excellent tires; Westinghouse shock absorbers; run low mileage; absolutely no dealers considered. Address Rowantree, Room 3555, 120 Broadway; telephone Rector 9740.

CADILLAC 1917 SEDAN.
HUDSON 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. (Elevator.) 4th Floor.

CADILLAC brougham; wire wheels; condition almost new; equipped. Ryan, Lincoln Garage, 1,926 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 1917, 4-passenger touring, sport model; extras, 2 shoes, slip covers; excellent shape. Oberweger, 136 West 52d.

CADILLAC, 1917, limousine, sedan, and touring. Packard Auto Exchange, 10 West 60th St.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan, almost new, mechanically perfect; bargain. H 588 Times Downtown.

CADILLAC 1917 Amesbury Suburban Sedan.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
Plaza 4837. 665 5th Av.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan; price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1917 4-PASS TOURING.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CADILLAC, 1915, 8-cylinder touring; condition perfect. Phone Circle 5692.

DELAUNEY limousine, 37 horse power; in good condition. Nova, 226 East 65th.

DETROIT ELECTRIC 1918 model, new battery, car in perfect shape; must sacrifice for $1,500; as to see Mr. C.'s car at the Anderson Electric Car Company, 20 Central Park West, N. Y.

DODGE 1917 TOURING.
Elegant condition; many extras.
No reasonable offer refused; no dealers.
E. DAMIANE,
554 Melrose Av.,
Phone Melrose 4371.

ECONOMICAL FAMILY CAR.—A small 18 Series Studebaker "six" touring, equipped with 2 extra auxiliary chairs; an exceptionally comfortable and economical family car; overhauled and revarnished. New model costs $2,144. Special sale price today, $785. Studebaker Corp., Broadway at 56th St., 2d floor.

FIAT SEDAN,
mechanically perfect, newly upholstered; words cannot describe this extraordinary car; cost $6,800; cannot be told from new; will take $2,000, or smaller car in exchange. 1,203 Bedford av., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 4636.

FIAT 1915 five-passenger touring; oval radiator; beautiful condition; $1,250. Z 237 Times Annex.

FORD, 1917, touring; 2 extra shoes; speedometer, clock and bumper.
REO MOTOR CO.,
1,380 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON, 1918, four-passenger Sedan; run 1,000 miles; like new; cost $3,900; will sacrifice; going South. 7759 Riverside.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON Speedster, 1917, excellent shape; wire wheels. Oberweger, 136 West 52d St.

HUPP 1917, seven passenger touring car, in excellent condition. Marmon Automobile Co., 1,880 Broadway.

LANCIA Cabriolet, special body; lady going away; can be seen at 236 West 59th St.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Sedan; equal to new.
1917 MERCER Suburban.
1918 KISSEL Sedan; C. T. Silver model.
1917 STUTZ Tr. very special.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan; very attractive.
1917 CHALMERS Sedan.
Many other cars on display.
Lobell Aborn used cars are sold on quality basis. The prices, however, are surprisingly low.
LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 56th St.,
one door west of Broadway.

MAXWELL touring, 1917; tires like new; car in very good condition. Mr. Davies, Fordham 4301.

MERCER Limousine, almost new, not a scratch on it; run only 6,000 miles; upholstered in gray; merchanism perfect; for sale by private owner; no dealer. For demonstration phone Bedford 1466.

MERCER 4-passenger Sport Victoria, T motor, perfect; price right. Morrill, Hotel Commodore Garage, 330 East 44th St., 5 to 7 P. M.

MERCER 1918 touring, 1917 touring, 1916 speedster; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MERCER, 22-73, sport model; $2,250. E. E. Palmer, Cos Cob, Conn.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND CO., Broadway and 50th St.

OVERLAND, 5-passenger touring, 4-75, 1916, $400. Barclay 9987.

OWEN MAGNETIC town car, 1917 model; run 5,200 miles; in perfect condition; also 7-passenger touring body; will sell either body with chassis; must be sold immediately. Telephone 5779 M Yonkers.

[illegible] D 1918 touring; cord tires; prime condition throughout. Telephone 3200 Hamilton.

PACKARD, 1911, 30, limousine body; $400. Petty, 103 West 51st.

PACKARD, 1918 twin 6 7-passenger touring; condition new. Phone Circle 5692.

PACKARD touring, latest twin six. Andrews, 157 West 68th. Tel. Col. 8785.

PIERCE-ARROW coupe-sedan, four-passenger, 38, 1917; exclusive model; perfect; extra tires, equipment; value $6,700, sell $4,200. Robert Rosenthal, Majestic Hotel. Columbus 1900.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) Landaulet, 38 H. P.
Pierce-Arrow (1918) Touring, 48 H. P.
Packard (1918) Limousine, 3-35; like new.
E. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT THE firm of J. & S. Holstein of 45 New St. and 158 Broadway has been dissolved. The above stores will be operated independently hereafter.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

PIERCE-ARROWS.
48-H. P., Series Four, seven-passenger touring; small mileage; newly painted; fully guaranteed.
38-H. P., Series Four, five-passenger touring; rebuilt; looks like new; fully guaranteed.
See our representative at New York Show.
ELLIS MOTOR CAR CO.,
416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
Mulberry 4000.
Pierce-Arrow Distributors.

PIERCE ARROW 1917 limousine, 48 H. P., elegant condition; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

REO, model M touring Sedan being painted dark blue; an ideal Winter car; cord shoes and full equipment.
REO MOTOR CO.,
1,380 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

ROLLS ROYCE Landaulet, Bosch starting and lighting. 2626 Vanderbilt. Mr. Underhill.

SCRIPPS 1916 runabout, in excellent condition. Marmon Automobile Co., 1,880 Broadway.

SELECT USED CARS.
1918 WHITE, 7-PASS. TOURING.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE.
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

STEARNS KNIGHTS — Overhauled Guaranteed
Closed and Open Models. 4 and 8 cyl.
Prices very reasonable.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus—7600.

STEARNS 1917 touring car, in excellent condition. Marmon Automobile Co., 1,880 Broadway.

STEARNS LIMOUSINE, 1917, four cylinder, Fleetwood body. Mr. Best, 2626 Vanderbilt.

STUTZ 1916 speedster; sacrifice. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway. Phone 3531 Schuyler. Open evenings and Sundays.

STUTZ 1917, A1 condition. Marmon Automobile Co., 1,880 Broadway.

STUTZ 1917 four-passenger; bargain. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

STUTZ, 16-valve speedster; new paint; $1,800. Fisher, 507 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

WILLIS-KNIGHT touring cars and sedans, latest models. Willys-Overland, Inc., 1,224 Bedford Av. Phone Bedford 8800.

WINTON Six three-passenger cabriolet; very fine condition throughout; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

WONDERFUL VALUE.
TAXI.—Brand-new Studebaker four-cylinder brougham, which can be easily and inexpensively converted into a taxicab. List price on this car is $2,650. CLEARANCE SALE PRICE, $1,450. Car is fully guaranteed as new car. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St., 2d floor. SEE MR. CHRISTIE.

Motor Trucks.

PACKARDS, (two,) 3½ and 6 ton; open rack bodies; mechanical condition and tires perfect. Telephone Hamilton 3200.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED
by gentlemen, Cadillac Amesbury body, Packard or Stutz sedan or Suburban sedan, six or seven passenger. Write full details color, wheels, upholstery, condition, and cash price. Address R 68 Times.

MERCER, STUTZ OR CHANDLER chummy, 4 passenger; Dodge or Buick touring; must be late model; will pay spot cash. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway. Phone 3531 Schuyler.

CADILLAC suburban Sedan or town car wanted; late model. Meade, Columbus 7834.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

HUDSON car wanted; will pay $700 cash. Telephone 1995 Circle.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARDS, late models; private appearance; hourly calling; $300 monthly, preferred. Circle 447.

PACKARD Twin Sixes to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 W. 43d. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

MERCER.—Private owner will rent Mercer limousine with chauffeur by month to responsible party. Phone Bedford 1466.

CADILLAC.—Attractive limousine; hour, week, month. Telephone Wadge, 5174 Riverside; very reasonable.

BEAUTIFUL imported landaulet for hire by the month. Write Waldron, 132 W. 56th.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. 20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1,121 BEDFORD AVENUE. DEPARTMENT.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

An established, rapidly growing concern, handling high-grade line of motor trucks in rich territory, needs the active service of a capable business man in a sales or financial capacity; an investment of $25,000 to $50,000 is required; only those men having the qualifications necessary to be of genuine assistance in the development of this business need apply; preference given men released from service; all replies confidential. Address Y 379 Times Annex.

An active expressman's chance, trucking business for sale, business at present $600 a month; in business center, near 34th St. and 5th Av.; clients, and modern motor truck cost $2,600 of 2 tons; 1 Ranier, cost $2,200, of 1¼ tons, and 1 cost $1,275; ¾-ton in new condition, $4,000; investigate. Enterprise Exchange Bureau, J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st St.

Hotel, not more than 100 rooms, wanted, or roadside inn, near motor road, between New York State and Conn., in good condition; state particulars; no agents. J. Hamilton, Enterprise Exchange Bureau, 23 West 31st St.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Wanted to buy, a small manufacturing plant and showroom; plant must be suitable for manufacturing high-grade waists; must be situated between 26th and 33d Sts., on or immediately adjacent to Fifth Av. Box F B. 777 Times.

Energetic, educated, experienced executive and advertising salesman will invest $2,000 with services in staple established business. L 526 Times Downtown.

Young man, willing to invest $30,000 and services, meritorious business. Z 243 Times Annex.

Have attractive proposition for mechanical engineer contemplating entering business on own account. G 527 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

I HAVE A DOCK ON EAST RIVER
in the Midtown Section, equipped with hoisting engine, derrick, and hoppers, and have an assured supply of sand and gravel. I am looking for an active partner with some capital to manage the business—one who is familiar with this kind of business. R 56 Times.

Partner wanted, with some capital, who understands the wholesale and retail cloak and suit business, to take half interest in growing concern in Detroit; good salesman or experienced inside man preferred. Address I. Meyers, 420 Woodward Av., Detroit, Mich.

Wanted—Private party or banking house to finance export engineering and machinery company. G 526 Times Downtown.

SKIRT MANUFACTURER, established trade, desires capital; will secure investment. Write Box 452, 1619 St. James Bldg.

FOR SALE.

Butcher's chance; a fine up to date meat, poultry, sea food and provision market, 22 years' standing; doing $35,000 to $40,000 yearly; fine location, good customers, new fixtures, all for $2,000. J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st St., near Broadway.

Caterer's chance; a small table d'hote restaurant, just started, and 15 furnished rooms, near Columbus Circle, $2,000. J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st St., near Broadway.

Tool shop for sale or rent; modern, up-to-date, located within ½ hour of New York; equipped for precision work, operating 60 skilled mechanics. L 126 Times.

Opportunity to buy a thirty-year established going metal roofing plant and machinery, fully equipped; reason for selling death of owner. Y 364 Times Annex.

Will sell an established business; $15,000 necessary; very good proposition. Z 227 Times Annex.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

MAX SILBERGER HAS BOUGHT STORE, 1,412 Charlotte St. Edward Bassett; creditors call.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Guller, Col. R. M., to Hot Springs, Ark., Gen. Hosp.
Russell, Col. F. F., and Nichols, Lt.Col. H. J., to Medical School, Washington, D. C.
Mayo, Col. W. J., to American Medical Association Conference, Chicago; thence to Washington, temporary duty office of Surg. Gen.
Schwab, Maj. S. I., to Cmdg.Gen. Camp Meade.
Cattil, Maj. H. W., to Surg.Gen.
Gonner, Maj. H. L., to Ft. McPherson.
Kurtz, Maj. R. L., to Hot Springs, Ark., Gen. Hosp.
Howe, Maj. R. C., to Camp Eustis.
Fletcher, Maj. H., to Gen. Hosp., Phila.
Leech, Maj. F., to Ft. Sill.
Bagley, Maj. C., Jr., to Surg.Gen.
Desmond, Capt. L. P., to Ft. Russell.
Haynes, Maj. E. L., to Ft. Snelling.
Edwards, Maj. J. B., to visit base and gen. hosps. at following places: Camp Devens, New Haven, Boston.
Abington, Maj. W. H., to Camp Eustis.
Following to Cmdg.Gen. Western Dept., San Fran.:
Allan, Maj. R. A.; Dunn, Maj. W. L.; Hubbell, Maj. G. R.; Clough, Capt. H. B.; Cox, Capt. E. W., and Griffin, Capt. C. F.
Tukey, Maj. W. H., to Ft. Riley.
Clark, Maj. W. T., to Camp Dodge.
Pilkington, Maj. A., to Camp Gordon.
Crum, Maj. M. L., to Cmdg.Gen. Philippine Dept.
Pratt, Maj. J. M., to San Francisco, by letter to the Adjt.Gen. for instructions.
Galligan, Capt. J. J., to Ft. Douglas.
Coryell, Capt. J. R., to Cmdg.Gen. Hosp. 28, Ft. Sheridan.
Davis, Maj. A. E., to Camp Humphreys.
Davison, Maj. R. E., to the Surg.Gen.
Mark, Maj. E. G., to Gen. Hosp., Phila.
Steele, Capt. G. H., to Camp Hancock, for discharge.
Following to General Hosp., Phila.:
Beattie, Capt. J.; Sprunt, Capt. T. P.; Berr, 1st Lt. A. H.; Conklin, 1st Lt. W. H.
Klein, Capt. A. W., to Port of Embarkation, Hoboken.
Boswell, Capt. H. P., to Phila. Gen. Hosp.
Pratt, 1st Lt. E. C., to Gen. Hosp. No. 28, Ft. Sheridan.
Moore, Capt. A. B., to Surg. Gen.
Pierce, Capt. C. T., to Port of Embarkation, Newport News.
McQuillan, Capt. A. B., to Cmdg. Officer, Gen. Hosp. No. 28, Ft. Sheridan.
Burnham, Capt. M. P., to Camp Beauregard.
Stewart, Capt. J. D., to Gen. Hosp., Hot Springs, Ark.
Jones, Capt. R. W., to Gen. Hosp. No. 29, Ft. Snelling.
Hoyt, Capt. B. F., to Gen. Hosp. No. 19, Oteen, N. C.
Hirschi, Capt. W. T., to Gen. Hosp. No. 24, Pittsburgh.
Field, Capt. C. W., to Gen. Hosp., Philadelphia.
Marshall, Capt. G. G., to Cmdg. Gen. Panama Dept.
Axtell, Capt. W. H., to Camp Humphreys, Camp Sanitary Inspector.
Provost, Capt. R. G., to Gen. Hosp. No. 34, East Norfolk, Mass.
Kuhns, Capt. R. H., to Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., in Gen. Hosp. No. 14.
Loewe, Capt. L. J., to Gen. Hosp. No. 16, New Haven.
Hayes, Capt. C. F., to Cmdg. Gen., Southern Dept., Ft. Sam Houston.
Hellman, Capt. H., to Aberdeen Prov. Grounds.
Fischer, 1st Lt. E. H., to Camp Grant.
Lewis, 1st Lt. G. A., to Gen. Hosp. 12, Biltmore, N. C.
Cooney, 1st Lt. M. E., to Gen. Hosp. No. 4, Ft. Porter.
Ivins, 1st Lt. R. L., and Treger, 1st Lt. C. A., to Camp Dodge, in base hosp.
Lilly, 1st Lt. T. E., to Jefferson Barracks.
Warren, 1st Lt. J. W., hon. discharged.
Tharp, 1st Lt. R. A., to Camp Logan.
Moore, 1st Lt. T. F., to East Potomac Park, Washington.
Malcolm, 1st Lt. R., to 63d Inf., East Potomac Park, D. C.
Twiss, 1st Lt. H. I., to Ft. Warren.
Hausman, 1st Lt. S. W., to Gen. Hosp. No. 3, Colonia, N. J.
Morrison, 1st Lt. H. K., to Camp Meade.
Ravinch, 1st Lt. A. R., to Camp Travis.
Ely, 1st Lt. W. C., to Gen. Hosp., Phila.
Hess, 1st Lt. G. W. A., and Stafford, 1st Lt. L. H., to Port of Embarkation, Hoboken.
Graf, 1st Lt. J. P., to Camp Johnston in Base Hosp.
Agnelly, 1st Lt. E. J., to Camp Dix.
Shapiro, 1st Lt. L. L., to Syracuse Recruit Camp.
Kelly, 1st Lt. B. R., to Otisville, N. Y.

Infantry.

Boschen, Lt. Col. F. W., to Washington, Gen. Staff duty.
McGregor, Lt. Col. F. H., to Fort Riley.
Wilbourn, Lt. Col. A. E., to Camp Jackson.
White, Lt. Col. J. R., to the Adjt. Gen.
Strack, Maj. H. D., to San Antonio.
Bull, Maj. H. R., to Chief M.T.C., Washington.
Eggeman, Maj. F. W., to Chattanooga.
Lewis, Maj. H. B., to Cmdg. Gen. Hawaiian Dept., Honolulu.
Howard, Maj. C. B., to Camp Lee.
Peal, Maj. J. N., to Camp Lee.
Baker, Capt. O. L., 141st, to Cmdg. Gen. Camp Bowie.
King, Capt. J. L., to General Hosp. No. 15, Corpus Christi, sick.
Harding, 1st Lt. F. C., to Cmdg. Officer 49th, Ft. Leavenworth.
Sunstone, 1st Lt. J. C., to Cmdg. Gen. Southeastern Dept., assignment to 46th.
Wanerus, 1st Lt. T. A., to Ft. Riley.
Southworth, 1st Lt. I. S., to McClellan.
Harris, 1st Lt. W., to Fort Des Moines, Gen. Hosp. No. 26, for treatment.
Montgomery, 1st Lt. W. J., to Camp Sherman.
Davis, 1st Lt. C. W., to Cmdg. Gen. Camp Gordon, in Base Hosp.
Walters, Capt. A. J., to Port of Embarkation, Hoboken.
Mann, Capt. S. Y., to Hosp. No. 10, Boston.
Emmett, Capt. M. W., hon. discharged as Captain only.
Myering, Capt. W. D., 23d, to Gen. Hosp. No. 26, Fort Des Moines.
Decker, 1st Lt. E. T., to 90th, Camp Hancock.
Weeks, 1st Lt. A. W., Jr., 36th, to Chief, M. T. C., Washington.

Field Artillery.

George, Col. C. P., to Gen. Staff Corps.
Rumbold, Col. F. M., to Chief of Militia Bureau, Washington.
Parker, Lt. Col. E. P., Jr., to Auburn, Ala.
Hauser, Maj. J. M., to Columbia Univ.
Green, Maj. M., to Port of Embarkation, Hoboken.
Spence, Capt. G. J., 42d, to Camp Custer.
Skinner, Capt. R. B., 83d, to Camp Knox.
Following Captains to Ft. Sill, with 14th: Ripley, C; Dougherty, L. A.; Sabini, D. J.; Dowd, B. S.
Following First Lieutenants to Field Artillery Training School, Camp Taylor: Gettys, F. M., 127th; Springer, G. W., Jr., 127th; Miller, D. G., 237th; Monahan, E. C., 237th.
Breyman, 1st Lt. E. A., to Ft. Monroe, for training.
Simmons, 1st Lt. D. C., to Gen. Hosp. 10, Boston, for treatment.

Quartermaster Corps.

Corbusier, Col. P. W., to Washington, D. C.
Wilson, Lt. Col. L. C., to Chief of Militia Bureau, Washington.
Dunbar, Maj. M. B., to Washington.
Shaner, Capt. H. L., to Camp Gordon.
Stohner, Capt. G. W., to Washington, D. C.
Cooney, Capt. M. F., to Camp Eustis.
Howell, Capt. R. P., to Newport News.
Brennan, Capt. J. F., to Washington, D. C.
Adams, Capt. R. E., hon. discharged.
Hays, Capt. W. S., to Washington.
Bramlitt, Capt. R. H., to Camp Gordon.
Griswold, Capt. B. E., to Ft. Hamilton.
Le Fevre, Capt. J. E., to Chicago.
De Lano, Capt. K. B., relieved from present duty.
Cooper, 1st Lt. J. L., to Newport News.
Peters, 1st Lt. H. D., to Camp Dodge.
Wingett, 1st Lt. R. A., to Camp Gordon.

Engineers.

Dougherty, Col. R. S. A., to Chief of Engrs.
Wickersham, Lt. Col. J. H., to office of Chief of Engrs., Washington.
Tinsley, Maj. A. M., to Denver, Col., Gen. Hosp. 21, for treatment.
Collins, Capt. H. I., to Chicago.
Watkins, Capt. G. A., to Chief of Engrs.
Fletter, Capt. C. F., to Washington.
Mitchell, Capt. H., to Washington.
McNally, Capt. W., to Fort Sam Houston.
Leviton, 1st Lt. H. I., to Camp Humphreys for instruction.
Angle, 1st Lt. J. M., to Camp Humphreys for instruction.
Taylor, 1st Lt. W. C., to Washington.
Haefer, 1st Lt. O., hon. discharged.

Cavalry.

Lott, Col. A. G., to Camp Devens.
Cushman, Lt. Col. G., to Ft. Sam Houston with 14th.
Myers, Capt. H. A., to 14th Cav., Ft. Sam Houston.
Walton Capt. C. W., to 17th, Douglas, Ariz.
Whitmore, 1st Lt. M. T., hon. discharged.

Air Service.

Blood, Maj. H. E., to Washington.
Spatz, Maj. C., to Rockwell Field.
Balsley, Capt. H. C., to Rockwell Field.
Burnett, Capt. R. L., Jr., to Americus, Ga.
Landis, Capt. R. G., to Cmdg. Gen. Central Dept., Chicago.
Rochford, 1st Lt. J. L., to Morrison, Va.
Lawrence, 1st Lt. F. W., to Dayton, Ohio.
Lawrence, 1st Lt. R., to Houston, Texas.
Neighbors, 1st Lt. S. W., to Boston.
Dahl, 1st Lt. G. L., to Ellington Field.
Sundahl, 1st Lt. A. H., to Dayton, Ohio.
Dumas, 1st Lt. J. H., to Washington, D. C.
Gibson, 1st Lt. E. H., to Gen. Hosp. 9, Lakewood, N. J.
Fee, 1st Lt. J. A., to Fairfield, Ohio.
Vanzandt, 1st Lt. J. P., to March Field.
Harn, 1st Lt. J. F., to Los Angeles.

Sanitary Corps.

Mooney, Capt. W. B., to Omaha, Neb., temp. duty.
Rejall, 1st Lt. A. E., to Gen. Hosp. No. 3, Colonia, N. J.

Dental Corps.

Bachman, Maj. H. P., to Camp Pike.
Bannister, Maj. G. P., to Walter Reed Gen. Hosp., D. C.
Benton, 1st Lt. C. C., to Camp Hancock, Base Hosp., treatment.
Heckard, 1st Lt. W. A., to Ft. McHenry, Gen. Hosp. No. 2.
Beachler, 1st Lt. R. B., to Hammonton, N. J.
Johnson, 1st Lt. C. E., to Ft. Myer.
Pitman, 1st Lt. P. A., to U. S. Mil. Academy.
Morehouse, 1st Lt. C. C., to Gen. Hosp. No. 11, Cape May.
Daly, 1st Lt. R. T., and Foster, 1st Lt. J. R., to Gen. Hosp., Phila.
Cullen, 1st Lt. F. J., to Gen. Hosp. No. 38, Eastview, N. Y.
McLeod, 1st Lt. W. G., to Gen. Hosp. No. 19, Oteen, N. C.

Coast Artillery.

Purdie, Maj. K. S., to V. M. I., Lexington, Va.
Mackin, Maj. R. N., Jr., to Gen. Hosp. No. 12, Biltmore, N. C., treatment.
Butler, Capt. E. B., hon. discharged.
Moore, 1st Lt. J. T., hon. discharged as 1st Lt. only.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Hampton, Maj. F. W., to Amatol, N. J.
Durant, Capt. T. G., to Chief of Ord.
McGhee, 1st Lt. B. D., to the Chief of Ord.

Signal Corps.

Russell, Col. C. W., Jr., and Clove, Capt. G. M., appointed members Board of Officers created in orders of March 15, 1918, Vice Maj. G. W. Krapf, Jr., and Capt. D. H. Webster, hereby relieved.
Dilley, Maj. M. D., to Cmdg. Gen. Central Dept., Chicago, thence to Denver, Col.
Flannagan, Capt. C., 211th, to Chief Signal Officer.
Donnell, 1st Lt. P. S., to Camp Lee.
Back, 1st Lt. G. I., to Chief Signal Officer.

Ordnance.

Wass, Col. A., to Nitro, W. Va., as Cmdg. Officer.
Fuller, Col. L. M., and Tanner, 1st Lt. P., to Washington, D. C.
Tilden, 1st Lt. H. C., to Ft. Wingate.
Haist, 1st Lt. T. E., to Aberdeen Prov. Ground.
Carter, 1st Lt. B. W., to Hammonton, N. J.
Gillmore, 1st Lt. S. E., to Cleveland, Ohio.
Orr, Capt. T. S., to Washington, D. C.

Veterinary Corps.

South, 1st Lt. R. L., to Cmdg. Gen. Southern Dept. for instructions.
Fuller, 1st Lt. J. G., to Marfa, Texas.
Pickering, 1st Lt. C. E., to Mercedes, Texas.
Lies, 1st Lt. G. W., to Cmdg. Gen. Southern Dept. for instructions.

Miscellaneous.

Following Brig. Geners hon. discharged, as Brig. Gens., U. S. A. only:
Wilder, W. E.
Barth, C. H.
Gaston, J. A.
Burr, E.
Cronon, M. D.
Hayden, J. L.
Judson, W. V.
Rees, T. H.
Kutz, C. W.
Hatch, H. J.
Hodges, J. N.
Newcomer, H. C.
Wislow, E. E.
Fries, A. A.
Blakely, C. S.
Dryden, W.
Allin, G. R.
Lawson, L. L.
Hand, D. W.
Burt, R. J.
Cochran, W. B.
Shaw, F. B.
Smith, M. C.
Short, W. C.
Dalton, A. C.
Jarvis, M. S.
Mearns, R. W.
Sweetser, E. L.
Zimmerman, C. X.
Hoffman, R.
Johnston, J. A.

Gresham, Col. J. C., to Denver, Col. for instructions.
Whitaker, Lt. Col. O. C., relieved duty with 305th Ammunition Train.
Winterburn, Col. G. W., and Jordan, Col. R. H., relieved detail as members Gen. Staff Corps.
Miller, Col. A. M., to Governors Island, as Chief of Staff.
Gibbins, Lt. Col. H., to Director of Purchase, Washington.
Clothier, Col. R. C., hon. discharged.
Massee, Lt. Col. E. K., Judge Advocate, to Hawaiian Dept. as Judge Advocate.
Correll, Maj. I. A., to Camp Dodge as personnel adjutant.
Cholmeley-Jones, Lt. Col. R. G., A. G. D., hon. discharged.
Gullion, Lt. Col. A. W., Judge Advocate, Gen. Staff Corps.
Barton, Lt. Col. F. A., to Cornell Univ.
Carter, Maj. Gen. J. M., to Washington, relieving Brig. Gen. J. W. Heavey.
Hodges, Maj. Gen. H. C., Jr., and McMahon, Maj. Gen. J. E., hon. discharged, as Maj. Gens. only.
Heavey, Brig. Gen. J. W., hon. discharged as Brig. Gen. only.
Hodges, Brig. Gen. J. N., to Memphis, Tenn.
Correll, Maj. I. A., to the Adjt. Gen.
Tillotson, Maj. L. S., A. G. D., to Camp Meade.
Stanley, Maj. E. O., Jr., Judge Advocate, to Raritan Arsenal.
James, Maj. T. D., to Camp Humphreys, as veterinarian.
Rothschild, Capt. S. Z., A. G. D., hon. discharged.
Campbell, Capt. T. M., Jr., hon. discharged.
Washburn, Capt. M., to Gen. Supt., army transport service, San Francisco, for transportation to Hawaii.
MacNeil, Capt. J. A., to Ft. Monroe.
Following Captains to Chief of Staff:
Melendy, R. P. C. W. S.
Munteanu, G., A. G. D.
Ireland, G., S. C.
Hill, H. W., Engrs.
Burns, Capt. W. F., transportation corps, to Judge Adv. Gen.
Following to Zone Supply Officer, Washington:
Sanitary Corps.—Hicks, Capt. J. W., Pennington, Capt. S. W., Wyckoff, Capt. M. E., James, 1st Lt. L. W.
Medical Corps.—Reasoner, Lt. Col. M. A.
Engineer Corps.—Markham, Maj. C. W.
Bourke, 1st Lt. R. J., M. T. C., and Saunders, 1st Lt. R. J., Q. M. C., to Camp Devens.
Leahy, 1st Lt. W. H., to Gen. Hosp. No. 26, Ft. Des Moines.
Moore, 1st Lt. H. O., to Camp Knox, with 83d F. A.
Kilborn, Capt. W. T., Jr., M. T. C., to Port of Embarkation, Hoboken.

Resignation.

Butler, 1st Lt. E. B., C.A.C.

Leaves.

Van Sweringen, Maj. B., 10 days.
Holm, Capt. I. O., F.A., 10 days.
Conrad, Col. C. H., Jr., inf., 10 days.
Chew, Capt. B., 16th Inf., 14 days.
Schwabe, Col. H. A., C.A., 14 days.
Matheson, Col. J. R. D., Engs., 1 month.
Zacher, 1st Lt. V. B., inf., 20 days' extension.
Stiqueland, Maj. T. A., 14 days.
Armstrong, 1st Lt. B. E., Air Service, 3 months' extension.
May, Col. W. T., 14 days.
Russell, Capt. G. A., M.C., 1 month's extension.
Menzie, 1st Lt. J. T., F.A., 14 days.
Davis, Capt. P. A., M.C., 10 days.
Hess, 1st Lt. H. E., Vet.Corps, 25 days.
Grice, 1st Lt. L. O., Qm.C., 10 days' extension.
Desha, Capt. L. J., 14 days.
Mercader, Maj. L., 1 month.
Joyce, Maj. T. M., M.C., 10 days.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Agency wanted for articles or merchandise of merit to be placed on the Canadian market with the best Canadian merchants, either on commission basis or to purchase outright and resell, by two Canadian travelers having several years' connection in practically the whole of Canada. Character of the highest class, with integrity, initiative, and ability. It is necessary that merchandise possess merit and quality to be developed into a steady and progressive trade. Address Theodore Trickey, 5 Riverdale Av., Toronto, Canada.

Manufacturers requiring part services of well known advertising writer and sales promoter of wide experience. Address L 320 Times.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Furniture.

For sale cheap, contents of a beautifully furnished apartment, four rooms, with Turkish rugs and upright piano; splendid opportunity for young couple. Apply evenings after 7, Apartment 12D, 409 Edgecombe Av.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—Single phase, 60 cycle, A. C., 220 volt, used motors cheap; any size. Empire Type Foundry, Delevan, N. Y.

Wanted, gap lathe, nearly new, 16 to 18 inches' swing, 6 to 8 foot depth. George Briggs, Williamsburg 5090.

Horses and Carriages.

Handsome heavyweight polo pony, good back, sound and gentle; also two well broken saddle horses. Lieutenant Grimwood, Squadron A, 94th St. and Madison Av.

Government Sales.

SALE OF SEWING MACHINES.
MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION,
CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE,
19 WEST 44TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.
Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of the following list of Singer sewing machines:

448 machines	Type 107-W-3
1152 machines	Type 96-10
9 machines	Type 68-7
2 machines	Type 61-8
1 machine	Type 79-4
1 machine	Type 68-20
1 machine	Type 47-W-11

These machines are all in the very best condition and are crated for immediate delivery. Bids made on form M. D. 2, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Feb. 10, 1919.

SALE OF RUBBERIZED FABRICS.—MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, Chemical Warfare Service, Nineteen West Forty-fourth Street, New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or portions of large quantities of rubberized fabrics that were used in the manufacture of Gas Masks and are suitable for raincoats, ponchoes, rubber boots, specialties, &c. There is included two and a half million yards of seven-eighth inch black elastic tape. Samples and further information may be had on application. Bids made on form M. D. 1, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M. February tenth, 1919.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The Bureau of Navigation today published the following orders to officers:

Bassett, Capt. F. B., to Great Lakes Training Station as Cmdg. Officer.
Conatien, Capt. Edward T., from R. S. New York to Harbor Floating Equipment at New York.
Ellis, Capt. Hayne, from Bureau of Navigation to command the Salem.
Latimer, Capt. J. L., to Camp Pelham Bay Park, N. Y.
Hand, Cmdr. Chester L., to the McDermut when commissioned.
Regram, Comdr. G. C., from Academy to duty as aid to Rear Admiral Eberle.
Rice, Cmdr. A. W., from R. S. New York to New Hampshire.
Wilson, Lt. Cmdr. E. S., from R. S. New York to Great Lakes Aviation Mechanics School.
Godwin, Lt. Cmdr. Donald C., from aid on Staff Commandant Div. No. 5, Atlantic fleet to the Chicago.
Smith, Lt. Cmdr. G. A., from the Housatonic to the Maine.
Wilson, Lt. P. A., from the Florida to Key West, Fla., as radio material officer.
England, Lt. R. B., from the North Carolina to sub-base New London.
White, Lt. Jos. J., (M. C.) authority to administer oaths.
Kahn, Lt. A. M., (M. C.) authority to administer oaths.
Jones, Lt. Cmdr. Ralph, from the N. A. R. to Commandant Fourth N. D.
Long, Lt. Cmdr. Henry F., from the N. A. R. to the Otsego.
Giles, Lt. Albert B., from the N. A. R. to the Otsego.
O'Brien, Lt. E. J., from the N. A. R. to the Luckenbach.

Education Notes.

Three teachers were tried yesterday by the Board of Education for absence from duty without notification to their Principals. They were Willis H. Grant, teacher of biology in the High School of Commerce; Mrs. Lillian U. Vieht of P. S. 83, Manhattan, and Mrs. Rose V. Nacman of P. S. 52, Brooklyn. None of them was present at the trials, although each had been notified. Grant went West in December, 1917. He sent word that he had rheumatism and would return when he was better. He has not reported for duty since that time. Mrs. Vieht was absent from duty last term eighty-six days. Mrs. Nacman reported at her school on Sept. 6, 1918, and said that she intended to manage her brother's business. Unless she was granted a leave of absence, she said, she would resign. The board went into secret session as a committee on the three cases, and will recommend at the board's meeting on Feb. 13 that all three be dismissed.

The special committee on teachers' salaries of the Board of Education will hold its first meeting on next Tuesday evening in the Board of Education Hall. The Chamber of Commerce, the Merchants' Association, Boards of Trade, real estate organizations, organized labor and the various teachers' associations have been invited to send representatives to the meeting prepared to discuss the revision of the schedules of teachers' pay.

The committee appointed by the Board of Regents to investigate the financing of school systems in the State will hold a meeting on Monday.

An extension course on school management will be given by District Supt. William O'Flaherty under the auspices of the Evening Session of Hunter College, located at Lexington Avenue and Sixty-eighth Street. The class will meet Thursdays from 4:20 to 6 P. M. The first session will be held Feb. 20 in Room 307. The course is arranged for teachers who are preparing for the June and September examinations for higher license or for assistant to Principal. Credit of 30 points will be given by the Board of Education toward these examinations. A registration fee of $1 will be charged. Students may register Feb. 10, 11, 13, and 14 from 7:30 to 10 P. M., and Feb. 15 from 3 to 5 P. M.

The Board of Education announces the opening of the Spring term of the evening class in lip-reading at P. S. 93, corner Amsterdam Avenue and Ninety-third Street, on Feb. 10, at 7:30 P. M. All hard of hearing adults wishing to avail themselves of this opportunity of learning to read the lips, free of charge, will register at the school on Feb. 10.

On Feb. 15 the New York City Association of Teachers of English will hold a meeting at the Washington Irving High School. Mr. Alfred Noyes will read from his own poems at 11 o'clock in the morning. At the business meeting at 10:30 the report of the Committee on Contemporary Literature will be distributed as a bulletin of the association. The Committee on Oral English will present the final section of its report.

Three courses in Gregg Shorthand are to be given free to New York City teachers at the City College. The first is Elementary Gregg Shorthand is a thirty hour course beginning Feb. 7 and given on Fridays from 4 to 6 P. M. The second is Advanced Gregg Shorthand which is given on Saturdays, beginning Feb. 8 from 10 A. M. to 12 M. The third is a course in Methods in Gregg Shorthand which meets on Saturdays, beginning Feb. 8, conducted in the Commerce Building at Twenty-third Street and Lexington Avenue. No tuition fee is charged, teachers who enroll for these courses usually make a contribution of $1 for each course. This money helps to meet the administrative cost of Extension Courses. Teachers may register either in the Extension Office of the College, Room 16, Main Building or at the door of the Lecture Hall at the first session.

The Brooklyn Heads of Department Association will meet at Grant Hall, 489 Washington Avenue, near Fulton Street, on Feb. 11. There will be a discussion of teachers' salaries.

E. H. Kuhn, Superintendent of Schools in Ohio, will be the speaker at the Forum at P. S. 101, 111th Street, west of Lexington Avenue, tomorrow, at 8:15 P. M. There will be discussion and a musical programme.

There is a shortage of teachers in Brooklyn which is crippling the public schools. There are said to be 1,000 vacancies. Many of the classes are on half time.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Pensioned, patrolman, to take effect 12 P. M., Feb. 6: James Lawler, Bridge precinct, on his own application, at $825 per annum. Appointed Dec. 4, 1889.

Transfers and assignments, lieutenants, to take effect 8 A. M., Feb. 8: J. M. Thompson, 10th Inspec. Dist. to 14th and desk duty; T. H. Rorke, 11th Inspec. Dist. to 10th and desk duty. Patrolmen, to take effect 8 A. M., Feb. 7: T. M. O'Connor, 21st precinct to 63d; J. H. Kavanaugh, 38th to 88th; C. Lang, 43d to 77th; G. A. Walter, 88th to 83d, assignment as corporal discontinued; F. P. Gleason, 97th to 95th. To take effect 8 A. M., Feb. 8: J. S. Oberhaus, 38th to 15th.

Assigned to bicycle duty in 74th precinct: A. Goldman, W. F. Cullen, L. H. Noennich, J. E. Dougherty, D. R. Eginton.

Temporary assignments: Patrolmen E. Lawless and H. Graebner, 25th, to 5th Inspec. Dist., to duty in raided premises, 9 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 7.

Leaves of Absence, with full pay: Inspector John F. Dwyer, Headquarters, 5 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 7, to be deducted from vacation; Surgeon John D. Gorman, 1st Surgical District, 4 days, from noon, Feb. 6. Without pay, Patrolman E. F. Sutting, 23d, 1 day, from 4 P. M., Feb. 9.

Dropped from the rolls: Patrolman T. P. Dewick, 22d, having resigned without permission.

Deaths: Patrolmen, Edward J. Grimes, 14th precinct, at 2 P. M., Feb. 5, at St. Vincent Hospital, from pneumonia. Funeral 466 Canal St., Manhattan, 10 A. M., Feb. 8.

Walter C. Archbold, Headquarters, at 9:15 P. M., Feb. 5. Funeral 529 Monroe St., Brooklyn, 2 P. M., Feb. 9.

Fire Department.

Auditing Committee appointed—Captain David J. Curley, Eng. 56; Captain Patrick Toman, Eng. 201; Captain Marcus Fitzgerald, retired, to audit the accounts of the Relief Fund. They will meet at 10 o'clock A. M., Feb. 10, at the office of the Commissioner.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, to take effect at 8 A. M. on dates specified, following honorable discharge from the United States Army: Feb. 10, fireman, 1st grade, Robert J. Long, Eng. 44; Feb. 11, fireman, 1st grade, John Schwengels, Eng. 19.

Fines: Fireman 1st grade W. Thompson, Eng. 18, $5 for loss of coat badge 3594; Fireman 1st grade P. J. Fleming, Eng. 59, $1 for loss of fire alarm box key 1344.

Special leave of absence for five days, from noon, Feb. 6: Engineer of Steamer M. J. Kalley, Eng. 212, prior to resignation taking effect at noon, Feb. 11.

Special leave of absence: Fireman 1st grade F. M. Bradley, Eng. 258, 12 hours, from 8 P. M. Feb. 9.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

NOTICE OF ORDER TO LIMIT CREDITORS.—Somerset County Surrogate's Court.—Estate of RALPH M. WARD, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that, on the eleventh day of November, A. D. 1918, on the application of the undersigned as executors of the estate of Ralph M. Ward, deceased, an order was made by the Surrogate's Court requiring the creditors of the said Ralph M. Ward, deceased, to bring in their debts, demands, and claims against the said decedent, under oath or affirmation, and present the same to the subscriber within nine months from the date of said order, and in default thereof any such creditor shall be forever barred of his or her action therefor against the subscriber.

ELIZABETH M. WARD,
FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY,
JOHN F. REGER,
Gaston Building, Somerville, N. J.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—High pressure predominates tonight, but without marked features, and there is no disturbance of consequence within the field of observation, although one over Eastern Colorado exhibits some indications of further development to the eastward.

Rains and snows continued quite generally in northern districts west of the Rocky Mountains, and there were also light snows in the Northwestern States, Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio, and light rains in Tennessee and the East Gulf States. Elsewhere fair weather prevailed.

Temperature changes were not of importance. Fair weather will prevail Saturday east of the Mississippi River, except in the Carolinas and Southern Virginia, where there will be scattered rains.

The weather Sunday will be fair in the Atlantic States, the lake region, and the upper Ohio Valley, while in the lower Ohio and lower Mississippi Valleys snow or rain is probable.

Temperature changes will not be decided.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be gentle to moderate, shifting, with fair weather; South Atlantic Coast, gentle to moderate east, fair, except unsettled Saturday off the Carolina coast.

FORECAST, TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; little change in temperature.

Western New York—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	37	27	4 P. M.	40	41
6 A. M.	37	24	6 P. M.	46	38
9 A. M.	37	29	9 P. M.	38	35
12 M.	43	35	11 P. M.	34	33

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 32; for the corresponding date last year it was 42; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 26; at 8 P. M. it was 36. Maximum temperature, 41 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum, 24 degrees at 6:10 A. M. Humidity, 51 per cent. at 8 A. M., 39 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.12 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.12 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
2:15—756 Westchester Av.; K. Menerberger	Not given
2:40—324 E. 112 St.; (fence)	Not given
4:55—3 Av. & 129 St.; not given	Slight
6:40—145 2 Av.; not given	Slight
9:30—625 W. 136 St.; Frank Wells	Slight
9:45—774 E. 165 St.; Anna Bach	Slight
10:10—233 W. 10 St.; Michael Gura	Slight
P. M.	
2:40—1,145 1 Av.; Rose Panezeo	Slight
2:50—541 E. 72 St.; not given	Slight
5:00—325 E. 45 St.; not given	Slight
5:35—405-411 E. 4 St.; Forest Box & Lumber Co.	Not given
5:55—140 W. 31 St., (auto;) Henshener Brothers	Not given
6:30—313 W. 20 St.; E. Bauer	Not given
7:20—2,127 Madison Av.; Henry Kayler	Slight
10:38—118 Christopher St.; F. Grant	Slight
10:50—1,240 Lexington Av.; Bertha Sacks	Slight
10:50—200 Delancey St.; J. Pollack	Slight

The Civil Service.

City.

The following promotion lists are announced:

To Rodman, Grade E—Bureau of Engineering, Richmond: Daniel Reagan, 81.67. Division of Construction and Design, Manhattan: George Deninger, 90; Alfred Dooley, 86.50; Peter Grupe, 88.03; Julius Switzer, 82.72; Peter Krulder, Jr., 81.80.

United States.

The commission announces that a stenographer and typewriter examination will be held at New York on Feb. 18, for both males and females, to fill vacancies in the field service at salaries ranging from $900 to $1,200 per annum. There is a number of vacancies in stenographic positions in the various branches of the Federal service located in New York and vicinity. The following subjects will be given: Spelling, arithmetic, penmanship, letter writing, and practical tests in stenography and in typewriting. Dictation will be given at the rate of 80, 100, 120, and 140 words per minute; each competitor will be required to take and transcribe the eighty-word test; and in addition they may transcribe the notes of any one or all of the dictation exercises at higher rates of speed. The practical tests in typewriting, in addition to the transcription of the stenographic notes, will consist of copying from rough draft and copying from plain copy. Applicants must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of the examination.

LEGAL NOTICES.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS and others.—In the estate of Carl Freeman Hopkins, Deceased.

The Creditors of Carl Freeman Hopkins, late of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, broker, deceased, who died on or about the fourteenth day of October, 1918, and all others having claims against or entitled to share in the estate, are hereby notified to send by post, prepaid, or otherwise deliver, to the undersigned Executors, on or before the 1st day of March, 1919, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, and full particulars of their claims, accounts or interests, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them. Immediately after the said 1st day of March, 1919, the assets of the said testator will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to claims or interests of which the Executors shall then have notice, and all others will be excluded from the said distribution.

WILLIAM VAN NORMAN HOPKINS,
WILLIAM F. W. FISHER and
JAMES H. KING, Executors.
care of JOHNSTON, McKAY, DODS & GRANT, Bank of Hamilton Bldg., Toronto, their Solicitors herein.

Dated at Toronto, this 20th day of January, A. D. 1919.

SUPERIOR COURT, STATE OF CONNECTICUT, County of Hartford, the 31st day of January, 1919.—LOUIS HILBERT vs. JENNIE HILBERT.—Order of Notice.

Upon complaint in said cause brought to said Court, at Hartford in said county, on the first Tuesday of March, 1919, claiming a divorce, it appearing to and being found by the subscribing authority that the whereabouts of the defendant, Jennie Hilbert, is unknown to the plaintiff,

Ordered, that notice of the institution and pendency of said complaint shall be given the defendant by publishing this order in The New York Times, a newspaper published in New York City, once a week, for two successive weeks, commencing on or before February 8, 1919.

LUCIUS P. FULLER,
Assistant Clerk of said Court.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sec. III., Par. II., Act of October 3, 1913, and Secs. 2865, 3082 and 2802 R. S. U. S., I have seized and hold one 2-strand pearl necklace, one lavalliere, one 2-stone ring, one solitaire diamond ring, one silk shawl, one ring, one pair earrings, one lace spread, seven pieces lace, one cigarette case, four pearl studs, one solitaire diamond ring. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24th, 1919, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated February 4th, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sec. III., Par. H., Act of October 3, 1913, and Secs. 2865, 3082 and 2802 R. S. U. S., I have seized and hold twenty-five pictures. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24th, 1919, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated February 4, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sec. III., Par. H., Act of October 3, 1913, and Secs. 2865, 3082 and 2802 R. S. U. S., I have seized and hold one 1-strand pearl necklace, 1 lavalliere and 1 comb pin and 1 ring. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24th, 1919, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated February 4th, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.—I WILL SELL at public auction on Monday, February 10, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, the Steamboat "City of Worcester," &c., said steamboat to be sold at the foot of 21st Street, South Brooklyn, Kings County, New York, where she can now be seen and inspected.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.
Dated, New York, January 28, 1919.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises........7:00 | Sun sets........5:21

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	1:24	1:40	8:00	8:09
Governors Island	1:45	2:14	8:35	8:44
Hell Gate	3:18	3:56	10:36	10:44

Arrived—Friday, Feb. 7.

SS Saxonia, Brest, Jan. 28.
SS Espagne, Bordeaux, Jan. 27.
SS Zacapa, Bordeaux, Jan. 22.
SS Tongking, Copenhagen, Jan. 16.
SS Danebad, Cardiff, Jan. 14.
SS West Wego, Rouen, Jan. 19.
SS Willesden, Gibraltar, Jan. 6.
SS Natal, Barry, Jan. 17.
SS Sonia, Cardiff, Jan. 22.
SS Tricola, Barry, Jan. 23.
SS Oscar Trapp, Barry, Jan. 21.
SS P. den Hederlanden, Santiago, Jan. 31.
SS Ganoford, Sagua, Jan. 30.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Manitowoc	Bordeaux	Jan. 16
Western Ocean	La Rochelle	Jan. 19
Arakan	Bordeaux	Jan. 22
El Sol	Bordeaux	Jan. 22
Bristol	La Pallice	Jan. 23
Baltic	Liverpool	Jan. 29
DUE TOMORROW.		
Santa Barbara	St. Nazaire	Jan. 27
France	Brest	Feb. 2
DUE MONDAY.		
Martensdijk	St. Nazaire	Jan. 23
DUE TUESDAY.		
Carmania	Liverpool	Feb. 1
Lancastrian	London	Jan. 28
Leviathan	Brest	Feb. 4
North Carolina	Brest	Jan. 28
Metapan	Brest	Jan. 28
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Stockholm	Brest	Feb. 2
Passadena	Bordeaux	Jan. 23
Duca Degli Abruzzi	Gibraltar	Jan. 31

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Hellig Olav, Cop'hagen	—	2:00 P.M.
Adriatic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Kandahar, Cape Town	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carib, Turks Island	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Coamo, Porto Rico	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mongolia, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Jose, Port Limon	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Great Northern, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
Arizonian, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
H. R. Mallory, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
Weendijk, B'nos Aires	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Celtic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Dakotan, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
Santa Anna, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
Espagne, Havre	8:00 A.M.	—
Galileo, Hull	12:00 M.	—

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Oakmore, at Gibraltar, Feb. 5.
SS Dingan, at Falmouth, Feb. 6.

Sailed.

SS E. J. Luckenbach, from St. Nazaire, Feb. 4.
SS Suey, from Gibraltar, Feb. 4.
SS Dongana, from Azores, Feb. 1.
SS Benguela, from Barry, Feb. 6.
SS Bellerophon, from London, Feb. 6.
SS Casco, from Lisbon, Feb. 4.
SS Franken, from Gibraltar, Feb. 4.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. Feb. 8, SS Adriatic.
Italy—Close at 8:30 A. M., Feb. 15, SS Duca d'Aosta.
Gibraltar—Close at 8:30 A. M., Feb. 15, SS Duca d'Aosta.
Belgium—Close at 10 A. M., Feb. 10, SS Auburn.
Portugal—Close at 9 A. M., Feb. 15, SS Go[illegible]
Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain; Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria and Hungary service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Nanking........Feb. 10
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Austria, (via San Francisco)—SS Niagara........Feb. 11
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD
ANCHOR
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL

Saxonia	Feb. 14
Carmania	Feb. 17
Royal George	Feb. 22
AQUITANIA	Mar. 1
Caronia	Mar. 10
Orduna	Mar. 18
Saxonia	Mar. 18
Carmania	Mar. 24
AQUITANIA	Mar. 29
BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL	
Prinses Juliana	Feb. 17
NEW YORK TO LONDON	
Pannonia	Feb. 18

21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK

Holland-America
LINE
T. S. S. ROTTERDAM
WILL SAIL FROM
New York to Rotterdam
VIA FALMOUTH
on or about February 19
Passengers for England and France Will Be Landed at Falmouth.
For Rates and Further Information, Apply
General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

AMERICAN LINE
PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL
Northland, Mar. 3 | Haverford, Mar. 25

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON
OLYMPIC - - Feb. 28
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL

Adriatic	Feb. 8	Mar. 15
Baltic	Feb. 15	Mar. 22
Lapland	Mar. 3	Apr. 5

And Regularly Thereafter.
N. Y.—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic........Feb. 27
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7500.

COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
WEST INDIES AND
SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS
Sailing March 15, 1919.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents, 398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts., 29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 690.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South. Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices.

STEAMBOATS.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.30
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

TOURS.

California
TOURS
FRANK TOURIST CO.,
398 B'way. 489 5th Av. Tel. 4530 Franklin.

MAY LEND ON WAR BONDS.

State Bank Superintendent's Ruling Will Aid New Liberty Loan.

George I. Skinner, State Superintendent of Banks, has ruled that savings institutions in New York State may lend money to depositors on notes secured by Liberty bonds. His statement, which was made public yesterday, is expected to have a decided influence on the success of the forthcoming Liberty Loan.

M. W. Harrison, Secretary of the Savings Bank Section of the American Bankers' Association, recently asked Mr. Skinner's opinion on the matter, and the Superintendent of Banks sent the following reply: "Paragraph A, Subdivision 8, Section 239, of the banking law authorizes savings banks to make demand loans on promissory notes specified secured by Liberty bonds up to 90 per cent. of the cash market value thereof." This means that the savings banks of the State may lend money for Liberty bond subscriptions.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Ring, between Riverside Drive (85th) and Metropolitan Opera House, Thursday evening, between 8 and 8:30, sapphire cabochon ring, with diamond; owner values same as keepsake; suitable reward given, no questions. Mrs. Clara Lipman Mann, 131 Riverside Drive. Phone Schuyler 6121.

LOST—Marie Antoinette Hotel, ladies' room, Sunday evening, Jan. 26, square cut diamond, surrounded by emeralds; will pay $500 reward; no questions asked. Miss Wilette Kershaw, Room 1111, Times Building. Telephone Bryant 4295.

LOST—In taxi, brief case of smooth black leather; taxi discharged passengers 150 Nassau St., 1:10 P. M. Feb. 7; reward. Information desk Liberty Loan Committee, 25th floor, 120 Broadway.

LOST—Wallet containing ring and scarf pin, between 5th and 7th Avs. on 18th St. Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to Herbert B. Lederer Co., 91 5th Av.

LOST—5th February, from Atlantic Avenue subway station to Adelphi Street, Brooklyn, lady's gold watch, monogram "C. R. B. M." Liberal reward. Mackle, 56 Pine Street, New York.

LOST—On 4th Av. subway train to Brooklyn, Feb. 5, two black leather covered books, containing engineering data and photographs; suitable reward. Return to or advise Room 1608, 90 West St., Rector 9640.

LOST—Hand crocheted steel-beaded bag, crocheted with blue silk, about 6 P. M., Thursday on Broadway, between 26th and 137th Sts.; liberal reward. I. Sandberg, 38 West 26th, 8th floor.

LOST—Diamond ring in lavatory of Commodore Hotel; liberal reward, no questions. F. E. Johnston, 1,715 Poplar St., Philadelphia.

LOST—On Tuesday, Feb. 4, at or near Elm Tree lunch room, John Street, raccoon muff; reward. Return to Reese & Reese, 766 Madison Av.

LOST—Thursday, Feb. 6, sapphire and pearl bar pin, between 102d St., Broadway, and 101st St., Riverside Drive; liberal reward. Davidson, 248 West 102d.

LOST—Lady's small gold watch, monogrammed "C. E. K.," in lobby of Waldorf-Astoria, Feb. 6. Return to Cashier, Waldorf-Astoria. Suitable reward.

LOST—Ring, small emeralds and pearls, Tuesday night, near 42d St. and Broadway; liberal reward. Return Manhattan Hotel Office.

LOST—Black and white enameled cigarette case, onyx and diamond trimming, coming out of Delmonico's or in taxicab. Liberal reward if returned, 45 East 50th St.

LOST—Wednesday, 5:30 P. M., Macy's or Fourth Av. subway, gold-filled monogram watchfob; monogram R. H. S. Return H. R., 432 3d St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Pocketbook, Feb. 6, Grand Central Sub. station, south side. Reward. F. Kir . Phone John 6214.

LOST—Tiffany gold purse on 6th Av. between 57th and 58th Sts; $100 reward. Address Tiffany & Co.

LOST—Feb. 1 near 47th St. and Broadway, small black velvet purse; reward. Notify D., P. O. Box 418, Edgewater, N. J.

LOST—Suitable reward for return of cigarette case, marked "J. L. L.," or ticket; no questions asked. 1,620 Woolworth Bldg.

LOST—Ship pontoon, 25 feet long, 5 feet wide, reinforced; liberal reward. Victory Steamship Corp., 90 West St., New York.

[illegible] rat, detached from lavalliere, platinum setting; liberal reward. Telephone Greeley 2460. Superintendent.

LOST—Friday, gold seal watch fob; reward. G. L. Bready, 220 West 42d St.

LIBERAL REWARD.—LOST, GOLD CHAIN, WITH MANY DIAMONDS, ALSO LARGE PENDANT BROOCH, EITHER AT LYRIC THEATRE, HOTEL ASTOR, COCOANUT GROVE, OR EN ROUTE TAXICAB TO BILTMORE. RETURN TO CASHIER, BILTMORE HOTEL.

LIBERAL REWARD. — LOST, DIAMOND HORSESHOE PIN EITHER AT LYRIC THEATRE, HOTEL ASTOR, COCOANUT GROVE, OR TAXI EN ROUTE TO BILTMORE HOTEL. RETURN TO CASHIER, BILTMORE HOTEL.

LIBERAL REWARD
for diamond flexible bracelet, on 5th Av., between 39th and 40th, on Feb. 5, at 3:15 P. M. Return to Miss Dotty Schwartz, care Dr. Benjamin Schwartz, 261 East 7th St. Orchard 3332.

$25 REWARD and no questions asked for return of small gold cigarette case lost Thursday, probably Elysee restaurant; marked with heartshaped monogram F. H. P. on one side and initials H. P. on reverse. Apartment 65, Hotel Seymour, 50 West 45th St.

$75 REWARD.
no questions asked, return onyx and diamond charm in form of two dolls attached to white enameled bracelet; lost Jan. 25 at or between Great Neck and Douglaston, L. I. Communicate with A. R. Leo & Co., Insurance Adjusters, 15 William St.

$100 REWARD
for return of 42-stone diamond and platinum circular brooch, lost at Chin Chin Ball on Feb. 5. Return to I. Kirkpatrick & Co., Jewelers, 624 5th Av.

$25 REWARD.—Lost, SABLE NECKPIECE, Saturday evening in taxi from 142 West Houston St. to Vanderbilt Hotel; maker's name Revillon. Mrs. J. R. Drake, Vanderbilt Hotel.

$100 REWARD.
no questions asked, return lady's moleskin coat, left in taxi at 207 West 110th St. on Feb. 4. Apt. 5A, 120 West 70th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Mineola Aviation Field, Boston bull; answers Billy; collar with brass nails; eyes with black and white; large reward. Return Captain Boyriven, French Flying Corps, Richmond Hotel, New York City.

LOST—Friday evening, 63d St., Park Av., Boston terrier, blind left eye; blue enamel color; liberal reward. Return to William H. Page, Hotel Leonori.

LOST—Tuesday evening, Feb. 4, big red dog resembling Airedale; "G. A. Cochran" on collar. Liberal reward for return to 101 East 65th St. Telephone Plaza 4206.

LOST—Pekinese, color black and tan, 2 West 46th, Wednesday night, 6 o'clock. Phone Bryant 4843. Liberal reward.

FOUND—Large dog, tan body, dark face, collar trimmed in brass. Audubon 9307. Bader.

INSTRUCTION.

Accountancy
Classes Now Forming
Opening Lecture
Friday, Feb. 14, 8 P. M.
You are invited to attend this lecture without obligation. Write, or telephone Cortlandt 1465 for further information.
Pace Institute
30 Church Street, New York

Eastman-Gaines
Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, and Penmanship Departments.
Day & Night Sessions
Call or Write for Catalogue.
123d Street and Lenox Avenue.

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 WEST 45th St.
Secretarial training, individual instruction.

New York Preparatory School 30th YEAR
New York—72 Park Av., bet. 38-39th Sts.
Brooklyn—Cor. Franklin and Jefferson Avs.
PREPARES SPECIALLY FOR
REGENTS
and COLLEGE EXAMINATIONS
also WEST POINT and ANNAPOLIS
NEW TERM JUST BEGINNING
Send for Catalog & "Success in Regents' Exams."

INSTRUCTION—Dancing.
MODERN SOCIETY DANCING
taught by refined young lady; hours 9 to 9. Doris J. Durling, 55 West 46th St. Classes in the Evening. Telephone Bryant 3025.

TO CALL VICTORICA IN THE O'LEARY CASE

Chief German-Sinn Fein Propagandist Said Often to Have Met Defendant.

MRS. GONZALEZ TESTIFIES

Wife of Former Costa Rican Consul General Tells of Anti-Draft Speech by O'Leary.

H. Snowden Marshall, special counsel for the Government in the case of Jeremiah A. O'Leary, charged with violating the Espionage act, announced yesterday that on Monday morning he would put Marie K. de Victorica, who according to Secret Service agents was one of Germany's master spies in this country, on the stand. The Government hopes to establish that O'Leary was working in the interest of Germany, using the Irish situation to hide his real purpose.

Victorica was arrested in April last year after Federal agents had investigated her activities for several weeks. The Government was aided by a man serving a sentence in the Atlanta prison for plotting in the interest of Germany, who declared that her mission here was to direct the Sinn Fein propaganda for Germany in America. In connection with this work, according to the Government officials, she came into frequent contact with O'Leary. Testimony given by Victorica was largely instrumental in obtaining the indictments against John T. Ryan, Herman Wessels, Albert Paul Fricke, and others, who it is alleged were plotting against the United States. They are now awaiting trial.

Mrs. Manuel Gonzales, wife of the former Consul General of Costa Rica in New York, testified at yesterday's session of the trial that on July 16, 1917, several months after the Selective Service act had become a law, she had heard O'Leary urge an audience to fight conscription. The occasion, which she was able to recall through letters, was a meeting held at 715 Lexington Avenue and attended, she testified, by nearly a hundred persons. Asked by Assistant District Attorney James W. Osborne, Jr., how she learned the purpose of the meeting, Mrs. Gonzalez said that John O'Leary, a brother of the defendant, had told her it was to fight conscription.

"The Germans and Irish are very close and should help one another," she quoted Jeremiah O'Leary as saying in a speech at the meeting. "He said that President Wilson was practically King, and that we didn't have anything to say about the Government any more," she testified. "He declared that the Conscription act was unconstitutional, and that we were subservient to the English King. He said we never could win the war and we ought to fight against this act which was an outrage."

"Was the meeting an open one?" she was asked.

"No, it was not. When I got there I found the door guarded by three men. John D. Moore was one of the guards and he never left his place except to make his speech. Paper had been pasted over the windows so that no one could look in."

Under cross-examination O'Leary sought to show by the witness that the meeting had been called for the purpose of making a card index for a charitable undertaking. The witness reiterated that it was to discuss ways of fighting conscription. O'Leary asked her if she did not recall, during his address, several women rising from their chairs and urging him to run for Mayor of New York and promising to "force" their menfolk to support him. She was unable to remember the incident.

Mrs. Gonzalez testified that she had seen many of the women who were at the meeting at the Irish Bazaar, held some time before in Madison Square Garden. She identified a woman in the back of the courtroom as one who attended the meeting. O'Leary then asked the witness if she meant to tell the court that a meeting of men and women, all over the draft age, was to fight the Selective Service act. The prosecution objected to further interrogation along this line.

"Of course you object!" shouted O'Leary, waving his hands. "I want to show that this is an attack on the Irish race—a diabolical conspiracy against the Irish race."

Arthur O'Leary of counsel for his brother brought an admission from Mrs. Gonzalez that her husband was a fugitive and that she had gone to the Department of Justice for facts which would be useful in litigation against him.

"Did you suggest to Captain Offley or other representatives of the Department of Justice that, if they would get these facts, you would swear against the defendant?"

"I'm not on the witness stand to be insulted by you or any one else," she snapped back.

Mrs. Gonzalez, under examination by Arthur O'Leary, also admitted that she had tried to obtain the release of a German who had been interned. The court would not allow her to divulge his name on objection from Mr. Marshall. The trial will be resumed on Monday.

TO ENFORCE PROHIBITION.

Glass Suggests Seizure of Premises to Curb Unlawful Selling.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Provisions that buildings used for selling liquor in violation of the wartime prohibition act may be treated as public nuisances, and that courts may forbid use of the property for any purpose for a year, are included in legislation recommended today by Secretary Glass to the House Judiciary Committee.

The committee, considering a bill supported by the Anti-Saloon League for enforcing the prohibition act, had asked Secretary Glass for recommendations from the Internal Revenue Bureau.

Edwin Dinwiddie and Wayne B. Wheeler, representing the league at the hearing today when the department's suggestions were read, said their proposals in comparison were mild.

Enforcement of the act as proposed by Mr. Glass would rest with the Internal Revenue Bureau, assisted by Federal courts and United States Attorneys and Marshals. Any citizen, by written information supported by oath, might ask the Federal courts to direct the Marshals to search any property in order to seize liquor or its manufacturing apparatus; possession of liquor would be held as prima facie evidence of intention to sell, and liquor would be destroyed after seizure.

Property owners permitting violation of the law would be held guilty of aiding the nuisance for failure to eject tenants. The property, if placed under the one-year ban, might be released within that period if the owner gave bond and proved his good faith in wishing to abate the nuisance. Employes of persons violating the law might be tried as principals.

Besides authorizing destruction of seized goods, the bill would also authorize seizure, sale, or destruction of vehicles used for transporting liquor.

Japan Society's Election.

The Japan Society met yesterday in its rooms, at 165 Broadway, and elected Gerhard M. Dahl, Vice President of the Chase National Bank, as President; Major August Belmont, Vice President, and Eugene C. Worden, Secretary. Lindsay Russel, who had served as President for ten years, declined to accept renomination. He was chosen as Chairman of the Executive Committee. Other members of the Executive Committee elected yesterday were Union N. Bethell, Melville E. Stone, Thomas W. Lamont, Guy E. Tripp, George J. Baldwin, James R. Morse, and I. Hamaoka. In the year the membership grew from 1,253 to 1,414.

Religious Notices on Page 19.

MANY TRANSPORTS SAIL.

Washington Reports Five at Sea—Paris Announces Others.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Sailing of five transports from France with about 200 officers and 5,500 men, consisting mainly of former National Guard units, was announced today by the War Department, including elements of the 163d Infantry, 41st Division, which was made up from the 2d Montana Infantry and parts of the 3d District of Columbia Infantry and of the 161st Infantry, which was made up from the 2d Washington Infantry and parts of the 3d District of Columbia Infantry.

The cruiser Huntington is due to arrive at New York on Feb. 15, with the supply company, machine gun company, 3d Battalion Headquarters, and Companies I, K, L, and M of the 163d Infantry, bound for Camp Dix; the 1st Battalion Headquarters and Companies A, B, and C of the 161st Infantry, also for Camp Dix; the 164th Ambulance Company, and casual companies for Ohio and Pennsylvania.

The Heredia, due at New York on Feb. 20, is bringing detachments of Base Hospitals 14, 18, and 66.

The Mercury is due at Newport News on Feb. 16 with the 69th Regiment Coast Artillery complete, bound for Oregon; the 54th Ammunition Train, composed of Illinois, California, and Texas troops; the 835th Stevedore Company, (colored,) for South Carolina; a detachment of Battery E, 61st Regiment Coast Artillery; convalescent detachment No. 65, twenty-six casual officers, and six officers and 339 men of the navy.

The steamers Eurane, due at Newport News on Feb. 16, and F. J. Luckenbach, due at New York on Feb. 20, bring a few casual officers.

Among the units sailing from France on the transport Heredia on Feb. 4 is a detachment of one officer and twenty nurses belonging to Base Hospital No. 15, otherwise known as the Roosevelt Hospital Unit of New York. They are due to reach New York on Feb. 20.

PARIS, Feb. 5.—The steamer Finland, it is announced, sailed on Feb. 1 for the United States with Base Hospital 18 and with the headquarters of the 34th Coast Artillery Brigade and casuals.

The steamer Tottori sailed on Jan. 31 with casuals, the Louisville sailed on Feb. 2 with casuals, and the Canada sailed on Jan. 31 with casuals.

The following steamers and transports sailed on Feb. 3: The Howick Hall with casuals, the Sixaola with casuals, the Eurane with the 325th Field Artillery less Batteries B and C, Battery F of the 326th Field Artillery, and the Ordnance Department, the 332d Field Artillery less Batteries B and C, a detachment of Battery F of the 47th Coast Artillery Corps, and casuals.

MORE AMERICANS FREE.

List of Eastern Men Released from German Prison Camps.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Information regarding more American prisoners released in Germany was made public today by the War Department. Among those set free are Lieutenant Grady R. Touchstone, Laurel, Miss., and these privates:

DALEY, WALTER T., 2,169 Bathgate Av., New York.
MERGER, CHARLES H., 242 Sumpter St., Brooklyn.
BARRACKOUGH, E., Providence, R. I.
CRISSIC, ARTHUR, 226 W. 62d St., New York.
SCHMIDT, EDWIN W., 59 Oak St., B'klyn.

The following enlisted men of the army are reported to have been released from German prison camps and to have arrived at Leith, Scotland:

CLAASSEN, HARRY J., 260 Irving Av., Brooklyn.
LEVINE, MORRIS, 241 Monroe St., New York.
SIMONE, DOMINIC, Mount Vernon, N. Y.
SMITH, HOWARD, Freeport, Nassau County, N. Y.

Lieutenant Courtland W. Knight, Pasadena, Cal., and the following enlisted men of the army are reported to have arrived at Dover, and are now at Dartford, England:

CRAWFORD, JOHN S., Hazel, N. Y.
MULKERN, JOHN A., 1,111 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.
PERRY, JOHN F., 1,264 Portland Av., Woodhaven, N. Y.

The following enlisted men of the army are reported released from German prison camps and to have arrived in France:

BURNS, JOSEPH, Kearny, N. J.
DALLY, WILLIAM J., 741 McDonough St., Brooklyn.
EGGERS, HERMAN F., 326 W. 87th St., New York.
McFALL, WILLIAM, 21 Patchen Av., B'klyn.
WOOD, JOSEPH A., 32 Hart St., Brooklyn.
VIACAVA, JOSEPH V., 723 Willow St., Hoboken, N. J.

Sergeant Arthur A. Victor, 622 Schenck Avenue, Brooklyn, who was reported killed in action Nov. 4, is now reported released from the German prison ship Armstadt and is now in Camp Hospital 13.

SOUTH APPEALS TO WILSON.

Senators and Representatives Urge Raising of Our Cotton Embargo.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—At a meeting of Representatives and Senators from the cotton-growing States held last night it was decided, on motion of Senator Smith of Georgia, that a cable dispatch be sent to President Wilson urging him to use his efforts to allow the cotton merchants of all allied countries to buy freely in the cotton markets of the United States. The cable dispatch also suggested that as soon as practicable cotton should be permitted to go to Austria and Germany.

In a resolution offered by Representative Heflin of Alabama it was asserted that the cotton farmer must receive 35 cents a pound for his 1918 crop. This resolution commends the farmers and merchants for refusing to sell cotton until they can "obtain a profitable price such as is now warranted by the law of supply and demand."

On motion of Representative Caraway of Arkansas it was decided to support a resolution in Congress to investigate the Cotton Exchanges of New York and New Orleans.

It was further decided to confer with President Wilson upon his return about the cotton situation.

Mr. Heflin asserted that it cost 25 cents a pound to produce the 1918 crop; that in 1914 cotton sold for $30 a bale, while in 1918 it cost $30 to pick, gin, and put bagging and ties on a bale of cotton.

He said that when the war was raging, and the sea was full of submarines, and every bale of cotton exported was in danger of being destroyed, cotton sold for 35 cents a pound, and now that cotton could move unmolested to all the allied and neutral countries the Exchanges had beaten down the price to 22 and 23 cents a pound, and this in the face of the fact that the world was demanding 6,000,000 more bales of cotton than America could supply.

ANTI-ZIONISTS PROTEST.

Kahn Cables Wilson That State Department Has Petition.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Representative Julius Kahn of California cabled to President Wilson today informing him that a protest against the creation of an independent Jewish State, signed by 150 representative Jewish citizens, was being forwarded to him through the State Department.

Mr. Kahn, who on last Wednesday gave THE NEW YORK TIMES an interview setting forth his own views in opposition to a Zionist State, expressed regret that President Wilson had favored the proposal.

The text of Mr. Kahn's message to President Wilson follows:

Feb. 5, 1919.

President Woodrow Wilson, Paris, France.

One hundred fifty representative Jewish citizens uniting in statement to be forwarded through State Department protesting against organization Jewish State. Document sets forth reasons in detail, signatures attached represent prominent citizens all walks life residing all parts our country. Your consideration this statement earnestly solicited before any action is taken. JULIUS KAHN.

CITY GIVES MILLION TO ARMENIAN RELIEF

Dr. Wise, at Luncheon of Campaign Workers, Tells Plans for Ending Turkish Rule.

LAUDS PRESIDENT WILSON

Peace Conference Arranging New Government in Near East, He Says, Under Proper Guarantees.

Speaking yesterday at a luncheon of workers in the $30,000,000 campaign of the Committee for Relief in the Near East, held at the Bankers' Club, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, pastor of the Free Synagogue, declared that Armenia is virtually free, and that a new Government for that country is being planned at the Peace Conference.

In the course of the luncheon, Dr. R. Constantian, an Armenian resident of this city, presented an ancient sanctuary lamp from a Russian Jewish synagogue to Dr. Wise as an appreciation of his efforts in behalf of Armenia.

"It is only a few days since my return from Paris," said Dr. Wise, "and I saw something of what was going on there. Your hearts should rejoice, as my heart rejoices, in the circumstance that the leader of the American people stands out above all other men as the leader of the world in the direction of peace through justice. He has come to command the reverence and the affection and the faith of millions of men who do not speak the English tongue, but who understand him, who love him and honor him because they feel that he is, as we believe him to be, America incarnate.

"And now I have come to share good tidings with you, as I believe I have the right to share with you. We believe that the day of liberation for Armenia must come soon, that Armenia is at least to be free to weave its own destiny. It may be that Armenia will accept or agree to accept some trusteeship or guarantee, which will not limit, but safeguard, her from harm. I know that Armenia is grateful for all that America has done for her during these terrible years. Perhaps we, or the world, will forget what she has gone through, but Armenia will never forget.

"Let me say that, for this help, we have to thank the Armenian and Syrian Committee for Relief in the Near East, whose leader I wish I could overcome my reluctance to name at this time, but whom we all cherish and love. We must remember two things—we must keep Armenia from Turkish iniquity, and then we must feed her."

A total of $143,081.65 was reported from the Executive Committee and from teamworkers in the campaign yesterday, bringing the grand total for the city well over the million mark. The teams plan to work until Monday night, when it is expected that at least $2,000,000 will have been contributed to the campaign.

Frank R. Jackson, leader of the Greek team, reported yesterday that the Greeks in this city were enthusiastic in trying to aid Syria and Armenia toward freedom. The Greek team reported $5,000 from the National Greek Herald, $1,000 from the Pan Hellenic Society, and $375 from the Greek Community of Brooklyn. The total of the team's report was $9,772.

TO KEEP EDISON'S BIRTHDAY

Pioneer Associates Will Entertain Inventor and His Wife.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 7.—In honor of the seventy-second birthday of Thomas A. Edison, which falls on Tuesday, the Edison Pioneers, organized in New York a year ago by half a hundred friends who were associated with the inventor prior to 1886, will entertain Mr. and Mrs. Edison at luncheon at the Robert Treat, Newark, at noon on Monday. A number of letters containing reminiscences of old times will be presented to Mr. Edison by his friends. Following the dinner, Mr. Edison will leave for his plantation at Fort Myers, Fla., for a rest.

The pioneers, who include men from all parts of the world, will hold their first annual meeting on Monday morning in Newark. The present officers are: President, Francis R. Upton of Orange; Vice Presidents, S. Z. Mitchell and T. Commerford Martin of New York; Treasurer, Frank A. Scheffler of New York; Secretary, Robert T. Lozier of New York; Historian, William H. Meadowcroft of Orange.

PACKERS' PLAN FOR INQUIRY.

Veeder Admits Considering Questions to be Put by Friends in House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Henry Veeder, counsel for Swift & Co., testified before the Senate Committee on Agriculture today, on cross-examination by Francis J. Heney, that friends of the packers throughout the country were solicited to bring influence to bear on members of Congress to defeat the Borland resolution providing for an investigation of the meat-packing industry. Representatives were also sent to Washington to observe developments in the Senate Judiciary sub-committee which was considering the proposal in 1916, he said.

Mr. Heney said that E. Dana Durand, who later became accountant for the Food Administration, suggested that a prearranged series of questions be furnished friendly members of Congress to ask witnesses who were to be examined in the course of the investigation.

The packers desired, Mr. Veeder said, to have the Bureau of Markets of the Department of Agriculture issue reports on the meat industry from information supplied by the packing companies. Mr. Durand approved this plan, he said, and offered to urge it to "friends in the Federal Trade Commission and the Bureau of Markets." A model letter embracing this scheme, to be sent to the Secretary of Agriculture by each of the big packers, was suggested by Mr. Durand, according to letters read by Mr. Heney.

Frequent verbal encounters between Mr. Heney and Mr. Veeder marked the testimony dealing with efforts of the Federal Trade Commission's investigators to search the attorney's private vault for papers, and Mr. Heney charged that a guard he had placed in Mr. Veeder's offices was bribed with gifts of whisky and cigars. Mr. Veeder vigorously denied this.

J. Spencer Smith, head of a New York importing and commission firm, was heard today by the House Interstate Commerce Committee, which is also considering legislation to regulate the meat industry. Mr. Smith said that if transportation was available to every one on equal terms the five leading meat packers would be stripped of whatever power they might possess, and that they "could not then possibly be a menace to the industry or to the country at large." The transportation problem, he said, was at the bottom of many ills.

NAMES NEW CHAMBERLAIN.

Park Commissioner Berolzheimer Promoted—Gallatin to Head Parks.

Mayor Hylan announced last night that he had appointed Philip Berolzheimer, Commissioner of Parks for Manhattan and the Bronx and President of the Park Board, to be City Chamberlain to succeed Alfred J. Johnson, who resigned recently. Mr. Berolzheimer was appointed Park Commissioner last November to succeed William F. Grell, who was appointed when the Mayor took office, and later came under the Mayor's displeasure.

As City Chamberlain Mr. Berolzheimer will receive $12,000 a year. In the Mitchel administration Henry Bruere, who was Chamberlain, urged that the office be abolished as being unnecessary.

To succeed Mr. Berolzheimer as Park Commissioner the Mayor appointed Francis Dawson Gallatin, who was a temporary City Magistrate, appointed by the Mayor to act in the place of Magistrate Frederick D. House. Mr. Gallatin is a lawyer and the son of the late James Gallatin, who was President of the Society for Improving the Condition of the Poor and the Tenement House Commission. Mr. Gallatin has interested himself in the work of the Prison Association and the reform of criminal procedure. He was born in New York City in 1870, and received his education at Columbia.

The new Commissioner is a great-grandson of Albert Gallatin, who was Secretary of the Treasury in the Administrations of Madison and Jefferson. Before taking up the practice of law Mr. Gallatin entered the Diplomatic Service, and for two years was stationed at Constantinople as an attaché of the American Legation under John J. Leishman. In 1917 he was the Democratic candidate for Judge of the Municipal Court in the Ninth New York District. While interested in prison reform work Mr. Gallatin defended many criminals free of charge in General and Special Sessions. As Chairman of the Committee on Criminal Courts and Procedure of the New York County Lawyers' Association Mr. Gallatin urged on the Commission on Feeble-Minded the need for reform in legal procedure dealing with feeble-minded lawbreakers.

The Mayor also announced the appointment of James J. Nugent of 465 East Fifty-seventh Street as Deputy Commissioner of Street Cleaning for Manhattan to succeed H. Warren Hubbard, who resigned recently.

British Imports Increase.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The Board of Trade figures for the month of January show that imports increased by £35,322,000, of which £23,000,000 represented food, and £10,000,000 raw materials, including £1,500,000 in cotton. Exports increased £5,677,000, mostly of manufactures, of which £1,225,000 represented cotton textiles.

VOGUE
MILLINERY NUMBER
OUT TODAY

Ask for
White Man
"The story of an elephant hunt told as the mightiest hunter might be proud to tell it."
At the Bookstores

"OKEH" the new
ARROW
FORM-FIT
COLLAR
CLUETT, PEABODY & Co. Inc. Makers

BOILED EGGS
are given a rare relish by the addition of a few drops of
Lea & Perrins
SAUCE
Eggs in any style are made more appetizing by the use of
LEA & PERRINS
SAUCE
THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE
Have a bottle in the kitchen as well as on the table.

We Will Loan You
MORE MONEY
on Your Diamonds and Jewelry than any other loan concern.
ONLY 1% PER MONTH.
MAX BERNSTEIN
273 West 125th Street

FROM the Serge to the Sewing; from the Fit to the Finish; from the Individuality of Cut to the Insignia of Rank, a Clemons Navy Officer's Uniform is tailored to conform to a high standard, not simply to connect with a low price.

All work is done in my own building by Specialists in this delicate, difficult branch of the guild. That is why I am the Largest Navy Tailor in New York. U. S. Navy Officers' Uniforms, journeyman tailor-made and ready-to-step-into, if you can't wait.
U. S. Navy Officers' Serges to measure....$40.00
U. S. Navy Officers' Overcoats to measure..$45.00

I Cover The Other Arm Of The Service, Too

Clemons
Civilian, Army And Navy Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
20 Years On This Corner

Ten Tons of Magazines
are needed immediately for shipment to
AMERICAN SOLDIERS OVERSEAS
TAKE YOUR MAGAZINES
as soon as you have read them to
Any Public Library or Branch Library
Building in Greater New York
Tonnage Is Available and Shipment Will Be Made at Once
American Library Association

YOU SAVE
5 to 15 Dollars
BY ORDERING NOW.
Your suit or overcoat made to measure, correct at every point.
Absolute satisfaction is the strong point. Many attractive patterns. Suits or Overcoats $25 to $50. New Spring Suitings are now ready.
Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
50 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.
P. S.—*The most agreeable word in the English language—satisfaction.* Arnheim Axioms.

This Paramount Star
USES
Newbro's Herpicide

"Hearken," said a maiden fair—
A girl with a wealth of beautiful hair;
Whose name we see emblazoned far,
On the screens of filmdom—a glowing star.

"Hearken dear maidens—you who long,
For the admiration of the throng;
While I tell of a charm, each may possess,
Of more importance than form or dress.

To all the world you will seem fair,
With lustrous, shimmering, glossy hair.
Hair that will be your greatest pride,
May be obtained with Herpicide.

That preparation first and best
Of all scalp nourishing foods possessed—
Do not delay but at once decide
On a trial of Newbro's Herpicide."

Sold Everywhere. Applications at the Better Barber Shops.

A generous sample of Newbro's Herpicide sent postpaid for 10c in stamps or coin. Address: The Herpicide Company, Dept. 175-B, Detroit, U. S. A.

Brand New Style Ideas

Just in—fresh from Hart Schaffner & Marx' tailors. We are showing them for the first time. Stylish double-breasters, smart waist-seam models—all very exclusive and up-to-the-minute.

The price is the surprising thing. Ordinarily you would expect to pay $10, $15, or even $20 more than our present low asking price—$35. The difference is a clean saving.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Double Breasted Suits
$35
Which means you save
$10, $15, or $20 per suit

The World's Finest Overcoats $49.50
Handsome garments that were $100, $90, $85, $75 and $65—tailored from the most luxurious imported and domestic weaves—comprise this special offering at

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d